

mended by the Regents of the Smithsonian Institution. Not less than two members appointed by the President shall be from civilian life.

(c) Term of office; vacancies.

Members of the Board appointed by the President shall be appointed to serve for a period of 6 years; except that any member appointed to fill a vacancy occurring prior to the expiration of the term for which his predecessor was appointed shall be appointed for the remainder of such term and the terms of office of the members first appointed shall expire, as designated by the President at the time of appointment, three at the end of 2 years, three at the end of 4 years, and three at the end of 6 years.

(d) Quorum.

Five members of the Board shall constitute a quorum and any vacancy in the Board shall not affect its power to function.

(e) Compensation, travel and other expenses.

The members of the Board shall serve without compensation but shall be reimbursed for travel, subsistence, and other necessary expenses incurred by them in the performance of their duties as members of the Board.

(f) Biennial organization; rules and regulations.

The Board shall select officers from among its members biennially and shall make such bylaws, rules, and regulations as it deems necessary for the furtherance of its business. (Pub. L. 87-186, § 1, Aug. 30, 1961, 75 Stat. 414.)

§ 80a. Display of contributions of Armed Forces; study center; historical collections; National Air Museum provisions unaffected.

(a) The Smithsonian Institution shall commemorate and display the contributions made by the military forces of the Nation toward creating, developing, and maintaining a free, peaceful, and independent society and culture in the United States of America. The valor and sacrificial service of the men and women of the Armed Forces shall be portrayed as an inspiration to the present and future generations of America. The demands placed upon the full energies of our people, the hardships endured, and the sacrifice demanded in our constant search for world peace shall be clearly demonstrated. The extensive peacetime contributions the Armed Forces have made to the advance of human knowledge in science, nuclear energy, polar and space exploration, electronics, engineering, aeronautics, and medicine shall be graphically described. The Smithsonian Institution shall interpret through dramatic display significant current problems affecting the Nation's security. It shall be equipped with a study center for scholarly research into the meaning of war, its effect on civilization, and the role of the Armed Forces in maintaining a just and lasting peace by providing a powerful deterrent to war. In fulfilling its purposes, the Smithsonian Institution shall collect, preserve, and exhibit military objects of historical interest and significance.

(b) The provisions of sections 80—80d of this title in no way rescind sections 77—77d of this title, which established the National Air Museum of the Smithsonian Institution, or any other authority of

the Smithsonian Institution. (Pub. L. 87-186, § 2, Aug. 30, 1961, 75 Stat. 414.)

§ 80b. Selection of site; acquisition of lands and buildings; public exhibits and study collections; exhibits of military and naval operations.

(a) The Board of Regents of the Smithsonian Institution is authorized and directed, with the advice and assistance of the Board, to investigate and survey lands and buildings in and near the District of Columbia suitable for the display of military collections. The Board of Regents of the Smithsonian Institution shall, after consulting with and seeking the advice of the Commission on Fine Arts, the National Capital Planning Commission, and the General Services Administration, submit recommendations to the Congress with respect to the acquisition of lands and buildings for such purpose.

(b) Buildings acquired pursuant to recommendations made under subsection (a) of this section shall be used to house public exhibits and study collections that are not appropriate for the military exhibits of the Smithsonian Institution on the Mall in the District of Columbia. Facilities shall be provided for the display of large military objects and for the reconstruction, in an appropriate way, on lands acquired pursuant to recommendations made under subsection (a) of this section, of exhibits showing the nature of fortifications, trenches, and other military and naval facilities characteristic of the American colonial period, the War of the Revolution, and subsequent American military and naval operations. (Pub. L. 87-186, § 3, Aug. 30, 1961, 75 Stat. 415.)

§ 80c. Transfer or loan of objects, equipment and records to Smithsonian Institution.

The heads of executive departments and independent agencies of the Government are authorized to transfer or loan to the Smithsonian Institution for its use without charge therefor military, naval, aeronautical, and space objects, equipment and records for exhibition, historical, or other appropriate purposes. (Pub. L. 87-186, § 4, Aug. 30, 1961, 75 Stat. 415.)

§ 80d. Appropriations.

There are authorized to be appropriated to the Smithsonian Institution such sums as may be necessary for the purposes of sections 80—80d of this title. (Pub. L. 87-186, § 5, Aug. 30, 1961, 75 Stat. 415.)

Chapter 4.—NATIONAL ZOOLOGICAL PARK

Sec.

81. National Zoological Park; administration by Regents of Smithsonian Institution.
82. Same; aid in acquisition of collections.
83. Same; report of expenses.
84. Same; plans for buildings and bridges.

§ 81. National Zoological Park; administration by Regents of Smithsonian Institution.

The National Zoological Park is placed under the direction of the Regents of the Smithsonian Institution, who are authorized to transfer to it any living specimens, whether of animals or plants, in their charge, to accept gifts for the park at their discretion, in the name of the United States, to make exchanges of specimens, and to administer and

improve the said Zoological Park for the advancement of science and the instruction and recreation of the people. (Apr. 30, 1890, ch. 173, § 2, 26 Stat. 78; Oct. 4, 1961, Pub. L. 87-360, 75 Stat. 779.)

AMENDMENTS

1961—Pub. L. 87-360 inserted words “and improve” following “administer.”

§ 82. Same; aid in acquisition of collections.

The heads of executive departments of the Government are authorized and directed to cause to be rendered all necessary and practicable aid to the said Regents in the acquisition of collections for the Zoological Park. (Apr. 30, 1890, ch. 173, § 3, 26 Stat. 78.)

§ 83. Same; report of expenses.

A report in detail of the expenses on account of the National Zoological Park shall be made to Congress at the beginning of each regular session. (Aug. 18, 1894, ch. 301, § 1, 28 Stat. 384.)

