

THE ARIZONA REPUBLICAN.

THE DAY IN CONGRESS.

Senator Stanford Discusses His Loan Bill.

An Able and Convincing Argument.

The House Still Struggling With the River and Harbor Bill—Scheme to Build up Chicago.

WASHINGTON, D. C., May 23.—In the Senate today the tariff bill was received and referred to the committee on finance. Consideration of the Naval Appropriation bill was resumed and continued until 2 o'clock, when the silver bill was taken up. The naval bill went over. This, however, in a few minutes was laid aside to allow Senator Stanford to address the Senate on his bill providing for loans by the Government on agricultural lands. He said: "We can all well understand the great advantages to the people at this time of the loan made to the National banks by the Government of 90 per cent upon its own securities. One hundred thousand dollars of Government bonds at 4 per cent, only produce \$40,000, which, when its value becomes energized to the extent of 90 per cent (which the Government advances), its power is increased to 90 per cent. Its activity may in course of the year double its value and pass from hand to hand many times, stimulating the various industries of the country. So, too, this bill will have a corresponding energizing effect. The money issued under it is not intended to accommodate farmers alone, but as it comes into circulation it will put the means of prosperity within the reach of those who are engaged in the smaller and larger industries of the country. This money when issued by the government becomes automatic. It will contract when there is less use for it, and expand when there is greater demand. Thus disastrous contraction will cease to be possible. He agreed that the rate of interest provided, two per cent, is fixed for good reasons. No farmer will borrow unless he needs more, and when he ceases to have use for it will return it. But this will seldom occur, for money borrowed of the government at 2 per cent, readily finds use at higher rates in other interests, and thus the farmer will be benefited. Six per cent interest is a burden that the farmer cannot bear, while owing to activities of business the merchant finds it a reasonable rate to pay. The value of money lies in its activities. This plan of loaning money upon land at 2 per cent, with the privilege to the borrower of returning when he has no use for it, creates a moneyed system that will meet financial expansion and contraction, as they may occur, without inconvenience to any one. Under its provisions the real estate of the country, being so vast, there will be a possibility of obtaining the money necessary to carry on the enterprises of the country, and when there is no further use for money the borrower stops paying interest and takes up the mortgage upon his farm." In conclusion the Senator said: "The bill, while not perfect, provides fairly well for the machinery to carry out its designs. If adopted, with such amendments as shall seem wise to Congress, it will largely increase the prosperity of the humbler classes of labor and assist the wealthier to success in their enterprises. The bill provides for what is, perhaps, not improvement of currency, a revolution in finance, and I do not expect it will be adopted until it has been fully considered by the people and met with their approval. I move that the bill be referred to the committee of finance."

The bill was so ordered. Mr. Call offered a resolution calling on the President for information as to the landing of an armed force from the revenue cutter at Cedar Keys, Florida, the forcible entry of houses and pursuit of citizens. On motion of Mr. Edmunds it was laid over for an executive session. Adjourned.

In the House.

On motion of Vandever, of California, from the committee on irrigation, a resolution was adopted calling upon the Secretary of War for information relative to the climates of Arizona, New Mexico and parts of the arid region of the United States.

The House then went into committee of the whole on the river and harbor bill.

East of Illinois, offered an amendment appropriating \$25,000 for securing continuous navigable water way between Lake Michigan and the Mississippi river, and a continuation of the survey of the Illinois river.

Henderson objected on the ground that the committee had not considered the proposition.

Vandever, of California said that judiciously between Chicago and St. Paul had hitherto presented the adoption of this grand national project of connecting the lakes and the Mississippi river, a project which would certainly be carried out and eventually place Chicago at the head of Mississippi river navigation as well as in command of lake navigation.

Hill, of Illinois, explained that the Hennepin Canal project was entirely independent of this proposition.

Catching, of Mississippi, moved an amendment, fixing the appropriation for the purpose at \$125,000. This was accepted by Post, of Connecticut, but the entire proposition was rejected by the House.

When the paragraph appropriating \$500,000 for the construction of the Illinois and Mississippi (Hennepin) Canal, was reached, Turner, of Georgia, made the point of order, that the committee had no jurisdiction over canals.

Pending a decision on this point the Committee rose, and the House took a recess until evening.

The night session was devoted to the consideration of private pensions.

GENERAL NEWS NOTES.

The Floating News of the National Capital Picked up.

