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HISTORY.
Volume II

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MAIN TITLE

Subject

LANDMARKS OF THE AMERICAN REVOLUTION

Part 1.

Ford Motion Picture Laboratories

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SUB TITLES .

1. Boston and Vicinity.

2. New England was the center of many momentous events immediately before and after the outbreak of the American Revolution.

3. Modern Boston is guardian of national traditions and associations.

4. Faneuil Hall, the "Cradle of Liberty," wherein grew the spirit of freedom and revolution against tyranny.

5. Here stood "Old Liberty Tree," under whose sheltering branches the Sons of Liberty were organized in 1760. Note the tablet on the building.

6. King's Chapel, the first church of England in Boston. The rector, a Tory, fled when the British left Boston. He took the books, plate, and vestments, most of which have been restored.

7. King's Chapel Burying Ground. Many who fought for liberty rest here.

8. Old South Meeting House. It is now a historical museum.

9. State Street, the site of the Boston Massacre in 1770. Old State House in the background.

10. The Massacre Monument.

11. Here began the Boston Tea Party. The Colonists started from this building for the wharf.

12. "T" Wharf. It derives its name from the famous Tea Pary held here.

13. The Boston Common was the training field for soldiers in early days.

14. Beacon Hill.

15. Granary Burying Ground. Samuel Adams and many other patriots have memorials here.

16. Samuel Adams Monument.

17. Memorial for Paul Revere.

18. Cambridge. An educational and literary center.

19. The Washington Elm in Cambridge.

20. Bunker Hill Monument.

21. Paul Revere's House, North Square - the oldest in the city.

22. The signal lanterns of Paul Revere displayed in the steeple of Christ Church, the "Old North," on April 18, 1775, warned him that the British were on their way toward Lexington and Concord.

23. Copp's Burying Ground.

24. It was Robt. Newman who flashed the lanterns from the "Old North" Church. His tombstone is at the center.

25. The Ride of Paul Revere.

26. Lexington. The first stand of the defenders of our liberty.

27. It was on the green in Old Lexington that first blood in the Revolutionary War was shed, April 19, 1775.

28. Site of the old Belfry from which the alarm was rung, April 19, 1775.

29. The Hancock House where Samuel Adams and John Hancock were awakened by Paul Revere.

30.

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30. Buckman Tavern, built in 1690. A meeting place for the minute-men

31. Munroe Tavern. British Headquarters.

32. Site of the first meeting house, where the wounded were cared for after the engegement.

33. Home of Jonathan Harrington, one of the first Americans mortally wounded in the engagement.

34. Here is where the minutemen stood against the foe of liberty.

35. Captain Parker commanded the little band of farmers that memorable morning. This is his monument.

36. The Revolutionary Monument, erected by the people of Massachusetts to the memory of the first martyrs who fell in the defense of liberty.

37. CONCORD.

38. Concord, Massachusetts. Best known for its part in the Revolution. The first provincial congress was held here in 1774.

39. Wright Tavern. Headquarters for minute-men during the early hours and also the British Headquarters a few hours later.

40. Concord River and Old North Bridge. Minute-man in the distance.

41. North Bridge, where on Sunday, April 19,1775, the shot was fired which was "heard round the world."

42. The Concord "Minute-Man" guards "Old North" Bridge.

43. Graves of British Soldiers.

44. Monument Square. On this site was the Liberty Pole which the British cut; and here was the Power Magazine which did not contain the ammunition they hoped to find.

45. Philadelphia, New York and Mt. Vernon.

46. Philadelphia too was the scene of many vital and stirring events in connection with the War for Independence.

47. In Carpenter's Hall, Washington was declared Commander-in-Chief of the American Army. This building has since been known as "Independence Hall" - Why?

48. Valley Forge. It was here that the Colonists endured privations and distresses of an unusually severe winter so that the cause of liberty should not perish.

49. General Washington's Headquarters.

50. All that remains of Ft. Washington - New York Campaign.

51. Grave of Benjamin Franklin, scientist and statesman.

52. Heroes of the Revolution.

53. George Washington, born Feb. 22, 1722, at Bridge Creek, Virginia. The first president of the United States, 1789 - re-elected 1792.

54. Washington's Home, Mt.Vernon.

55. Washington Monument in Richmond, Virginia.

56. Washington Monument, Washington, D.C., highest in the world, 555 ft. Erected by the nation in honor of George Washington.

57. John Adams, born Oct. 30, 1735, at Quincy, Massachusetts. Second president of the United States, 1797. Secured the adoption of the Declaration of Independence after three years' debate.

58. Thomas Jefferson, the most conspicuous apostle of democracy in America. Born April 13, 1743, at Shadwell, Virginia. A bold horseman and hunter; a musician and scholar.

59. The Declaration of Independence was the work of his pen. President of the United States for two terms, 1801 - 1809.

60. Flags of the Revolution.

61... In 1775 the Massachusetts Colony adopted a plain white flag with a pine tree. This flag was flown by our vessels.

62. In 1776 and 1777 the Southern Colonies used the snake flag.

63. The first striped flag was raised at General Washington's headquarters, Cambridge, Mass,, Jan. 2, 1776. It was called the Cambridge Flag.

64. On June 14, 1777, Betsy Ross made the first flag of thirteen stars and thirteen stripes.

65. Betsy Ross House, where the first flag was made.

66. The gateway to Freedom and to the land of Opportunity - Statue of Liberty.

~~67.~~

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