

THE FINANCES OF HAVANA

REPORT OF THE SPECIAL COMMISSION OF INQUIRY.

The City's Income, on the New Plan, Estimated at \$3,134,000 a Year or Twelve Per Cent. More Than Former Estimates Based Upon the Old Regime.

Havana, April 5.—Ernest Lee Conant and his associates on the special commission inquiring into Havana finances in the course of an exhaustive report to the local authorities to-day, estimate the city's income on the new plan at \$3,134,000 a year, or 12 per cent. more than former estimates based upon the old regime.

A benefit performance is being given this evening at the Tacon theater in aid of the Cuban soldiers. Plantation raids and the carrying off of cattle and horses by outlaws are reported to-day as taking place in the provinces of Puerto Principe, Santa Clara, Matanzas and Pinar Del Rio. The Cuban troops in those districts are chasing the marauders, no United States troops thus far having been sent after them.

Six companies of the Forty-ninth Iowa volunteers left to-day for Savannah by the steamer San Antonio. They will be quarantined at Palmski. The Third Kentucky regiment, now at Matanzas, will leave soon. The transport Kilpatrick and Florida are due to arrive here by the end of the week and a day or two later will probably see a majority of the volunteers now remaining in Cuba, on their way homeward.

It is reported that hereafter the editors of papers will be held responsible for articles published by them. Hereafter individual writers have been held legally accountable, and the editors have hired seagoats to serve out the sentences imposed for articles infringing the law.

A Luzon Town Bombarded. Manila, April 6.—1:45 a. m.—The United States cruiser Charleston, which has been cruising along the west coast of Luzon to the north, sent a boat on-shore near Dagupan last Saturday to make soundings. The boats opened fire, wounding a United States officer. The cruiser thereupon bombarded the town, the insurgents evacuating it.

THE NEW CUP DEFENDER.

Iselin Visits Herreshoff Yards—Progress on the Boat.

Bristol, R. I., April 5.—C. Oliver Iselin arrived here to-day to visit the Herreshoff yards, and, he said, to ascertain the progress on the new cup defender. He is here also to give a trial to a small pleasure yacht which the Herreshoffs are building for his private use. The latter craft is about twenty-two feet long, having about fifteen feet on the water line. He expects she will show good speed. Mr. Iselin refused to talk on the new cup defender, except to say that good progress was being made. When asked regarding the metal for the top sides of the new boat he said he must absolutely decline to give any information on the subject and said that he had never yet said what the top sides of the old defender were made of. The new boat will be ready for her first trial at the time planned, June 1, but till then no effort will be made to put the old defender in commission. Both boats, however, will go out probably the first week in June and be tuned up together. As yet no sailing master has been selected for the old defender, but one will probably be named within a short time.

A large amount of steel ironwork to-day from Phoenixville, Pa., and it is believed that they will be in the construction of the one hundred foot steel mast. The Oregon pine mast is expected from Boston next Tuesday. The under body of the new boat is very nearly closed in, but it is evident that the work on the top sides will be delayed as long as possible. Nearly all the work now is on the steel braces inside the hull and especially near the step of the mast. The work on the sails is nearly completed and the riggers are also practically finished with their part of the work until the mast is set up. Before Mr. Iselin departed, he was asked if any name had yet been selected for the boat and said emphatically that none had been agreed upon.

Railroad Man Dead.

Cedar Rapids, Ia., April 5.—News was received at the headquarters of the Order of Railway Conductors to-day of the sudden death at Chatham, N. Y., of William C. Wright of Toronto, Canada. Mr. Wright was chairman of the board of trustees of the order and was known all over the United States.

Foundations of Dewey Hall.

Northfield, Vt., April 5.—The trustees of the Norwich university at their meeting have decided to begin the foundations for Dewey hall on the first of May, the anniversary of the Manila bay battle. This testimonial to the great admiral has received his explicit approval.

Archbishop of Toronto.

