

counterfeiting any security or tax stamp, or any part thereof—

Shall be fined not more than \$10,000 or imprisoned not more than ten years, or both.

This section shall not apply to any falsely made, forged, altered, counterfeited, or spurious representation of an obligation or other security of the United States or of an obligation, bond, certificate, security, treasury note, bill, promise to pay, or bank note, issued by any foreign government or by a bank or corporation of any foreign country. (June 25, 1948, ch. 645, 62 Stat. 806; Oct. 4, 1961, Pub. L. 87-371, § 3, 75 Stat. 802.)

#### LEGISLATIVE HISTORY

*Reviser's Note.*—Based on title 18, U. S. C., 1940 ed., § 416 (May 22, 1934, ch. 333, § 4, 48 Stat. 795; Aug. 3, 1939, ch. 413, § 2, 53 Stat. 1178).

(See reviser's notes under sections 10, 2311 and 2314 of this title for explanation of consolidation or omission of other sections of title 18, U. S. C., 1940 ed., which were derived from the National Stolen Property Act.)

Minor changes were made in phraseology.

#### AMENDMENTS

1961—Pub. L. 87-371 inserted "or tax stamps" following "securities", wherever appearing, in the second paragraph, and "or tax stamp" following "security", wherever appearing, in the third paragraph, and substituted "moneys, or fraudulent State tax stamps" for "or monies" in the catchline.

#### § 2316. Transportation of cattle.

Whoever transports in interstate or foreign commerce any cattle, knowing the same to have been stolen, shall be fined not more than \$5,000 or imprisoned not more than five years, or both. (June 25, 1948, ch. 645, 62 Stat. 807.)

#### LEGISLATIVE HISTORY

*Reviser's Note.*—Based on title 18, U. S. C., 1940 ed., §§ 419b, 419d (Aug. 18, 1941, ch. 366, §§ 3, 5, 55 Stat. 631).

This section consolidates sections 419b and 419d of title 18, U. S. C., 1940 ed.

Definition of "cattle", contained in section 419a (a) of title 18, U. S. C., 1940 ed., is incorporated in section 2311 of this title.

Definition of "interstate or foreign commerce", constituting section 419a (b) of title 18, U. S. C., 1940 ed., is incorporated in section 10 of this title.

The venue provision of said section 419d of title 18, U. S. C., 1940 ed., was omitted as completely covered by section 3237 of this title.

Reference to persons causing or procuring was omitted as unnecessary in view of definition of "principal" in section 2 of this title.

Minor changes were made in phraseology.

#### § 2317. Sale or receipt of cattle.

Whoever receives, conceals, stores, barter, buys, sells, or disposes of any cattle, moving in or constituting a part of interstate or foreign commerce, knowing the same to have been stolen, shall be fined not more than \$5,000 or imprisoned not more than five years, or both. (June 25, 1948, ch. 645, 62 Stat. 807.)

#### LEGISLATIVE HISTORY

*Reviser's Note.*—Based on title 18, U. S. C., 1940 ed., §§ 419c, 419d (Aug. 18, 1941, ch. 366, §§ 4, 5, 55 Stat. 632).

Definitions of "cattle" and "interstate or foreign commerce", contained in section 419a of title 18, U. S. C., 1940 ed., are incorporated in sections 10 and 2311 of this title.

Venue provision of said section 419d of title 18, U. S. C., 1940 ed., was omitted as completely covered by section 3237 of this title.

Minor changes were made in phraseology.

#### § 2318. Transportation, sale, or receipt of phonograph records bearing forged or counterfeit labels.

Whoever knowingly and with fraudulent intent transports, causes to be transported, receives, sells, or offers for sale in interstate or foreign commerce any phonograph record, disk, wire, tape, film, or other article on which sounds are recorded, to which or upon which is stamped, pasted, or affixed any forged or counterfeited label, knowing the label to have been falsely made, forged, or counterfeited, shall be fined not more than \$1,000 or imprisoned not more than one year, or both. (Added Pub. L. 87-773, § 1, Oct. 9, 1962, 76 Stat. 775.)