WASHINGTON, May 23.—The House Committee on Elections today acted upon the three pending contested election cases, and the result will probably be to increase the Republican majority in the House by two members. The cases decided were those of Langston vs. Venable, Fourth District of Virginia; Miller vs. Elliott, Seventh District of South Carolina, and Chalmers vs. Morgan, Second District of Mississippi. In the first two cases the committee will report in favor of seating the Republican contestants, Langston and Miller, but in the Mississippi case the report will be in favor of the sitting member, Morgan.

SENATORIAL CONFIRMATIONS.

The Senate today confirmed the following presidential nominations: Registers of land offices—Joseph Tracey, Humboldt, California; John F. Sheehan, San Francisco.

Receivers of public moneys—Alfred D. Campbell, Miles City, Montana; Jay R. Sanborn, Coeur d'Alene, Idaho.

William H. Davis, of San Francisco, supervisor of census, first California district.

THE CHEROKEE STRIP TROUBLES.

The President having received information that cattlemen are invading the Cherokee strip in violation of the proclamation, he has instructed General Morritt to legally enforce the provisions of the proclamation.

LIBERAL CONSTRUCTION OF LAW.

The Inter-State Commerce Commission today decided the case of Letmans et al., of Humboldt, Kansas, agents for a trans-continent line, for charging a higher rate per mile on sugar from San Francisco to Humboldt than to Kansas City. The Commission holds that the lower rate to Kansas City is forced on the carriers by competition and that the rate to Humboldt is not only not unreasonable, but is lower than it would be except for the conditions.

PAN-AMERICAN RAILWAY.

McCreary, of Kentucky, today introduced a bill in the House to provide for the surveying of an Inter-Continental railway to connect North and South America.

DEBT DON'T WANT THE CHARLESTON.

Mr. Carter, the Hawaiian minister denies emphatically the report telegraphed from Mare Island to the effect that he had requested the cruiser Charleston to be sent to Honolulu to prevent a possible trouble on the assembling of the Hawaiian legislature.

Window Glass Manufacturers.

PITTSBURGH, May 23.—The Western Window Glass Manufacturing Association decided to shut down all factories in this country for the summer on June 24. A combination was also made with jobbers by which the prices of glass will be made uniform in all cities.

Labor Disturbances Ended.

PITTSBURGH, May 23.—In the labor disturbances a compromise was effected yesterday by which a large number of strikers will return to work. They include Congressman Scott's coal miners and several thousand men employed by the National Tube Works.

Royal Travelers.

VICTORIA, B. C., 23.—The Duke and Duchess of Connaught arrived from Yokohama today on the steamer Abyssinia. They leave for Winnipeg tomorrow.

THE MORMON CASE.

A REHEARING OF IT DENIED BY THE COURT.

It Shows a Disposition, However, Not to Constitute the Property If Put To Proper Uses.

WASHINGTON, D. C., May 23.—Ex-Senator McDonald made a motion for a rehearing of the Mormon case and to vacate the mandate in the case. The Court refused to allow the latter part of the motion. The Court said it was satisfied that the conclusions reached were correct, but with the form of the decree entered, it would take the matter under advisement until the next term. It is understood that the object is to ascertain if there is not some method by which the money accumulated by the Church of Latter Day Saints can be returned to some source that will not use the funds for the propagation of polygamy, there being a reluctance to absolutely confiscate the property.

BAPTISTS' MISSIONS.

Churchmen Will Go Forth To Rouse the World.

CHICAGO, May 23.—In an address to the Baptists' association today, Dr. Northrup presented the obstacles and encouragements to foreign mission work, and closed by stating that the efforts of Wm. Carey and his companions in England had once roused the world on the subject of foreign missions. Now he called upon Baptists to rouse the world again by sending 200 men at once into foreign mission work.

The annual report of the Executive committee showed a very successful year's work. The total income was \$559,527, more than paying the expenses, reducing last year's debt to \$7942. The increase in missions during the year showed fifty-two missionaries and forty-five churches, gaining 3880 members. Rev. Dr. Northrup was elected president.

A Father's Awful Deed.

HAMILTON, O., May 23.—Patrick Malloy shot and killed his son George, aged 25, and then shot himself dead today. They had been quarreling over some insurance money.

THE PACIFIC COAST.

Senator Fair Robbed by His Superintendent.

An Oakland Lady Relieved of Her Diamonds.

A Child Dies of a Tarantula Bite—Woman Burned to Death at Visalia—Clark's Time Fixed.

Ventura, San Luis, Obispo, Monterey, Santa Clara, Santa Cruz, San Mateo, Alameda and San Francisco counties for the appointment of five persons from each to meet at San Jose on June 25 to meet a committee from Santa Barbara county to hold a convention to mature some plan for the speedy completion of the coast line of railway from Los Angeles to San Francisco. The following delegates from Santa Barbara county were selected: Hon. Ellwood Cooper, Hon. C. Biddle, J. J. Perkins E. W. Iverson and M. J. Nicholson.

