

[CHAPTER 311—REPEALED]

[§§ 4201 to 4218. Repealed. Pub. L. 98-473, title II, § 218(a)(5), Oct. 12, 1984, 98 Stat. 2027]

EFFECTIVE DATE OF REPEAL; CHAPTER TO REMAIN IN EFFECT FOR TEN YEARS AFTER NOV. 1, 1987

Section 235(a)(1) of Pub. L. 98-473, set out as an Effective Date note under section 3551 of this title, provided that the repeal of this chapter is effective Nov. 1, 1987, and applicable only to offenses committed after the taking effect of such repeal. Section 235(b)(1)(A) of Pub. L. 98-473 provided that the provisions of this chapter in effect before Nov. 1, 1987, shall remain in effect for five years after Nov. 1, 1987, as to an individual who committed an offense or an act of juvenile delinquency before Nov. 1, 1987, and as to a term of imprisonment during the period described in section 235(a)(1)(B) of Pub. L. 98-473. Pub. L. 101-650, title III, § 316, Dec. 1, 1990, 104 Stat. 5115, extended the period that this chapter remains in effect after Nov. 1, 1987, from five years to ten years. Prior to repeal, the provisions of this chapter read as follows:

[See main edition for text of § 4201]

§ 4202. Parole Commission created

There is hereby established, as an independent agency in the Department of Justice, a United States Parole Commission which shall be comprised of nine members appointed by the President, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate. The President shall designate from among the Commissioners one to serve as Chairman. The term of office of a Commissioner shall be six years, except that the term of a person appointed as a Commissioner to fill a vacancy shall expire six years from the date upon which such person was appointed and qualified. Upon the expiration of a term of office of a Commissioner, the Commissioner shall continue to act until a successor has been appointed and qualified, except that no Commissioner may serve in excess of twelve years. Commissioners shall be compensated at the highest rate now or hereafter prescribed for grade 18 of the General Schedule pay rates (5 U.S.C. 5332).

(Added Pub. L. 94-233, § 2, Mar. 15, 1976, 90 Stat. 219.)

REFERENCES IN OTHER LAWS TO GS-16, 17, OR 18 PAY RATES

References in laws to the rates of pay for GS-16, 17, or 18, or to maximum rates of pay under the General Schedule, to be considered references to rates payable under specified sections of Title 5, Government Organization and Employees, see section 529 [title I, § 101(c)(1)] of Pub. L. 101-509, set out in a note under section 5376 of Title 5.

EXTENSION OF TERM OF COMMISSIONER

Section 235(b)(2) of Pub. L. 98-473 provided that notwithstanding the provisions of section 4202 of this title as in effect on the day before Nov. 1, 1987 [set out above], the term of office of a Commissioner who is in office on Nov. 1, 1987, is extended to the end of the five-year period after Nov. 1, 1987. Pub. L. 101-650, title III, § 316, Dec. 1, 1990, 104 Stat. 5115, further extended the term of office of a Commissioner to a ten-year period after Nov. 1, 1987.

[See main edition for text of §§ 4203 to 4218]

CHAPTER 313—OFFENDERS WITH MENTAL DISEASE OR DEFECT

§ 4246. Hospitalization of a person due for release but suffering from mental disease or defect

[See main edition for text of (a) to (f)]

(g) RELEASE TO STATE OF CERTAIN OTHER PERSONS.—If the director of a facility in which a

person is hospitalized pursuant to this chapter certifies to the Attorney General that a person, against whom all charges have been dismissed for reasons not related to the mental condition of the person, is presently suffering from a mental disease or defect as a result of which his release would create a substantial risk of bodily injury to another person or serious damage to property of another, the Attorney General shall release the person to the appropriate official of the State in which the person is domiciled or was tried for the purpose of institution of State proceedings for civil commitment. If neither such State will assume such responsibility, the Attorney General shall release the person upon receipt of notice from the State that it will not assume such responsibility, but not later than ten days after certification by the director of the facility.

(As amended Nov. 29, 1990, Pub. L. 101-647, title XXXV, § 3599D, 104 Stat. 4932.)

AMENDMENTS

1990—Subsec. (g). Pub. L. 101-647 substituted “chapter” for “subchapter”.

[CHAPTER 314—REPEALED]

[§§ 4251 to 4255. Repealed. Pub. L. 98-473, title II, § 218(a)(6), Oct. 12, 1984, 98 Stat. 2027]

EFFECTIVE DATE OF REPEAL; CHAPTER TO REMAIN IN EFFECT FOR FIVE YEARS AFTER NOV. 1, 1987

Section 235(a)(1) of Pub. L. 98-473, set out as an Effective Date note under section 3551 of this title, provided that the repeal of this chapter is effective Nov. 1, 1987, and applicable only to offenses committed after the taking effect of such repeal. Section 235(b)(1)(C) of Pub. L. 98-473 provided that the provisions of this chapter in effect before Nov. 1, 1987, shall remain in effect for five years after Nov. 1, 1987, as to an individual who committed an offense or an act of juvenile delinquency before Nov. 1, 1987, and as to a term of imprisonment during the period described in section 235(a)(1)(B) of Pub. L. 98-473. Prior to repeal, the provisions of this chapter read as follows:

[See main edition for text of §§ 4251 to 4254]

§ 4255. Supervision in the community

An offender who has been conditionally released shall be under the jurisdiction of the United States Parole Commission as if on parole, pursuant to chapter 311 of this title.

The Director of the Administrative Office of the United States Courts shall have the authority to contract with any appropriate public or private agency or person for the detection of and care in the community of an offender who is an alcohol-dependent person, or an addict or a drug-dependent person within the meaning of section 2 of the Public Health Service Act (42 U.S.C. 201). Such authority includes the authority to provide equipment and supplies; testing; medical, educational, social, psychological, and vocational services; corrective and preventive guidance and training; and other rehabilitative services designed to protect the public and benefit the alcohol-dependent person, addict, or drug-dependent person by eliminating that person's or addict's dependence on alcohol or addicting drugs, or by controlling that person's or addict's dependence and susceptibility to addiction. Such Director may negotiate and award such contracts without regard to section 3709 of the Revised Statutes (41 U.S.C. 5).