### Chapter 115.—TREASON, SEDITION, AND SUBVERSIVE ACTIVITIES

#### Sec.

- 2381. Treason.
- 2382. Misprision of treason.
- 2383. Rebellion or insurrection.
- 2384. Seditious conspiracy.
- 2385. Advocating overthrow of Government.
- 2386. Registration of certain organizations.
- 2387. Activities affecting armed forces generally.
- 2388. Activities affecting armed forces during war.
- 2389. Recruiting for service against United States.
- 2390. Enlistment to serve against United States.
- 2391. Temporary extension of section 2388.

#### AMENDMENTS

1953—Act June 30, 1953, ch. 175, § 5, 67 Stat. 134, added item 2391.

#### CROSS REFERENCES

Compelling testimony, immunity of witnesses, see section 3486 of this title.

#### § 2381. Treason.

Whoever, owing allegiance to the United States, levies war against them or adheres to their enemies, giving them aid and comfort within the United States or elsewhere, is guilty of treason and shall suffer death, or shall be imprisoned not less than five years and fined not less than \$10,000; and shall be incapable of holding any office under the United States. (June 25, 1948, ch. 645, 62 Stat. 807.)

#### LEGISLATIVE HISTORY

*Reviser's Note.*—Based on title 18, U. S. C., 1940 ed., §§ 1, 2 (Mar. 4, 1909, ch. 321, §§ 1, 2, 35 Stat. 1088).

Section consolidates sections 1 and 2 of title 18, U. S. C., 1940 ed.

The language referring to collection of the fine was omitted as obsolete and repugnant to the more humane policy of modern law which does not impose criminal consequences on the innocent.

The words "every person so convicted of treason" were omitted as redundant.

Minor change was made in phraseology.

#### CANAL ZONE

Applicability of section to Canal Zone, see section 14 of this title.

#### CROSS REFERENCES

Ball in capital cases, power to take, see section 3141 of this title.

Counsel and witnesses in capital cases, see section 3005 of this title.

Definition and proof of treason, see Const. Art. 3, § 3, cl. 1.

Disqualification from holding any office of honor, trust, or profit, additional grounds for, see sections 204, 592, 593, 1901, 2071, 2385, and 2387 of this title.

#### Extradition—

State or territory to State, district or territory, see section 3182 of this title.

State, territory, or possession into extraterritorial jurisdiction of United States, see section 3183 of this title.

Federal retirement benefits, forfeiture upon conviction of offenses under this section, see section 2282 of Title 5, Executive Departments and Government Officers and Employees.

Forfeiture of veterans' benefits upon conviction under this section, see section 3505 of Title 38, Veterans' Benefits. Grand jury indictment for capital crimes, see Const. Amend. 5.

Indictment and list of jurors and witnesses for prisoner in capital cases, see section 3432 of this title.

National Service Life Insurance, forfeiture of rights to insurance on account of treason, see section 711 of Title 38, Veterans' Benefits.

Officers aiding importation of treasonous books and articles, see section 552 of this title.

Punishment of treason, power of Congress to declare, see Const. Art. 3, § 3, cl. 2.

Removal of disability imposed by Const. Amend. 14, § 3, incurred prior to June 6, 1898, see section 15 of Title 5, Executive Departments and Government Officers and Employees.

United States nationality as lost by committing any act of treason, see sections 1481-1489 of Title 8, Aliens and Nationality.

Writings advocating treason declared nonmailable, see section 1717 of this title.

#### FEDERAL RULES OF CRIMINAL PROCEDURE

Bail, see rule 46 (a), Appendix to this title.

Indictment, see rule 7 (a).

Stay of execution and relief pending review, see rule 38.

Trial jurors, peremptory challenges, see rule 24 (b).

#### § 2382. Misprision of treason.

Whoever, owing allegiance to the United States and having knowledge of the commission of any treason against them, conceals and does not, as soon as may be, disclose and make known the same to the President or to some judge of the United States, or to the governor or to some judge or justice of a particular State, is guilty of misprision of treason and shall be fined not more than \$1,000 or imprisoned not more than seven years, or both. (June 25, 1948, ch. 645, 62 Stat. 807.)

#### LEGISLATIVE HISTORY

*Reviser's Note.*—Based on title 18, U. S. C., 1940 ed., § 3 (Mar. 4, 1909, ch. 321, § 3, 35 Stat. 1088).

Mandatory punishment provision was rephrased in the alternative.

#### CANAL ZONE

Applicability of section to Canal Zone, see section 14 of this title.

