

# The Springdale News.

Volume 33, Number 2.

Springdale, Washington County, Arkansas, Friday, May 9, 1919

Eight Pages

## PENALTY GERMANY WILL HAVE TO PAY

By the Terms of Peace Treaty Germany is Shorn of Power to do Further Harm.

Versailles, May 7.—In the provisions of a treaty which Germany is bound to accept, according to agreement reached with her former Allies, Germany restores Alsace Lorraine to France.

Accepts the internationalization of the Saar basin as temporarily promulgated by the League of Nations; Accepts the permanent internationalization of Danzig;

Agrees to territorial changes towards Belgium, Denmark, and East Prussia;

Cedes most of the upper Silesia to Poland;

Renounces territorial and political rights outside of Europe;

Recognizes independence of German Austria, Czech-Slovakia and Poland;

Reduces her army to 100,000 men including officers;

Abolishes conscription in all German territories;

Razes all German forts within fifty kilometers of the Rhine;

Stops the importation, exportation and production of war materials;

The treaty further provides that Allied occupation of parts of Germany continue until full reparation as specified is made and that German violation of conditions pertaining to the Rhine zone will constitute an act of war, that the German navy be reduced to six battleships six light cruisers and twelve torpedo boats and no submarines; that the German navy personnel consist of only 15,000; that all war vessels be destroyed or surrendered.

Germany is forbidden to build forts controlling the Baltic; is to abolish all fortifications in Heligoland; to open up the Kiel Canal to all nations; to surrender her fourteen submarine cables; and to abolish all naval military air forces after October 1.

She is also to accept full responsibility for damages to Allied and associated governments and reimburse civilian damages, beginning with an initial payment of 20,000,000,000.00 Marks.

German Present Written Reply.

After receiving the treaty the Germans presented a written reply. The reply admitted the wrong done Belgium and declared Germany's willingness to make reparation, but stated that so far in the conduct of war Germany had been as "humane as the Allies," charging that the Allies killed Germans after the armistice had been signed.

The Germans said that the measure of their guilt could be determined by impartial inquiry and added that their archives were available.

The Germans' reply figures that the war has not been in vain if a real League of Nations is formed giving all Nations an equal chance. They declared that they would not consent to use German war prisoners for work of restoration and suggested that a board of experts be allowed to determine the methods of restoration.

Subsequent Payments Provided For.

Additional provisions prescribe that Germany make subsequent payments of reparation to be secured by a bond issue approved by the reparation commission; pay for shipping damages according to tonnage; devote economic resources to rebuilding devastated regions and revert to the pre-war "favored nations" tariffs without discrimination; allow freedom of transit through her territories to Allied nations; accept highly detailed provisions regarding pre-war debts, unfair competition and other economic and financial matters, and accept highly detailed provisions for internationalization of roads and rivers.

Kaiser to be Tried by High Court.

The ex-kaiser is to be tried by an international high court. Other violators in connection with the war are also to be tried. Holland is asked to extradite the ex-kaiser, and Germany is made responsible for the delivery of other violators.

Must Accept League, But is Not Member.

Germany must accept the League of Nations principle, but is not admitted to membership.

An international labor body is created and international bodies are named to execute the provisions of the treaty. A commission is created for the plebiscites for Malmedy, Schlieswig and East Prussia.

Details of the disposition of the German Fleet and Cables are left to the Allied Powers. Disposition of former German colonies is also left to the Allies.

A commission is created to supervise the Saar Valley and Danzig, and oversee the plebiscites act under the League of Nations.

The Hohenzollerns' property in Alsace-Lorraine goes to France without payment and France gains permanent possession of the Saar Basin coal mines regardless of the result of the Saar plebiscites.

Germany cedes the greater part of Posen and West Prussia to Poland. Free use of Danzig's waterways and port facilities are assured Poland.

Germany cedes to Belgium 382 square miles of territory between Luxembourg and Holland. The cession to Poland isolates East Prussia from the remainder of Germany.

The cessions to Poland comprise 27,686 square miles, and to France 5600 square miles. The treaty establishes Belgium as a neutral state. Luxembourg ceases to be a member of the German Tariff Union.

The treaty accepts abrogation of the Brest-Litovsk treaty. The Allies reserve right for Russia to obtain reparation from Germany and Germany renounces her rights to Morocco.

The British protectorate over Egypt is recognized. The treaty renounces further obligation on the part of China for Boxer indemnities and renounces German rights to all public property in China except Kiao Chau. It cedes to Japan rights to the Shantung peninsula.

The German army is to be demobilized within two months after peace is signed and munitions establishments must be closed within three months after the signing except where otherwise specified by the Allies.

No militaristic societies will be permitted.

German warships may be replaced at the expiration of twenty years for battleships and fifteen years for destroyers.

Reciprocal exchange of information regarding the dead and prisoners, and places of burial are provided.

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## IMPORTANT NOTICE

We are requested to ask school district committeemen in each township in our district to call a meeting as soon as practicable and have presented to the people through a speaker, which you can get by calling the committee, the necessity and importance of each district selling their quota of Vth Victory Loan Bonds.

