

CERTAIN PROVISIONS OF JAPANESE LAWS  
REGARDING ALIENS

All aliens residing in Japan are required to register in accordance with the provisions of the Alien Registration Law of 1952.<sup>1/</sup> Those who have failed to register are subject to punishment under the provisions of Article 18 of the same law which provides:

Article 18, 1. Any person who comes under any of the following items shall be punished by penal servitude or imprisonment for not more than one year or fined not more than 30,000 yen.

(1) Any person who has failed to apply in violation of the provisions of Article 3, paragraph 1 (application for alien registration), Article 7, paragraph 1, . . . or who resides in Japan in excess of the periods specified in the provisions of the same articles.

(2) - (10) [Irrelevant and omitted.]

As for the deportation of aliens, Article 24 of the Immigration Control Order of 1951<sup>2/</sup> states:

Article 24, 1. Any aliens falling under any of the following items may be deported from this country in accordance with the procedures prescribed in Chapter 5.

(1) - (4) and (4a) - (4e) [Irrelevant and omitted.]

(4f) Any person who has been subjected to punishment heavier than imprisonment for violation of the provisions of the Ordinance concerning Alien Registration, excepting those who have been sentenced as guilty with the suspension of execution of sentence.

Sung Yoon Cho, Far Eastern Law Division, December 31, 1962

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<sup>1/</sup> Gaikokujin tōrokuhō, Law No. 125, April 28, 1952.

<sup>2/</sup> Shutsu-nyūkoku kanrirei, Cabinet Order No. 319, October 4, 1951, effective as Law No. 126, 1952.