#### CROSS REFERENCES

Federal retirement benefits, forfeiture upon conviction of offenses under this section, see section 2282 of Title 5, Executive Departments and Government Officers and Employees.

Forfeiture of veterans' benefits upon conviction under this section, see section 3505 of Title 38, Veterans' Benefits.

Misprision of felony, see section 4 of this title.

#### § 2383. Rebellion or insurrection.

Whoever incites, sets on foot, assists, or engages in any rebellion or insurrection against the authority of the United States or the laws thereof, or gives aid or comfort thereto, shall be fined not more than \$10,000 or imprisoned not more than ten years, or both; and shall be incapable of holding any office under the United States. (June 25, 1948, ch. 645, 62 Stat. 808.)

#### LEGISLATIVE HISTORY

*Reviser's Note.*—Based on title 18, U. S. C., 1940 ed., § 4 (Mar. 4, 1909, ch. 321, § 4, 35 Stat. 1088).

Word "moreover" was deleted as surplusage and minor changes were made in phraseology.

#### CANAL ZONE

Applicability of section to Canal Zone, see section 14 of this title.

#### CROSS REFERENCES

Disqualification as officers or electors of persons who have engaged in insurrection or rebellion and removal of disability, see Const. Amend. 14, § 3.

Federal retirement benefits, forfeiture upon conviction of offenses under this section, see section 2282 of Title 5, Executive Departments and Government Officers and Employees.

Forfeiture of veterans' benefits upon conviction under this section, see section 3505 of Title 38, Veterans' Benefits.

Officers aiding importation of books and articles containing matter advocating insurrection against the United States, see section 552 of this title.

Removal of disability imposed by Const. Amend. 14, § 3, incurred prior to June 6, 1898, see section 15 of Title 5, Executive Departments and Government Officers and Employees.

Writings advocating insurrection declared nonmailable, see section 1717 of this title.

#### § 2384. Seditious conspiracy.

If two or more persons in any State or Territory, or in any place subject to the jurisdiction of the United States, conspire to overthrow, put down, or to destroy by force the Government of the United States, or to levy war against them, or to oppose by force the authority thereof, or by force to prevent, hinder, or delay the execution of any law of the United States, or by force to seize, take, or possess any property of the United States contrary to the authority thereof, they shall each be fined not more than \$20,000 or imprisoned not more than twenty years, or both. (June 25, 1948, ch. 645, 62 Stat. 808; July 24, 1956, ch. 678, § 1, 70 Stat. 623.)

#### LEGISLATIVE HISTORY

*Reviser's Note.*—Based on title 18, U. S. C., 1940 ed., § 6 (Mar. 4, 1909, ch. 321, § 6, 35 Stat. 1089).

#### AMENDMENTS

1956—Act July 24, 1956, substituted "\$20,000" for "\$5,000", and "twenty years" for "six years".

#### EFFECTIVE DATE OF 1956 AMENDMENT

Section 3 of act July 24, 1956, provided that the amendments to this section and section 2385 of this title by such act July 24, 1956, shall be applicable only with respect to offenses committed on and after July 24, 1956.

#### CANAL ZONE

Applicability of section to Canal Zone, see section 14 of this title.

#### CROSS REFERENCES

Alien advocates of overthrow of government, exclusion of, see section 1251 of Title 8, Aliens and Nationality.

Conspiracy to commit offense or to defraud United States or to impede or injure officer, see sections 371 and 372 of this title.

Federal retirement benefits, forfeiture upon conviction of offenses under this section, see section 2282 of Title 5, Executive Departments and Government Officers and Employees.

Forfeiture of veterans' benefits upon conviction under this section, see section 3505 of Title 38, Veterans' Benefits.

Letters and writings containing matter advocating forcible resistance to any law of United States as nonmailable, see section 1717 of this title.

Officers aiding importation of books and articles containing matter advocating forcible resistance to any law of the United States, see section 552 of this title.

United States nationality as lost by attempting by force to overthrow or bearing arms against the United States, see sections 1481—1489 of Title 8, Aliens and Nationality.

