

grades from colonel to second lieutenant, inclusive, and four thousand five hundred enlisted men. (June 3, 1916, c. 134, § 12, 39 Stat. 174; June 4, 1920, c. 227, subchapter I, § 12, 41 Stat. 768; June 30, 1922, c. 253, 42 Stat. 723.)

This section is restated to correct the provision relating to enlisted men. The number should be "four thousand five hundred."

As to the number of Ordnance officers, see § 482a of this title.

★ 196. Returns by ordnance officers, storckeeper, etc., to Chief of Ordnance.—

The War Department recommends that this section be omitted from the Code as being impliedly repealed by section 1301 of this title.

The word "half-yearly" in line 7 of this section should be "semiannually."

★ 197. Employment of draftsmen, etc., in office of Chief of Ordnance.—

This section, in the opinion of the War Department, should be omitted from the Code as containing temporary legislation.

Chapter 11.—SIGNAL CORPS.

★ Section 211. Composition of Signal Corps.—The Signal Corps shall consist of one Chief Signal Officer with the rank of major general, two hundred and ten officers in grades from colonel to second lieutenant, inclusive, and five thousand enlisted men, such part of whom as the President may direct being formed into tactical units organized as he may prescribe. (June 3, 1916, c. 134, § 13, 39 Stat. 174; June 4, 1920, c. 227, subchapter I, § 13, 41 Stat. 768; June 30, 1922, c. 253, 42 Stat. 723.)

This section is restated to correct the provision relating to enlisted men. The number should be "five thousand."

As to the number of officers of the Signal Corps, see § 482a of this title.

★ 213. Employment of draftsmen, etc., in Signal Office.—

This section in the opinion of the War Department should be omitted from the Code as containing temporary legislation.

Chapter 12.—CHEMICAL WARFARE SERVICE.

★ Section 221. Organization of Chemical Warfare Service.—The Chemical Warfare Service shall consist of one Chief of the Chemical Warfare Service with the rank, pay and allowances of a major general, seventy officers in grades from colonel to second lieutenant, inclusive, and one thousand two hundred enlisted men. (June 3, 1916, c. 134, § 12a, as added June 4, 1920, c. 227, subchapter I, § 12, 41 Stat. 768; June 30, 1922, c. 253, 42 Stat. 723; Feb. 24, 1925, c. 307, 43 Stat. 970.)

This section is restated to read as above. As so restated it correctly sets forth existing law.

As to the number of officers of the Chemical Warfare Service, see § 482a of this title.

★ 223. Employment of chemists, etc., in office of chief.—

This section in the opinion of the War Department should be omitted from the Code as containing temporary legislation.

Chapter 13.—CHAPLAINS.

★ Section 237. Service credits for purposes of promotion.—For purposes of promotion after July 1, 1920, persons appointed to fill vacancies existing on July 1, 1920, shall be considered as having had, on the date of appointment, sufficient prior service to bring them to their respective grades under the rules of promotion established in section 236 of this title. (June 3, 1916, c. 134, § 15, 39 Stat. 176; June 4, 1920, c. 227, subchapter I, § 15, 41 Stat. 769.)

This section has been restated to read as above for the purpose of making clear that it relates to promotion from and after July 1, 1920.

★ 240. Assignment to stations.—Chaplains may be assigned to such stations as the Secretary of War may direct. (Feb. 2, 1901, c. 192, § 12, 31 Stat. 750.)

This section omitted from the Code is still the law but in the opinion of the War Department it should be repealed as there is no

necessity for it. By § 4 of this title chaplains are now members of a separate branch of the service, and they are no longer regimental officers.

Chapter 14.—CAVALRY.

★ Section 251. Composition of Cavalry.—The Cavalry shall consist of one Chief of Cavalry with the rank of major general, six hundred and sixty-five officers in grades from colonel to second lieutenant, inclusive, and twenty thousand enlisted men, organized into Cavalry units as the President may direct. (June 3, 1916, c. 134, § 18, 39 Stat. 178; June 4, 1920, c. 227, subchapter I, § 18, 41 Stat. 770; June 30, 1922, c. 253, 42 Stat. 723.)

This section is restated to correct the provision relating to enlisted men. The number should be "twenty thousand."

As to the number of Cavalry officers, see § 482a of this title.

Chapter 15.—FIELD ARTILLERY.

★ Section 262. Composition of Field Artillery.—The Field Artillery shall consist of one Chief of Field Artillery with the rank of major general, one thousand three hundred and thirty officers in grades from colonel to second lieutenant, inclusive, and thirty-seven thousand enlisted men, organized into Field Artillery units as the President may direct. (June 3, 1916, c. 134, § 19, 39 Stat. 179; June 4, 1920, c. 227, subchapter I, § 19, 41 Stat. 770; June 30, 1922, c. 253, 42 Stat. 723.)

This section is restated to correct the provision relating to enlisted men. The number should be "thirty-seven thousand."

As to the number of Field Artillery officers, see § 482a of this title.

Chapter 16.—COAST ARTILLERY CORPS.

★ Section 272. Composition of Coast Artillery Corps.—The Coast Artillery Corps shall consist of one Chief of Coast Artillery with the rank of major general, eight hundred and forty officers in grades from colonel to second lieutenant, inclusive, the warrant officers of the Army Mine Planter Service as authorized by law, and thirty thousand enlisted men, organized into such Coast Artillery units as the President may direct. (June 3, 1916, c. 134, § 20, 39 Stat. 180; June 4, 1920, c. 227, subchapter I, § 20, 41 Stat. 770; June 30, 1922, c. 253, 42 Stat. 723.)

This section is restated to correct the provision relating to enlisted men. The number should be "thirty thousand."

As to the number of Coast Artillery officers, see § 482a of this title.

★ 276. Army Mine Planter Service; allowances and retirement of warrant officers.—Except as otherwise provided in Title 37, warrant officers of the Army Mine Planter Service shall have such allowances as the Secretary of War may prescribe, and shall be retired as was, on July 9, 1918, provided by law for officers of the Army. In computing length of service for retirement, and in computing longevity pay, for warrant officers of the Army Mine Planter Service, service on boats in the service of the Quartermaster's Department or of the Quartermaster Corps prior to July 9, 1918, shall be counted. (July 9, 1918, c. 143, subchapter IX, 40 Stat. 882.)

This section, omitted from the Code, appears to be still in force.

Chapter 17.—INFANTRY.

★ Section 281. Composition of Infantry.—The Infantry shall consist of one Chief of Infantry with the rank of major general; two thousand nine hundred and forty officers in grades from colonel to second lieutenant, inclusive, and one hundred and ten thousand enlisted men, organized into such Infantry units as the President may direct. All tank units shall form a part of the Infantry. (June 3, 1916, c. 134, § 17, 39 Stat. 177; June 4, 1920, c. 227, subchapter I, § 17, 41 Stat. 769; June 30, 1922, c. 253, 42 Stat. 723.)

This section is restated to correct the provision relating to enlisted men. The number should be "one hundred and ten thousand."

As to the number of Infantry officers, see § 482a of this title.