Rain to-day. To-morrow, fair, colder.
Temperatures yesterday—Maximum, 70; minimum, 44.

THE WASHINGTON HERALD

The Herald has the largest morning home circulation, and prints all the news of the world each day, in addition to many exclusive features.

NO. 2224. WASHINGTON, D. C., THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 7, 1912.—FOURTEEN PAGES. ONE CENT.

WILSON TOTALS SHOW INCREASE

Democrats Now Have 412 Electoral Votes; Progressives, 104, and Taft, 12 or 15.

T. R. IN POSITION OF POWER

New York, Nov. 6.—The latest returns from yesterday's election show that Wilson and Marshall have carried at least thirty-seven States, with a total of 412 electoral votes; that Roosevelt has carried six States, with an electoral vote of 104, and that Taft has carried three, and perhaps four, States, with only twelve or fifteen votes in the Electoral College.

Aside from the overwhelming sweep of the Democratic nominees, the most interesting feature of the result is the capture by Roosevelt of the election machinery in almost all the States of the solid South and in many of those in the North in which he took either first or second place. New York and Connecticut are exceptions.

HEADS SECOND PARTY.

In a large majority of the States he is second, and this will put him at the head of the second political party in the nation and give him a power wielded by no leader save the President himself. As the count proceeded to-day, Iowa, Kansas, and Minnesota were found to be wavering between Wilson and Roosevelt, with the former slightly in the lead in all three. Placing these and Wyoming and South Dakota, where the vote is close, in the doubtful column, Wilson has 387 certain votes in the Electoral College, Roosevelt 89, and Taft 12.

The control of the House of Representatives by a majority of 100 or more was early established. That the United States Senate, held by the Republicans by the narrow margin of 9 votes, also will be Democratic after March 4, there is little doubt. Colorado, Kansas, Oregon, and Tennessee have elected Democratic legislatures and will replace Republicans with Democrats. Colorado will send two new senators to Washington next year. Returns from Montana and Nevada at a late hour seemed to favor the election of two additional Democrats to the Senate.

Cannon Is Defeated.

In the latest news from Illinois it was found that not only had "Uncle Joe" Cannon been swept to defeat by the Roosevelt vote, but that William B. McKinley, Mr. Taft's manager, who made a bitter pre-convention fight upon the colonel had also been beaten. The Roosevelt plurality in Illinois dwindled through the day, but final returns gave him the State safely, although Edward F. Dunne, formerly mayor of Chicago, was elected Governor by the Democrats.

Michigan, Kansas, Oregon, and Arizona joined the ranks of the States in which women will be given the suffrage. But Col. Roosevelt, despite his personal insistance on a woman's suffrage plank in the Progressive platform, did not carry a single State in which women were voting.

The vote by which Wilson was elected President is probably less than that received by Bryan when he was defeated in 1908.

SULZER WINS BY 190,000 PLURALITY

New York, Nov. 6.—Swept to victory on the crest of Woodrow Wilson's tidal wave of popularity, Representative William Sulzer has been elected governor of New York by a plurality estimated at from 186,000 to 190,000. This was more than twice the size of Gov. John A. Dix's plurality in 1910.

New York State will have a complete Democratic government at Albany, the Democrats having captured both branches of the legislature.

The Democrats retain their control of the Congressional election from this State, the figures standing twenty-six Democrats to seventeen Republicans. Although Oscar Straus, the Progressive candidate for governor, polled 65,000 votes more than Job E. Hedges, the Republican gubernatorial candidate in New York, the Republicans ran second to Representative Sulzer in the State outside of this city.

Gov. Wilson carried New York State by a plurality estimated in round figures at 205,500, and he carried New City by approximately 137,000. Although there were a few scattered rural districts still to be heard from at the time these figures were compiled, the missing ballots were too few to have an important bearing upon the known result.

DEMOCRATS SWEEP MISSOURI; TWO G. O. P. REPRESENTATIVES

St. Louis, Nov. 6.—The Socialist vote in yesterday's election in Missouri was in the neighborhood of 20,000, a gain of about 5,000 over 1908. No candidates elected, however. Gov. Wilson and Elliott W. Major, candidate for Governor, carried the State by from 75,000 to 125,000 plurality. The entire Democratic ticket, with the exception of two Representatives, was victorious.