Toronto, Ontario, April 5.—It was officially announced to-day that Bishop O'Connor of London has received the appointment to the archbishopric of Toronto diocese, made vacant by the death of Archbishop Walsh. Bishop O'Connor will be installed early in May.

NEW YORK EAST CONFERENCE.

Opening of the Fifty-first Annual Session at Mount Vernon, N. Y.

Mount Vernon, N. Y., April 5.—The fifty-first session of the New York East conference began this morning in the First M. E. church, Bishop John H. Vincent presiding. There was a full attendance at the morning service, which was at 9 o'clock, at which time the holy communion was administered under the direction of the bishop. There were about 300 clergymen present. The next thing in order was the organization of the conference. The Rev. Arthur R. Sanford of Brooklyn, assistant editor of the Methodist Review, was made secretary with the following assistants, Rev. W. L. Scofield, the Rev. J. A. MacWilliam, the Rev. W. S. Manship, and the Rev. T. S. Henderson.

A good portion of the morning was taken up in listening to nine memories of clergymen who had died during the past year. They were as follows: Rev. E. Chabod, Simon of Hartford, Conn., read by the Rev. Benjamin M. Adams; the Rev. Francis C. Hill of Huntington, L. I., read by the Rev. Henry C. Glover; the Rev. John L. Peck, D. D., of Bridgeport, Conn., read by the Rev. Calvin B. Ford; the Rev. Edwin Warriner of Stephen, Conn., read by W. H. Wardell; the Rev. Oliver J. Cowles, D. D., of Derby, Conn., read by the Rev. D. W. Concho; the Rev. John Dickinson of California, read by the Rev. Joseph Pullman; the Rev. Albert S. Hunt, who was secretary of the American Bible society, read by the Rev. Dr. J. M. Buckley, editor of the Christian Advocate.

The afternoon session began at 2:30 o'clock. It was an anniversary of the Methodist Historical society in the city of New York. The Rev. J. M. Buckley, D. D., presided and after the opening services gave a short address in which he sketched the origin and progress, step by step, of Methodism, and its present important position among the churches. He said there were 60,000 members in the New York East conference alone with a church property valued at \$8,750,000. In this conference is the Wesleyan university, the highest in the church and the mother of the bishops, presidents and noted lawyers. Also in this conference are the Drew Theological seminary, and the first general Methodist hospital in the world. He paid a high tribute to Mr. Seney, who founded the Seney hospital in New York. This conference is in two states—Connecticut and New York—government and still holds the highest advantages as well as benefits. Among the former was the lack of central station for storing the archives of the historical society, but they have one now and a library of 12,000 volumes. The Rev. Seney's first president was the late Dr. Crawford, and he held the office for several years. Then the speaker, who was vice president, was chosen president and still holds the office. As money was necessary to carry on the work, they had sought to raise it by means of lectures. It only costs \$20 to join it and \$1 thereafter. He urged all to become members and help along the good work.

ADMIRAL DEWEY'S HEALTH.

Surgeon General Van Reppen, of the Navy, Says It is Excellent.

Washington, April 5.—Admiral Van Reppen, surgeon general of the navy, said to-day that all the recent reports received from Manila showed that Admiral Dewey was in excellent health. The surgeon of the Boston has recently arrived back from the Manila station and the surgeon general specially inquired of him as to Admiral Dewey's health. The response was most satisfactory, showing that, from the standpoint of a naval surgeon closely identified with the admiral, he was in as good health as could be expected in such a climate. The surgeon general goes to Boston next week to plan additions to the naval hospital at Chelsea. About \$45,000 will be spent. This will give new kitchens, lavatories, etc., and leave the hospital proper for strictly medical purposes.

Artist Strong Dead.

San Francisco, April 5.—Joseph N. Strong, the artist, died here to-day from the effects of an operation. Mr. Strong was born in Connecticut forty-five years ago. His parents came to California in his early youth and it was here that he had his first instruction in art. He went around the world painting the portraits of many celebrities. Mr. Strong was twice married, his first wife being the daughter of Mrs. Robert Louis Stevenson. His first wife died after giving birth to a boy, who is now in New York being educated. Mr. Strong's second wife was a niece of ex-Governor Haight. The second marriage took place about a year ago.

