

BOLSHEVIST CLAIM PETROGRAD CRISIS ENDS IN A VICTORY

Despatches From Finnish Border Say Insurrection Is Put Down.

BATTLES REPORTED Reds, Reenforced, Gain in Conflicts and Resume Position on Gulf.

2,500 DESERTERS SLAIN

Soldiers Executed Mostly in Petrograd Forces That Joined Insurgents.

PARIS, March 12.—Despatches from the Finnish border say the Bolsheviki, aided by reinforcements, have almost completely succeeded in putting down the insurrection in Petrograd.

Battles fought between Krasnaya Gorka and Petrograd, the despatches state, enabled the Bolsheviki to reestablish their position on the coast of the Gulf of Finland. According to the *Lavestia*, 2,500 deserters, mostly members of the Petrograd forces, have been shot.

By the Associated Press.

CONSTANTINOPLE, March 12.—Three cities in southern Russia, Kiev, Ekaterinoslav and Odessa, were occupied recently by Ukrainian revolutionary troops led by Simon Petliura, the peasant leader, and Gen. Makno. Recent advices, however, would seem to indicate that Odessa has again been captured by the Bolsheviki.

The revolt, according to news reaching here, began on February 25, when Ukrainians occupied the centre of Odessa. They were virtually annihilated by Soviet troops, but the tables were turned a week later when the Bolsheviki garrison of the city was driven out by Ukrainian bands, who hanged the Soviet Commissaries. The Ukrainians, assisted by the Russian Social Democrats, controlled the city for a few days, but the Ukrainians began looting, and during the disorder the Bolsheviki retook the city.

Gen. Makno appears to be in authority at Ekaterinoslav, and reports allege Jewish pogroms have been in progress there.

The Russian army took Kiev on March 2 and executed the Bolsheviki Commissaries, but the present situation in that city has not been cleared up in despatches reaching Constantinople.

FOOD FROM RED CROSS RECEIVED IN RUSSIA

Minsk Is Reported to Change Hands—Reds Kill Poles.

By the Associated Press.

WARSAW, March 12.—A Russian wireless despatch received here to-day said that food sent by Col. Edward W. Ryan, American Red Cross Commissioner, to the Baltic States had been received, but whether it had arrived at Kronstadt or at Petrograd was not clear. The message, which was confused and disconnected owing to the weakness of the sending station, is believed to have been sent out from Petrograd.

A despatch from Vilna says anti-Bolsheviki forces fought their way into Minsk and held control of the city for five hours, but were later driven out by Soviet forces. While occupying the city the revolutionists killed many local Communists. It is said, and when the Bolsheviki reentered the town they executed more than 200 persons, many of whom were Poles, who were accused of sympathizing with the insurgents.

A radio despatch, signed by Prof. Herman Zeldler, formerly president of the Russian Red Cross, states he has undertaken to regulate food supplies for the Ukrainian revolutionists. Russian members of the refugee colony here state Prof. Zeldler is a widely known surgeon and has considerable experience in directing food administrations.

The reports received in governmental quarters here say the revolutionary movement continues to spread in the region surrounding Minsk. The Soviet authorities are described as making desperate efforts to control the situation. A wireless appeal from the Kronstadt insurrectionists was picked up to-day by the Polish Government radio station here. It made an urgent plea for food supplies and for urgent reinforcements.

The Polish newspapers publish despatches from the frontier describing the flight of Jews from Russia. "In enormous numbers," convinced that Bolshevism is nearing an end, the newspapers say, the Jews began crossing the frontier at various points several days ago, believing themselves to be in imminent danger of pogroms should the Bolsheviki be driven from power.

SOVIETS ARRANGE PEACE ONCE MORE WITH POLES

Riga Despatch Tells of Additional Concessions.

RIGA, Latvia, March 12.—Adolph Joffe, head of the Russian Soviet Peace Mission at Riga, having recovered from what is called here his "diplomatic illness," all the differences between the Poles and Russians relative to peace are understood to have been settled within a few hours of the reopening of discussions.

It is stated that the pact is likely to be signed after five days, and that instead of 50,000,000 rubles in gold previously offered to Poland, she will get other concessions.

10,000,000 SILK FIRE

Warehouses Destroyed in Shanghai—Spinning Halted.

By the Associated Press.