§ 84. Same; plans for buildings and bridges.

All plans and specifications for the construction of buildings in the National Zoological Park shall be prepared under the supervision of the municipal architect of the District of Columbia, and all plans and specifications for bridges in said park shall be prepared under the supervision of the engineer of bridges of the District of Columbia. (Aug. 24, 1912, ch. 355, § 1, 37 Stat. 437.)

CHAPTER 5.—GOVERNMENT COLLECTIONS AND INSTITUTIONS FOR RESEARCH, AND MATERIAL FOR EDUCATIONAL INSTITUTIONS

Sec.

91. Literary and scientific collections accessible to investigators and students.
92. Admissions to marine biological station for pursuit of investigations.
- 93, 94. Repealed.

§ 91. Literary and scientific collections accessible to investigators and students.

The facilities for study research and illustration in the Government departments and in the following and any other governmental collections now existing or hereafter to be established in the city of Washington for the promotion of knowledge shall be accessible, under such rules and restrictions as the officers in charge of each department or collection may prescribe, subject to such authority as is now or may hereafter be permitted by law, to the scientific investigators and to duly qualified individuals, students and graduates of any institution of learning in the several States and Territories and the District of Columbia, to wit:

- One. Of the Library of Congress.
- Two. Of the National Museum.
- Three. Of the Patent Office.
- Four. Of the Office of Education.
- Five. Of the Bureau of Ethnology.
- Six. Of the Army Medical Museum.
- Seven. Of the Department of Agriculture.
- Eight. Of the Fish and Wildlife Service.
- Nine. Of the Botanic Gardens.
- Ten. Of the Coast and Geodetic Survey.
- Eleven. Of the Geological Survey.
- Twelve. Of the Naval Observatory.

Thirteen. Of the Zoological Park.

Fourteen. Of the Government Printing Office. (Apr. 12, 1892, No. 8, 27 Stat. 395; Mar. 3, 1901, ch. 831, § 1, 31 Stat. 1039; May 14, 1928, ch. 551, § 1, 45 Stat. 531; 1939 Reorg. Plan No. II, § 4 (e), eff. July 1, 1939, 4 F. R. 2731, 53 Stat. 1433; 1940 Reorg. Plan No. III, § 3, eff. June 30, 1940, 5 F. R. 2108, 54 Stat. 1232.)

TRANSFER OF FUNCTIONS

All functions of the Federal Security Administrator were transferred to the Secretary of Health, Education, and Welfare and all agencies of the Federal Security Agency were transferred to the Department of Health, Education, and Welfare by section 5 of 1953 Reorg. Plan No. 1, eff. Apr. 11, 1953, 18 F. R. 2053, 67 Stat. 631, set out as a note under section 623 of Title 5, Executive Departments and Government Officers and Employees. The Federal Security Agency and the office of Administrator were abolished by section 8 of 1953 Reorg. Plan No. 1.

The functions of all other officers of the Department of Commerce and all functions of all agencies and employees of such Department were, with a few exceptions, transferred to the Secretary of Commerce, with power vested in him to authorize their performance or the performance of any of his functions by any of such officers, agencies, and employees, by 1950 Reorg. Plan No. 5, §§ 1, 2, eff. May 24, 1950, 15 F. R. 3174, 64 Stat. 1263, set out as a note under section 591 of Title 5, Executive Departments and Government Officers and Employees. The Patent Office, and the Coast and Geodetic Survey, referred to in this section, are agencies within the Department of Commerce.

All functions of all other officers of the Department of the Interior and all functions of all agencies and employees of such Department were, with two exceptions, transferred to the Secretary of the Interior, with power vested in him to authorize their performance or the performance of any of his functions by any of such officers, agencies, and employees, by 1950 Reorg. Plan No. 3, §§ 1, 2, eff. May 24, 1950, 15 F. R. 3174, 64 Stat. 1262, set out as a note under section 481 of Title 5, Executive Departments and Government Officers and Employees.

The Office of Education was created and placed in the Department of the Interior by the act of July 20, 1868, ch. 176, 15 Stat. 106, which abolished the Department of Education. In the appropriation act of July 12, 1870, ch. 251, 16 Stat. 242, the Office was designated the Bureau of Education. This designation was retained until the act of May 14, 1930, ch. 273, 46 Stat. 281, 319, which made appropriations for the “Office of Education.” Since that time, all appropriations have been made to the “Office of Education.”

The Office of Education was transferred to the Federal Security Agency by 1939 Reorg. Plan No. I, §§ 201, 204, eff. July 1, 1939, 4 F. R. 2728, 53 Stat. 1424. See, also, sections 8 and 9 of the plan for provisions relating to transfer of records, property, personnel, and funds. The Bureau had been previously transferred to Department of Interior by 1939 Reorg. Plan No. II, § 4 (e), also set out in note under section 133 of Title 5.

Bureau of Fisheries was consolidated with Bureau of Biological Survey into Fish and Wildlife Service in Department of Interior by 1940 Reorg. Plan No. III, set out as a note under section 133 of Title 5, Executive Departments and Government Officers and Employees.

DEPARTMENT OF THE AIR FORCE

For transfer of certain personal property and functions, insofar as they pertain to the Air Force, from the Secretary of the Army and the Department of the Army, to the Secretary of the Air Force and the Department of the Air Force, see Secretary of Defense Transfer Order Nos. 6, eff. Jan. 15, 1948; 39, May 18, 1949; 40 [App. B(69)]. July 22, 1949.

§ 92. Admissions to marine biological station for pursuit of investigations.

The professors, instructors, and students of the several land-grant, agricultural, and mechanical colleges of the United States shall be admitted to the marine biological station on the Gulf of Mexico on