December 13, 1917.

©CLM 1154 South American Travelog.

1. PERU, THE LAND OF THE INCAS.

Part 1.

MAR -1 1918

The Shores of the Pacific, Callao, Lima, Mollendo, and the Andes.

REEL V.

2. From 1500 to 1800 Spain ruled Most of South America. Revolutions, which later became a Popular South American Sport, freed the Land from the Spanish Yoke.

3. Small Bands of Adventurers, climbed the Lofty Andes, and robbed and enslaved the Peaceable, Industrious Indians. They robbed the Temples of Gold and Silver and forced the Natives to labor in the Mines.

4. From these Barren, Rainless Shores, sailed the "Plate Ships" with their Plunder. For more than Two Centuries Spain was the Richest and Strongest State in Europe.

5. No Sheltered Harbor offers Protection from the Combers as they march in from their Long Journey from the African Coast.

6. A Popular Beach Resort. Everything is there but the Beach.

7. These Rocky Islands have for Centuries been the Nesting Place of Millions of Sea Birds. The Deposits of Guano form a Valuable Peruvian Export.

8. The Harbor of Callao, One of the Best of the Few Pacific Ports.
Peruvian Submarines are lying in the Harbor.

9. Owing to Shallow Water near the Shore Vessels are cleaned and repaired in Floating Dry Docks.

10. A West Coast Steamer from Panama. Peruvians regard this Slow and Costly Method of Unloading as the last Word in Efficiency.

11. The Lighters approach the Shore and are unloaded by Modern Cranes.

12. Many Bags of Guano are shipped to the Interior and to Foreign Countries. Even a Hand Truck would help Some !

13. Callao, except for a Few Buildings owned by Europeans, retains its Spanish Appearance

14. Nothing is grown without Irrigation. These Stately Trees near the Callao Hospital are Hand Fed and Watered.

15. On the Road to Lima. Foreign Money has introduced Steam and Electricity for Passenger and Freight Transportation.

16. Lima was founded by Pizarro nearly 100 Years before the Pilgrims landed at Plymouth. Compared with the Peruvian "Bark" the Mayflower was a Modern Boat.

17. Lima is situated on the Rimac River and derives its Name from the Name of the River. Lima - Rimac - figure it out to suit yourself.

18. The Wireless Station is on the Hill. The Peruvians admit that it is a Hill - but a Small One.

19. The Viceroys of Spain not only believed that Nothing was too Good for them - they admitted it. Since Labor cost Nothing the Viceregal Residences were Works of Spanish Art.

20. The Houses were always built close to the Street. The Balcony was for the Lady of the House who sat behind the Barred Windows and wondered when her Romeo would come Home from the Lodge.

21. The Interior, or Patio, always contained Palms and a Fountain. The Goldfish do not show in the Picture.

22. In all Pacific Coast States the Modern rubs Elbows with the Ancient. The Donkey is beginning to feel that the Auto is ruining Business.

23. There are no Day Nurseries in Peru. The Whole Family occupies a Promising Corner and Mother, as usual, does all the Work.

24. The University of San Marcos.
This School was Old before the "Little Red Schoolhouse" had received its First Coat of Paint.

25. Every Building with Any Pretensions of Style boasts a Patio.
The University is No Exception to the Rule.
Rah-rah Boys from Peru. Their Hands in their Pockets betray that they are Hard Workers.

26. Most South American States hold [illegible] grateful Remembrance Simon Bolivar, the Liberator, [illegible] them from Spanish Misrule.

27. No Finer Carvings can be found than on some of the Churches of Peru, built by the Spaniards Centuries ago.
This is the Church of St. Augustine.

28. The Statue of Colonel Bolognosi, the Hero of the War with Chile in which Peru lost the very Valuable Nitrate Fields situated in what is now Northern Chile.

29. Lima Cathedral in the Plaza de Armas. Pizarro selected its Site and laid the Cornerstone in 1535.

30. The Cathedral was destroyed by an Earthquake in 1746 and the Present Building was then begun. Pizarro did not officiate. His Bones, however, lie in a Glass Coffin within the Cathedral.

31. In the Lima Zoo.

32. These Camels from the Sandy Deserts of the East must feel that they have reached the Camel Heaven - A Shady Tree to lie beneath and a Drink whenever they want it.

33. The Baby Camel is not afraid to take its Meals in Public.

34. Llamas and Vicunas.
Natives of the Andean Region and perfectly at Home.

35. The Condor - the National Bird of Chile.
Compared with the Condor the American Eagle is a small Bird - but he has considerably more "Pep".

36. A Camel can go a Long Time without Water, but he has Nothing on the Pelican which can carry around a Week's Supply of Food in its Bill.

NEXT WEEK

PERU, THE LAND OF THE INCAS - PART 11
From Lima to the Top of the Andes.

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