### § 2385. Advocating overthrow of Government.

Whoever knowingly or willfully advocates, abets, advises, or teaches the duty, necessity, desirability, or propriety of overthrowing or destroying the government of the United States or the government of any State, Territory, District or Possession thereof, or the government of any political subdivision therein, by force or violence, or by the assassination of any officer of any such government; or

Whoever, with intent to cause the overthrow or destruction of any such government, prints, publishes, edits, issues, circulates, sells, distributes, or publicly displays any written or printed matter advocating, advising, or teaching the duty, necessity, desirability, or propriety of overthrowing or destroying any government in the United States by force or violence, or attempts to do so; or

Whoever organizes or helps or attempts to organize any society, group, or assembly of persons who teach, advocate, or encourage the overthrow or destruction of any such government by force or violence; or becomes or is a member of, or affiliates with, any such society, group, or assembly of persons, knowing the purposes thereof—

Shall be fined not more than \$20,000 or imprisoned not more than twenty years, or both, and shall be ineligible for employment by the United States or any department or agency thereof, for the five years next following his conviction.

If two or more persons conspire to commit any offense named in this section, each shall be fined not more than \$20,000 or imprisoned not more than twenty years, or both, and shall be ineligible for employment by the United States or any department or agency thereof, for the five years next following his conviction.

As used in this section, the terms "organizes" and "organize", with respect to any society, group, or assembly of persons, include the recruiting of new members, the forming of new units, and the regrouping or expansion of existing clubs, classes, and other units of such society, group, or assembly of persons. (June 25, 1948, ch. 645, 62 Stat. 808; July 24, 1956, ch. 678, § 2, 70 Stat. 623; June 19, 1962, Pub. L. 87-486, 76 Stat. 103.)

#### LEGISLATIVE HISTORY

*Reviser's Note.*—Based on title 18, U. S. C., 1940 ed., §§ 10, 11, 13 (June 28, 1940, ch. 439, title I, §§ 2, 3, 5, 54 Stat. 670, 671).

Section consolidates sections 10, 11, and 13 of title 18, U. S. C., 1940 ed. Section 13 of title 18, U. S. C., 1940 ed., which contained the punishment provisions applicable to sections 10 and 11 of title 18, U. S. C., 1940 ed., was combined with section 11 of title 18, U. S. C., 1940 ed., and added to this section.

In first paragraph, words "the Government of the United States or the government of any State, Territory, District or possession thereof, or the government of any political subdivision therein" were substituted for "any government in the United States".

In second and third paragraphs, word "such" was inserted after "any" and before "government", and words "in the United States" which followed "government" were omitted.

In view of these changes, the provisions of subsection (b) of section 10 of title 18, U. S. C., 1940 ed., which

defined the term "government in the United States" were omitted as unnecessary.

Reference to conspiracy to commit any of the prohibited acts was omitted as covered by the general conspiracy provision, incorporated in section 371 of this title. (See reviser's note under that section.)

Words "upon conviction thereof" which preceded "be fined" were omitted as surplusage, as punishment cannot be imposed until a conviction is secured.

The phraseology was considerably changed to effect consolidation but without any change of substance.

#### AMENDMENTS

1962—Pub. L. 87-486 defined the terms "organizes" and "organize."

1956—Act July 24, 1956, substituted "\$20,000" for "\$10,000", and "twenty years" for "ten years" in the paragraph prescribing penalties applicable to advocating overthrow of government and added provisions relating to conspiracy to commit any offense named in this section.

#### EFFECTIVE DATE OF 1956 AMENDMENT

Amendment of this section by act July 24, 1956, as applicable only with respect to offenses committed on and after July 24, 1956, see note under section 2384 of this title.

#### CANAL ZONE

Applicability of section to Canal Zone, see section 14 of this title.

#### CROSS REFERENCES

Alien advocates of overthrow of government, exclusion of, see section 1251 of Title 8, Aliens and Nationality.

Disqualification from holding any office of honor, trust, or profit, additional grounds for, see sections 204, 592, 593, 1901, 2071, 2381, and 2387 of this title.

Disqualification from holding public office of trust or profit under Guam government, see section 1421b of Title 48, Territories and Insular Possessions.

Federal retirement benefits, forfeiture upon conviction of offenses described hereunder, see section 2282 of Title 5, Executive Departments and Government Officers and Employees.

Forfeiture of veterans' benefits upon conviction under this section see section 3505 of Title 38, Veterans' Benefits.

United States nationality as lost by attempting by force to overthrow or bearing arms against the United States, see sections 1481—1489 of Title 8, Aliens and Nationality.

