

ARIZONA MINER---Supplement.

Prescott, Arizona, February 13, 1874.

TELEGRAPHIC.

Special Dispatches to the Arizona Miner,
By Western Union and U. S.
Military Lines.

Foreign and Domestic.

New York, February 5.—Dispatches this morning bring reports of election rioting in England. Many persons were injured and several robbed.

Tweed's counsel are trying to obtain a review of his case before Judge Davis.

The relations between Germany and France are in a critical condition. Bismarck announces himself ready for war again.

At the English elections, the Conservatives have, thus far, secured a majority of 23 in the House of Commons.

San Francisco, Feb. 5.—The investigation of charges of corruption in the recent Senatorial election, commenced at Sacramento last night. Boruck, complainant, appeared with N. Greene Curtis, his counsel. Boruck swore that Carter, of Yuba, said he had been offered \$2,000 to leave Sustafer and vote for Booth. Vincent Ryan swore that Assemblyman Northrup told him he was offered \$3,000 to transfer his vote from Farley to Booth. Carter swore that one Brown offered him \$2,000 to vote for Booth. Northrup swore that Thomas Hugos, of Grass Valley, made the proffer to him. The investigation will be resumed to-night.

President Grant has declared his intention to nominate J. Cory to succeed Stone as postmaster of this city. Clayton has written a letter to the President approving the nomination in strong terms.

Clayton has procured the payment of \$73,000, to various parties, for supplies and transportation for the Modoc war.

News from Cuba indicates that the Insurgents are gaining ground. The Spaniards are badly in need of men, money, etc.

Gov Woods, of Utah, has vetoed the memorial to Congress asking for the appointment of a committee to examine into the affairs of Utah. Says he already made all necessary reports to Congress.

Washington, Feb. 5.—The Southern Transcontinental Railroad bill has been referred to the House committee, because outside railroad schemes asking for bonds were tacked on to the bill.

Evansville, Feb. 5.—A store was destroyed by fire last night. A man and his wife and four children, and a barkeeper, sleeping in the house, were burned to death.

Paris, Feb. 5.—Religious troubles with Germany are increasing. Bismarck is not averse to war. The French bishops announce their intentions to resist any attempt to muzzle their utterances.

Greenbacks, in San Francisco, 89½ @ 90½. Gold, in New York, 111½.

San Diego, Feb. 6.—The Union's correspondent at Japa placer mines, Lower California, says miners are now panning out from sixteen to one hundred dollars per day. A line of stages now runs regularly from here to that place.

Chicago, Feb. 6.—A passenger train on the Chicago and Northwestern railroad was yesterday thrown from the track, and seven persons were injured.

Westminster, Feb. 6.—John W. Davis was hanged here to day, for the murder of Abraham Linn, and Wm H. McJetter, murderer of Robert Ausly, was hanged at Cambridge.

San Diego, Feb. 9.—The Union's special, last night, says:

Washington, Feb. 8.—The following assignments are made for the Department of Arizona, in military orders soon to be issued: Col Rockwell, Assistant Quartermaster, is to remain at Fort Yuma. Col Chandler, of Fort Leavenworth, Kansas, is to report at Prescott for service as Chief Quartermaster of the Department of Arizona. Capt. W. B. Hughes is to report at Prescott for Quartermaster duty—post not yet assigned.

The Union's special this morning from Washington says:

Later rumor has it that political influence will keep Hughes in San Francisco.

London, Feb. 7.—The press unanimously recognize the completeness of the Government defeat in the late Parliamentary election. It is thought that Gladstone will resign before the new Parliament assembles.

San Francisco, Feb. 8.—Mr H. M. Cyvert, of the San Diego Water Company, shipped to San Diego to day, by steamer Orizaba, more material and money to complete the water works.

Gold in New York, 111½ and 111¼. Greenback in San Francisco, 89½ and 90½.

London, Feb. 7.—Four hundred and eighty-four members of Parliament have been returned, of which 255 are conservatives and 229 liberals. Conservatives replace 71 liberals. The latter have ousted 27 conservatives.

It is reported that Gladstone has tendered his resignation to the Queen.

