

WIN A VICTORY, SAVE AMERICAN LIVES AND TREASURE

Senator Lodge, the Republican leader in the Senate and in New England, stands for unconditional surrender, and heads the Republican protest against what the President says. He is for what they call a dictated peace. President Wilson stands for a peace matured by negotiation, which he has for some time been conducting openly and before the world. I think President Wilson's policy of peace, after a negotiation, is a sound one.—Simeon E. Baldwin, formerly Governor of Connecticut.

The Weather Report

For Bridgeport and vicinity: Unsettled tonight and Wednesday.

The Bridgeport Times

and Evening Farmer

ALMANAC FOR TODAY

Sun rises 6:19 a. m.
Sun sets 4:54 p. m.
High water 6:36 a. m.
Moon rises 12:23 a. m.
Low water 1:00 p. m.

VOL 54—NO. 256—EST. 1790

Entered as second class matter at the post office at Bridgeport, Conn., under the act of 1879

BRIDGEPORT, CONN., TUESDAY, OCTOBER 29, 1918

Subscription rates by mail: Daily \$6.00 per year. One month, Daily 50 cents. 19 Fairfield Ave., Bridgeport

PRICE TWO CENTS

COUNT KAROLYI FORMS ANTI-DYNASTIC PARTY ITALIANS CAPTURE 15,000 PRISONERS

An Independent And Anti-Dynastic State Formed In Hungary

Count Michael Karolyi Presented Program to Emperor Charles Who Refused to Accept It—Karolyi, President of Hungarian Independent Party—Poles Support Czecho-Slovaks—Charles Warned of Revolution If Austrian Troops Are Left in Czecho-Slovak Territory.

Copenhagen, Oct. 29—An independent and anti-dynastic state has been formed in Hungary under the leadership of Count Michael Karolyi in agreement with the Czechs and South Slavonians, according to Vienna reports received by the Politiken. In a speech at Budapest, Karolyi declared he had presented his program to Emperor Charles who refused to accept it. Karolyi thereupon put into effect his plan for an independent state.

Count Michael Karolyi is president of the Hungarian independent party and long has been an opponent of the party of Count Tissa.

On several occasions the Count has demanded in the Hungarian parliament that Hungary make peace. Last February Count Michael was accused of high treason by his cousin. The Hungarian ministry never has taken action on the charges against him.

Shortly before the outbreak of the war Count Karolyi was lecturing in the United States. He sailed for Europe late in July and was detained at Bordeaux for several months, finally being allowed to return home.

WARNS EMPEROR

Paris, Monday, Oct. 28—Havas—Czecho-Slovak deputies have asked Emperor Charles of Austria that Austro-German troops be removed from their portions of the empire and that Czecho-Slovak regiments be returned. It is said they warned the Emperor that an internal revolution might result.

Paris, Oct. 28—A delegation of the national Polish committee today handed to M. Benes, minister of foreign affairs of the Czecho-Slovaks an assurance of fraternal solidarity on the occasion of the proposition to have a Czecho nation.

Berne, Oct. 29—Baron Chemecky, the Austrian publicist, has arrived in Switzerland, according to the Neue Zeitung, of Zurich, which says before he left Vienna he had an audience with Emperor Charles.

INFLUENZA CASES UP; DEATHS NUMBER 251

Spanish influenza attacked 299 additional Bridgeporters in the 24-hour period, ending at 9 o'clock this morning, bringing the total number of people who have been stricken with the malady 4,974. Following an investigation of the death certificates at the office of the town clerk, the Department of Health today revised its figures on the fatalities so that they include not only the deaths from influenza but also the deaths from pneumonia and other complications of influenza. The death list following the revision now stands at 251. Eight persons died in the past 24 hours.

Despite the increase in the number of new cases for the past 24 hours, Dr. Brown is not disheartened. He said: "I have repeated this statement to reporters practically every day, and I will continue to do so. Too much stress cannot be laid on the fact that an early complete control of the epidemic depends a great deal on the people of this city themselves." The nursing situation continues to be precarious. A large number of aides are needed to go into the home of sufferers and the health authorities and Red Cross people say that they cannot understand the utter lack of disregard to their appeals that have come from the reflection on the community," said Mrs. Walter B. Lashar and other Red Cross workers today.

Following a suggestion that a ban be placed on all church funerals which result in close contact between members of the families of the deceased and friends, Dr. Brown today got in communication with State Health Officer Black and has asked for a definite ruling on the matter of funerals.