### § 2386. Registration of certain organizations.

(A) For the purposes of this section:

"Attorney General" means the Attorney General of the United States;

"Organization" means any group, club, league, society, committee, association, political party, or combination of individuals, whether incorporated or otherwise, but such term shall not include any corporation, association, community chest, fund, or foundation, organized and operated exclusively for religious, charitable, scientific, literary, or educational purposes;

"Political activity" means any activity the purpose or aim of which, or one of the purposes or aims of which, is the control by force or overthrow of the Government of the United States or a political subdivision thereof, or any State or political subdivision thereof;

An organization is engaged in "civilian military activity" if:

(1) it gives instruction to, or prescribes instruction for, its members in the use of firearms or other weapons or any substitute therefor, or military or naval science; or

(2) it receives from any other organization or from any individual instruction in military or naval science; or

(3) it engages in any military or naval maneuvers or activities; or

(4) it engages, either with or without arms, in drills or parades of a military or naval character; or

(5) it engages in any other form of organized activity which in the opinion of the Attorney General constitutes preparation for military action;

An organization is "subject to foreign control" if:

(a) it solicits or accepts financial contributions, loans, or support of any kind, directly or indirectly, from, or is affiliated directly or indirectly with, a foreign government or a political subdivision thereof, or an agent, agency, or instrumentality of a foreign government or political subdivision thereof, or a political party in a foreign country, or an international political organization; or

(b) its policies, or any of them, are determined by or at the suggestion of, or in collaboration with, a foreign government or political subdivision thereof, or an agent, agency, or instrumentality of a foreign government or a political subdivision thereof, or a political party in a foreign country, or an international political organization.

(B) (1) The following organizations shall be required to register with the Attorney General:

Every organization subject to foreign control which engages in political activity;

Every organization which engages both in civilian military activity and in political activity;

Every organization subject to foreign control which engages in civilian military activity; and

Every organization, the purpose or aim of which, or one of the purposes or aims of which, is the establishment, control, conduct, seizure, or overthrow of a government or subdivision thereof by the use of force, violence, military measures, or threats of any one or more of the foregoing.

Every such organization shall register by filing with the Attorney General, on such forms and in such detail as the Attorney General may by rules and regulations prescribe, a registration statement containing the information and documents prescribed in subsection (B) (3) and shall within thirty days after the expiration of each period of six months succeeding the filing of such registration statement, file with the Attorney General, on such forms and in such detail as the Attorney General may by rules and regulations prescribe, a supplemental statement containing such information and documents as may be necessary to make the information and documents previously filed under this section accurate and current with respect to such preceding six months' period. Every statement required to be filed by this section shall be subscribed, under oath, by all of the officers of the organization.

(2) This section shall not require registration or the filing of any statement with the Attorney General by:

(a) The armed forces of the United States; or

(b) The organized militia or National Guard of any State, Territory, District, or possession of the United States; or

(c) Any law-enforcement agency of the United States or of any Territory, District or possession thereof, or of any State or political subdivision of a

State, or of any agency or instrumentality of one or more States; or

(d) Any duly established diplomatic mission or consular office of a foreign government which is so recognized by the Department of State; or

(e) Any nationally recognized organization of persons who are veterans of the armed forces of the United States, or affiliates of such organizations.

(3) Every registration statement required to be filed by any organization shall contain the following information and documents:

(a) The name and post-office address of the organization in the United States, and the names and addresses of all branches, chapters, and affiliates of such organization;

(b) The name, address, and nationality of each officer, and of each person who performs the functions of an officer, of the organization, and of each branch, chapter, and affiliate of the organization;

(c) The qualifications for membership in the organization;

(d) The existing and proposed aims and purposes of the organization, and all the means by which these aims or purposes are being attained or are to be attained;

(e) The address or addresses of meeting places of the organization, and of each branch, chapter, or affiliate of the organization, and the times of meetings;

(f) The name and address of each person who has contributed any money, dues, property, or other thing of value to the organization or to any branch, chapter, or affiliate of the organization;

(g) A detailed statement of the assets of the organization, and of each branch, chapter, and affiliate of the organization, the manner in which such assets were acquired, and a detailed statement of the liabilities and income of the organization and of each branch, chapter, and affiliate of the organization;

(h) A detailed description of the activities of the organization, and of each chapter, branch, and affiliate of the organization;

(i) A description of the uniforms, badges, insignia, or other means of identification prescribed by the organization, and worn or carried by its officers or members, or any of such officers or members;

