

THE HOMESTEAD TROUBLE.

Congress Takes Official Recognition of It.

Caminetti Asks for an Inquiry by the House.

Gallinger and Peffer Demand a Senate Investigation.

No Progress Made With the Silver Bill. River and Harbor Conference Report Accepted by Both Houses.

By the Associated Press.

WASHINGTON, July 6.—The first official recognition in congress of the trouble at Homestead was made today when Representative Caminetti of California introduced a resolution calling for the appointment of a select committee to investigate the troubles. Preceding the resolution is a long preamble reciting that the Republican party contended that one of the main purposes of its tariff legislation was the protection of American labor and the increase of the pay of the wage-earners in the protected industries; that, contrary thereto, the industries protected, in many instances, instead of increasing, actually materially reduced the pay of the men; that the Homestead mills, controlled by Carnegie and his associates, are operating an industry which has received the fostering care of said legislation to such an extent as to typify it as an example of the results thereof, promulgated an order reducing the wages of employees, it is alleged, from 20 to 60 per cent; that contrary to the position assumed by said party, that protection so afforded, regulates the price of labor. It is stated by H. C. Frick, manager of said mills, that "We made a scale to suit the trade and mechanical conditions, and gave no thought to the political use or effect, or to the tariff," that following this announcement the employees refused to accept such reduction and a strike is on hand; and it is asserted in the public prints that armed men, boats carrying guns, a stockade having attached thereto pipes enabling hot currents of steam to be turned on at a moment's notice, and surrounded with wires capable of being charged with electricity; all these, supplemented with strong search lights, have been resorted to by said company, to enable it to enforce the reduced scale of wages, thus inaugurating a condition of feudal despotism.

The resolution thereupon calls for the appointment of a select committee of five members to investigate and report upon the causes of the strike, and the effect of such legislation on wages and labor.

The resolution was referred to the committee on rules. The house committee appointed to investigate the Pinkerton men held its first meeting Friday.

The president received frequent bulletins during the day from Pittsburgh regarding the riot. He is seriously concerned at the grave turn the situation has assumed.

General Schofield said, this afternoon, no appeal had been made to the military authorities to aid in suppressing the riots at Homestead, and he did not think it would be necessary. He said the government could not interfere unless the governor of the state informed the president that the case was beyond the control of the state and municipal authorities.

IN THE SENATE.

Gallinger and Peffer Demand an Investigation of the Homestead Riot.

WASHINGTON, July 6.—The conflict between the workmen at Homestead, Pa., and Pinkerton guards was called to the attention of the senate today, first by Gallinger, who offered a resolution for an investigation by the committee on education and labor, and afterwards by Peffer, who proposed the appointment of a select committee of three senators of the different political parties to "inquire into the existence and employment of Pinkerton guards since their first appearance in the United States."

The senate bill to increase the pensions of those who lost limbs in the service of the United States, and which will add \$700,000 to the pension charge, was passed, while the house bill to pension the survivors of the Indian wars, was, after its provisions were considerably extended, recommended to the committee on pensions.

The conference report on the river and harbor bill was agreed to.

A concurrent resolution for final adjournment on the 20th of July was offered by Aldrich and referred to the committee on appropriations.

Kyle's resolution providing for an investigation relative to the "slums of the cities" was adopted. Adjourned.

IN THE HOUSE.

Filibustering Against the Senate Free Coinage Bill.

WASHINGTON, July 6.—The house waited all day for a working quorum or a report from the committee on rules. The anti-silver Democrats had a sufficient number of members to call the yeas and nays on any motion and they filibustered whenever silver came to the fore.

In the first place, the house refused to refer the silver bill to the committee on banking and currency—yeas 43, nays 163.

A motion to reconsider was made, and a motion to table the motion to reconsider followed and was agreed to—157 to 38.

