

THE FLORENCE TRIBUNE

By CHAS. D. REPPY.

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CASA GRANDE is the Gretna Green for eloping Phoenixians.

The Florentinos had a jolly old-fashioned 4th of July celebration.

BISHOP NEWMAN of the Methodist Church died at Saratoga, N. Y., last Tuesday.

Forty thousand troops are to be sent to Gen. Otis at once. And thus the work of civilizing the Filipinos goes on.

The preliminary survey of the Buttes dam and reservoir is now made, and all that remains is for Congress to appropriate money to complete it.

From the manner in which the Arizona newspapers are discrediting Governor Murphy it may be inferred that he doesn't "cut much ice."

BEN MORGAN'S speech in Tucson may have been a trifle out of place in a 4th of July celebration, but he told a whole lot of plain truths just the same.

The Phoenix Republican quotes Mr. F. H. Newell as saying that depth to bedrock at the Buttes is 130 feet. It has certainly misrepresented the gentleman, as it is no such depth.

The Tribune does not take any particular interest in the Republican squabble going on in Nogales, but it cannot help but admire the up-hill fight put up by Editor Bird against tremendous odds.

Our whilom friend Hon. M. R. Moore has a card in Wednesday's Citizen in which he distinctly disapproves of the 4th of July celebration in Tucson. He should have come to Florence, where nothing was done to offend the most fastidious.

Prof. J. W. Smith, of Bay City, Mich., has been selected as principal of the Tempe Normal School; Fred. M. Irish, instructor in sciences; Will S. Tipton, department of English, and Miss Jessie M. Scott, elocution and physical culture. It is said to be an excellent faculty.

Phoenix is up in arms over the falling down of certain city councilmen who were elected on an issue of municipal ownership of water, gas and other public necessities. Every day we are led to believe that the Indian was more than half right who said, "White man is mighty uncertain."

A Washington dispatch announces the appointment of William H. Hoey, of Muncie, Indiana, as collector of customs at the port of Nogales, vice H. K. Chenoweth, removed. This is the culmination of a long and bitter fight between factions of the Republican party in Arizona. Charges of many varieties, including partiality in examinations and the carrying of names on the pay roll of those who did no work were filed. While none of these were clearly proven, it was thought best by the President, upon recommendation of the Civil Service commission, to make a change to stop the row and for the benefit of the public service. Allen T. Bird, editor of the Oasis, was the conspicuous figure in the fight against Mr. Chenoweth, and through his efforts the removal was largely brought about. Mr. Chenoweth was the first man appointed by McKinley in Arizona. He is a relative of Mrs. McKinley, who was a Chenoweth.

Senator Warren, of Wyoming, who led the fight in favor of Federal aid for irrigation in the arid West, was accorded a grand reception by his constituents on his return to Cheyenne. In summing up the situation, he said: "If the fight is prosecuted in the future as it has been in this congress the west will receive its recognition. Our section lacks representation in the house, and it is difficult to create any direct interest in irrigation matters, but I can see daylight ahead in the senate. The house has, however, learned its lesson this session, that the senate is going to fight for this appropriation in the future. If the friends of irrigation in the west will continue their efforts with vigor and persistence, I believe that it will become as popular to advocate the development of arid America as it was to enter into a war for Cuban freedom, to expand into West Indian possessions, or even to extend our guidance to lands on the other side of the globe, jumping meantime clear across an empire within our own borders which is capable, under development, of supporting the entire population of the United States."

THE McNAUGHTON INCIDENT.

The Doctor Takes a Dignified View of the Situation.

In the matter of the recent charges made against Dr. McNaughton by the alumni of the San Jose normal school a committee appointed by the society summoned the doctor to appear and answer the charges. In answer to the summons Dr. McNaughton penned the following reply, which has been made public:

"Gentlemen: In reply to your communication, dated June 28th, I beg to say that I am now keeping regular office hours at the normal school building, where I will be pleased to confer with any persons interested in matters pertaining to the welfare of this state normal school.

Whereas, It is currently reported that your committee has permitted rumors in your possession derogatory to me to be given publicity without giving me an opportunity first to be heard in my defense; and, whereas, any conclusions your committee may arrive at in this matter could in no sense be final; therefore, in pursuance of my ideas of self-respect and of the dignity of the position I now hold, I must respectfully decline to appear before your committee.