Let's not fall down on our last job. If you need help call on us.

C. G. Dodson, Springdale T. S. Chairman.  
C. A. Ownbey, District Chairman.

## TELEPHONE RATES ADVANCED.

Springdale patrons of the Southwestern Bell Telephone Company were treated to a surprise when their bills were received first of the month, the price of business phones being "hiked" from \$2.00 to \$2.75 per month, and residence phones from \$1.50 to \$2.00 per month, an average increase of more than 35 per cent. The company appears to have acted impartially however, as it seems rates were increased all over the state and in other states where it operates. The company sets forth as an excuse for its action the claim that the business is under the direction of the government and this increase is necessary to cover cost of service.

The city authorities of Little Rock have filed suit in the courts to test the legality of the raise in rates, and the Arkansas Corporation Commission has also entered suit against the company on the part of all towns and cities affected.

The Commission's Statement.

The Arkansas Corporation Commission made the following statement as to reasons for bringing the injunction to suit:

"The Arkansas Corporation Commission contends that no public utility in the state, whether it be a telephone company or other public service concern, has any lawful right to make any change in its rates without giving 30 days' notice thereof to the Corporation Commission and obtaining the consent of the commission. This is plainly provided for in the act of the recent legislature creating the Corporation Commission, which statute was approved by the governor on April 1, 1919. The Southwestern Bell Telephone Company has given the commission no notice of its intention to increase its rates, and has not obtained or even asked the consent of the commission to such increase. The commission therefore, contends that the proposed increased rates are unlawful and has today filed suit in the Pulaski Chancery Court against the Southwestern Bell Telephone Company, on behalf of all the Arkansas patrons of said company, to enjoin the putting into effect of said increased rates. The Corporation Commission holds that the resolution of Congress under which Postmaster General Burleson is operating the telephone lines confers no authority on Mr. Burleson to make or change telephone rates, and that telephone companies operating under Mr. Burleson's direction are as much subject to the laws of Arkansas, in the matter of state rates, as if Mr. Burleson had no connection therewith."

## ORCHARD MEN TO MEET.

The orchard men of Northwest Arkansas will meet at Bentonville, Thursday, May 15. This will be an all day meeting for the purpose of studying the codling moth and other orchard pests. The Extension Department of the U. of A. and the Experiment Station in co-operation with the Frisco Railroad Co., are arranging plans for making this a very profitable meeting for all orchard men who are interested in the use of better horticultural methods. The use of improved spray machinery will be given a prominent place on the program.

Every grower is urged to attend this meeting and also bring with them the men who are responsible for the application of the spray material in their orchards.

ANNUAL MEETING OF PEACH GROWERS EXCHANGE.

Will be held at Mayor's office on Tuesday, May 13th at 2 o'clock p. m. The purpose of the meeting is to elect officers of the association for the ensuing year.

By Order of the Board of Directors.

ICE CREAM SUPPER AT OAK GROVE.

There will be an ice cream supper at Oak Grove on Saturday night, May 10. Everybody come and bring some one with you.

## OAK GROVE (Benton County)

Berry picking will begin in earnest here this week and it seems to be a good crop which will be hauled to Highfill and from there to Decatur in trucks.

Tom Crank and family and Marvin Downum's family of Osage Mills visited relatives here Sunday.

Oscar Holland and wife of Highfill spent Sunday afternoon at the F. M. Robbins home.

John Arnold who has been in service about a year returned home last week.

George Grammar and John Smith went to Bentonville Saturday where John purchased a new binder.

Miss Dulsie Vansickle visited relatives near Highfill Saturday.

Robert Curtis has moved to the place vacated by Roy Finch.

Estel Rutherford of Centerton and Minnie Insko of Highfill spent Saturday night with Miss Dulsie Vansickle.

The School Board of Oak Grove have decided to hire Frankie Test again for teacher.

## HEALING SPRINGS

Earl Farrar and wife went to Bentonville Sunday.

Wheat and oats are looking fine since the rain.

Austin Jones of Highfill was in this vicinity Sunday.

O. F. Helstern and family visited D. D. Farrar Sunday.

M. H. Smith and sons, Carl and Val went to Springdale on business Wednesday.

Several from this place attended the Odd Fellow lodge at Elm Springs Saturday night.

Everett Robbins and family visited his brother-in-law, Mode Robinson of Logan Saturday night and Sunday.

Aunt Net Derrick who has been on the sick list for several days is better.

Lee Derrick and Val Smith went to Spring Creek Sunday night. Wonder what their business was.

## HICKORY CREEK.

(Too Late for Last Week)

Mrs. Dan Lewis is very poorly at this writing.

John Sigmon and Simon made a business trip to Springdale Monday.

Miss Jessie Moneyhun and father visited with Mr. and Mrs. Ben Moneyhun Tuesday night.

Mrs. Holliday returned Monday from Oilton, Okla., where she has been visiting for some time.

Church was largely attended here Sunday and Sunday night, conducted by Bro. Robison of Avoca.