Damage to the Rhode Island.

New London, April 5.—The steamer Rhode Island, which was damaged in a collision with a tug last night, has been replaced by the steamer Massachusetts of the Providence line pending the repairing of the Rhode Island. The damage to the steamer was not at all serious as the hole that was done in it was considerably above the water line. The City of Worcester, which alternated on the trip with the Rhode Island, on her arrival here early this morning took aboard the disabled steamer's freight after she had discharged her own, and proceeded at once to New York.

Yesterday's Rise in Call Money.

New York, April 5.—Money near the close of the stock market to-day reached sixteen per cent. for call loans. Then J. W. Seligman & Co. supplied the demand and offered money down to six per cent. The exceptional demand was due to the early rise of \$5,000,000 due on account of the American Smelting and Refining company's subscriptions.

HARVARD MEN VICTORIOUS

RESULT OF THE DEBATE WITH PRINCETON LAST NIGHT.

Harvard Spoke Against a Formal Alliance With Great Britain While Princeton Argued for One—Extracts of Some of the Arguments—Large Audience Listened to the Debate.

Princeton, N. J., April 5.—Alexander Hall was crowded to-night, the occasion being the Princeton-Harvard debate on the subject of an Anglo-American alliance. Princeton had the affirmative and Harvard the negative side of the following question: "Resolved, That a Formal Alliance Between the United States and Great Britain for the Protection and Advancement of Their Common Interests is Advisable." President Patton presided and after preliminary remarks introduced James H. Northrup, who opened the debate for Princeton. He spoke in part as follows:

"A new world situation presents itself. The last habitable and productive lands of the earth are being divided now in Asia and Africa. In this division the dominant aim is commercial. Whether or not 'stars follow the flag' the object is the trade. Commercial questions are the great questions of the day. In the commercial struggle two colonial policies have gradually grown into stronger opposition. On the other hand, the nations of Continental Europe have considered new markets great spoil, monopolized the trade for their own temporary benefit to the ruination of the colonies. On the other hand, England has championed the 'open door,' France in Madagascar, Germany in her islands and African colonies, Russia in closing her new Chinese port are examples of the former. England's ports all over the world free to all nations on terms equal with herself are striking examples of her policy of 'open door.' But forward which nation do our interests lead us? We touch Great Britain for thousands of miles on the north, we have treaty relations with her at the Isthmus, she helped us establish the Monroe doctrine and both nations are interested in maintaining it, both nations have treaty rights in China, both desire the 'open door' in Asia and Africa. Besides the close ties of blood, language, government and religion we are bound to Great Britain by bonds of material interest, such as exist between the United States and no other nation. In view of the changed conditions, our new place among the powers, our need of greater markets, the peril of what we have owing to the policy of other nations, and finally in view of the fact that England favors the 'open door,' it is surely nothing presumptuous or extravagant to suggest the formation of an alliance with England, our natural friend."

Stephen D. Rosenthal was the first speaker in the negative for Harvard. He discussed the question, stating at the outset that the burden of the proof rested in order that the argument advanced by the first speaker, Mr. Rosenthal continued: "If the alliance is to be on a commercial basis it will arouse political opposition. If it is on a race basis, it will arouse racial opposition. Just what would this mean to the United States? In spite of the fact that England is cordially hated by all Europe, we proclaim ourselves willing to abandon our policy of friendship towards all nations and exclusive alliances with none, and join her. Then would we have to accept our share of the hate that is now England's; while our plans would be opposed, balked and thwarted simply because they were proposed by an alliance, suspected of trying to advance schemes of world-wide ambition. Alfred S. Weston, the second speaker in the affirmative, showed that heretofore England had been fighting single-handed for an open door policy, but had lost ground; that an alliance with the United States would bring about access to China on equal terms to all powers and would be of mutual advantage to these two nations.