SHANGHAI, China, March 11 (delayed).—Several silk warehouses, containing over half of the amount of silk available for export in this city, were burned here to-day, the loss being estimated at \$6,000,000. Seven other warehouses took fire and are still burning. Should their loss be complete the damage will reach \$10,000,000, it is estimated.

The destruction of silk cocoons stored in the warehouses will enforce the closing of most of the spinning establishments here until the new crop, in May. Cancellation of many contracts for silk is considered inevitable.

AIRCRAFT LIQUID POISON WILL ANNIHILATE AN ARMY

Three Drops of New Chemical Fatal to Soldier Whose Skin It Touches—United States Now Developing Protective Clothing to Cover Fighters Entirely.

The Chemical Warfare Service has discovered a liquid poison so strong that three drops will kill any one whose skin it touches, it became known there yesterday.

Falling like rain from pozzies attached to airplanes, the liquid would kill everything in the aircraft's path, according to a high official of the service. A description of what the new war weapon would do, in the opinion of this official, follows:

"One plane carrying two tons of the liquid could cover an area 100 feet wide by seven miles long in one trip, and could deposit enough material to kill every man in that area, and if those on the ground were not protected by gas masks the area of fatality would be many times greater."

"The only limit to the quantity of this

liquid which could be made is the amount of available electric power, as nearly every nation has practically an unlimited supply of the necessary raw materials. It would be entirely possible for this country to manufacture several thousand tons a day, if the necessary plants were built.

"During the Argonne offensive the entire First American Army of 1,250,000 men occupied an area approximately forty kilometers long by twenty kilometers wide. If Germany had had 14,000 tons of the material and 400 planes equipped for its distribution the entire army would have been annihilated in twelve hours."

"The Chemical Warfare Service is developing protective clothing entirely to cover the wearer and make him impervious to the deadly liquid."

DUBLIN TO EXECUTE 6 IRISH TO-MORROW

Protests Fail to Save Men Accused of Killing Intelligence Officers.

DUBLIN, March 12.—Six prisoners were to be executed here Monday. It was announced officially this afternoon. Archbishop Walsh of Dublin and other prominent persons have joined in a public protest against the executions. George W. Russell, of the Irish Home Rule and Agricultural Organization, to-day issued a statement saying: "If these penalties are allowed to be inflicted, if the evidence of dozens of witnesses is to be set aside, the soul of Ireland will grow as far apart from the possibility of friendship with Britain as the earth is from the Pole Star." He warns the Government to take heed, thus supporting predictions which are being freely made that the executions will be the signal for wholesale republican reprisals.

Two of the six to be executed, named Moran and Whelan, are accused of complicity in the killing of intelligence officers in Dublin on November 21 last, and the others of participation in an ambush here late in January, in which one member of the attacking party was killed.

Constable Reilly was shot dead and Capt. Roymann, District Inspector of the Dublin Constabulary, was severely wounded from a bullet last night on the Tipperary border.

MOHILL, Ireland, March 12.—Thirty men of the Bedfordshire Regiment while proceeding from Carrick on Shannon to Ballinamore Friday evening were ambushed and attacked with rifle fire and bombs. The military returned the fire with the result that six of the attackers were killed and one was mortally wounded. The six men killed were attacking in uniforms of the Irish Republic army.

French, British and Russian treaties are cited by dates and quotations, together with incidents, such as that of Agadir, Morocco. Knowledge that the book was being prepared has been current in Holland for some time, and the *Herald* reports that a copy of the manuscript fell into the hands of one of the Kaiser's Dutch acquaintances.

Seventy copies of the book were printed and distributed for private reading to those the author thought he could trust. Among the recipients were a number of royalties, including the Dutch Prince Consort, each of whom was warned the former Emperor would be extremely displeased if the book were given to the public.

REVOLT IN TUSCANY IS LAID TO EDITOR

Police Assert Anarchist Distributed Bombs.

FLORENCE, Italy, March 12.—Discovery of the details of a conspiracy which caused the recent disorders in Tuscany was announced to-day by the police, who declared the ringleader was an anarchist named Chelli, editor of the revolutionary pamphlet, "The Cry of Revolt."

Chelli had a supply of bombs, the police assert, which he distributed for anarchist attempts, the first of them being thrown at a procession of young Liberals. Chelli and five others have been arrested and the police say they confessed to outrages, of which they appeared to be proud. The bombs Chelli is said to have possessed of have not yet been discovered.