Madrid, Feb. 6.—General Sickles took his leave of the Spanish Government to-day, and placed Secretary Adee in charge of legation.

San Francisco, Feb. 7.—Steamer Alaska arrived from Yokohama on Thursday, 36 days hence. The schedule time is 23 days.

New York, Feb. 6.—Edwin Booth, the actor, has filed a petition in bankruptcy. Among his securities is a claim on Oakes Ames' estate for \$100,000.

Chicago, Feb. 7.—Owing to trouble between the Union Pacific, Central Pacific and roads running from here to Omaha, on the subject of pro rata freights, several of the largest grocers, tea and coffee dealers have ordered large quantities of freight to be shipped from San Francisco via Panama and New York. The Central Pacific seems willing to submit to the demands of the other roads, allowing them pro rata rates.

Washington, Feb. 9.—Bids for carrying the mails from San Diego, Cal., to Mesilla, N. M., vary from \$40,000 to \$125,000.

Senator John S. Hager, of California, was sworn in and took his seat to-day.

New York, Feb. 9.—The trade report for the week ending Saturday, shows exceedingly dull markets, owing to the inclemency of the weather and the delay of Congress acting on currency.

Money is easy. Gold is dull and drooping.

Numbers of vessels are being ordered to California, anticipating a prosperous and abundant export of wheat.

The produce market is dull, with prices firm. Hides are a cent lower, and wool is dull with downward tendency.

The Boston wool market is quiet, with prices firm.

London, Feb. 7.—Gladstone will await the conclusions of the election before deciding what course the Government will take.

It is reported that the Right Honorable Edward Cardwell, Secretary of State, has been raised to a peerage.

The prospectus of a new Atlantic Telegraph company, to lay a cable from Great Britain to the Azores and thence to Halifax, has been issued.

A Sumatra dispatch says that the Acheenese chief is still holding out and building forts in the interior.

San Francisco, Feb. 9.—A fire occurred this morning on Stevenson street. Loss, \$8,000.

More rain last night; to-day cloudy and threatening.

John Pritchard, a somnambulist, fell out of a window and was killed, yesterday.

Chicago, Feb. 8.—The general freight agents of the Central Pacific and the Union Pacific railroads arrived last evening. An interview with them on the subject of deadlock freight matters between their roads and the Chicago and Omaha roads elicited nothing beyond a reiteration of their determination not to divide freight rates with eastern roads.

A Washington special says the members of the Senate Judiciary Committee decline to give out for publication the letter which Attorney-General Williams had written to the Committee complaining of the inquisitorial nature of the investigation made into his character and acts while his nomination as Chief Justice was pending. Williams is understood to be willing to let his letter get into print, but the Committee, whom it pretty sharply criticized, deem it as confidential and prefer to keep its exact contents secret.

London, Feb. 8.—Fifty-nine members of the House of Commons have been returned.

San Francisco, Feb. 9.—Steamer from Yokohama, Japan, brings intelligence of an unsuccessful attempt to assassinate Inakura, who was one of the Embassadors from Japan, who recently visited the United States and Europe.

Washington, February 10.—The annual report of Brigadier-General George Crook, Commander of the Department of Arizona, has been printed and circulated among the officers and executive committees.

Congressman Dawes' bill reducing letter postage to two cents, and fixing postal cards at the same rate, has been referred to the committee on post offices and post roads.

San Francisco, February 10.—Weather exceedingly stormy. The sea is unusually boisterous.

Last night Point Bonito was washed away, endangering the fog signal thereon in such a manner that it will have to be discontinued.

The steamer Pacific, which sailed for southern ports this morning, was obliged to return on account of heavy southeast winds.

The steamer Wm. Taber will sail on Thursday.

Washington, Feb. 10.—A bill has been introduced in the House to reduce the salaries of postmasters. It fixes the salary for the New York office at \$10,000; Chicago, St. Louis, Philadelphia and Boston, \$8,000 each; Cincinnati, Brooklyn, Baltimore and San Francisco, \$6,000. It also provides that salaries shall be paid from moneys received from box rents and other sources, in excess of expenditures allowed for rent, clerk hire and other necessaries.

Luttrell presented a memorial from the Chamber of Commerce, of Los Angeles, asking an additional appropriation for the Wilmington break-water.

