

Territorial Library, 26

BLANKET
Yourself with
COMFORTS.

For the Winter
IS UPON YOU.

It may be the winter of your discontent:
So do not let your money be mis-spent.
But bring it to Goldberg Bros., with good intent
And we will give you goods we represent.

We have **Blankets**

from 75c up—All colors.

and **Comforts**

for the hundreds, both rich and poor from \$1 apiece up. This is the finest line we have ever carried.

YOU SHOULD
ASK
TO SEE THEM.

Goldberg Bros
CLOTHING STORE.

Remember Our Free Labor Office.

THE WORK OF CONGRESS.

All the Interest in the Senate.

Sherman Speaks Upon the Finances.

A Resolution for a Convention to Define the Northern Boundary Line.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 3.—The senate heard a stirring debate today, the bond question being the theme. Senator Sherman's speech, which had been anticipated with much interest for some time, initiated the financial discussion. This, however, was merely a prelude to a financial controversy, vigorous and personal in character.

Senator Elkins of West Virginia sought to secure an immediate vote on his resolution directing that all bond issues be advertised and the bonds offered to the public.

Senator Hill attempted to have the resolution referred to a committee, but on roll call the vote was overwhelmingly in favor of proceeding with the question. Only six negatives were cast, Senators Chilton, Caffery, Hill, Mitchell of Wisconsin, Murphy and Brice.

Senator Hill spoke vigorously against the resolution. He asserted that Senator Sherman, when secretary of the treasury, had made bond contracts with a New York syndicate similar to the one now assailed. This brought on a sharp personal debate, in which Senators Hill, Sherman, Hoar, Teller and others participated.

Senator Morrill, Republican of Vermont, chairman of the finance committee, moved that when the senate adjourned it be until Tuesday next, and said: "I hope that by Tuesday, when the senate reassembles, the finance committee will be ready to report on both the tariff and bond bills passed by the house." The motion of adjournment until Tuesday was agreed to.

Senator Hale of Maine presented a bill for a Pacific coast cable to Honolulu and elsewhere. He explained that it was an elaboration of the plan urged before the last congress and contemplated a cable for the transaction of the business of the United States government. He said he would call up the subject next Tuesday.

A joint resolution for a constitutional amendment admitting women to suffrage was presented by request of Senator Hoar.

Senator Squier, Republican of Washington, offered a resolution for the negotiation forthwith of a convention between the United States and Great Britain for marking the boundary between Alaska and British North America and appropriating \$75,000 for expenses. Senator Squier said this boundary question involved consideration quite as serious as that concerning Venezuela. There were prospects of a conflict between the miners and the officers claiming to exercise authority along the disputed line. The resolution is confined to the controversy over the forty-first meridian and not to the general boundary question.

Senator George of Mississippi asked immediate consideration for the bill repealing the law requiring the oath of loyalty as a pre-requisite to securing a pension for service during the Mexican war. The bill was passed without a division.

Senator Butler of North Carolina asked immediate consideration of the bill to prohibit the issue of interest-bearing bonds.

Senator Hill of New York suggested that the bill be not passed for the present. Senator Sherman, he said, was about to address the senate.

The senate agreed to the resolution by Senator Allen of Nebraska, calling on the secretary of the treasury for detailed information as to the segregation of funds in the treasury and their use for purposes other than for redemption, with dates and circumstances of such use.

Senator Perkins of California urged the passage of the resolution, suggesting that the duty on sugar be included in the tariff amendments being considered by the finance committee. It was referred to the finance committee merely as a suggestion, and not as an expression of opinion on the subject.

Senator Sherman then began his speech on the financial question, reading from a manuscript, and receiving close attention.

Speaker Reed and Mr. Henderson, Mr. Dalzell, Mr. Walker and other members of the house were on the floor and followed Senator Sherman with close attention.

IN THE HOUSE.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 3.—The session of the house today lasted five minutes. The journal was read and approved. A message was received from the senate and the house adjourned until Monday next.

TARIFF AND SILVER.

What Warring Senators Will Insist Upon.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 3.—The Republican members of the senate committee on finance have discussed the tariff bill at length. They had before them all the amendments which had been offered in the senate and devoted themselves especially to considering the feasibility of so amending the bill as to insure its passage. It was suggested that some of the western Republicans, led by Senator Mitchell of Oregon, would demand the restoration of the full McKinley duty on wool and the senators concluded to investigate the probability of strengthening the measure by complying with the demand. They gave like consideration to the known wishes of others and without deciding upon any changes concluded to get all the light they could obtain before proceeding to any definite course of action on the tariff.

While the silver members of the committee have not decided upon the exact phraseology of the substitute which they will present it is understood that the wording in a general way will follow that of the amendment offered by Senator Jones of Arkansas, and the resolution introduced by Senator Vest.