The town Government of Scicli, Sicily, with a population of 25,000, has been taken over by Socialists, who have installed a Methodist preacher named Sciro as Mayor, according to information reaching the Board of Foreign Missions of that denomination, 150 Fifth avenue, yesterday from Bishop Edgar Blake, resident European bishop of France and Italy. Signor Sciro has been operating a loyal newspaper and supervising public education, in addition to his pastoral duties, the announcement said.

EMIGRANTS IN WARSAW WILL APPEAL TO U. S.

Want Assistance in Getting Passport Visas.

By the Associated Press.

WARSAW, March 12.—Prospective emigrants assembled in this city have decided to appeal to the American Government for assistance in obtaining passport visas. They have been annoyed because of the delay in waiting for verification of their credentials, American Consular officials recently curtailed the number of visas granted daily from about 400 to approximately 200. This step was taken because of many spurious Polish passports and fraudulent identification documents presented.

It is estimated that from 2,000 to 3,000 emigrants are now in Warsaw from various parts of Europe, seeking to leave here for the United States. At a mass meeting held here on Thursday it was decided to cable President Harding requesting intervention in their behalf.

CANADIAN INDIAN NOT FORCED TO BE CITIZEN

Syracuse Report 'Bridiculous,' Says Mayor Smith.

OTTAWA, March 12.—Denial was made to-day by Duncan Campbell Scott, Deputy Minister of Indian Affairs, that the Dominion Government was forcing Indians to take out citizenship papers, as reported in despatches from Syracuse.

"We never endeavored to use compulsion," he said, "and we do not intend to do so now."

Reports reaching Indians on the Onondaga reservation, in New York State, said that the Iroquois and Six Nations Indians on the Brant reservation in western Ontario, 5,800 strong, had determined to resist compulsory citizenship to become effective in thirty days, and seek an asylum in New York. The reports also stated that Dr. Erel A. Bates of Syracuse, an adopted chief, had been asked to present an appeal to President Harding that the Indians be permitted to live across the border.

OBREGON REFUSES TO BOW TO TERMS LAID DOWN BY U. S.

Mexico's Defiant Attitude Brings Crisis Near and Worries Harding.

BALKS ON OIL LEASES Recognition by Washington Unlikely Until Fair Deal Is Assured.

NEW DANGER IN TAMPIOCO

Sending of U. S. Warship Is Urged in Face of Threats Against Americans.

SPECIAL DESPATCH TO THE NEW YORK HERALD. Washington, D. C., March 12.

President Obregon of Mexico has assumed a defiant attitude toward the United States, with the result that relations between the two countries are approaching a crisis. Obregon's stand is made known in formal advices which he has conveyed to this Government that Mexico will not agree to the conditions of recognition laid down by the Wilson Administration in the closing days of its career, particularly the condition which related to Article XXVII of the Mexican constitution, which is aimed at the destruction of American oil concessions and property holdings. Secretary of State Cobby's note in referring to Article XXVII, insisted that Mexico must not make it clear that this provision "is not and must not be interpreted as retroactive or violative of valid property rights."

It is accepted here by authorities on Mexican affairs that the United States will never recognize Mexico so long as the obnoxious provisions remain in the Mexican constitution.

Trouble Foreseen by Harding.

President Harding has realized from the time he was first nominated that Mexico offered one of the most serious problems the next Administration would have to confront, and he has made it clear that he will deal with it firmly. He has been giving the subject careful thought from the time that he was elected and has been especially attentive to it since his inauguration.

As an example of this interest he conferred to-day with E. B. Scobey of Texas and Nelson O'Shaughnessy, who was charge d'affaires in Mexico City during the Ambassadorship of Henry Lane Wilson. Before talking to them the President conferred with Henry P. Fletcher, Under Secretary of State, and with D. R. Crozier, who has been mentioned as the next probable Ambassador to Mexico. The President also conferred earlier with Secretary of State Hughes.

That President Obregon does not have a firm grip on the situation in his own country is indicated by the growth of the railroad strike, which is said to be spreading, and by the fact that the number of royalties, including the Dutch Prince Consort, each of whom was warned the former Emperor would be extremely displeased if the book were given to the public.