Bland moved its reference to the committee on coinage, weights and measures. The anti-silver Democrats then began filibustering. Soon four dilatory motions were pending, and the opposition to the bill was strong enough to call the yeas and nays on each.

Finally filibustering was suspended in order to permit the transaction of other business.

The river and harbor conference report was agreed to, and the diplomatic and consular conference report was debated without action. Adjourned.

AT A STANDSTILL.

The Silver Bill Unable to Make Progress Yesterday.

WASHINGTON, July 6.—The silver bill did not advance one step today. The silver men, who yesterday declared positively that they would permit no business done until the senate bill was re-

ferred to the coinage committee, decided this morning not to obstruct the river and harbor appropriation bill, nor the diplomatic bill.

It was said this evening that the anti-silver Democrats had concluded to refrain from further opposition to the reference of the silver bill to the coinage committee.

The Democratic members of the rules committee, in conference this afternoon, agreed to report to the full committee tomorrow morning, a resolution fixing Friday as suspension day when tariff bills, the Utah local government, and some other measures will be voted on; the rules to be suspended by a majority vote, instead of as heretofore, by a two-thirds vote, and the difference is very material to the silver men, for under the first-named order they may see their way clear to rush the silver bill through.

A member said today that of twelve members of the coinage committee now in Washington, seven are favorable to the bill and five opposed. The free silver members feel confident that nothing stands in the way of a favorable report from the committee.

Tracey opposed the bill more strenuously today, because he is known the president will not veto it if it reaches him.

REPUBLICAN CHAIRMANSHIP.

It is Probable that Senator Proctor Will Succeed Campbell.

WASHINGTON, July 6.—A conference between the president, Secretary Elkins, Chairman Campbell of the Republican national committee, Land Commissioner Carter and ex-Senator Spooner was held at the White House this morning, to consider the question of a successor to Campbell and the election of a national executive committee. Campbell said at its conclusion that no decision was reached. Senator Aldrich of Rhode Island is thought likely to be the successor of Campbell. Senator McMillan of Michigan is also spoken of.

It is stated here, tonight, upon good authority, that the president and his advisors are favorable to the election of Senator Proctor of Vermont as chairman of the Republican national committee, and it is altogether probable that he will be selected.

SUNDAY CIVIL BILL.

The Senate Committee Adds \$11,797,816 to the House Measure.

WASHINGTON, July 6.—The senate committee on appropriations today finished consideration of the sundry civil bill and reported it to the senate. The amount of the appropriation made by the bill is \$36,797,816, being an increase over the bill as it passed the house of \$11,797,816. There is an appropriation of \$5,103,000 in aid of the world's fair, and the requirement that the fair shall not be kept open on Sunday. It makes an appropriation of \$100,000 for a monetary conference and \$100,000 for the enforcement of the Chinese exclusion act.

The New Civil Service Commissioner.

WASHINGTON, July 6.—The nomination of George D. Johnson, of Louisiana, to be civil service commissioner, vice H. S. Thompson, resigned, has been confirmed by the senate.

The President Leaves Washington.

WASHINGTON, July 6.—President and Mrs. Harrison left here this afternoon for Loom Lake in the Adirondacks.

THE UNION JACK INSULTED.

A French-Canadian Journal's Warning to President Harrison.

MONTREAL, July 6.—Le Monde, a leading French paper, referring to President Harrison's proposal of retaliation against Canada says: "The reprisal legislation adopted at Washington is an insult and threat to the people of England and Canada. By signing this law the president has broken the treaty of 1871, with the deliberate intention of injuring the British crown. It is probable that this election legislation will not be put into effect, but if they dare enforce the law, the duty of the imperial and Canadian authorities is clear. The injury done to the honor and dignity of the flag which protects this treaty, and the rights it assures to the people of Canada, would require good and prompt reparation. If the voice of English diplomacy has no echo at Washington, recourse must be had to the louder and more powerful voice of cannons and Gatling guns. There is no alternative to choose, Mr. Harrison."