I, however, most earnestly and respectfully request you to pursue your investigations of my character to your satisfaction and to present the results thereof to the board of trustees of this institution, as I shall request of them a most searching and thorough investigation of the whole matter and will be ready at all times to vindicate myself before them. Very respectfully,

JAMES McNAUGHTON,

President State Normal School."

It seems that with all his accusers no one has as yet filed charges with the board of trustees against him. The talk is all being made through the alumni society. On this question Trustee Leavitt is quoted as saying:

"Dr. McNaughton will be principal of the normal school next session unless those who have accused him in the papers come forward and prefer charges with the trustees. I am informed from the most reliable sources that the circular printed ten years ago in Council Bluffs was done in the spirit of a heated campaign, and that since then four of the six men who preferred the charges have voluntarily stated that they were in error. If any of Dr. McNaughton's calumniators see fit to prefer charges against him, the trustees will investigate them; if not, we will go ahead and give the people of the state one of the best normal schools in existence with Professor McNaughton as principal."

Don't Cede the Lands.

[From the Prescott Pick and Drill.]

Knowing somewhat about legislatures, and more particularly of the Arizona variety, we are most emphatically opposed to the scheme of ceding the arid lands, or any other lands, to the territory to be disposed of by executive or legislative acts. Were a million acres, or even a hundred million acres, ceded to Arizona by an act of Congress, the territory's rights and interests therein would last no longer than would a snowball in Hades; and, furthermore, the territory's exchequer, after the last acre had been sold (7), would be represented by "0." No, Congress need not enact any more Cary laws. Legislatures are already sufficiently corrupt without further temptations being placed within their reach. There is but one solution to this "arid land" question—government irrigation and ownership. Governor McCord, in a communication to the Los Angeles Times, takes the right view of the matter, and for the benefit of our readers who have not seen the article in the Times, we reprint the Governor's interesting letter.

Reclamation of Alkali Lands.

Prof. R. H. Forbes, director of the agricultural experiment station, has returned to Tucson from a trip to Roswell, N. M., where he has been watching the investigations being carried on by Prof. Milton Whitney, chief of the division of soils of the department of agriculture.

In that region, as in many other parts of the west including portions of Arizona, after a few years of cultivation alkali appears near the surface of the ground and gradually increases in amount until cultivation can no longer be carried on, says the Star. This condition often results from misdirected irrigation. Prof. Whitney is investigating the best means of managing and removing the alkali from the soil.

In New Mexico the contour of the ground and the quality of the irrigation water will apparently make the problem an easy one to solve by suitable irrigation and drainage.

The results of these investigations when published, although carried on locally, have a general application and may be of general interest to Arizonians.

The Safford Arizonian, formerly conducted by A. D. Webb, has been purchased and will be conducted in the future by Walter G. Scott, an experienced newspaper man. Mr. Scott was for a number of years district attorney of Apache county and formerly conducted the St. Johns Herald.

Federal Storage Reservoirs.

[From the Los Angeles Express.]

Federal aid for the construction of reservoirs where the storm water in the mountains of this section might be saved and utilized is to be one of the things which Congressman R. J. Waters will attempt to bring about as soon as congress meets. Mr. Waters has given the subject much attention, and fully realizes its importance. He is being constantly importuned by large land owners and others in this end of the state to work for government assistance in the matter.

Mr. Waters' friends desire to have him placed upon either the arid lands or river and harbor committee, or both, in the next congress. Congressman Barham, of the Santa Rosa district, is said to be also an applicant for the place on the arid lands committee, and may be considered, on account of his longer service at Washington, to have prior claims to the place.

The California delegation in congress will meet at San Francisco some time after June 7, at which time committee assignments and other similar matters will be agreed upon. Mr. Waters said to-day that with reservoirs for the collection and care of storm waters, Southern California need never fear a drouth.

Advertising Out a Partner.

[From the Mining and Scientific Press.]

When a partner or partners in a mining claim refuse to perform their share of the annual assessment work a remedy is provided by the United States statutes. The partner or partners who do not wish to abandon the claim shall perform the full one hundred dollars' worth of assessment work as required by law, and then serve a notice in writing upon the co-partners who have refused to do their share of the work, or by publication in a newspaper nearest the mine if personal service cannot be had, setting forth the fact that the assessment has been done for the year (stating year) in the language of the law, "within ninety days from the service of this notice (or within ninety days after the publication of this notice) you fail to contribute your portion of such expenditure as co-owner, your interest in said claim will become the property of the subscriber under section 2324."

