

TITLE 50.—WAR

Chapter 1.—COUNCIL OF NATIONAL DEFENSE.

★ Section 6. Limit of salaries.—

This section appears to be executed and should be omitted from the Code.

Chapter 2.—BOARD OF ORDNANCE AND FORTIFICATIONS.

Section 11. Compensation and duties of board.—[Repealed.]

This section was repealed by Act Dec. 10, 1930, c. 14, § 1, 40 Stat. 1020.

12. Civilian member of board.—[Repealed.]

This section was repealed by Act Dec. 10, 1930, c. 14, § 1, 40 Stat. 1020.

13. Additional members of board selected from Army.—[Repealed.]

This section was repealed by Act Dec. 10, 1930, c. 14, § 1, 40 Stat. 1020.

14. Disqualification for membership of board.—[Repealed.]

This section was repealed by Act Dec. 10, 1930, c. 14, § 1, 40 Stat. 1020.

15. Purchases, investigations, and tests.—[Repealed.]

This section was repealed by Act Dec. 10, 1930, c. 14, § 1, 40 Stat. 1020.

Chapter 3.—ALIEN ENEMIES.

Section 21. Restraint, regulation, and removal.—

The citations at the end of this section should be "R. S. § 4007; Apr. 10, 1918, c. 55, 40 Stat. 531."

Chapter 4.—ESPIONAGE.

★ Section 31. Unlawfully obtaining or permitting to be obtained information affecting national defense.—

"(a)" should precede "whoever" in line 2 of this section.

★ 33. Jurisdiction of courts-martial and military commissions.—

"chapter 12 of Title 33" in line 5 of this section should read "chapter 21 of Title 34."

Chapter 5.—ARSENALS, ARMORIES, ARMS, AND WAR MATERIAL GENERALLY.

★ Section 51. Pay of master armorer at Springfield Armory.—

In addition to the compensation allowed and paid on August 5, 1882, to the master armorer at the national armory in Springfield, Massachusetts, there shall be paid to him further compensation at the rate of \$1,000 per annum during such time as he shall perform the duties of master machinist at said armory in addition to those of master armorer. (Aug. 5, 1882, c. 395, 22 Stat. 290.)

This section has been restated to express existing law.

★ 54. Account of cost of type and experimental manufacture of guns, and so forth.—

"50" in line 8 of this section should read "53."

62b. Loss of rifles loaned to organizations of honorably discharged soldiers, etc.; relief from liability on bonds.—The Secretary of War is hereby authorized, at his discretion, in proper cases to relieve posts or camps of organizations composed of honorably discharged soldiers, sailors, or marines, and societies on bonds, from liability on account of the loss or destruction of obsolete or condemned Army rifles, slings, and cartridge belts loaned by the Secretary of War under authority of section 62 of this title, when there is conclusive evidence that the loss has not occurred through negligence. (Dec. 15, 1926, c. 10, 44 Stat. 922.)

The Resolution cited to the text was entitled, "Joint Resolution relieving posts or camps of organizations composed of honorably

discharged soldiers, sailors, or marines from liability on account of loss or destruction of obsolete rifles loaned by the War Department."

★ 66. Issue of condemned ordnance to soldiers' homes.—

It is the opinion of the War Department that this section is temporary legislation and should be omitted from the Code. If permanent it was superseded by § 83 of Title 24.

67. Loan or gift of condemned ordnance to soldiers' monument associations.—The Secretary of War and the Secretary of the Navy are each hereby authorized, in their discretion, to loan or give to soldiers' monument associations, posts of the Grand Army of the Republic, posts of the American Legion, and other recognized war veteran associations, State museums, and municipal corporations condemned or obsolete ordnance, guns, projectiles, and other condemned or obsolete material which may not be needed in the service of either of said departments. (As amended May 20, 1928, c. 785, 45 Stat. 773.)

80. Procurement of war material; mobilization of industries.—

"§ 20, 130 Stat." in citation to this section should read "§ 120, 39 Stat."

81. Military surveys and maps.—

This section was substantially repeated in the War Department Appropriation Acts of Apr. 15, 1920, c. 140, Title I, 44 Stat. 272, Feb. 23, 1927, c. 167, Title I, 44 Stat. 1123, and Mar. 23, 1928, c. 232, § 1, 45 Stat. 342.

Probably superseded by § 81a of this title.

81a. Military surveys and maps; assistance of mapping agencies of government.—In the execution of topographic and other surveys the securing of extra topographic data, the preparation and printing of maps required for military purposes, in the research and development of surveying by means of aerial photography, and in field reproduction methods, the Secretary of War is authorized to secure the assistance, whenever practicable, of the United States Geological Survey, the Coast and Geodetic Survey, or other mapping agencies of the Government. (May 14, 1928, c. 544, 45 Stat. 500.)

The Act cited to the text was entitled "An Act to authorize mapping agencies of the Government to assist in preparation of military maps."

82. Procurement of ships and material during war; changes in contracts; commandeering factories, etc.—(a) The word "person" as used in paragraphs (b), (c), next hereafter shall include any individual, trustee, firm, association, company, or corporation. The word "ship" shall include any boat, vessel, submarine, or any form of aircraft, and the parts thereof. The words "war material" shall include arms, armament, ammunition, stores, supplies, and equipment for ships and airplanes, and everything required for or in connection with the production thereof. The word "factory" shall include any factory, workshop, engine works, building used for manufacture, assembling, construction, or any process, and any shipyard or dockyard. The words "United States" shall include the Canal Zone and all territory and waters, continental and insular, subject to the jurisdiction of the United States.

(b) In time of war the President is hereby authorized and empowered, in addition to all other existing provisions of law:

First. Within the limits of the amounts appropriated therefor, to place an order with any person for such ships or war material as the necessities of the Government, to be determined by the President, may require and which are of the nature, kind, and quantity usually produced or capable of being produced by such person. Compliance with all such orders shall be obligatory on any person to whom such order is given, and such order shall take precedence over all other orders and con-