The second speaker of the Harvard team was Henry P. Wolf, '99. He drew his arguments largely from history. He said among other things: "An alliance with Great Britain would not only arouse the hostility of the principal powers of Europe and bring upon the United States the burden of a competitive armament; but it would be the means of destroying the sympathy and friendship which now exists between the nations. It is almost an historical truism that alliances lead to hostilities between the allied powers. England has made five important alliances and in each instance friction has resulted. In 1778 the United States made an alliance with France. It was made under the most favorable conditions; yet it broke down and left the two countries in strained relations. While a striking example at the present day is the dual alliance between France and Russia. But there are special reasons why an alliance between England and the United States would lead to friction. The foreign political and commercial policies of the two countries are so widely apart that it would be impossible to work them together in consistent lines. Matters which would interest England most would seem trivial to the United States, and the refusal of either nation to fully co-operate with its ally would lead to discord, or even open rupture."

Nathaniel S. Reeves, the last speaker in the affirmative, defined the full meaning of alliance and the explanation of treaties. He endeavored to prove the necessity as well as the advisability of any effective co-operation with England taking the form of an alliance, and not being left to mere friendly feeling. The triple and dual alliances in Europe, he stated, have for a general purpose preserved the peace of Europe. Their fault is secrecy and uncertainty result-

ing in a continued chaffing of the powers. The proposed alliance must be open and definite, and thus any nation would know how to bring on war or avoid it. Such an alliance must be in the interests of peace and not of war, for these two nations owe too much to themselves and to the world not to use every influence looking toward the advancement of civilization." Wilbur Morse '99, the last speaker for Harvard, maintained that an independent foreign policy is the wisest and most farsighted for the United States to pursue, being adequate both politically and commercially.

The judges, Prof. E. J. Phelps of Yale, J. B. Moore of Columbia and J. W. Jenks of Cornell, rendered a decision in favor of the negative. A banquet was given the debaters at Princeton Inn immediately after the debate. President Patton presided. The following toasts responded: "Harvard," George P. Baker; "Princeton," Bliss Perry; "Yale," E. J. Phelps.

ELECTION IN RHODE ISLAND.

Results in Republican Victory Though Democrats Make Many Gains.

Providence, R. I., April 5.—The state election to-day resulted in a republican victory, though the democrats made gains in many localities. The entire republican state ticket was successful and the general assembly will be republican by a large majority, though probably not as large as last year. The socialist vote is large in the cities and manufacturing towns. Pawtucket shows large democratic gains, the total vote being: Dyer, republican, 1,844; Greene, democrat, 1,188; Herrick, socialist, 143; Peckham, prohibitionist, 11. Republican plurality, 33. Last year, 440. Newport shows strong democratic gains. The vote: Dyer, republican, 1844; Green, democrat, 482; last year Dyer, republican, 1,829; Church, democrat, 1,059. Eighty districts out of 204 in the state give for governor: Dyer, republican, 16,812; Green, democrat, 9,882; Herrick, socialist labor, 1,647; Perkhamp, prohibitionist, 1,048.

ANTARCTIC EXPEDITION.

The Extreme Latitude Reached by the Steamer Belgica.

Brussels, April 5.—The Belgian Geographical society has received a dispatch stating that the extreme latitude reached by the Antarctic expeditionary steamer Belgica was 71.58 south, longitude 92. Much bad weather was encountered by the expedition, but no intense cold except during the month of September. Good maps were prepared of Hughes Bay and Palmers Land, south of the South Shetland Islands.

Splendid Example of Obedience.

London, April 6.—The Rome correspondent of the Morning Post says: "Archbishop Ireland is said to regard the submission of the American prelates to the pope's letter on 'Americanism' as one of the most splendid examples of obedience ever shown by the Catholic clergy. He is surprised that the letters of Cardinal Gibbons and Archbishop Corrigan, eminent critics, which, in his judgment, has arisen from the disappointment felt by the extreme party at seeing the American prelates escape the snares laid for them."