The Progressive vote in the State proved somewhat of a disappointment, but the party leaders are contending that the vote was sufficiently large to virtually eliminate the Republican party in the State and insure the standing of the Progressive party in future elections.

DEMOCRATS MAKE CLEAN-UP IN MONTANA; DEFEAT DIXON

Butte, Mont., Nov. 6.—With the Montana returns about two-fifths complete this evening, Wilson and Marshall are shown to have carried the State by from 4,000 to 6,000 plurality. T. J. Walsh, Democrat, is elected Senator, succeeding Joseph M. Dixon, and the two Democratic candidates-at-large for Congress, Thomas Stout and J. M. Evans, together with the entire Democratic State ticket, is believed elected.

Baltimore and Ohio to Finish Races.
Baltimore, November 1 to 12. Express trains from Union Station to Baltimore "every hour on the hour."

WILSON TAKES FIVE-MILE WALK

President-elect Indulges in Strenuous Exercise—Makes Statement on Election.

Princeton, N. J., Nov. 6.—Woodrow Wilson spent his first day as President-elect as follows, briefly:

He dug his way through an avalanche of congratulatory telegrams, dictated replies, issued a statement to the newspapers on the election; took a five mile walk with Capt. "Bill" McDonald, in the course of which he watched the football practice, moved a fallen telegraph pole from the sidewalk, permitted Capt. "Bill" to try to kill a small snake with his cane and the captain broke the cane; returned home and read more telegrams and finally retired early in the evening.

Here is the statement issued by the President-elect:

"The result has filled me with hope that the thoughtful progressive voters of the nation may now at last unite to give the country freedom of enterprise and a government released from all selfish and private influences, devoted to justice and progress. There is absolutely nothing for the honest and enlightened business men of the country to fear. No man whose business is conducted without violation of the right of free competition and without such private understanding and secret alliances as violate the principle of our law and the policy of all wholesome commerce and enterprise need fear either interference or embarrassment from the administration. Our hope and purpose is now to bring all the free forces of the nation into active and intelligent co-operation and to give to our prosperity a freshness and spirit and a confidence such as it has not had in our time."

Replies to Telegrams.

The Governor sent the following replies to the telegrams received from Taft and Roosevelt:

To President Taft, Washington:

"I warmly appreciate your kind message and wish to express my sincere personal regards."

To Col. Roosevelt, Oyster Bay:

"My sincere thanks for your kind message. Pray accept my cordial good wishes."

Gov. Wilson will remain in Princeton for the balance of this week and probably next. Then he will make a trip with Mrs. Wilson to Bermuda, according to present plans. There he will enjoy a two week's vacation.

When the President-elect was seen by the newspaper correspondents this afternoon he was asked if he had given any attention to the personnel of his cabinet.

"Not as yet," was the reply.

The Governor was told that some of the newspapers had indulged in speculation along that line.

"It would be best for me then not to read the newspapers," he said. "They might prejudice my mind."

Guard for Wilson.

It was reported to-day that Chief Wilkie, of the United States Secret Service, was sending some of his men to guard the President-elect. The Governor was asked if he had heard of this.

"I find to my surprise that this is the interpretation of the law," he said; "that the President-elect shall be guarded as if he had assumed the office of President. However, Capt. McDonald will remain with me for a few days at least."

The President-elect was asked if he would issue any further statement on the election when the complete returns were received. "I am done with statements."

Continued on Page Three.

REPUBLICANS HAVE MAJORITY IN WYOMING LEGISLATURE

Cheyenne, Wyo., Nov. 6.—According to returns available to-night, the Wyoming Legislature will stand: Republicans, forty-five; Democrats, thirty-seven; a Republican majority of eight on joint ballot, and insuring the return of Francis E. Warren to the United States Senate.

Late to-night the Democrats conceded the Republicans a majority of one on joint ballot.

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THE PATHFINDER.

TURKS BATTLE IN LAST DITCH

Crushing Defeat Received by the Ottoman Troops at Tchorlu.

Special Cable to The Washington Herald.

Sofia, Nov. 6.—A complete and crushing victory for the Bulgarian forces over Turkish army retreating into the Tchalja forts on the northern outskirts of Constantinople is reported here. The casualties are given as 25,000 killed and wounded on both sides

Special Cable to The Washington Herald.

