

income of any trust fund held by it, shall be estimated for in the annual estimates of the librarian for the maintenance of the Library of Congress. (Mar. 3, 1925, c. 423, § 1, 43 Stat. 1107.)

156. Same; gifts, etc., to.—The board is hereby authorized to accept, receive, hold, and administer such gifts or bequests of personal property for the benefit of, or in connection with, the Library, its collections, or its service, as may be approved by the board and by the Joint Committee on the Library. (Mar. 3, 1925, c. 423, § 1, 43 Stat. 1107.)

157. Same; trust funds; management of.—The moneys or securities composing the trust funds given or bequeathed to the board shall be received for by the Secretary of the Treasury, who shall invest, reinvest, or retain investments as the board may from time to time determine. The income as and when collected shall be deposited with the Treasurer of the United States, who shall enter it in a special account to the credit of the Library of Congress and subject to disbursement by the librarian for the purposes in each case specified; and the Treasurer of the United States is hereby authorized to honor the requisitions of the librarian made in such manner and in accordance with such regulations as the Treasurer may from time to time prescribe: *Provided, however,* That the board is not authorized to engage in any business nor to exercise any voting privilege which may be incidental to securities in its hands, nor shall the board make any investments that could not lawfully be made by a trust company in the District of Columbia, except that it may make any investments directly authorized by the instrument of gift, and may retain any investments accepted by it. (Mar. 3, 1925, c. 423, § 1, 43 Stat. 1107.)

158. Same; deposits with Treasurer of United States.—Should any gift or bequest so provide, the board may deposit the principal sum, in cash, with the Treasurer of the United States as a permanent loan to the United States Treasury, and the Treasurer shall thereafter credit such deposit with interest at the rate of 4 per centum per annum, payable semi-annually, such interest, as income, being subject to disbursement by the Librarian of Congress for the purposes specified: *Provided, however,* That the total of such principal sums at any time so held by the Treasurer under this authorization shall not exceed the sum of \$5,000,000. (Mar. 3, 1925, c. 423, § 1, 43 Stat. 1107.)

159. Same; perpetual succession; suits by or against.—The board shall have perpetual succession, with all the usual powers and obligations of a trustee, except as herein limited, in respect of all property, moneys, or securities which shall be conveyed, transferred, assigned, bequeathed, delivered, or paid over to it for the purposes above specified. The board may be sued in the Supreme Court of the District of Columbia, which is hereby given jurisdiction of such suits, for the purpose of enforcing the provisions of any trust accepted by it. (Mar. 3, 1925, c. 423, § 3, 43 Stat. 1108.)

160. Same; gifts, etc., to Library not affected.—Nothing in sections 154 to 163 of this title shall be construed as prohibiting or restricting the Librarian of Congress from accepting in the name of the United States gifts or bequests of money for immediate disbursement in the interest of the Library, its collections, or its service. Such gifts or bequests, after acceptance by the librarian, shall be paid by the donor or his representative to the Treasurer of the United States, whose receipts shall be their acquittance. The Treasurer of the United States shall enter them in a special account to the credit of the Library of Congress and subject to disbursement by the librarian for the purposes in each case specified. (Mar. 3, 1925, c. 423, § 4, 43 Stat. 1108.)

161. Same; gifts, etc., exempt from Federal taxes.—Gifts or bequests to or for the benefit of the Library of Congress, including those to the board, and the income therefrom, shall be

exempt from all Federal taxes. (Mar. 3, 1925, c. 423, § 5, 43 Stat. 1103.)

162. Same; employees; compensation.—Employees of the Library of Congress who perform special functions for the performance of which funds have been entrusted to the board or the librarian, or in connection with cooperative undertakings, in which the Library of Congress is engaged, shall not be subject to section 70 of Title 5; nor shall any additional compensation so paid to such employees be construed as a double salary under the provisions of section 63 of Title 5. (Mar. 3, 1925, c. 423, § 6, 43 Stat. 1108.)

163. Same; report to Congress.—The board shall submit to the Congress an annual report of the moneys or securities received and held by it and of its operations. (Mar. 3, 1925, c. 423, § 7, 43 Stat. 1108.)

Chapter 6.—CONGRESSIONAL INVESTIGATIONS.

Sec.

191. Oaths to witnesses.

192. Refusal of witness to testify.

193. Privilege of witnesses.

194. Witnesses failing to testify.

195. Fees of witnesses in District of Columbia.

Section 191. Oaths to witnesses.—The President of the Senate, the Speaker of the House of Representatives, or a chairman of a Committee of the Whole, or of any committee of either House of Congress, is empowered to administer oaths to witnesses in any case under their examination. Any Member of either House of Congress may administer oaths to witnesses in any matter depending in either House of Congress of which he is a Member, or any committee thereof. (R. S. § 101; June 20, 1884, c. 123, 23 Stat. 60.)

192. Refusal of witness to testify.—Every person who having been summoned as a witness by the authority of either House of Congress, to give testimony or to produce papers upon any matter under inquiry before either House, or any committee of either House of Congress, willfully makes default, or who, having appeared, refuses to answer any question pertinent to the question under inquiry, shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, punishable by a fine of not more than \$1,000 nor less than \$100, and imprisonment in a common jail for not less than one month nor more than twelve months. (R. S. § 102.)

193. Privilege of witnesses.—No witness is privileged to refuse to testify to any fact, or to produce any paper, respecting which he shall be examined by either House of Congress, or by any committee of either House, upon the ground that his testimony to such fact or his production of such paper may tend to disgrace him or otherwise render him infamous. (R. S. § 103.)

194. Witnesses failing to testify.—Whenever a witness summoned as mentioned in section 192 of this title fails to testify, and the facts are reported to either House, the President of the Senate or the Speaker of the House, as the case may be, shall certify the fact under the seal of the Senate or House to the district attorney for the District of Columbia, whose duty it shall be to bring the matter before the grand jury for their action. (R. S. § 104.)

195. Fees of witnesses in District of Columbia.—Witnesses residing in the District of Columbia and not in the service of the government of said District or of the United States, who shall be summoned to give testimony before any committee of the House of Representatives, shall not be allowed exceeding \$2 for each day's attendance before said committee. (May 1, 1876, c. 88, 10 Stat. 41.)

Chapter 7.—CONTESTED ELECTIONS.

Sec.

201. Notice of intention to contest.

202. Time for answer.

203. Time for taking testimony.

204. Notice of depositions; service.