Several from this place attended the trial of Carrigar and Gibson before Squire Frank Danford of Frisco.

A. L. Hancy, Tellie Graham and Bert Edwards left Thursday of last week for Burton, Kansas on a business trip.

Mrs. Renda Ashman left Friday of last week for some part in Texas where she will join her daughter, Mrs. George Hufford.

Sorry to report Mrs. Dunlap as being seriously ill. She was taken to the City Hospital at Fayetteville Monday for treatment.

Mrs. Elmer McReynolds, better known as Katie Sigmon, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. John Sigmon, is home from Tulsa, Okla., on a three week's visit.

Miss Cretia Sigmon and Mrs. Garland Sigmon visited with Mrs. Nellie McNeil at Rogers Saturday night and returned Sunday evening. Mrs. McNeil being the aunt of Mrs. Garland Sigmon.

Mr. and Mrs. Harry Johnson left Monday for Olathe, Kansas where they will spend a few days visiting with their daughters after which they will go to Fresno, Calif to spend the summer.

Fishing is the order here. Mr. Freeman had quite a streak of luck the other day. He went fishing and caught 40 pounds of nice fish. Mr. Sam Eden tried his luck but he is too short to make a good fisherman.

Brown Eyed Jeff.

ALUMNI HIGH SCHOOL ATTENTION!

May 23rd, the date for the Annual entertainment is almost here. So far several members have remitted their dues but there are others who haven't. If you intend being present pay your dues by May 15th, otherwise no preparations will be made for you. The meeting this year promises to be unusually interesting. Let's all go. Send your dollar to the Secretary at once.

2-1t Executive Committee.

## HINTS FOR MOTORISTS

A resourceful motorist whose car has been stuck in the mud does not always have to fall back on a pair of mules to get free. For such an emergency the United States Tire Company offers some suggestions that have proved valuable.

The first calls for having stored away somewhere in the car a stack of old newspapers. When the car gets stuck and the wheels refuse to take hold, feed in some of the old papers between the tires and the mud. Usually only a few will have to be worked in before the wheels will begin to grip and the car start forward. This method of handling a difficult situation is so simple and so uniformly successful, that every motorist should know of it and carry a pile of old newspapers, unless he is equipped with some other apparatus for such a contingency.

Here is the method suggested by the United States Tire Company: Put the car in low, and if you cannot feed the gas with your foot evenly, so that the wheels will revolve slowly, put your emergency break on. Do not put it on so that the wheels will not revolve at all, but tightly enough to keep them from revolving rapidly. With the wheels turning slowly, the maximum pull is delivered to them by having the car in low gear, and so long as they turn slowly they can get the benefit of the tremendous power.

It is not always wise to fill the hole with stones or bricks, for their rough edges are hard on tires. Small branches of trees are better, as they offer much better tractive space. Should this method fail, quite often a slight push that would not much more than move a baby buggy will furnish just the added amount of power necessary to get the car going.

## A MAN'S JOB AND A PAUPER'S PAY

"Since we took this charge five months ago, we have received just twenty-six dollars a month as salary—the sole support of two people and a horse. What would you do about that sort of situation?"

The questioner was a bright, enthusiastic, capable young preacher of more than average education and ability. He had but recently joined the Conference and had been sent to a rural charge in a rich agricultural section. Fine farms stretched out in all directions, and the members of his churches were nearly all landowners or business people, comfortably well-to-do and good livers. They considered themselves the equals of the best in culture and character and entitled to as good a preacher as anybody.

And they paid to a struggling young couple, eagerly pouring out their lives in service to the community, twenty-six dollars a month—with corn for the preacher's horse eight dollars a barrel, four twelve dollars a barrel, meal seventy cents a peck, and bacon fifty cents a pound!

There are eight hundred and sixty-six such preachers of our Church who are receiving four hundred dollars a year or less and nearly two thousand who are laying down their lives in service for six hundred dollars a year or less. And they are the men who do the hardest work, travel the longest circuits, and serve under the most discouraging conditions. How long will Southern Methodism tolerate such conditions and still expect men of character and ability to enter her ministry?

The success of the Centenary will mark a decided step toward the relief of this deplorable situation.—Missionary Voice.

## SPECIAL SESSION OF CONGRESS.

President Wilson issued a call for a special session of Congress by cable Wednesday, to convene Monday, May 19. The special session is called primarily for the purpose of passing appropriation bills which failed at the regular session.

The Commissioners of Road Improvement District No. 1 in Boone County have been busy the past week inspecting road machinery in St. Louis and Little Rock with the view of purchase for the Jefferson Highway thru Boone County. The Commissioners also inspected the machinery at work on the road in Newton County. They have decided to buy a rock crusher, a tractor, roller plow and other machinery. The purchase will be made at the meeting of the Commissioners here next Saturday. The machinery will be valuable property for the county, as there are several other hard surfaced roads to be built in this county in the near future: the Harrison-Lead Hill road, the Omaha road, the Hill Top road, and perhaps several others. In fact, the machinery will be needed in the maintenance of the roads.—Harrison Times.