At the expiration of 180 days this notice should be recorded, together with the affidavit of the newspaper publisher that the notices were duly and legally published. Accompanying this must be the affidavit of the party who has actually performed or caused to be performed the assessment work, as required by law. This completes his required title.

Mrs. G. C. Smith is visiting in Tucson. She is en route from Manila to St. Louis where her husband is division quartermaster of the U. S. army. Col. and Mrs. Smith are well known in Tucson, the former having been in command at Fort Lowell in the early days.

Mrs. Smith was a daughter of the late Wm. Oury, a well known pioneer of Tucson. While in Manila Colonel and Mrs. Smith's daughter Emma became the bride of Captain Whitcomb, now on the staff of General McArthur in the Philippines.—[Star.]

Sarah Grand is of the opinion that "woman is neglectful of her best interests who goes out into the world to work when she can get a nice man to work for her," and the irreverent and "sassy" paragrapher of the Denver Post thinks Mrs. Grand would have scored nearer the bulls-eye if she had omitted the last two words of the sentence. As a matter of fact, the woman herself generally does omit them, as you keep it.—[Los Angeles Times.]

Mrs. D. D. McDonald, wife of the editor of this "yellow" journal, will spend the Fourth in Prescott visiting with relatives and friends. We hope every woman in town will watch us during her absence and tell her how we behaved while she was away. We are liable to go hog wild and prove ourselves to be the rascal most people consider us, now that no restraining influence guides us.—[Jerome Hustler.]

IS IT RIGHT

For an Editor to Recommend Patent Medicines?

[From Sylvan Valley News, Bevard, N. C.]

It may be a question whether the editor of a newspaper has the right to publicly recommend any of the various proprietary medicines which flood the market, yet as a preventive of suffering we feel it a duty to say a good word for Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy. We have known and used this medicine in our family for twenty years and have always found it reliable. In many cases a dose of this remedy would save hours of suffering while a physician is awaited. We do not believe in depending implicitly on any medicine for a cure, but we do believe that if a bottle of Chamberlain's Diarrhoea Remedy were kept on hand and administered at the inception of an attack much suffering might be avoided and in very many cases the presence of a physician would not be required. At least this has been our experience during the past twenty years. For sale by Brockway's Pharmacy.

Rough Riders Want to Go to the Philippines.

[From the Albuquerque Citizen.]

Roosevelt's rough riders will recollect for service in the Philippine islands. Every member of the regiment who attended the recent reunion in Las Vegas has signed an agreement to go if the opportunity presents itself.

Col. Roosevelt has received assurances from President McKinley that an entire brigade, organized along the line of the rough rider regiment, will be accepted to do duty in the Philippines. Lieutenant-Colonel Brodie will command the "old guard," and it is rumored that Governor Otero will be the colonel of a regiment to be raised either exclusively in New Mexico or in this territory and Arizona jointly.

Roosevelt will go as a brigadier-general. He is now on his way to Washington and it is expected that he will arrive there to-night, when a conference will be held between him and the president and his cabinet in reference to the matter and all the details arranged.

Colonel Roosevelt stated that the intention is to repeat the rapidity with which his regiment was ushered into service in the Cuban campaign and he is confident that he will have his entire brigade recruited and ready to sail for the Philippines by the latter part of next month.

So Fanston's Swift Swimmers will soon be joined by Roosevelt's Rough Riders, and Aguinaldo and his beaughted followers will have ample reason to believe that "hell's a popping" in the Philippines.

The properties mentioned in Gov. Murphy's proclamation as "fakes" are coming in for a good share of advertising. Many prominent mining men have taken up the defence of these mining properties and claim they are not so bad as depicted. The Governor's honest intentions may have been all right, but it is questionable if his course was proper.—[Tombstone Prospector.]

A learned professor says there is food in alcohol. What great stuff it is—food, drink and fight in it, divorce, murder, suicide, poverty, riches for its manufacturer, hunger, exposure, hilarity—all these things come in the little black bottle that cheers, inebriates, and dams the human race.