College Baseball Games.

New York, April 5.—Columbia university baseball team defeated the New York university baseball team to-day. Score 9 to 8.

Louisville, Ky., April 5.—The Cornell baseball team to-day defeated the Olympics. Score 11 to 2.

Charlottesville, Va., April 5.—The Princeton ball team defeated the University of Virginia team to-day by the score of 18 to 6.

Professor Hadley Will Speak.

Albany, N. Y., April 5.—The annual banquet of the Yale Alumni association of eastern New York will be held at the Fort Orange club, Albany, Wednesday, April 5. The chairman of the committee of arrangements is Lieutenant Governor Timothy L. Woodruff. The president of the association is W. L. Learned. The list of speakers includes Prof. Hadley of Yale university.

To Exclude Connection.

Albany, N. Y., April 5.—Governor Roosevelt to-day granted the requisition of the governor of Connecticut for the extradition of Daniel J. Donovan, arrested here on the charge of embezzlement. Donovan was a commercial traveler for John C. Perkins & Co. of Norwich, Conn., wholesale tobacco and confectionary dealers.

Her Dress Caught Fire.

Danbury, Conn., April 5.—As John Wall, a farmer living at Stony Hill, was burning brush about his premises a four year old daughter approached too near the flames and her dress caught fire. The little one is thought to be fatally burned. In trying to save her Mr. Wall was severely burned about the hands.

John Addison Porter Ill.

Washington, April 5.—John Addison Porter, secretary to the president, is confined to his home by illness. Mr. Porter is overworked and by order of his physicians he probably will go away as soon as he is able to, with a view of getting a week or two of rest.

Brown-Yale Chess Tournament.

Providence, R. I., April 5.—In the Brown-Yale chess tournament in progress at Brown university, Brown won a game to-day making the score 7 to 5 in favor of Brown.

SERIOUS OUTLOOK IN RUSSIA

ALARMIST STATEMENT SENT TO THE LONDON TIMES.

Ominous Rumors in St. Petersburg Regarding Spread of Labor Troubles—Towns, Mills and Factories Literally Inundated With Secret Socialist and Revolutionary Proclamations.

London, April 6.—The St. Petersburg correspondent of the Times telegraphs an alarmist statement regarding the spread of serious labor troubles and strikes in the manufacturing districts of Russia. Ominous rumors, he says, are in circulation in St. Petersburg. There are reports of troops sent to suppress outbreaks, of the wholesale destruction of property, of numerous arrests and gagging of the press and yet, not half of what is happening ever reaches the ears of the capital. Towns, mills and factories, the correspondent declares, are literally inundated with secret socialist and revolutionary proclamations by agitators who are undoubtedly assisted from abroad. All this, together with the agitation fostered by the students, creates a serious political outlook.

HAYTI AND SAN DOMINGO.

Hayti's Minister at Washington Surprised at Report of Trouble.

Washington, April 5.—Minister Leger of Hayti expressed much surprise at the reports of an invasion of Hayti by a Santo Dominican force over a boundary dispute, as the minister says this entire controversy was submitted by treaty, concluded last December, to the final arbitration of Pope Leo. The countries are waiting for the pope's award. Mr. Leger has received no official advice of the reported critical condition of affairs. The boundary dispute is of long standing. Mr. Leger says Hayti is most anxious to preserve peace, so as to devote herself to internal development. Just now she is interested in an important fiscal change to the gold standard which will be gradually accomplished within the next year. Neither the state nor the navy department has any advice on the reported trouble in Hayti and San Domingo.

SUIT OVER BLOOMERS.

Lady Harbarton Loses in Her Action Against a Hotel Landlady.