IRISH DISORDERS.

Unionist and Conservative Candidates Mobbed by Fenians.

DUBLIN, July 6.—A crowd of anti-Fenians today stormed a platform from which Liberal-Unionists were addressing a meeting at Straneather, County Donegal. Among those on the platform was Mr. Donaldson, head of the peace. He was hit on the head and his skull was fractured. Herdman, Conservative candidate for East Donegal, and McCormill, Conservative candidate for North Donegal, both were painfully injured.

CANADIAN SEALERS.

Not Seized but Warned Not to Enter Bering Sea.

OTTAWA, Ont., July 6.—A dispatch received by the government today says the United States cruiser Corwin did not seize twenty-five Canadian vessels, but merely warned them not to enter Bering sea. Confirmation of the seizure of the Canadian transport steamer Coquitlam, however, has been received. The steamer had on board the entire season's catch of the Canadian fleet.

Absolutely the Best.

"I never hesitate to recommend Chamberlain's Cough Remedy as absolutely the best," says Mr. F. B. Kemp, assistant business manager of the Youngstown, Ohio, Daily Telegram, one of the most influential and valuable newspapers in the Buckeye state. Mr. Kemp also says: "I have found it a certain cure for the cough usually following an attack of the grippe, and always keep a bottle of it in the house." 50 cent bottles for sale by C. F. Heinzman, 222 North Main street.

A Pumpman's Mishap.

GRASS VALLEY, Cal., July 6.—This morning in the Idaho mine a roller weighing sixty pounds and belonging on a pump rod fell down the shaft and struck John Roberts, the pumpman, on the side and over the liver. He is very dangerously hurt, but not necessarily fatal. Roberts has been pumpman in the mine for many years.

Found.

At the drug store, a valuable package, worth its weight in gold. My hair has stopped falling and all dandruff has disappeared since I found skookum root hair grower. Ask your druggist about it.

UPTON AND THE UNION PACIFIC

The Contract Between Them Null and Void.

President Clark Gives the Reasons for Its Abrogation.

He Does Not Think It Probable That Upton's Ships Will Be Brought South—Pacific Coast News Gleanings.

By the Associated Press.

PORTLAND, Ore., July 6.—President Clark of the Union Pacific railway, who is now in this city, today confirmed the news from San Francisco that Frank Upton's Japan steamship line in connection with the Union Pacific, would be withdrawn. Clark said: "The Union Pacific abrogated its contract with Upton on account of his failure to comply with the terms of the contract."

"We took advantage of this," said Clark, "for the reason that we have never made a dollar out of the Upton enterprise. It contained a clause fixing the minimum freight rate from here to Chicago at 50 cents per hundred, which was really no better than a breakage rate. Upton is not in a position financially to carry on such an enterprise successfully, and I am satisfied he will not run a line to San Diego, according to report. It is true we are interested in the Oriental and American lines, but whatever competition might arise would not improve business. There is a fine business to be worked up in the Japan trade. We are now negotiating with two big steamship companies, and expect to succeed in putting on a fleet that will not only benefit us, but benefit Portland. The Upton line has not done Portland the slightest good."

STRIKERS WORSTED.

The Strike on the Southern Pacific Practically Ended.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 6.—The Southern Pacific officials today claim that the strike of the trainmen on the San Joaquin division of that road is over. The grievance committee, which called on the company, has left for home and the railroad officials say the company has granted no demands of the men, for the reason that nothing tangible was presented. It is claimed all the strikers have returned to work.

BAKERSFIELD, Cal., July 6.—The striking trainmen seem to be unsettled. The committee which held a conference with the railway officials have returned, but do not bring encouraging news for the strikers.

Shot His Uncle.