(j) A copy of each book, pamphlet, leaflet, or other publication or item of written, printed, or graphic matter issued or distributed directly or indirectly by the organization, or by any chapter, branch, or affiliate of the organization, or by any of the members of the organization under its authority or within its knowledge, together with the name of its author or authors and the name and address of the publisher;

(k) A description of all firearms or other weapons owned by the organization, or by any chapter, branch, or affiliate of the organization, identified by the manufacturer's number thereon;

(l) In case the organization is subject to foreign control, the manner in which it is so subject;

(m) A copy of the charter, articles of association, constitution, bylaws, rules, regulations, agreements, resolutions, and all other instruments relating to the organization, powers, and purposes of the organization and to the powers of the officers of the organi-

zation and of each chapter, branch, and affiliate of the organization; and

(n) Such other information and documents pertinent to the purposes of this section as the Attorney General may from time to time require.

All statements filed under this section shall be public records and open to public examination and inspection at all reasonable hours under such rules and regulations as the Attorney General may prescribe.

(C) The Attorney General is authorized at any time to make, amend, and rescind such rules and regulations as may be necessary to carry out this section, including rules and regulations governing the statements required to be filed.

(D) Whoever violates any of the provisions of this section shall be fined not more than \$10,000 or imprisoned not more than five years, or both.

Whoever in a statement filed pursuant to this section willfully makes any false statement or willfully omits to state any fact which is required to be stated, or which is necessary to make the statements made not misleading, shall be fined not more than \$2,000 or imprisoned not more than five years, or both. (June 25, 1948, ch. 645, 62 Stat. 808.)

#### LEGISLATIVE HISTORY

*Reviser's Note.*—Based on title 18, U. S. C., 1940 ed., §§ 14—17 (Oct. 17, 1940, ch. 897, §§ 1—4, 54 Stat. 1201—1204).

Section consolidates sections 14—17 of title 18, U. S. C., 1940 ed., as subsections (a), (b), (c), and (d), respectively, of this section, with necessary changes of phraseology and translation of section references.

Words "upon conviction" which preceded "be subject" were omitted as surplusage, as punishment cannot otherwise be imposed.

#### § 2387. Activities affecting armed forces generally.

(a) Whoever, with intent to interfere with, impair, or influence the loyalty, morale, or discipline of the military or naval forces of the United States:

(1) advises, counsels, urges, or in any manner causes or attempts to cause insubordination, disloyalty, mutiny, or refusal of duty by any member of the military or naval forces of the United States; or

(2) distributes or attempts to distribute any written or printed matter which advises, counsels, or urges insubordination, disloyalty, mutiny, or refusal of duty by any member of the military or naval forces of the United States—

Shall be fined not more than \$10,000 or imprisoned not more than ten years, or both, and shall be ineligible for employment by the United States or any department or agency thereof, for the five years next following his conviction.

(b) For the purposes of this section, the term "military or naval forces of the United States" includes the Army of the United States, the Navy, Air Force, Marine Corps, Coast Guard, Naval Reserve, Marine Corps Reserve, and Coast Guard Reserve of the United States; and, when any merchant vessel is commissioned in the Navy or is in the service of the Army or the Navy, includes the master, officers, and crew of such vessel. (June 25, 1948, ch. 645, 62 Stat. 811; May 24, 1949, ch. 139, § 46, 63 Stat. 96.)

#### LEGISLATIVE HISTORY

*Reviser's Note.*—Based on title 18, U. S. C., 1940 ed., §§ 9, 11, 13 (June 28, 1940, ch. 439, title I, §§ 1, 3, 5, 54 Stat. 670, 671).

Section consolidates sections 9, 11, and 13 of title 18, U. S. C., 1940 ed., with only such changes of phraseology as were necessary to effect consolidation.

The revised section extends the provisions so as to include the Coast Guard Reserve in its coverage.

Words "upon conviction thereof" were omitted as unnecessary, as punishment cannot be imposed until conviction is secured.

Reference to conspiracy to commit any of the prohibited acts was omitted as covered by the general law incorporated in section 371 of this title. (See reviser's note under that section.)

Minor changes were made in arrangement and phraseology.

#### AMENDMENTS

1949—Subsec. (b). Act May 24, 1949, made section applicable to the Air Force.