Recent reports show that the railroad strike is spreading, the water tenders having joined the engineers, firemen and trainmen. The few locomotives still running are compelled to carry their own water in special tank cars. Shortage is being practiced and locomotives not in use are being treated in such a manner that it is impossible to use them without extensive repairs.

Callen's Influence Feels.

Under the surface activities in Mexico is the influence of Gen. P. Elias Callen, which appears to be working against President Obregon.

The situation at Tampico continues serious. Threats of an anti-American character are being freely made there, while evidences of radical labor trouble are seen. Pressure is even now being brought upon the Government to send United States warships to the Tampico region for the purpose of protecting Americans' oil interests.

Senate leaders, as well as administration officials, believe that after ten years of revolution it is imperative for the interests of this country as well as those of the Mexicans, that order be restored. The Harding Administration is relied upon to handle the situation with the view of reaching a permanent solution of the trouble.

ALLIED VICTORY LAID TO JEWS.

Anti-Semites So Declares in Vienna Conference.

SPECIAL CABLE TO THE NEW YORK HERALD. Vienna, March 12.—German anti-Semites are holding a conference in Vienna. It was opened yesterday by Herr Jerzabek, a clerical parliamentarian, who in his speech denounced the Jews as responsible for the war. The conference sent a telegram of greetings to President Ebert in Berlin.

HEART BEATS STUDIED HUNDRED MILES AWAY

Amplifying Apparatus Gets Successful Test.

WASHINGTON, March 12.—An amplifying apparatus, described as so delicate as to permit a physician in one city to make a stethoscopic study of the heart action of a patient hundreds of miles away, was demonstrated to-day to a group of army and civilian medical men at the army Signal Corps laboratories. The principle involved is similar to that used in transmitting President Harding's funeral address to the great crowd that extended far beyond the ordinary reach of the human voice.

The demonstration was directed by Lieut.-Gen. George Squier, chief signal officer. The stethoscopic apparatus, with electrical connection, was placed over the heart of one of the laboratory assistants and the heart beat was amplified many thousands of times, emerging through a phonograph horn to be heard distinctly and studied by the physicians in a room some distance from that in which the subject was located.

The device may be used in connection with any telephone which will function, it was said at the laboratory, as far as the telephone wires will transmit the voice in ordinary conversation.

A special heart transmitter has been designed which rests by its own weight over the patient's heart," said Gen. Squier, in describing the apparatus. "The passage of the blood through the different valves of the heart causes vibrations in an air chamber, which faithfully reproduces all of the various actions. These are transmitted over the wire to an amplifying apparatus attached to a large horn which projects the sounds throughout the building."

OHIO CITY CLOSED TIGHT FOLLOWING RACE FIGHT

One Policeman, One Negro Shot; Troops Patrol Streets.

SPRINGFIELD, March 12.—After a day of preparation Springfield officials to-night announced that they were ready to cope with any situation that might arise in connection with racial disturbances, which last night resulted in the wounding of a policeman and a negro, and which have kept the city in a turmoil since last Monday, when an unknown negro assaulted 11-year-old Marge Versaue.

Sheriff David Jones, placed in complete charge of the situation, with eight companies of National Guardsmen as his aides, to-night had barred all traffic from city streets, suspended street car service, closed stores, theatres and all public gathering places and ordered all citizens to remain in their homes after 8 P. M.

As measures to enforce orders of the Sheriff guardsmen patrolled the streets on foot, in army trucks with machine guns showing threatening muzzles over their sides, and in ordinary pleasure cars furnished by citizens.

CUBAN ELECTIONS TUESDAY.

Liberal Withdrawal Will Not Halt Voting.

HAVANA, March 12.—Partial elections will be held in Cuba on Tuesday regardless of the action of the Liberal Party's Executive Committee in calling upon its representatives of election boards to refuse to carry out their duties of office, Arturo Hevia, president of the United Electoral Board, declared yesterday. He said that the withdrawal of one political party from the campaign would not cause a suspension of the election.

It is expected that all public officials belonging to the Liberal party will announce their withdrawal from office at once.

DENY HARDING SENT EMISSARY

Officials in Mexico Put Quietus to Persistent Rumors.

MEXICO CITY, March 12.—Persistent rumors in circulation here that an unnamed emissary from President Harding to President Obregon is carrying basic points for recognition of Mexico by the United States were denied in all official quarters to-day.