SANTA ROSA, Cal., July 6.—A man named Byrn, who has a ranch near Windsor, was shot and probably fatally wounded by his nephew, Charles Krus, today. Krus took his uncle into the woods, and it seems, endeavored to have him promise not to divulge certain incidents in his (Krus's) past life in the east. His uncle was not inclined to make the promise, and Krus drew a revolver and shot him. Krus escaped, and it is believed he left here on a train today for Weatherford, Tex.

Olive Growers' Convention.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 6.—The second state convention of olive growers and manufacturers of olive oil will convene here July 21st, under the auspices of the state board of horticulture. All interested in the culture of the olive and the manufacture of olive oil are invited to be present, and participate in the deliberations of the convention. A number of valuable papers will be read and discussed.

Lee Chuck's Insanity.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 6.—A report was circulated about the new city hall and police stations, today, that Lee Chuck, a notorious highlander and convicted murderer, had escaped from the insane asylum at Agnews. Upon telephoning to Agnews it was found, however, that Chuck was still at the asylum. He is quite crazy. Four years' confinement in the county jail turned his head.

Tapping the Gravel Beds.

BAKERSFIELD, Cal., July 6.—Seventy men were put to work this morning on a short railroad track to extend about two miles out to the gravel beds. The stockholders of the asphaltum company are the proprietors. The object is to build good drives in the vicinity of Bakersfield.

Mamie Walsh's Murderer.

PORTLAND, Ore., July 6.—There is a report on the street that Wilson, the murderer of Mamie Walsh, has been caught in his (Krus's) past life in the east. His uncle was not inclined to make the promise, and Krus drew a revolver and shot him. Krus escaped, and it is believed he left here on a train today for Weatherford, Tex.

Bismarck's Utterances.

Not of Sufficient Importance to Create Government Concern. BERLIN, July 6.—The Reichsanzeiger, the official organ of the government, refers today for the first time to the Bismarck polemic. It declares that the utterances attributed to Prince Bismarck are not of such practical value as to induce the government to concern itself with them.

A Terrible Disaster at Madrid.

MADRID, July 6.—Workmen were engaged in repairing a bridge across the river Ebro, at Tortosa. The structure caught fire, six workmen, enveloped in flames, jumped into the river and two of them were drowned. The others were rescued terribly burned. The bridge, the bishop's palace and the custom house were completely destroyed.

A French Bicycle Race.

PARIS, July 6.—The great bicycle race from Paris to Nantes and return, a distance of 622 miles, was won by Allard in 68 hours, 25 minutes; Meyer was 1 hour, 51 minutes behind. There was sixty-seven entries. The contestants started from Paris Sunday.

Crespo a Fugitive.

NEW YORK, July 6.—The Venezuelan minister has received a cablegram from the president of Venezuela saying the revolution headed by Crespo has been completely destroyed and that Crespo is a fugitive.

A French Exposition in 1900.

PARIS, July 6.—The chamber of deputies committee, to which the proposal of holding an exposition in 1900 was submitted, has unanimously approved it.

British Election Returns.

LONDON, July 6.—A 5 o'clock this evening the returns show the election of ninety-four Conservatives, nine Liberals and five anti-Parnellites.

CHRISTIAN ENDEAVOR.

A Mammoth Convention of the Society in New York.

NEW YORK, July 6.—Thousands of delegates to the Christian Endeavor convention are already in this city. Over fifteen thousand have already been assigned quarters in the hotels and boarding houses. Five thousand will be assigned today. In all 30,000 delegates will participate in the proceedings. The opening services will occur tomorrow and continue night and day until Sunday afternoon. Prominent clergymen and laymen from all parts of the nation are present.

TRAINMEN DECAPITATED.

An Engineer and a Fireman Meet a Singular Death.

LOGANSPORT, Ind., July 6.—A freight on the Big Four took a siding to let another pass. Pierce Richardson, the engineer, and Otto Fielding, the fireman, alighted and lay down with their heads on the rail of the main line to await the arrival of the other train in fifteen minutes. They fell asleep, and the train, when it arrived, took both their heads off.