#### TRANSFER OF FUNCTIONS

All functions of all officers of the Department of the Treasury, and all functions of all agencies and employees of such Department, were transferred, with certain exceptions, to the Secretary of the Treasury, with power vested in him to authorize their performance or the performance of any of his functions, by any of such officers, agencies, and employees, by 1950 Reorg. Plan No. 28, § 1, 2, eff. July 31, 1950, 15 F. R. 4935, 64 Stat. 1280, set out in note under section 241 of Title 5, Executive Departments and Government Officers and Employees. The Coast Guard, referred to in this section, is generally a service in the Treasury Department, but such Plan excepted, from the transfer, the functions of the Coast Guard, and of the Commandant thereof, when the Coast Guard is operating as a part of the Navy under section 1 and 3 of Title 14, Coast Guard.

#### CANAL ZONE

Applicability of section to Canal Zone, see section 14 of this title.

#### CROSS REFERENCES

Disqualification from holding any office of honor, trust, or profit, additional grounds for, see sections 204, 592, 593, 1901, 2071, 2381, and 2385 of this title.

Federal retirement benefits, forfeiture upon conviction of offenses described hereunder, see section 2282 of Title 5, Executive Departments and Government Officers and Employees.

Forfeiture of veterans' benefits upon conviction under this section, see section 3505 of Title 38, Veterans' Benefits.

#### § 2388. Activities affecting armed forces during war.

(a) Whoever, when the United States is at war, willfully makes or conveys false reports or false statements with intent to interfere with the operation or success of the military or naval forces of the United States or to promote the success of its enemies; or

Whoever, when the United States is at war, willfully causes or attempts to cause insubordination, disloyalty, mutiny, or refusal of duty, in the military or naval forces of the United States, or willfully obstructs the recruiting or enlistment service of the United States, to the injury of the service or the United States, or attempts to do so—

Shall be fined not more than \$10,000 or imprisoned not more than twenty years, or both.

(b) If two or more persons conspire to violate subsection (a) of this section and one or more such persons do any act to effect the object of the conspiracy, each of the parties to such conspiracy shall be punished as provided in said subsection (a).

(c) Whoever harbors or conceals any person who he knows, or has reasonable grounds to believe or suspect, has committed, or is about to commit, an

offense under this section, shall be fined not more than \$10,000 or imprisoned not more than ten years, or both.

(d) This section shall apply within the admiralty and maritime jurisdiction of the United States, and on the high seas, as well as within the United States. (June 25, 1948, ch. 645, 62 Stat. 811.)

#### LEGISLATIVE HISTORY

*Reviser's Note.*—Based on sections 33, 34, 35, 37 of title 50, U. S. C., 1940 ed., War and National Defense (June 15, 1917, ch. 30, title I, §§ 3, 4, 5, 8, 40 Stat. 219; Mar. 3, 1921, ch. 136, 41 Stat. 1359; Mar. 28, 1940, ch. 72, § 2, 54 Stat. 79).

Sections 33, 34, 35, and 37 of title 50, U. S. C., 1940 ed., War and National Defense, were consolidated. Sections 34, 35, and 37 of title 50, U. S. C., 1940 ed., War and National Defense, are also incorporated in sections 791, 792, and 794 of this title, to which they relate.

Minor changes were made in phraseology.

#### REPEALS

Section 7 of act June 30, 1953, ch. 175, 67 Stat. 133, repealed Joint Res. July 3, 1952, ch. 570, § 1 (a) (29), 66 Stat. 333; Joint Res. Mar. 31, 1953, ch. 13, § 1, 67 Stat. 18, which had provided that this section should continue in force until six months after the termination of the National emergency proclaimed by 1950 Proc. No. 2914 which is set out as a note preceding section 1 of Appendix to Title 50, War and National Defense.

#### TEMPORARY EXTENSION OF SECTION

Temporary extension of section, see section 2391 of this title.

#### REPEAL OF PRIOR EXTENSIONS OF WAR-TIME PROVISIONS

Section 6 of Joint Res. July 3, 1952, repealed Joint Res. Apr. 14, 1952, ch. 204, 66 Stat. 54, as amended by Joint Res. May 28, 1952, ch. 339, 66 Stat. 96. Intermediate extensions by Joint Res. June 14, 1952, ch. 437, 66 Stat. 137, and Joint Res. June 30, 1952, ch. 526, 66 Stat. 296, which continued provisions until July 3, 1952, expired by their own terms.