London, Nov. 6.—Bulgaria is relentlessly pursuing the Turk, the remnants of whose army have now reached the last ditch. Flying columns of Bulgarians are pushing along the seacoast toward the Tchatalja lines, and the main attack will be delivered to-morrow or Friday. Nazim Pasha's army is reported to have received a crushing defeat in the latest clash near Tchorlu. The losses are reported as double those of the Lule Burgas battle, or 40,000 men.

Meanwhile, though Constantinople appears to have lost all hope of stemming the Bulgarian tide, and the Turkish court is preparing to cross into Asia, a despairing effort is being made by the commissariat to get belated food to the starving men in the trenches at Tchatalja in the hope of stemming the expected stampede and preventing them from overrunning Constantinople with all the terror and anarchy that such a flight implies.

It is reported to-day the Montenegrin army has cut off its last communications by taking Alessio and the port of San Giovanni di Medua, through which Scutari has been obtaining supplies.

Adrianople Is Besieged.

Adrianople is reported to be in a bad way, as the main water supply of the city has been cut. Provisions are running short, and soldiers and civilians are fighting over the small amount of food that is to be obtained.

The fall of Monastir is not confirmed, but is considered not improbable. The Greeks are crossing the Wardar River, and the fall of Saloniki is reported imminent.

As to movements for peace, the Bulgarian Government is credited now with having no designs on Constantinople itself, but is ready to conclude peace if Turkey will agree to surrender Adrianople and some other positions in the West and give a guarantee to bring no more re-inforcements from Asia.

The diplomatic game waits until the conclusion of the big battle at Tchatalja. Then the European concert will face the problem of the rival claims for Turkish territory. Albania forms the crux of the position. It is said that Austria will regard any attempt on the part of Servia to encroach on Albania as a casus belli. Servia retorts that a port on the Adriatic is life or death to her, and points out that before the downfall of the Servian Empire Adriatic Seaports were flourishing Servian towns.

There is a hopeful feeling in diplomatic circles, however, and a belief that the conversations proceedings between the powers will result in a common basis being reached for mediation.

Art Expert Wins Suit.

London, Nov. 6.—Alfred Temple, a noted art expert, to-day was awarded a judgment of $30,750 by the courts against Sir George Donaldson in a suit in connection with commissions on purchases for the late United States Senator Clark of Montana, the American copper millionaire.

CHINAMAN POLLS MORE VOTES THAN SOCIALIST

Boston, Nov. 6.—Charles K. Shue, an American-born Chinaman, who was the Republican nominee for the House of Representatives in Ward Seven, polled 240 votes. He got 208 votes more than Hubert Riley, the Socialist candidate, but was defeated by John L. Donovan, Democrat, whose vote was 825. Shue was the first Chinaman to win a nomination for elective office in the United States.

CANADIAN LINER GOES ON ROCKS WITH 901 SOULS ON BOARD

Quebec, Nov. 6.—With 901 passengers on board the Canadian Northern liner Royal George is on the rocks in the St. Lawrence River and reported to be in a serious condition. The vessel met with its mishap about one mile east of Point St. Lawrence, about ten miles below this city, while coming up the river. She was inbound from Avonmouth, England.

The Royal George stopped at the Gross Isle quarantine station on her way in at 4 o'clock and was detained only a short time. She was going at good speed at the time she met with the accident.

The wrecking steamer Lord Strathcona and two tugs have gone to the scene.

McGOVERN WINS IN WISCONSIN

Early Prediction of Democratic Victory Overturned—Woman Suffrage Defeated.

Milwaukee, Wis., Nov. 6.—All predictions Tuesday night and Wednesday morning of the victory of John C. Karel, Democratic candidate for Governor, who was supposed to have led the Democratic landslide in Wisconsin, were overturned to-day when the returns from Northwestern Wisconsin, particularly among the Scandinavian counties, came down to the southern tier of counties with big pluralities for McGovern. As a result to-night the estimate of 25,000 for Karel has been turned into a probable defeat by possibly 5,000.

The entire Republican State ticket is certainly elected, with a Republican Legislature.