A Too Enterprising Collector.

There used to be a book collector in this city who was the terror of all who knew him. He was well to do and a very learned man. He was a great buyer of books and owned a fine library, but nobody else's library was safe if it contained a book he coveted. For a long time his victims did not suspect him. He would call, spend an hour or two among their books and go away. Finally one bibliomaniac, who had suffered most severely, had his suspicions aroused. Even then he dared not utter them, so he went to his lawyer about it.

The lawyer had him make out a list of the volumes lost. They were all of extreme rarity and great value. Armed with this list the lawyer called on the suspected man and introduced himself as a collector from the west. He had heard of the gentleman as a bibliophile of authority and wished to consult him about some books which had been offered him before he concluded upon their purchase or rejection.

"What were the books?" his host asked. He ran off the titles of several of the stolen volumes.

"Nonsense!" said his host. "Nobody can sell you them. I own the only copies in the country."

Next day the lawyer wrote a letter which resulted in the restoration of the spoil to its rightful owner. How many rare books belonging to other collectors remain in the collection—for it has never been sold for obvious reasons—no one can say.—New York Cor. Pittsburg Bulletin.

A Blue Law Sabbath.

"I was born in Massachusetts," said he, "and reared in a strict Puritan family. The Sabbath commenced on Saturday night, when we children were required to study the Scriptural lesson for the next day. After an early breakfast next morning we went to our lesson again until church time. The morning service was from 10 to 12 o'clock, composed chiefly of a long winded sermon, during which we were required to keep awake, pay strict attention and behave ourselves. This was followed by Sunday school, where we recited our lessons correctly or suffered severe consequences.

"After a cold lunch at home, for nothing was cooked on Sunday, we attended church again from 2 until 4 p. m. The interval between this time and 7 o'clock prayer meeting was occupied with religious reading or reflection, no frivolous games or diversions being permitted on this solemn day. As a special dispensation we were given hot soup for supper. Prayer meeting was out at 9 o'clock, and from that hour until bed time we sat quietly at home reading such thrilling and interesting works, especially to children, as Baxter's 'Saints' Rest' and Fox's 'Book of Martyrs.' I used to sympathize with those martyrs, and compare their miserable state with mine."—Washington Post.

How Men Carry Their Hands.

"A sure indication of character is found in the way in which a man carries his hands," said C. G. Clarke, of Boston. "You notice men on the streets. See the young man with swinging arms and palms which are displayed to all who take the trouble to look. He is one of that class whose heart is as open as his hands. He is frank, unsuspicious, a free spender and a believer in the honesty of his fellows. Notice the business man more advanced in years. His hands are always closed so tightly that he gives you the impression he is ever expecting an attack. This is the attitude of men bent upon a certain object. It is an attitude which displays the qualities of determination and fight.

"In debate you will observe some of our lawmakers emphasize a statement by hammering the desk before them with their knuckles, while others, apparently equally impassioned, are satisfied with the use of the palm. You may rest assured that if sheer determination will succeed, the man who applies his knuckles will win before his colleague who uses his palm."—St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

CON STIPATION.

Afflicts half the American people yet there is only one preparation of Sarsaparilla that acts on the bowels and reaches this important trouble, and that is Joy's Vegetable Sarsaparilla. It relieves it in 24 hours, and an occasional dose prevents return. We refer, by permission, to C. E. Elkington, 125 Locust Avenue, San Francisco; J. H. Brown, Petaluma, Cal.; H. S. Winn, Geary Court, S. F., and hundreds of others who have used it in constipation. One letter is a sample of hundreds. Elkington, writes: "I have been for years subject to bilious headaches and constipation. Have been so bad for a year back have had to take a physic every other night or else I would have a headache. One bottle of J. V. S., put me in splendid shape. It positively controls constipation."

As J. V. S. is positively the only Sarsaparilla compounded to control constipation, insist on Joy's and don't be talked into taking any other.