SPLASH IN OIL NOT RELISHED BY TWO

Claiming that false representation regarding the production of the Donald McMillan Oil Co. of Oklahoma, and that the stock sold is worthless, two suits have been entered against Dorothy MacMillan of Darien in the Superior court, one by Samuel M. Shirk of Stamford, in which damages of \$1,250 are claimed, and another by C. Russell Waterbury of Stamford for the same amount. The purchasers were told the oil well was producing about 100 barrels a day with a sale price of \$2.25 a barrel. Shirk alleges the claim was false. Shirk purchased \$1,500 in shares at par at which he paid \$1,000 in cash and turned in an automobile for \$500. Waterbury bought 1,000 shares for which he paid \$1,000 in cash.

INTENSE ARTILLERY DUEL ON WEST FRONT

French Are Encircling Guise—Marching Between That City and Marle—Threatens to Outflank Both Points By Smashing Through Hunding Position—American Patrols Active.

(By The Associated Press)

On the western front in France, from the Oise from the east of the Meuse Allied pressure with gains for the French between the Oise and the Serre. An intense artillery duel is in progress on the American front northwest of Verdun.

East of the Oise on the French front, the army of General Debeny is encircling Guise. On the south they are in the suburbs of the town and have captured German first line trenches besides enemy barracks and a hospital.

Farther south the French are marching northward between Guise and Marle and threaten to outflank both points by smashing through the Hunding position.

Since the beginning of this advance between the Oise and the Serre we have gained more than five miles on a front of about sixteen miles.

Eastward along the Aisne to the Aargone, French pressure is maintained. German guns began to bombard the American lines in the Verdun region early today. The American artillery responded.

Field Marshal Haig reports patrol activity on the front of his armies. In Belgium, operations are only of a local character.

With the American Army Northwest of Verdun, Oct. 28, 10 a. m.—Activities along the center of the American front began long before daylight this morning with a furious bombardment. The enemy opened a heavy fire with gas shells at 2:30 o'clock, which was changed to high explosives between 4 and 5. The American artillery responded. American patrols were active in Bantheville wood all night.

DANIELS SPEAKS IN BRIDGEPORT, FRIDAY

Through the efforts of the Democratic town committee, who made a special trip to New Haven for this purpose, Secretary of Navy, Daniels, has accepted their invitation to speak in Bridgeport, Friday evening, Nov. 1, to discuss the issues of the campaign and the President's appeal for support.

In order to accept this invitation, Secretary Daniels was forced to rearrange his entire speaking schedule.

Secretary Daniels is one of the closest friends and advisers of the President, and his visit to Bridgeport at this time, will be looked forward to with a great deal of interest and pleasure.

Announcement will be made later on as to the place where reception will be held.

SHOT FINGER OFF INSTEAD OF CROWS PRUTT INTENDED

ALLEGATIONS NOT SUSTAINED

Boston, Oct. 29—The ballot law commission decided today that the name of former Mayor John F. Fitzgerald shall be printed on the ballot as Democratic candidate for Congress in the Tenth district.

The decision was given as the result of the commission's hearings on allegations of fraud at the primaries made by the Congressman, Peter F. Tague, who was a candidate for the nomination. The commission found that the allegations were not sustained.

WANTS 24,000 ADDITIONAL MEN

Albany, N. Y., Oct. 29—New York state was called upon today by Provost Marshal General Crowder to furnish approximately 24,000 additional men for military service. The order directs the induction into Federal service to be completed during the five-day period beginning November 11. During the three-day periods beginning Nov. 12, enrollment will be completed for 400 colored men for Camp Dix, N. J.

arrange his entire speaking schedule. Secretary Daniels is one of the closest friends and advisers of the President, and his visit to Bridgeport at this time, will be looked forward to with a great deal of interest and pleasure. Announcement will be made later on as to the place where reception will be held.

TWO CRIMINALLY IN FAULT FOR DEATH OF OTHERS

Coroner Finds Victor Jones Culpable for Killing of Miss Daskam.

Criminal responsibility for deaths is found in two cases by Coroner J. J. Phelan in findings given out today, one in the death of Abraham Koenig, who died as result of a collision of road roller and trolley car in Stratford, and the other in the death of Grace E. Daskam, killed by the overturning of an automobile in Stamford in which she was riding.

NEW TYPE SUB IN COMMISSION

Washington, Oct. 29—The Eagle 1, first of the new type submarine patrol vessels ordered by the navy, was put in commission yesterday at Detroit. It was announced today and will be sent immediately to the Atlantic coast. Several others probably will be ready in time to get out before winter closes the inland waterways.