BASE BALL.

PRESIDENT SPAULDING ON THE SITUATION.

He Says the Player's League is Surely Doomed—The Game Yesterday.

CHICAGO, May 23.—President Spaulding of the Chicago League club, expressed himself on the base ball situation again today to a local paper. He dwelt on the poor attendance at the games so far, and sees no salvation for base ball except the withdrawal of all of the Player's League teams from the field. The League, he says, is going to stick to the fight uncompromisingly and without quarter. If the Player's League lasts there will be twenty-five cent base ball, Sunday included.

The game was played yesterday at a large attendance, but the League club was defeated, while the Player's League team won. He predicts that if it should rain at the base ball points on Decoration day the Player's League will have had work pulling through June. He figures that the money men who went into the scheme without knowing what they were backing will have had enough of the sport to last them for life unless they recover some losses on Decoration Day. Should it not rain on that day, Spaulding thinks that a storm on the 4th of July would be disastrous. Should it rain on either day and the attendance remain as at present, he predicts that the Player's League will never open a second season.

LEAGUE GAMES.

Some Rather Rocky Playing Done Yesterday.

PHILADELPHIA, May 23.—Anson's Colt's defeated the Phillies again this afternoon in a stubborn ten-inning game. The victory went to the visitors by reason of their better all around playing. Score: Chicago 4 0 0 1 0 2 1 0 0 0—8 Philadelphia 0 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 2—10 Hits—Chicago 17, Philadelphia 11. Errors—Chicago 8, Philadelphia 6. Batteries—Hutchinson and Kitzbridge, Vickey and Schriver. Umpire—McQuaid.

Batted Him Hard.

NEW YORK, May 23.—The Local League team found Schmidt easy work this afternoon and batted him hard. Score: New York 9 0 0 0 2 1 1 6 4 1 2—37 Pittsburgh 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—3 Hits—New York 19, Pittsburgh 11. Errors—New York 3, Pittsburgh 10. Batteries—Welch and Murphy, Schmidt and Miller. Umpire—Powers.

BROTHERHOOD GAMES.

The Winners in the Diamond Contests of Yesterday.

BOSTON, May 23.—The Brotherhood game this afternoon was marked by sharp fielding on the part of the home team, and some poor work by the visitors. Score: Boston 0 2 0 0 0 1 1 1 0 0—3 Philadelphia 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—3 Hits—Boston 9, Philadelphia 8. Errors—Boston 2, Philadelphia 1. Batteries—Wright and Kelly, Galin and Carroll. Umpire—Knight and Jones.

PHILADELPHIA, May 23.—"Jersey" Baskely proved an ignomina to the Philadelphia Brotherhood team this afternoon, while Cunningham's delivery just suited the Cleveland men. Score: Philadelphia 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—1 Cleveland 0 1 2 0 1 0 3 2 0—2 Hits—Philadelphia 7, Cleveland 14. Errors—Philadelphia 3, Cleveland 4. Batteries—Zinningham and Milligan, Baskely and Sattelle. Umpire—Matthews and Gunning.

A Short Game.

BROOKLYN, May 23.—The Brotherhood game was called at the end of the sixth inning on account of rain. The Buffalos were outplayed at every point. Score: Brooklyn 0 0 0 0 0 2 1 1 4 4—6 Buffalo 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—2 Hits—Brooklyn 10, Buffalo 6. Errors—Brooklyn 2, Buffalo 1. Batteries—Wright and Kinslow, Krook and Mack. Umpire—Holbert and Ferguson.

The Giants as Jumpers.

NEW YORK, May 23.—The Giants jumped all over the Chicago Brotherhood club again today, and the Windy City boys went to earth. Score: New York 3 1 0 0 1 1 2 6 1—23 Chicago 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—1 Hits—New York 31, Chicago 9. Errors—New York 3, Chicago 12. Batteries—O'Day and Ewing, Dwyer and Farrell. Umpire—Gaffney and Barnes.

American Association.

PHILADELPHIA, May 23.—In the first game today the Athletics scored one and Toledo 4. In the second, Athletics one; Toledo six. Brooklyn 4; Louisville 2. Rochester 4; St. Louis 5. Syracuse nothing; Columbus 4.

Pacific Coast League.

OAKLAND, May 23.—San Francisco 5; Oakland 4. Sacramento 15; Stockton 13.

