## Chapter 1.—JOINT COMMITTEE ON PRINTING; GENERAL POWERS; CONTRACTS

§ 9. Comparison of paper and envelopes with standard quality. The Public Printer shall compare every lot of paper and envelopes delivered by a contractor with the standard of quality fixed upon by the Joint Committee on Printing, and shall not accept any paper or envelopes which does not conform to it in every particular: Provided, however, That any lot of delivered paper or envelopes which does not conform to such standard of quality may be accepted by the Joint Committee on Printing at such discount as, in its opinion, may be sufficient to protect the interests of the Government. (As amended June 20, 1936, c 630, § 13, 49 Stat. 1553.)

§ 14. Purchase of other materials; purchase by departments and governmental agencies. The Joint Committee on Printing may permit the Public Printer to authorize any executive department or independent office or establishment of the Government to purchase direct for its use such printing, binding, and blank-book work, otherwise authorized by law, as the Government Printing Office is not able or suitably equipped to execute or as may be more economically or in the better interest of the Government executed elsewhere; and such Joint Committee also may authorize the Public Printer to procure services, materials, and supplies for use of the Government Printing Office without regard to the provisions of section 5 of Title 41 whenever the aggregate amount involved is less than \$50. (As amended July 8, 1935, c. 374, § 1, 49 Stat. 475.)

## Chapter 3.—SUPERINTENDENT OF DOCU-MENTS; DISTRIBUTION OF DOCUMENTS IN GENERAL

§ 72. Printing for sale to public; regulations. See section 303 of this title.

§ 72a. Same; regulations; charges and fees.

See section 303 of this title.

§ 90. Books and documents not to be removed from depositories. [Repeated.]

This section is repealed by Act June 20, 1936, c. 630, § 12, 49 Stat. 1553, See section 92 of this title,

§ 92. Government publications as public property; free use in depositories. All Government publications furnished by authority of iaw to officers (except memfor their official use, shall be stamped "Property of the United States Government", and shall be preserved by such officers and by them delivered to their successors in office as a part of the property appertaining to the office. Government publications furnished depository libraries shall be made available for the free use of the general public and must not be disposed of except as the Superintendent of Documents may direct. (As amended June 20, 1936, c. 630, § 11, 49 Stat. 1552.)

## Chapter 4.—PRINTING AND BINDING GENERALLY

§ 111b. Same; printing in veterans hospitals. Repented, Act Feb 2, 1935, c. 3, § 1, 49 Stat. 18; Act March 19, 1936, c. 156, § 1, 49 Stat, 1182,

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## **Chapter 5.—CONGRESSIONAL PRINTING IN** GENERAL

§ 139. Distribution of Government publications to the Library of Congress. There shall be printed and furnished to the Library of Congress for official use in Washlugton, District of Columbia, and for international exchange as provided in section 139a of this title, not to exceed one hundred and fifty copies of the publications described in this section, to wit; House documents and reports, bound ; Senate documents and reports, bound; Senate and Honse journals, bound; public bills and resolutions; the United States Code and supplements, bound; the official Register of the United States, bound; and all other publications and maps which are printed, or otherwise reproduced, un-der authority of law, upon the regulsition of any Congressional committee, executive department, bureau, independent office, establishment, commission, or officer of the Government: Provided, That confidential matter, blank forms, and circular letters not of a public character shall be excepted.

In addition to the foregoing, there shall be delivered as printed to the Library of Congress ten copies of each House document and report, unbound; ten coples of each Senate document and report, unbound; and copies of the laws in slip form. (As amended June 20, 1936, c. 630, § 6, 49 Stat. 1550.)

§ 139a. International exchange of Government publications. For the purpose of more fully carrying into effect the provisions of the convention concluded at Brussels on March 15, 1886, and proclaimed by the President of the United States on January 15, 1889, there shall be supplied to the Library of Congress not to exceed one hundred and twenty-five copies each of all Government publications, including the daily and bound copies of the Congressional Record, for distribution, through the Smithsoulan Institution, to such foreign governments as may agree to send to the United States similar publications of their governments for delivery to the Library of Congress. (Mar. 2, 1901, No. 10, § 3, 31 Stat. 1405; Mar. 3, 1925, c. 421, § 7, 43 Stat. 1106, as amended June 20, 1936, c. 630, § 6, 49 Stat. 1550.)

§ 151. Memorial addresses; preparation; distribution. After the final adjournment of each session of Congress, there shall be complied, prepared, printed with illustrations, and bound in cloth in one volume. In such style, form, and manner as may be directed by the Joint Committee ou Printing, without extra compensation to any employee therefor, the legislative proceedings of Congress and the exercises at the general memorial services held in the House of Representatives during each session relative to the death of any Member of Congress, together with all memorial addresses and eulogies published in the Congressional Record during the same session of Congress in connection therewith, and such other matter as the committee may consider relevant thereto; and there shall be printed as many copies as may be required to supply the total quantity hereinafter provided, of which number fifty copies, bound in full morocco, with glit edges, suitably lettered as may be requested, simil be delivered to the family of the decensed, and the remaining copies shall be distributed as follows:

Of all eulogies on deceased Members of Congress there shall be delivered, through the Postmaster of each House, to the Vice President and each Senator,