London, April 5.—A test which has excited great interest in cycling circles was decided at the King's Bench sessions to-day, when Lady Harbarton charged the landlady of a hotel with having refused to serve her because she was attired in bloomers. Lady Harbarton, who is treasurer of the Rational Dress league, said on the witness stand that she had traveled four thousand miles in bloomers, including the west end of London. The landlady pleaded that she only refused to serve her ladyship in the office room and would have served her in a private room or at the ordinary bar. She also claimed that her business would be ruined if she was obliged to serve some women attired in bloomers. The jury decided against Lady Harbarton.

Progress in Wireless Telegraph.

Paris, April 5.—In view of the success of the experiments with the Marconi system of wireless telegraphy across the Strait of Dover, the authorities propose to attempt to transmit messages to England from Paris. The terminal here will probably be the Eiffel tower, the distance to the south foreland being 230 miles.

DEATH OF JOHN P. CARNEY.

It Occurred Last Night After a Long Illness.

John P. Carney, who for the past ten years has been democratic general registrar of voters of the town of New Haven, died at his home, 171 Meadow street, at 10:30 last night from consumption. Mr. Carney had been in ill health for the past year, but his illness had not been of a serious nature until within the past few months. In January he took a trip to New Mexico for the benefit of his health and returned about three weeks ago not much improved. He had been confined to the house since his return and had been slowly falling since. He was born in New Haven April 26, 1858, and had always resided in this city. He attended in his younger days St. Patrick's primary school and Eaton school. On finishing his school work he was employed at the New Haven Clock company as a case maker. He remained in the employ of that company for several years until he went into the saloon business at 169 Meadow street in 1883. He was for several years a member of the state democratic committee. He was a member of the Knights of Columbus, the Knights of St. Patrick and the Foresters of America. In 1883 Mr. Carney was married to Miss Margaret Donnelly, who, together with four children, survive him. The four children are Margaret, John, Raymond and Harold. Arrangements for the funeral are not yet completed.

Windsor Hotel Unidentified Dead.

New York, April 5.—The bodies of twenty-five unidentified dead taken from the ruins of the Windsor hotel fire reached Kensico cemetery at Yonkers this afternoon and were placed in the receiving vault of that cemetery. The date of the interment has not yet been decided upon.

Trial of Mrs. George.

Canton, Ohio, April 5.—In the trial of Mrs. Anna George, charged with the murder of George Saxton, brother of Mrs. McKinley, three additional jurors were selected to-day, making ten chosen thus far.

FIRE ON CHURCH STREET.

In the Rear of a Barber Shop—Prompt Work of the Firemen.

Another fire, the origin of which is to a considerable extent a mystery, was discovered about 9:30 o'clock last night in the barber shop owned by Michael Mancey at 94 Church street. Chemical engine No. 1 responded to a still alarm, but the fire gave promise of spreading to considerable proportions, and an alarm was sent in from box 24, corner of Church and Crown streets. The fire was found to be in the rear part of the barber shop, which is fitted up for bath rooms. The firemen made quick work of the flames, and prevented the spread of what might have been a very serious conflagration. The flames would have soon played havoc had their progress not been arrested. While the fire was raging the sound of human voices were heard coming from a third story window at the rear of the building. A ladder was quickly passed up to the window and a widow, Mrs. James Gray, and her two young sons, were rescued from their perilous positions. One of the boys cut his hand quite badly in his efforts to break out a window.

The fire seemed to have originated between two of the bath tubs, but no cause can be assigned unless it was from an overheated pipe which carried hot water to the tubs. This is barely possible, however, because of the fact that there had been a strong odor of burning wood in the building for the twenty-four hours previous. An investigation was made by the police on Tuesday night, but no trace of any fire could be found, and nothing further was done in the matter until last night, when the occupants complained that the odor was stronger than ever. The fire was confined to the barber shop, and no damage would have resulted to any other occupants of the building had it not been for the breaking of a water pipe occasioned by tearing one of the bath tubs loose from the floor. The water from this pipe leaked through the floor and into the old Arfman cafe, directly under, and did considerable damage. The proprietor, William Ray, is well insured. The building is owned by C. A. Moeller. It could not be learned whether Mr. Moeller or Mr. Mancey carried insurance, but it is very probable that they did. The loss is about \$500. The proprietor of Jones' cigar store, which is at 98 Church street, did the handsomest thing by the fire ladders in presenting them with several boxes of cigars for the splendid efforts in keeping the fire from spreading to his store.