"We have sold many different cough remedies, but none has given better satisfaction than Chamberlain's," says Mr. Charles Holzhauser, Druggist, Newark, N. J. "It is perfectly safe and can be relied upon in all cases of cough, colds or hoarseness. Sold by Brockway's Pharmacy."

Notice.

To whom it may concern: Notice is hereby given that I, J. T. McFarland, being a partner with A. S. Neighbors, owning half interest of the whole in all the brands of S. U. do hereby notify any person or persons to not buy any cattle branded S U without my consent. And I will not be responsible for any debts contracted by said partner.

JOHN T. McFARLAND,

July 8-4 Goldfield, Arizona.

Mining Application No. 679.

Survey No. 1836.

UNITED STATES LAND OFFICE,

Tucson, Arizona, May 18, 1909.

Notice is hereby given that in pursuance of Chapter Six, Title Twenty-two, of the Revised Statutes of the United States, Clara Kinney, whose post office address is Globe, Gila county, Arizona, by her Attorney in Fact, J. S. Sniffen, whose post office address is Florence, Pinal county, Arizona, claiming the William J. Bryan No. 2 Lode Mining Claim, bearing gold, silver and copper covering 1500 feet of the William J. Bryan No. 2 Lode, north 73 degrees 40 minutes west with surface ground 600 feet in width, situated in Riverside Mining District, Pinal county, Arizona, has made application to the United States for a patent for the said mining claim, described by the official plat posted, and by the field notes on file in the office of the Register of the United States Land Office at Tucson, Arizona, as follows, to wit:

Beginning at corner No. 1, a quartz rock 2x10x8 inches marked 1-125, whence the west 1/4 corner to section 7, township 4 south, range 14 east, Gila and Salt River Base and Meridian, bears north 87 degrees 30 minutes east 124 feet, thence north 16 degrees 20 minutes east 300 feet, to corner No. 2; thence south 78 degrees 40 minutes east 150 feet to corner No. 3; thence south, 16 degrees 20 minutes west 600 feet to corner No. 4; thence north 73 degrees 40 minutes west 150 feet to corner No. 1, the place of beginning; variation at all corners 13 degrees 30 minutes east; total area of claim, 20,55-100 acres.

Survey and location are identical.

This claim is located partly on surveyed and partly on unsurveyed land, a part being on the northwest 1/4 of section 7, township 4 south, range 14 east, Gila and Salt River Base and Meridian, and a part on what will be, if surveyed, the southwest 1/4 of said section 7.

The location is recorded in Book 14, Records of Mines, Page 529, of the Records of Pinal county, Arizona.

Adjoining claims: William J. Bryan No. 1 on the north, and the William J. Bryan No. 3 on the south, both owned by the claimant herein.

Any and all persons claiming adversely any portion of said lode or mining ground are required to file their adverse claims with the Register of the United States Land Office at Tucson, Arizona, during the sixty days period of publication hereof, or they will be barred by virtue of the provisions of the statute.

MILTON R. MOORE,

May 30-10 Register.

A. F. BARKER. GENERAL MERCHANDISE, New, Fresh and Clean, FLORENCE, ARIZ. Dry Goods, Groceries, Boots and Shoes, Hats and Caps.

KIRT L. HART, General Sporting Goods, Tucson, Arizona. Kodaks and Supplies, Typewriters, Bicycles and Bicycle Sundries, Gun and Bicycle repair work.

BLACKWELL'S DURHAM TOBACCO. I WANT BLACKWELL'S DURHAM AND NO OTHER. SEE? You will find one coupon inside each two ounce bag, and two coupons inside each four ounce bag of Blackwell's Durham. Buy a bag of this celebrated tobacco and read the coupon—which gives a list of valuable presents and how to get them.

The Wheelman of Florence Sterling Bicycle. BUILT LIKE A WATCH. Its features of construction are distinctly its own, and not to be found in any other makes. It contains no "ready made" parts, such as are used in the rank and file, but each and every part is manufactured from the crude material right in the Sterling factory.

CARBONS. "Every Picture a Work of Art." Visitors to Southern California should not miss the opportunity to have photographs taken under the most favorable condition of atmosphere in the world. Unrivaled Success in the Art of Photographic Portraiture. Awarded Another Gold Medal. By the National Convention of Photographers, Chautauqua, N. Y., July 16, 1908, making a list of 15 MEDALS.