The overturning of the Karel lead was a most striking change of figures in Wisconsin's political history. Until late to-day Karel held his lead over McGovern, and it was not until the last twenty counties in the northwest began to be heard from that it was realized Karel was in danger. Even now the Karel men hope the official returns will save him. Meanwhile the plurality of Wilson, last night supposed to have been 15,000, is steadily increasing, until many estimates place the figure at 50,000.

The day brought the loss of one Republican Representative, J. H. Davidson, of Oshkosh, who is supplanted by M. K. Reilly, Democrat, of Fond du Lac. This gives the Republicans six Representatives, the Democrats three, and the fusionists two. The Legislature is safely Republican. Woman suffrage was lost by about 75,000.

The Socialist vote in Wisconsin showed steady gains, except in Milwaukee. Nearly 60,000 votes were polled, one-third being in Milwaukee and the rest scattered between Superior, Ashland, Racine, Kenosha, Sheboygan, Manitowoc, and Two Rivers, all lake ports.

BULL MOOSERS TO KEEP UP THE FIGHT

Roosevelt and Lieutenants Discuss Organization Plans of Third Party.

Oyster Bay, N. Y., Nov. 6.—Encouraged over the Bull Moose ticket landing in second place in the Presidential fight, Col. Roosevelt started with his leaders to-day to lay out the future of the Progressive party. The former President found intense consolation in the results as they came to him at Sagamore Hill.

"The fight is going on and we are bound to win," was the colonel's rosy view of it to-night.

In consultation with Gov. Johnson, George W. Perkins, Frank A. Munsey, and Gifford and Amos E. Pinchot at Sagamore Hill late to-day, Roosevelt expressed himself vigorously as to the purpose of the party in the immediate future. The former President pointed to the heavy vote polled by the Progressives, spoke of the States they had bodily carried, with Illinois and Pennsylvania as the shining stars, and argued that the whole outcome portended important victory ahead for the third party. "In fact," said the colonel to his conferees, "the Progressive party has superceded the Republican party. All we need to do is to keep steadily on with the fight and we will win."

The colonel and his leaders discussed methods of keeping the Progressive organization up. As an outcome of the conference it is expected that a call for a general gathering of Bull Moose leaders will be sounded within the next few days.

Waits for Returns.

When the former President was seen at Sagamore Hill to-day he was in fine spirits.

"In a day or so," he said, "I shall have a statement ready, going into the significance of the vote we have polled, and outline our plans for the future. I would do it now if we knew exactly the results in all the States. Minnesota, for instance, appears to have gone for me, but the Democrats are claiming it. In some of the Southern States we have polled a strong vote. I want all the returns before I speak."

The Progressive leaders want the former President to remain at the head of the party, but Roosevelt has not given his word that he will do it. The next important fight in which the party will engage is that of 1914, when a new House of Representatives will be elected. The scheme as outlined at the conference to-day is for the party to put up candidates in every district.

Gov. Johnson hurried from Sagamore Hill after the conference with the colonel, saying he intended keeping up the scrap.

"I'm going back to California to get back into the harness," he observed, placidly. Asked what he thought of the overturn of the Bull Moose in his own State, the Governor snapped his jaws with a brusque, "I've got no opinion about it."

SOCIALISTS GAIN IN KEYSTONE STATE

Philadelphia, Nov. 6.—A larger percentage of increase was noted in the vote for the Socialist party cast in this city on Tuesday as compared with the elections of 1908 and 1904. Eugene V. Debs was given more than 9,000 votes as compared with 5,192 in 1908 and 3,254 in 1904.

The result throughout the State is not yet known, but the indications are that the total vote has been increased, although James H. Maurer, a Socialist, who was elected to the previous Legislature in the city of Reading, was defeated for re-election this time.

The result of the election in McKeesport, where a Socialist candidate ran strongly, is still in doubt. The total vote in the State in 1904 was 21,863, and in 1908 it was 32,914.

BUSINESS HAS NOTHING TO FEAR, SAY FINANCIERS

Noted Wall Street Leaders Express Confidence in Wilson.

POINT TO STOCK MARKET

President-elect Will Lead Party Instead of Being Led, They Assert.

New York, Nov. 6.—Not a single discordant note was sounded to-day by any of the more than a score of famous financiers and business men who discussed the effect of the sweeping Democratic victory on the business of the country. Many were content to refer the callers to the substantial rise in the stock market for their answers to the questions asked.