PASSED AWAY.

Death of John B. Adriance Yesterday Afternoon.

The public will learn with sorrow of the death of John B. Adriance, who passed away at his residence, No. 161 York street, yesterday afternoon at 3:30 o'clock, dying of congestion of the brain. His death comes as a shock to his friends, as he was only confined to his home for a week. He was attended during his illness by Dr. Walter Skiff, who until the last had some hope that Mr. Adriance would recover. The deceased had a slight shock of paralysis a year ago this month, which confined him to his home for weeks. After that he was able to attend to his business from time to time, but he never fully recovered. The deceased was a native of New York city and there his youthful days were spent. At the age of fifteen he came to this city and learned the carriage making business and later had a carriage manufactory of his own on Park street. For the last twenty years he had been connected with the Hooker carriage manufactory and was held in high esteem by the Hooker company. The deceased was widely known in town and was a very popular citizen. At different times he was a candidate for alderman and once ran for mayor, his admirers having implored confidence in his good judgment and integrity. He was a member of Trinity P. E. church and a regular attendant at the services. He was for years a vestryman of that church. Among the congregation he was loved for his genial, manly and unassuming ways and his kind and generous heart. He was in the seventy-fifth year of his age. To mourn him he leaves his wife, who has the sympathy of the wide circle of friends which both enjoyed. His burial will take place Saturday afternoon at 2:30. Services will be held at the house, conducted by Rev. Mr. Scoville.

\$40,000 FOR TUFT'S COLLEGE.

Decision Construing the Wills of the Late Rev. Dr. Miner and Wife.

Boston, April 5.—Under a decision of the full bench of the supreme court, sent down to-day, construing the wills of the late Rev. Dr. A. A. Miner and of his widow, Tuft's college will receive the residue of Dr. Miner's estate, which amounts to about \$40,000 and a number of other institutions also receive substantial bequests.

Superior Court in Litchfield.

Litchfield, April 5.—The April term of the superior court, criminal side, convened here this afternoon with Judge A. T. Roraback on the bench. Among the cases disposed of to-day were Daniel Blow of Norfolk, who pleaded guilty to rape and was sentenced to ten years in state prison; Lizzie Freeman and Barrington, Mass., who abandoned a baby on the steps of the Gilbert home last winter, pleaded guilty and each were given six months in jail; George Ruvele and Mrs. F. Smith, arrested in Canaan for bigamy, were given respectively eleven months and ten months in jail.

Woman Elected City Clerk.

Coffeyville, Kan., April 5.—A daughter of Captain D. S. Elliott of the 29th Kansas regiment, who was killed at Manila recently, was yesterday elected city clerk without opposition, her name being on both tickets.

C. T. DRISCOLL NOMINATED

NAMED FOR MAYOR BY THE DEMOCRATIC CITY CONVENTION.

The Remainder of the Ticket Nominated Last Night—Mr. Driscoll Received 49 of the 76 Votes in the Convention—Committee Appointed to Revise Primary Rules.

At the democratic city convention held last night in St. Aloysius hall on Meadow street the following ticket was nominated: For mayor, C. T. Driscoll; for controller, Jonathan N. Rowe; for city treasurer, Henry Presentis; for city clerk, Henry E. Norris; for tax collector, Francis G. Anthony; for city sheriff, Addison F. Hunte. The convention was called to order shortly after 8 o'clock by James B. Martin, chairman of the democratic town committee. Alderman J. J. Hogan of the Seventh ward was unanimously chosen chairman and Albert Widman of the First ward secretary. A committee on credentials was appointed, consisting of the chairmen of the various ward delegations. After this committee had reported David T. McNamara, secretary of the democratic state committee and a delegate from the Seventh ward, offered a resolution providing that a committee of five be appointed to revise the rules in relation to primaries, and that when the convention adjourns it be to October 1, 1899, to pass upon the report of the committee. James E. McGann called attention to the fact that a committee had been appointed at the last town convention to revise the primary rules and advised that no further action be taken until the report of that committee was acted upon. Mr. McNamara urged the adoption of his resolution, saying: "It is time that these conventions be done away with. It is time that the people voted to nominate their own candidates, and when this is done we will have a truly democratic primary and not before. If the nominations are made in the primaries we will have harmony."