BROTHERHOOD GAMES.

Batteries—Sanders and Cook, Hadderrick and Halligan.

BROOKLYN, May 23.—Terry was poorly supported by the local league team today, and the Cincinnati won. Score: Brooklyn 1 1 1 1 0 0 0 0—2 Cincinnati 2 0 0 0 2 1 1 1—7 Hits, Brooklyn 5; Cincinnati 11. Batteries, Terry and Daly, Vina and Keman. Umpire, Synch.

SWEPT BY A FLOOD.

Western Pennsylvania Visited by a Storm.

Lightning Adds Color to the Ravages.

Numbers of Persons Killed, the Railroad Impeded by Washed Out Bridges.

The union is sending out warnings to carpenters throughout the country against what they call misleading advertisements of the Masters' Association which are flooding the city with carpenters from outside points. The union says there is no scarcity of workmen here, and that it has been obliged to send back to their homes many men. It is estimated that at least 1000 union carpenters in this city are still out of employment.

Another Cashier Gone Wrong.

OSWEGO, N. Y., May 23.—The Oswego national bank closed today. Cashier C. A. Thompson is charged by C. H. Platt, President of the Public Grain and Stock Exchange, while acting in concert with James F. Dee, with defrauding the Exchange of \$30,000. The suspension is reported due to the late developments in the "big four" collapse. Directors of the bank say the deposits amounted to \$52,000 only. Cashier Thompson, who is out of town, was also treasurer of Tioga county.

Sculling Match.

SYDNEY, May 23.—A sculling match has been arranged between Kemp and McLean, to take place in July.

A Free Press.

PARIS, May 23.—The Chamber of Deputies today rejected the press offenses bill passed by the Senate.

ENGLAND DON'T WANT IT.

Stanley's Territory is Likely to go Begging.

LONDON, May 23.—The Marquis of Salisbury, speaking at the banquet of the Merchant Tailor Guild tonight, referred canting to Stanley's utterance regarding England's African policy. He warned his hearers against supposing that the illustrious traveller's statements revealed the secrets of the government policy and saying nothing had been surrendered because no agreement had been arrived at yet. In conclusion he said: "The acquisition of the magnificent territory which Stanley has revealed must be viewed from the point of prudence as well as that of boldness. After our experience at Khartoum, grave reflection and the full assent of parliament and the country are necessary before committing ourselves to the defense of a territory that is only accessible to the sea after months of travel."

ATHLISON'S PURCHASE.

THE ACQUISITION FORMALLY ANNOUNCED BY CIRCULAR.

The Details of the Transfer Fully Given and the Necessity for the Deal Explained by the Chairman of Committee.

BOSTON, May 23.—A circular was issued by George C. Magoun, chairman of the Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe Railroad Company directory, formally announcing to the stock holders the acquisition of the St. Louis and San Francisco railroad. The advantages of the combination as to the far south-west freight traffic is dwelt upon.

The first preferred stock is not disturbed and holders of preferred stock are given one and three-eighths shares of Atchison stock for one share of St. Louis and San Francisco and the holders of the common stock three quarters of a share get one share of Atchison.

The Atchison has issued \$27,000,000 new stock, out of which, \$26,285,175 will be delivered for Frisco stock and equities.

The new acquisition makes the Atchison mileage 8,966 and increases the capital stock per mile from \$10,540 to \$11,296.

Saloon Men Must Go.

ST. LOUIS, May 23.—Dramshop keepers have been notified to leave the Grand Lodge of the Odd Fellows of Missouri. When a vote was taken today on the question of expelling the saloon men, it was found that there were thirty-eight in favor of doing so and twenty-five against. Many German saloon keepers in St. Louis are leading lights in the order and the man may be contested in the courts. It is said that the Grand Lodge decided that saloon keepers were ineligible under a provision in the constitution excluding those not having a reputable means of support.

Costly Horses.

FRANKLIN, Pa., May 23.—Miller & Sibley sold today to Schmalbach & Parker, of Wheeling, the yearling colt Gold Coast, by Electioneer, out of Edith Carr, by Clark Chief. This colt is a full brother to Campbell's Electioneer, three year old; record, 2:22 2/5. The same party also bought the yearling colt Golden Slope, by Electioneer, dam Addie. The price for the pair was \$12,000.

FRIEST SHOT.

An Outrageous Murder by an Insane Man.