George T. Summell, United States Charge d'Affaires, said he had no information as to the coming here of such a representative.

LEGION CONDEMNS HYLAN.

A resolution condemning Mayor Hylan for having permitted the Thursday night meeting of the Caduceus Post of the American Legion in the Seventh Regiment Armory. The resolution calls for an investigation by Gov. Miller and the removal of Mayor Hylan if the facts should warrant it.

INSTALLATION PALM SUNDAY.

ROME, March 12.—Cardinal Dougherty has notified the rector of the Church of Saints Nerone and Adolpho, of which he has been appointed titular archbishop, that he desires the ceremony of his installation to occur in the afternoon of Palm Sunday.

LEAGUE EXPECTED TO SETTLE DISPUTE

Believed at Geneva That Panama and Costa Rica Will Take That Course.

GENEVA, March 12.—At the headquarters of the League of Nations it was stated to-day in the office of the Secretary that no further communication had been received relative to the controversy between the Panama and Costa Rica Governments. Although no official statement is made, the impression is gaining that the two nations will ultimately submit their dispute to the League of Nations for settlement rather than to the United States, and that the final adjustment will probably be made at Geneva.

Governments have been asked to enter into an engagement not to exceed during the next two fiscal years the total military expenditures provided for the present year in a letter sent to members of the League of Nations by the secretary of that organization.

Another letter sent to members of the

SALVADOR CABINET OUT.

SAN SALVADOR, Republic of Salvador, March 12.—The Salvadorean Cabinet, headed by Dr. Francisco Juan Paredes, together with all under secretaries, resigned yesterday. President Meléndez has refused to accept the resignation, and has appealed to the Ministers to continue in office.

Kensico, secluded and secure, A great cathedral of ennobled earth Where the rustling voice of Nature Chants the Faith of glorious birth. The KENSICO CEMETERY America's Burial Park City Office: 103 Park Avenue New York

Best & Co. Fifth Avenue at 35th Street—N. Y. Established 1870. LILIPUTIAN BAZAAR. A Corps of Expert Needlewomen Sews for Liliputian Bazaar Children Exclusively. THAT is why we have a larger assortment of fine hand-made garments than any other two stores in the county. It may interest you to know that we are the only store in New York that features ENTIRELY hand-made suits for little boys. LITTLE BOYS' Hand-made SUITS OLIVER TWIST and quaint smock models, made entirely by hand, of linen, English printed calico and sateen, gingham, madras, and poplin with hand-embroidery, pipings, buttons, and hand-hemstitched frills. White and all the wanted colors. Sizes 2, 3, and 4 years. Madras, poplin, print, and sateen, 13.50 to 18.50. Ginghams, 13.50 to 15.50. Linens, 17.50 and 18.50. LITTLE GIRLS' Hand-made FROCKS FINE lawn and batiste frocks faintly hand-made and hand-embroidered. Sometimes trimmed with ribbon or rosebuds. Round and square yoke models and pretty Empire styles. Sizes 6 months to 3 years, 1.95 to 15.00. The EASTER BUNNY is making his headquarters in Liliputia, land where children's dreams come true. This young gentleman is going to a party and is arrived for the occasion in the smartest of Oliver Twist suits, blanket-stitched around its panel, and trimmed around collar and cuffs with Irish linen. 2 to 4 yrs. - 18.50. A tiny square yoke scalloped around its edge in pink or blue, and smocked daintily beneath to gain fullness for the skirt, it suffices trimming for a white lawn frock. The scallops and a bit of smocking appear also on the short puff sleeves. 6 months to 2 years. - 7.25.

To Solve a Most Perplexing Question ON Monday, March 14th, a Nursery Exhibit will be opened on the main floor of the Gorham Company. The inspiration for this new Gorham idea will be immediately apparent if you at any time have had to find a truly individual gift for a baby or small child at a suitable price. Such a gift has in the past been one of the most perplexing of shopping list items. In this Gorham Exhibit are assembled understandingly designed baby and nursery necessities and novelties, each a charming expression of the originality of Gorham art and the skill of Gorham craftsmen. A partial list of Gift suggestions will be mailed upon request. THE GORHAM COMPANY FIFTH AVENUE AT 36TH STREET NEW YORK