D. S. Kelly of the Fourth ward moved that the resolution be tabled, but his motion was lost and the convention voted to adopt the resolution. James E. McGann then moved that the chairman be authorized to appoint the committee, but Mr. McNamara held that the appointment of the committee should be democratic and that it should be elected by the convention. Mr. McGann's motion was lost, and the following committee was chosen by the convention: D. T. McNamara, Henry J. Donovan, John J. Hogan, John J. Brennan and Jeremiah Sullivan.

Nominations for mayor were then called for. William F. Shannon presented the name of James N. States, J. J. Brennan placed the name of C. T. Driscoll before the convention. J. P. Hunte nominated Frank S. Andrew, and Henry J. Donovan named Walter Leigh. Four tellers were appointed—Jeremiah Donovan, J. J. Brennan, Henry J. Donovan and Henry C. Bretzfelder. Three ballots were taken before a candidate for mayor was nominated. The ballots resulted as follows, all of the seventy-nine delegates being present and thirty-nine being necessary for a choice:

First ballot—Driscoll 32, States 27, Leigh 13, Andrew 4.  
Second ballot—Driscoll 38, States 26, Leigh 8, Andrew 4.  
Third ballot—Driscoll 42, States 26, Leigh 5, Andrew 4.

The first break to Driscoll was on the second ballot, when the five Leigh delegates from the Eighth ward and Delegate McGinty of the Twelfth ward, who voted on the first ballot for States, changed to Driscoll. On the third ballot, with only one more delegate needed to nominate Mr. Driscoll, there was another break. Messrs. Howd and Pohlman of the Ninth ward and Delegate Brown of the Fourteenth ward changed from Leigh to Driscoll, and J. F. Maynard of the Eleventh ward changed from States to Driscoll. On motion of E. A. Bourke, Mr. Driscoll's nomination was made unanimous.

Nominations for controller were next called for, and the names of the following men were placed before the convention: Jonathan N. Rowe, Charles Spreyer and Thomas I. Kinney. Only one ballot was taken and it resulted as follows: Rowe 52, Kinney 13, Spreyer 11. Mr. Rowe's nomination was made unanimous.

For the nomination for city treasurer three candidates were named—Henry Presentis, E. G. Stoddard and David F. Wisner. One ballot was taken and resulted as follows: Presentis 65, Stoddard 9, Wisner 2.

For city clerk seven candidates were offered—Henry E. Norris, Joseph G. Maynard, Joseph R. Manning, Sylvester Chase, E. J. Maher, James J. Buchanan and W. H. H. Hewitt, jr. James E. McGann withdrew the name of E. J. Maher at the latter's request. Four ballots were taken, resulting as follows:

First ballot—Norris 28, Maynard 17, Manning 7, Chase 17, Buchanan 11, Hewitt 6.  
Second ballot—Norris 28, Maynard 15, Manning 10, Chase 17, Hewitt 3.  
Third ballot—Norris 37, Maynard 34, Manning 1, Chase 11, Hewitt 3.  
Fourth ballot—Norris 39, Maynard 36, Hewitt 1.

Mr. Norris' nomination was made unanimous. For the nomination as tax collector only one name was presented, that of Francis G. Anthony, the present incumbent of the office. The secretary was instructed to cast a ballot for Mr. Anthony. The next business was the nomination of a candidate for city sheriff. Six names were placed before the convention. They were John F. Scholl, Addison F. Hunte, James F. Brannigan, Jacob