Dunnel introduced a bill to incorporate the Great Salt Lake and Colorado River Railroad Company. A. B. Baldwin, Aug. Reiss and other Californians are named as incorporators.

A meeting of the citizens of Montana now in Washington, was held to-day, and presided over by their Congressional Delegate, to take action concerning the recent letter from Col Hazen, depreciating the country along the line of the Northern Pacific railroad, and particularly that portion of the country within their Territory.

Senator Boggy presented a joint resolution from the legislature of Missouri, in regard to illegal charges made by the Union Pacific R. R. Company. In presenting the resolution, Boggy said he hoped the Judiciary Committee would give the subject their early attention.

The Senate Committee on Military Affairs this morning discussed the bill, recently introduced by Logan, making it obligatory upon the President to retire officers of the army and marine corps when they have rendered forty-five years of service, or have attained the age of sixty-two years, excepting Generals and Lieutenant-Generals of the army. The disposition manifested is to agree to the bill with the amendment making sixty-five years the age for retirement.

New York, Feb. 9.—Nitro-glycerine factory at Fort Ticonderoga destroyed by an explosion. Two men killed.

It is said that efforts are being made to induce the authorities to abandon prosecution of Michael Norton, who fled to Canada after the conviction of Genet.

A fire on Broadway destroyed \$150,000 worth of property.

Richmond, Feb. 10.—W. D. Coleman, clerk of the board of public works, has proved a defaulter. When the officers went to arrest him, he tried to cut his throat.

Shasta, Cal., Feb. 10.—The trial of Hayes Clark, for robbing Wells, Fargo & Co's stage near Buckeye, in this county, in October last, ended this afternoon. The jury were out 30 minutes and returned with a verdict of guilty.

It commenced raining here at an early hour this morning and has continued all day, accompanied by a strong gale from the south.

San Diego, Feb. 11.—Raining gently here. Capt Price and Lieut Haskell expected here to-morrow.

WICKENBURG.

Wickenburg, Feb. 11.—The following passengers left on this morning's coach for Prescott: Mr J. Marks and wife, Dr Kendall, Mr Barkley, J. H. Pierson, A. Vanduzen.

George Bryan is improving a little. The doctors now have some hopes of his recovery.

WONDERS OF THE YELLOWSTONE REGION, is the narrative of a series of discoveries made by exploring parties in the Yellowstone Lake region of the Rocky mountains. This district is upwards of 6,000 feet above the sea level, whilst the Lake, with an area of 330 miles, is 7,427 feet above the sea level. The district is entirely surrounded by the peaks of the Rocky Mountains, and combines within its circumference a series of natural wonders and phenomena unparalleled in any part of the world. The explorers discovered a series of hot springs or geysers, one of which, known as the "Grand Geyser," when in eruption, fills its basin with boiling water, forming a well about 25 feet in diameter and 100 feet deep. The central body of water rushes into the air to a height of 90 feet, while five minor jets ascend to the enormous height of 250 feet, the clouds of steam rushing up to a height of 500 feet. The earth trembles under the descending deluge from this vast fountain; a thousand hissing sounds are heard in the air; rainbows encircle the summit of the jets with a halo of celestial glory. In an area of 55 miles by 67 miles, about 1,500 hot springs and geysers were counted. Another marvelous scene is the "Grand Canon," or ravine, into which the river is precipitated. The upper fall is 140 feet in height, and within a quarter of a mile the stream rushes over a precipice 350 feet high. The water then descends into the canon to the depth of about 3,000 feet. The explorers went nearly half way down, and, looking up through the gloom, saw the stars in the heavens soon after mid-day. The wonderful district has been set apart by the United States Congress as a great national pleasure ground, from a conviction that in a few years it will be a place of resort for visitors from all parts of the world.

LOSSES BY FIRE.—It is estimated by the Boston Journal that the losses by fire in this country last year foot up \$85,000,000. Of fires that destroyed less than \$100,000 and over \$50,000 worth of property, there was 152, the property consumed amounting to \$9,530,000. Of fires destroying less than \$50,000 and over \$20,000, there were 306, the losses being \$8,560,000.