Such great financiers as J. P. Morgan, Andrew Carnegie, and James J. Hill spoke with unaccustomed optimism of the outlook, now that one of the most exciting presidential campaigns of modern times is over and its decisive results are known.

Telegraphing from his Fifth Avenue mansion, Andrew Carnegie had this to say:

"No. Our republic bears a charmed life. Both parties are anxious for its prosperity and will labor for this to the best of their ability."

A representative of J. P. Morgan and Company said: "I believe that Gov. Wilson's great victory will enable him to become the real leader of his party, instead of being driven by it. For this reason we can see nothing that is calculated to disturb the prosperity of the country in any way. On the contrary, we feel that substantial progress will be made by the business interests of the country under President Wilson's administration."

Hill Hits at Colonel.

James J. Hill: "I feel better over the general outlook than I did before the election. An attempt was made to bring about a political revolution, but the American people while desiring a change showed their good sense by repudiating the revolutionary doctrines offered them and sticking to sound principles and established methods of bringing about their wishes. Gov. Wilson, a man of fine breeding and a deep student of the history of nations, has the training and the qualifications which should make him an able President."

W. E. Cory, former president of the Steel Trust, and a stanch supporter of Gov. Wilson in the campaign: "I am convinced that Mr. Wilson will make an able and conservative business President, and that the business of the country, as a whole, will reap great benefits during his administration. That he will handle the tariff and other problems ably and conservatively there can be no question. All indications point to the continuation of the prosperity the country is now enjoying, and business should be given a still further impetus by the outcome of the election."

Nothing to Fear.

H. C. Frick: "I was particularly well pleased with Gov. Wilson's able and sensible conduct throughout the campaign. I believe he will give the country a good, safe, and sane administration, and that the business interests have nothing to fear."

B. F. Yoakum, president of the St. Louis and San Francisco Railroad's board: "I am very much pleased with the election of Gov. Wilson. From my personal acquaintance with him I am entirely confident he will carry out all the policies he has promised during the campaign. I am sure he is earnestly in favor of everything he has advocated and is entirely competent. The Democratic victory does not by any means settle all the big economic questions of the day. In meeting these, the Democratic party is on probation. The whole country looks to it for results during the next four years."

George J. Gould, expressed himself as entirely pleased with the result of the election and the promise it gives of stimulating prosperity. "Business is now on a sound basis," he said, "and should so continue. The tariff adjustment pledged cannot be made in a day, a month or a year, and any changes will be so gradual that business will readily adjust itself to the new conditions."

Samuel P. Colt, head of the Rubber Trust: "I anticipate no ill-effects on the business of the country from the Democratic victory. On the contrary, there are reasons to believe that it ought to be distinctly beneficial. Our industry is now in prosperous condition, and we feel that its prosperity will be stimulated during the next four years."

Felix M. Warburg, of Kuhn, Loeb & Co.: "The result was fully expected, and the country was prepared for it. I consider it a matter for reproach with the Progressive party that it has succeeded in demolishing more than it has constructed."

Samuel Untermyer: "I believe the Democratic victory will be a stimulus to legitimate business, which is now on a sound basis, and that it will signalize the beginning of an enlightened policy of constructive legislation for the correcting of existing defects and abuses in our financial economic system. That is necessarily a slow process, but there is no reason why it should not be conducted without disturbance to business."

TAFT LEADS IN IDAHO: REPUBLICANS SWEEP STATE

Boise, Idaho, Nov. 6.—The latest returns show Taft in the lead over Wilson by a small plurality, Roosevelt third.

The entire Republican State Congressional tickets are elected and the legislature which will elect a United States Senator, will be overwhelmingly Republican. The Socialist vote in Idaho is estimated at 6,500.

SOCIALISTS POLL LARGE VOTE IN OKLAHOMA

Oklahoma City, Nov. 6.—Incomplete returns to-night show the Socialists will poll between 189,000 and 200,000 votes in Oklahoma.

Official returns show that in the counties of Murray, Jefferson, Love, and Bryan, the Socialist candidates ran ahead of the Republicans for all offices, but were defeated by the Democratic nominees in those counties.

HEAD OF SCHOOL DISMISSED BY DISTRICT BOARD

Prof. W. B. Evans, Principal of Armstrong Manual Training School, Deposed.