CHICAGO, May 23.—Rev. Dr. S. M. Barrett, of St. Stephens Roman Catholic church, was shot and fatally wounded tonight at the threshold of his residence. He was accosted by a young man who professed to be in a dying condition from heart trouble. The priest gave the man directions to help him physically, and was considering the matter of spiritual consolation when the fellow drew a revolver and shot him in the breast. He was arrested. He is apparently insane. He gave the name of Cody. Father Barrett has been the pastor of St. Stephens for twenty years.

DENNY KNOCKED OUT.

A Battle That Required Fifty Rounds.

Sacrifices two Teeth in the Contest.

Graphic Report of the Fight By Rounds—An Interesting Battle Well Described.

SAN FRANCISCO, May 23.—The fight to a finish between Joe Ellingsworth, of Los Angeles, and Denny Kellher, of Boston, for a purse of \$1,000, took place at the Golden Gate Athletic Club tonight.

Kellher's weight was announced at 150 1/2, and Ellingsworth's at 153.

Ellingsworth's seconds were Martin Murphy and Charley Gleason. Billy Shannon and Denny Needham seconded Kellher. Patsy Hogan was referee.

Time was called at 9:53.

Little was done in the first round.

Ellingsworth landed a right hand blow on Kellher's opponent, looking for a knockout. Kellher held himself in reserve. A little before the round closed he landed a right hand blow on one of Ellingsworth's ribs.

In the third round Joe to the ropes heavily. He stopped Ellingsworth a left several times, but made no returns.

In the fourth Ellingsworth continued trying for Kellher's ribs, and after several stops landed lightly on the jaw and later more heavily on the ribs. The round closed in Ellingsworth's favor.

Kellher continued to employ waiting tactics in the next three rounds and allowed Ellingsworth to do nearly all the leading. Ellingsworth reached Kellher's jaw with several straight left hand blows.

In the eighth Kellher swung his right twice but landed short.

In the ninth round Kellher was driven round the ring and Ellingsworth landed a number of hard blows on his ribs and over the heart. Kellher reached his opponent's ear, but missed a good chance for an upper cut.

In the tenth round Kellher made a savage upper cut with his right, which scraped Ellingsworth's ribs, but he recouped a blow in the wind in return.

During the next few rounds Ellingsworth continued to pound Kellher in the ribs and stomach, the latter making light returns.

In the sixteenth Ellingsworth used both hands on Kellher's mouth drawing blood.

In the seventeenth round Kellher landed a right hander on Ellingsworth's left ribs, which was the only good blow in this round.

The next seven rounds were uneventful.

In the twenty-fifth Kellher suddenly rounded himself and planted a right hander on Ellingsworth's ear. The latter retaliated with a drive on his opponent's wind.

No very lively fighting in the next few rounds. Ellingsworth continued to jab his opponent, but took care that Kellher should be unable to rise, and delivered a knock-out blow. Ellingsworth pounded Kellher hard in the thirty-first and thirty-third rounds.

In the thirty-fifth Ellingsworth forced him into his corner and knocked out two of Kellher's teeth. Ellingsworth's jabs were commencing to tell.

He continued to force the fight in the thirty-seventh round and landed with right and left on Kellher's wind, but received a hard drive in the neck in return.

Kellher was knocked through the ropes in the forty-third round, but recovered.

He was also sent sprawling on the floor in the forty-sixth, and was again knocked down in the forty-ninth.

In the fiftieth round Ellingsworth sent him to the floor three times. The last time he was unable to rise, and Ellingsworth was declared the victor. It was after 1 o'clock when the fight ended.

KEMMLER MUST DIE.

Will Have to Submit to Death by Electricity.

WASHINGTON, May 23.—The United States Supreme Court denied the application for a writ of error in the case of Kemmler, now under sentence of death by electricity. The Court held that the change in the form of inflicting the death penalty was within the legitimate sphere of the legislative power of a State Legislature. The State of New York determined that it did not inflict a cruel or unusual punishment and its courts have sustained that determination.

"This Court cannot see that a person has been deprived of due process of law in order to reverse the judgment. The Court should be compelled to hold that the New York Court of Appeals had committed error so gross as to deprive the prisoner of some constitutional right, and the Court has no hesitation in saying that it cannot do this in the present case."

The case will next come up before the United States Circuit court, Judge Wallace, who made an order to operate as a stay until the Supreme court could pass upon the questions involved. This order was issued with the understanding that counsel would immediately apply to the Supreme court for a writ of habeas corpus, their application for which writ was thrown out, but they went a hearing on application for a writ of error, and it was this application which was to-day denied. It is therefore supposed that Judge Wallace, who in the order becomes returnable on the third Monday in June, next, will vacate it, that being practically the understanding upon which the order was made.