WILL NOT DEBATE.

Boston, Oct. 29—Senator John W. Weeks today declined the invitation of his political opponent, former Gov. John I. Walsh, to a joint debate.

TEXT OF AUSTRIA'S REPLY TO PRESIDENT

Basel, Oct. 28—The Austro-Hungarian foreign minister instructed the Austro-Hungarian minister at Stockholm yesterday to ask the Swedish government to send the following note to the Washington government:—"In reply to the note of President Wilson of the 18th (19th?) of this month, addressed to the Austro-Hungarian government and giving the decision of the President to speak directly with the Austro-Hungarian government on the question of an armistice and of peace, the Austro-Hungarian government has the honor to declare that equally with the preceding proclamation of the President, it adheres also to the same point of view contained in the last note upon the rights of the Austro-Hungarian peoples, especially those of the Czecho-Slovaks and the Jugo-Slavs. "Austro-Hungary, accepting all the conditions the President has laid down for the entry into negotiations for an armistice and peace, no obstacle exists, according to the judgment of the Austro-Hungarian government, to the beginning of these negotiations. "The Austro-Hungarian government declares itself ready, in consequence, without awaiting the result of other negotiations, to enter into negotiations upon peace between Austro-Hungary and the states in the opposing groups and for an immediate armistice upon all Austro-Hungarian fronts. "It asks President Wilson to be so kind as to begin overtures on this subject." The Austrian note is dated October 28 and was signed by Count Julius Andriassy, the new foreign minister.

Allies Dealing Austria Smashing Blow Along Central Piave Positions

For Third Time in Year River is Scene of Desperate Battle—American Soldiers in Reserve Along This Fighting Zone—Italian Drive Considered Definite Part of Great Offensive That Is Rapidly Bringing Defeat of Central Powers.

With the Allied Forces on the Piave Monday, Oct. 28—8 P. M.—(By The Associated Press)—The last lines of the Austro-Hungarian resistance on the central positions along the Piave river were broken today by the British, French and Italian forces.

The Austrians were dealt a smashing blow. The Allies making new advances pushed forward as far as Viola, which was taken by the victorious Italians, notwithstanding desperate resistance.

Fifteen thousand prisoners had been taken by the British, Italian and French up to late today in the advance across the Piave which for the third time in one year is the scene of a desperate battle. This time, however the tables are turned against the Austrians who are steadily being pressed back from the eastern bank of the river.

The battle now has been going on for five days and has been marked by the desperate resistance of Austrians. They have directed their artillery against pontoon bridges thrown across the Piave and bombing air planes have caused trouble for the Allies. The Allies not only had to battle against the swift river current, but also to contend with the renewal of the pontoons and foot bridges damaged by the Austrians. Once across the river the Allies have had to overcome strong Austrian trench positions and machine gun posts.

Italian Headquarters on the Piave, Oct. 28—(By the A. P.)—American soldiers are in reserve along the Piave fighting zone. The correspondent saw an American battalion going through its "setting up" exercises this morning near the river.

Washington, Oct. 29—American troops are on the verge of active participation on the major Italian front. This was the interpretation here today of news from the Italian headquarters that Americans are standing on reserve.

The news is considered significant because it indicates that the Italian drive is a definite part of the great offensive that is rapidly bringing complete defeat to the Central Powers.

It has added meaning since Austria now is pleading for immediate armistice. So far as official announcements show, there are but two regiments of infantry and necessary auxiliary troops in the American force in Italy.

The sending of American troops to Italy was not with the idea of adding military strength, but to demonstrate the ability of the United States to assist her Allies.

The artillery support contributed by the Allies to the Italian front is largely British. Some American air units are in Italy and have participated in the work at the front.

Austrian prisoners declare they know nothing of the political situation at home, and the efforts of their government to arrange an armistice. The Austrian army post office is said to have stopped the delivery of mail some time ago.

Although facing a heavy cannonading, the Allied troops succeeded in effecting a crossing to the mountain side of the Piave are crowded with heavy masses of troops, guns and other war material proceeding to the front.

The present battle of the Piave began officially on Oct. 19, but heavy fighting did not develop until Oct. 21, fighting the anniversary of Caporetto and the beginning of the retreat to the Piave.

It is evident that the offensive has been broken.

TURKEY ASKS FOR PEACE

London, Oct. 29—Turkey has independently presented peace proposals to the Entente nations, according to a report from Constantinople and forwarded by the correspondent at Copenhagen. The negotiations are expected to end soon it is added.