A. C. NEWMAN GETS PLACE

"Lack of Academic, Pedagogic, and Administrative Qualities" Are the Charges.

Discussion of the recommendation of the committee on high schools for the immediate dismissal of Prof. W. B. Evans, principal of the Armstrong Manual Training School and assistant director of the colored night schools, enlivened the meeting of the Board of Education yesterday afternoon. There was a battle royal between the anti and pro-Evans members of the board. The protests of the latter were finally ruled out of order and the recommendation was adopted by 5 to 2.

No specific charge other than "lack of academic, pedagogic, and administrative qualification" were brought against Prof. Evans. He was at the meeting and demanded the right to speak in his behalf, but was denied. The man who will step into the vacancy is Prof. A. C. Newman, and Prof. G. C. Wilkinson will be made principal of the Armstrong Manual Training School.

It was also decided that because of the esteem in which Miss Ida M. Daly, head of the English department of McKinley Manual Training School, who died Tuesday, the day of the funeral (Friday) shall be made a holiday at McKinley, that the teachers and students may attend the funeral, and that the teachers of Eastern High School shall be allowed the morning off also.

Late in Meeting.

The Evans recommendation came after the reading of a long list of minor recommendations as to appointments and small changes and the meeting, pacific enough up to that time, promptly drew up its lines of battle and prepared for the fray. The board had been even tardy in convening, and not until 4:15 o'clock did it start.

The paper was read and R. R. Horner, one of the three colored members present, made a motion that the matter of the dismissal be held up until Dr. Davidson returns to the city that the reasons of the committee for their action could be ascertained by the board. This motion was the cue for a spirited debate between Mr. Horner and Capt. James F. Oyster, president of the board, which ended with the former being peremptorily ordered to keep still.

Ernest H. Daniel opposed the motion to hold over the recommendation on the ground that the committee had expressed its opinion, and it was no longer a matter for argument. The dissenting member took exception to this view and said:

"In asking for information as to the charges that are brought against Prof. Evans before voting on his dismissal, I am only asking for my rights as a member of this board. I am not here to play the part of a cigar store Indian on the board. It was not the intention of the Supreme Court when we were appointed that we were to be merely figureheads, and I demand my rights as a member."

Mr. Daniel declared that the cigar store Indian conception had no place in his mind but held that the board was governed by a certain parliamentary procedure that precluded an investigation of the recommendations of the committee.

Oyster Breaks In.

At this point, President Oyster took up the discussion accusing Mr. Horner of merely precipitating the argument to get into the public press and when he was again interrupted, the presiding officer cut Horner off sharply with:

"Will you keep still? You have had your time to speak."

The matter was not ended, however, and Mr. Horner insisted on placing a

Continued on Page Two.

Wilson's Election Is Approved by English Papers

London, Nov. 6.—Leading British newspapers to-day expressed their approval of the election of Woodrow Wilson as the next President of the United States.

"Wilson will command the confidence of his own countrymen and the world outside," said the Evening Standard. "He is a public man of much higher type than some who have occupied the White House during the last forty years. Nobody can accuse him of belonging to the ranks of professional politicans."

The Pall Mall Gazette says:

"Wilson's selection is the last hope of his countrymen for the restoration of true self-government by the aid of existing party machinery. His mandate is to break the power of bosses, of all forces which have made legislation and government mere implements for the attainment of selfish ends. If he should fail in this arduous commission, the Democratic party will go the way of its rivals and the whole future of American politics may undergo a deep, startling transformation.

"Wilson's record so far bodes well for the success of the experiment and his enormous majority proves the American people think his lack of a particular kind of experience to be a positive virtue."

Berlin, Nov. 6.—Great interest was manifested here in the American election, and extra editions of the newspapers announced the victory of Woodrow Wilson. Editorially the papers "hoped that Mr. Wilson would succeed in reducing the tariff," and all agreed that he is a strong man and will be able to carry out his anti-trust programme.

German Gunboat Goes to Liberia.

Berlin, Nov. 6.—The German gunboat Panther was ordered to Liberia to-day to protect German interests endangered, it is believed, by native uprisings.

Matinee To-day, "The Stronger Claim." Columbia Theater, 2:15. Prices, 25 to 50c.