#### CANAL ZONE

Applicability of section to Canal Zone, see section 14 of this title.

#### CROSS REFERENCES

Federal retirement benefits, forfeiture upon conviction of offenses described hereunder, see section 2282 of Title 5, Executive Departments and Government Officers and Employees.

Forfeiture of veterans' benefits upon conviction under this section, see section 3505 of Title 38, Veterans' Benefits.

Jurisdiction of offenses, see section 3241 of this title.

Letters, writings, etc., in violation of this section as nonmailable, see section 1717 of this title.

#### § 2389. Recruiting for service against United States.

Whoever recruits soldiers or sailors within the United States, or in any place subject to the jurisdiction thereof, to engage in armed hostility against the same; or

Whoever opens within the United States, or in any place subject to the jurisdiction thereof, a recruiting station for the enlistment of such soldiers or sailors to serve in any manner in armed hostility against the United States—

Shall be fined not more than \$1,000 or imprisoned not more than five years, or both. (June 25, 1948, ch. 645, 62 Stat. 811.)

#### LEGISLATIVE HISTORY

*Reviser's Note.*—Based on title 18, U. S. C., 1940 ed., § 7 (Mar. 4, 1909, ch. 321, § 7, 35 Stat. 1089).

Mandatory punishment provision was rephrased in the alternative.

Minor changes were made in phraseology.

#### CANAL ZONE

Applicability of section to Canal Zone, see section 14 of this title.

#### CROSS REFERENCES

Federal retirement benefits, forfeiture upon conviction of offenses described hereunder, see section 2282 of Title 5, Executive Departments and Government Officers and Employees.

Forfeiture of veterans' benefits upon conviction under this section, see section 3505 of Title 38, Veterans' Benefits.

#### § 2390. Enlistment to serve against United States.

Whoever enlists or is engaged within the United States or in any place subject to the jurisdiction thereof, with intent to serve in armed hostility against the United States, shall be fined \$100 or imprisoned not more than three years, or both. (June 25, 1948, ch. 645, 62 Stat. 812.)

#### LEGISLATIVE HISTORY

*Reviser's Note.*—Based on title 18, U. S. C., 1940 ed., § 8 (Mar. 4, 1909, ch. 321, § 8, 35 Stat. 1089).

Mandatory punishment provision was rephrased in the alternative.

Minor changes were made in phraseology.

#### CANAL ZONE

Applicability of section to Canal Zone, see section 14 of this title.

#### CROSS REFERENCES

Federal retirement benefits, forfeiture upon conviction of offenses described hereunder, see section 2282 of Title 5, Executive Departments and Government Officers and Employees.

Forfeiture of veterans' benefits upon conviction under this section, see section 3505 of Title 38, Veterans' Benefits.

#### § 2391. Temporary extension of section 2388.

The provisions of section 2388 of this title, as amended and extended by section 1 (a) (29) of the Emergency Powers Continuation Act (66 Stat. 333), as further amended by Public Law 12, Eighty-third Congress, in addition to coming into full force and effect in time of war shall remain in full force and effect until six months after the termination of the national emergency proclaimed by the President on December 16, 1950 (Proc. 2912, 3 C. F. R., 1950 Supp., p. 71), or such earlier date as may be prescribed by concurrent resolution of the Congress, and acts which would give rise to legal consequences and penalties under section 2388 when performed during a state of war shall give rise to the same legal consequences and penalties when they are performed during the period above provided for. (Added June 30, 1953, ch. 175, § 6, 67 Stat. 134.)

#### REFERENCES IN TEXT

Section 1 (a) (29) of the Emergency Powers Continuation Act (66 Stat. 333) as further amended by Public Law 12, Eighty-third Congress, referred to in text, formerly set out as a note under section 2338 of this title, was repealed by section 7 of act June 30, 1953.

Proc. 2912, 3 C. F. R., 1950 Supp., p. 71, referred to in the text, is an erroneous citation. It probably should refer to Proc. 2914 which is set out as a note preceding section 1 of Appendix to Title 50, War and National Defense.

#### Chapter 117.—WHITE SLAVE TRAFFIC

Sec.

2421. Transportation generally.

2422. Coercion or enticement of female.

2423. Coercion or enticement of minor female.

2424. Filing factual statement about alien female.