The first section of the Jones amendment will be changed so as to provide for absolute free and unlimited coinage of silver at 16 to 1.

Another provision of the substitute will look to the issuance of silver certificates on silver dollars to be coined under the first section.

The issuance of bank notes of denominations of less than \$10 will be prohibited.

The secretary of the treasury will be directed to coin silver bullion now in the treasury for the purpose of reducing treasury notes issued under the act of 1890 and provision will be made for the redemption of greenbacks in either gold or silver.

The committee did not conclude consideration of the bill. The failure was due to the fact that the silver majority of the committee was unable to agree on the terms of the substitute which they propose to report for the house bill. The members favorable to silver, including Voorhees, Vest, Jones of Arkansas, and Walthall, Democrats, and Jones of Nevada, Populist, were in conference an hour before the full committee met, but found the task of preparing a bill to which all could agree somewhat more complicated than was anticipated and were compelled to ask for more time.

It was made apparent, however, that the differences were not radical as it is still believed by the majority that there is no insurmountable difficulty in the way of reaching an agreement on the section of the bill providing free coinage of silver.

The Republican members were in conference several hours, devoting the greater part of the time to the tariff bill on the lines of work on that bill done yesterday. The Republicans are disposed to give more attention to this measure than the bond bill. They consider the latter measure has been virtually taken out of their hands, as the majority is against them, but consider it possible that the tariff bill can be so modified as to get through.

VENEZUELA READY.

Pleased to Present Her Case at Washington.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 3.—Minister Andrade of Venezuela notified his government today of the appointment of the Venezuelan commission.

The case of Venezuela is ready to present at any time, although the Venezuelan authorities will take no steps toward offering evidence until the rules governing the commission are announced.

So far as known, Minister Andrade will present the Venezuelan case, as he has long acquaintance with the subject and is, moreover, a fluent advocate in English.

The British authorities will not formally recognize the commission, but the British side of the case will be secured by application of Ambassador Bayard to the London foreign office.

DEFENDING THE COAST.

Senator Squire Pushing His Fortification Bill.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 3.—Senator Squire has called a meeting of the committee on coast defense of the senate for immediate consideration of his bill on fortifications and coast defenses.

General Graighill, chief of engineers United States arm, will make his statement to the committee as to the needs of sea coast cities and his ability to erect necessary fortifications if the appropriation of \$87,000,000 shall be made, as called for by the bill of Senator Squire.

NEW YORK'S MINING EXCHANGE.

NEW YORK, Jan. 3.—Arrangements are practically completed for the opening of the new mining exchange. All classes of mines will be listed. A party of western mining men will come on a special train to attend the opening and will bring samples of ore valued at \$1,000,000. The date has not yet been decided on.

CARNIVAL MASS MEETING

The Good Work Gets a Fresh Impetus.

Business Men Raise their Subscriptions.

Director General Hatch Gives a Resume of the Work Done by the Association.

Last night at the opera house was held a mass meeting called by the following committee, who were appointed by the director-general for that purpose: B. Heyman, B. N. Pratt, L. H. Goodrich, J. M. Ford, E. F. Kellner, Jas. A. Fleming, H. E. Kemp, Charles Goldman, Aaron Goldberg, Ben Butler, Gus Hirschfeld, G. H. N. Luhrs, M. Jacobs, F. C. Hatch.

The crowd that gathered was not very large, but the business element of the city was well represented. Director-General Hatch gave a resume of the work done by the carnival association and also the mean items of expense that will be necessary for the success of the venture. For decorating he figured would cost \$500. A like sum for music and \$500 for the maintenance of the Indians that will be brought to the city during the fiesta. He also said that the two railroad lines running into Phoenix had made liberal inducements and that the connecting lines had agreed to make one fare for round trip with a fifty days' limit from all eastern and western points. He further said that means would have to be devised to raise the sum of \$5,000, which would be absolutely necessary that the carnival will be a thorough success. Col. Hatch then announced that Dr. J. M. Ford would take the chair for the evening.

Dr. Ford came forward and made a few remarks and said that he would follow Col. Hatch and raise his subscription \$50 in order that the funds might be raised.

The following gentlemen made brief speeches and likewise raised their subscriptions from \$10 to \$50: Aaron Goldberg, Dr. Goodrich, B. Heyman, Gus Hirschfeld, Ben Butler, Geo. H. N. Luhrs.

The following promised that they would raise their subscriptions to a good sum: M. Jacobs, John Dennis, Walter Talbot.

Col. Hatch suggested that the committee of business men that called the mass meeting be appointed a permanent finance committee. The suggestion was acted upon by unanimous vote.

General Sampson and Wade Hulings suggested that Col. Hatch be tendered a vote of thanks for the excellent work done by him as head of the Carnival association and that he remain as president of the association, all of which met with the hearty approval of the audience.