Eagleson & Co.'s
Factory Price Sale
OF
Negligee Shirts,
Cheviot Shirts,
Madras Shirts,
Percal Shirts,
Fr. Flannel Shirts
White Shirts,
In Extra, Regular, Youths
and Boy's Sizes.

We now run this store as an outlet for our factory goods sold at about FACTORY PRICES, and far below all others.

SUMMER UNDERWEAR.

French and English
Balbriggan, Super-
Weight Merino
Gossamer, Vicuna,
Natural Wool,
Silk and Wool, etc.

The largest stock ever shown in this city, and the lowest prices. All country orders carefully filled.

EAGLESON & CO.,

112 S. SPRING ST.,
Opposite the Nadeau Hotel.
1-13 6m

IF YOU

WANT TO SELL

Horses,
Cows,
Furniture,
Or any kind of merchandise see

MATLOCK & REED,

Office, 120 1-2 S. Spring St.

ATTORNEYS.

BEN GOODRICH, LAWYER, NO. 2 LAW building, 125 Temple street, near court-house. Telephone 108. 7-6 tf

JAY E. HUNTER, ATTORNEY AT LAW, Bryson-Bonbrake block. Telephone 528. 7-1 8t

J. V. HANNON, ATTORNEY AT LAW, Room 13 Temple block, Los Angeles, Cal. 5-3 tf

D. K. TRASK, ATTORNEY AT LAW, Fulton blk, 207 New High st, Los Angeles. 1-16 tf

J. MARION BROOKS, LAWYER, OFFICE, Rooms 28, 29, 30 and 31, Fulton block, near courthouse, New High st. Telephone 951. 6-11 tf

DENTISTS.

DR. URM, DENTIST—OFFICE REMOVED to 124 1/2 South Spring street. All operations guaranteed perfect at greatly reduced prices. Extracting and filling without pain. 4-15 tf

1892—Established—1892.

L. W. WELLS, DENTIST, COR. SPRING AND FIRST streets, Los Angeles. 1-25-5 tf

DR. TUCKER, DENTIST—OFFICE, NO. 120 1/2 S. SPRING ST., ROOMS 5 AND 7. Painless extracting. 1-25-5 tf

REAL ESTATE AGENTS.

M. J. NOLAN, G. A. SMITH, NOLAN & SMITH, REAL ESTATE AND General Business Agents, sell orange orchards, walnut orchards, deciduous fruit orchards, olive orchards, dairy or farm ranches, city residences, hotels, lodging houses, grocery stores, hardware business, fruit stands, cigar stands, meat markets, saloons, bakeries, restaurants and all kinds of mercantile business. Prices from \$100 to \$250,000. Loans negotiated. Office, 225 W. Second st., Hollenbeck block, Los Angeles, Cal. Telephone 440. Free carriage to see property. 7-3 3m

WINES AND LIQUORS.

T. VACHE & CO., SUCCESSORS TO VACHE & FRYER & CO., wholesale dealers in wines and liquors. Depot for the celebrated brands of Brookside Vineyard. Cor. Commercial and Alameda sts., Los Angeles, Cal. Telephone 809. Extra Zinfandel and Riesling at 50c per gallon. 2-3 tf

STOCKS AND BONDS.

BONDS, STOCKS, MORTGAGES BOUGHT and sold; first-class securities only; loans negotiated quickly and cheaply; give us a call. REAL ESTATE AND TRUST COMPANY, 225 West Second street. Member Real Estate and Bond Exchange. 6-14 1m

CONTRACTORS AND BUILDERS.

CONRAD SCHERER, GRANITE, BITUMINOUS and asphalt paving. 227 W. First st. 9-11 2m

PATENTS, COPYRIGHTS, ETC.

HAZARD & TOWNSEND, ROOM 9, DOWNEY block. Tel. 347. Los Angeles. 11-23-4 tf

DYERS AND FINISHERS.