The committee will wait on the balance of the business people and endeavor to get them to raise their subscriptions and from the promptness that some of the people responded last night they will not have much trouble in raising the money.

CENTRAL AMERICAN COLLEGES.

Professor Caruth Gives Interesting Figures.

CHICAGO, Jan. 3.—Professors of the modern languages departments in representative educational institutions of the west assembled for a three days' conference at University of Chicago last evening. This is the first annual meeting of the Central Modern Language conference, which is the result of a meeting of a meeting of modern language instructors held in Chicago last June, when it was decided that the universities and colleges of the west would be further advanced by a separate organization.

Professor Carruth of the University of Kansas, president of the conference, delivered the annual address. He said: "Of the 370 colleges and universities of this country 240 are situated between the Alleghenies and the Rocky mountains. I estimate the number of college instructors in modern languages within the territory of this conference at 1,000, while there are probably half as many more fairly well trained college graduates teaching in academies and high schools. If the personal contact, which I take to be among the chief benefits derived from such an organization, is not to be largely lost, a western society is inevitable. So it has seemed to us. So, I believe, it will seem more and more to the teachers of this great valley."

Following the address the conference adjourned for a reception to the visitors.

The conference today will hear the reports of secretary and treasurer and will appoint committees for the coming year. A discussion of a plan of organization will also take place.

A RICH GOLD STRIKE.

NASHVILLE, Ida., Jan. 3.—A rich strike of gold ore is reported to have been discovered at Coal Creek. Much excitement has been caused by the discovery.

BRITAIN IS PERTURBED.

Wants Peace in South Africa.

A Rumor of Jameson's Execution.

British Troops Ordered to Repel at Arms Any Further Armed Advances.

LONDON, Jan. 3.—Cable advices from south Africa are contradictory and yet all are alarming.

It appears, however, that Jameson, leader of the British South Africa company's force, has been tried at Johannesburg by a drumhead court martial and a dispatch to The Standard states that he has been already shot, in accordance with the decree of the summary court.

Almost all of the expeditionary force have been released, only a number of the more prominent officers being retained in custody by the Boers. The spoil in the way of rifles and ammunition and camp supplies was immense.

The cablegram relative to Dr. Jameson's execution is not believed here. It is not believed it would have been permitted at Johannesburg, where the main population, outside of Kaffirs, is composed of Englishmen. Residents of the Transvaal now in London are especially sure that such could not have been the case. Dr. Herse, editor of the South Africa Critic, says: "If Johannesburg is the same town I knew the city has risen and either succeeded or failed in an attempt to liberate Dr. Jameson. I am satisfied all foreigners there, including Americans, would help the English. There are practically no Boers at Johannesburg except the armed burghers who are parading the streets."

The government is extremely perturbed by the turn events have taken. On learning that a second column of the troops of the British South Africa company had started for the Transvaal, it has been ordered that the Black Watch of Highlanders, now posted at Cape Town, shall start at once for the border line and stop by force, if necessary, the contemplated raid.

INTERNATIONAL MAIL.

It Will no Longer Be Delayed at the Border Line.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 3.—An important order for the expedition of

mails across the Mexican border was issued today by Postmaster General Wilson, providing for fast exchange of the mails of railway postoffices of the United States and Mexico. This does away with the stopping of mails at the postoffices of both countries along the line.

Mail allowed to pass without interference is restricted to unregistered letters, postal cards and periodical publications and all postage is required to be prepaid in full.

A SERIOUS INJURY.

In Which Skillful Surgeons May Save a Life.

NOGALES, Ariz., Jan. 3.—(Special Dispatch to The Republican.)—In a quarrel here last night Juan Chenate shot Rufino Mabante.

The ball entered to the left of the navel, piercing the intestines. Drs. Welles and Chenoweth removed the intestines, sewed up where the bullet penetrated the large intestine in four places, and returned the intestines to their place, sewing up the incision.

The man is resting easy and may recover.

The two men were joking each other about a woman. Both got mad and above is the result.

Chenate gave himself up to the officers and is in jail.

THE VENEZUELAN COMMISSION.

The Full List of Names Finally Announced.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 3.—President Cleveland has announced the appointment of the Venezuela boundary commission as follows:

David J. Brewer of Kansas, justice of the United States supreme court.

Richard H. Alvey of Maryland, chief justice of the court of appeals of the District of Columbia.

Andrew D. White of New York.
Frederick R. Coudert of New York.
Daniel C. Gilman of Maryland.

AN AGED MAN'S CRIME.

Held to Answer a Charge of Attempted Murder.

PRESCOTT, Ariz., Jan. 3.—J. H. Muse, aged 75 years, was held today under bonds from Jerome to appear before the grand jury. The charge is assault to commit murder.

Muse is a resident of the Verde valley and formerly a Mormon bishop. New Years day he shot a young man named E. M. Butler in the leg over a land dispute.