PARISIAN DYE WORKS, 274 S. MAIN street. Best dyeing in the city. 1-13 tf

METROPOLITAN STEAM DYE-WORKS, 241 Franklin st. Fine dyeing and cleaning. 1-13-4

ABSTRACTS.

ABSTRACT AND TITLE INSURANCE COMPANY, 225 West Second street. Member Real Estate and Bond Exchange. 117W

AMUSEMENTS.
GRAND OPERA HOUSE.
Under the direction of AL HAYMAN.
McLAIN & LEHMAN, Managers.
—ONE WEEK—
COMMENCING MONDAY, JUNE 11TH
FRANCIS WILSON
—AND COMPANY—
In their two great comic opera successes, from the Broadway Theater, New York. All the Original Scenery.
MONDAY, TUESDAY AND WEDNESDAY,
THE MERRY MONARCH
THURSDAY, FRIDAY AND SATURDAY,
—THE LION TAMER—
Sale of seats will begin on Thursday.
LOS ANGELES THEATER.
FRIDAY EVENING, JULY 8TH,
LA MASCOTTE!
—BY—
A brilliant array of local talent under the direction of Messrs.
O. STEWART TAYLOR AND O. W. KYLE.
Competent Principals!
Splendid Chorus!
New Wardrobe!
Appropriate Scenery!
Fine Orchestra!
Tickets on sale at the music stores. Reserved seats at Box office, July 8th, at 10 a.m.
GET IN THE SWIM
—AT THE—
NATATORIUM
242 South Broadway.
WARM SWIMMING BATHS!
PORCELAIN BATH TUBS!
AND GYMNASIUM!
Open Daily from 7 a.m. till 10 p.m.
AQUATIC EXHIBITIONS on Tuesday and Thursday nights; also ladies and gentlemen in joint bathing.
DIVING FOR COINS every Monday, Wednesday and Friday afternoon.
Spectators free, except exhibition nights. "Get in the Swim."
NEW VIENNA RUFFET.
114 and 116 Court street.
F. KERROW, Proprietor.
Family Entrance. Family Departments.
FREE REFINED ENTERTAINMENT AND CONCERT
Every evening from 8 to 12 o'clock.
This week, first appearance of the celebrated: SO SITS SISTERS, etc.
After a successful tour through the East. And the New Vienna Buffet Orchestra.
MISS THERESE KEHRMANN, Directress.
FINE COMMERCIAL LUNCH from 11 a.m. to 2 p.m., and from 5 to 7 p.m.
A LA CARTE AT 144 HOUSE.
The only place for imported Bavarian beer, on draught and Berlin Weiss Beer; also Lamp's Extra Pils and Buffalo. 4-3 tf

SANTA MONICA

NORTH BEACH BATH HOUSES!

Hot Salt Water Baths Every Day in the Year.

PRICE FOR BATHS, 25 CENTS.
5-5 tf

EDUCATIONAL.

SUMMER SCHOOL AT THE WOODBURY BUSINESS COLLEGE, 242 S. Spring st., Los Angeles.

School in session all summer. Thorough training in the commercial and English branches, penmanship, shorthand and telegraphy. Call or write for our new illustrated catalogue. G. A. HUGHES, President. W. G. FLEISCH, Vice-President. 7-5 3m E. C. WILSON, Secretary.

SPECIAL SUMMER SESSION—WILL OPEN AT THE LOS ANGELES BUSINESS COLLEGE, 144 South Main Street, June 27th.

One of the most successful teachers of the public schools has been employed for the summer. Classes will be formed to accommodate those who wish to make up back work, who wish to advance a grade, or to take up any special work, such as penmanship, bookkeeping, shorthand, typewriting, etc. For particulars call at college office, 144 South Main, R. R. SHRAEDER, President. F. W. KELSEY, Vice-President. L. N. INKREP, Secretary. 8-19 13t