MOSLEMS, IN FLIGHT, STOP TO MASSACRE CHRISTIANS

Tales of Terrible Atrocities by Mohammedan Fanatics Come from the War Zone—Torture and Slay Prisoners.

Porte, in Statement, Acknowledges Defeat—Victorious Allies Almost at Gates of Constantinople—Unrest in Europe.

Special Cable to The Washington Herald.

Constantinople, Nov. 9.—In a long proclamation issued to-night, the ministry of the interior admits the Turks defeat and intimates that the fall of Constantinople is imminent. The proclamation says in part:

"The war with the Balkan states, through divine decree, has not had the satisfactory outcome desired. Thus the Turkish army has been compelled to withdraw to the lines of Tchatalja, where complete concentration is proceeding.

ENEMY AT GATES.

"The presence of the enemy at the gate of the capital affects greatly the tranquillity of the capital. While it is necessary to complete defensive measures, it is equally important to contemplate the possibility of failure there, even if the chance of failure is only slight."

The ministry holds the dissemination of "erroneous reports" responsible for the presence in the harbor of the foreign warships, and declares that further circulation of such reports "will be regarded as an act of treason, punishable in the most severe manner."

Moslems Commit Terrible Atrocities

London, Nov. 9.—Nearly every dispatch arriving in London from the scene of the Balkan war describes merciless massacres of Christians, including women and children, indicating that the Turks have not changed in this regard in the 500 years since they first became the terror of Southeast Europe. The beaten army in Macedonia pauses long enough in its flight before the victorious allies to burn villages, pillage, slaughter men, and carry off women.

Even the rabble in Thrace, plunging headlong to Constantinople after suffering disastrous defeat by the Bulgarians, according to accounts, mutilate the bodies of the enemy and massacre the inhabitants of the country. From the Island of Psara, in the Aegean, now occupied by the Greeks, reports come that wild Moslem bands have been burning and pillaging just as in 1824, during the Greeks' war for independence. Inhabitants, numbering over 20,000, were massacred almost to a man by the Turks.

Andre Beaumont, special war correspondent of the London Daily Telegraph, who is going over the battle areas in a motor car, described the heart-rending incidents and scenes of terrible atrocities at almost every mile of his journey. He says:

TELLS OF ATROCITIES.

"In the course of my journey across the border I have come across innumerable reports of Turkish atrocities committed in towns and villages. I purposely mentioned as little as possible until I could have ocular proof of these, which I now have. I have seen graves of women and children recently tortured, and have spoken with survivors of the massacres.

"At Simetli I came across the first victims of the atrocities. Simetli is a small village with a few score houses grouped together. Every house has been abandoned. Only a few dogs remain howling and searching for food among the ruins. Dozens of houses were burned. The only inhabitants who remained were three Bulgarians. One told me that before making flight the Turkish regulars broke into his house, seized him by the neck, and threatened to cut his throat if he did not give them his money. The other told the same tale. He said that his life's savings were 600 groschen. He gave it, being glad to escape with his life.

"The third man was very poor, but he had two daughters still very young. As the Turks could get no money from him, they took his daughters. For several days I have been questioning fugitives from more than fifty villages on this side of the border who are plodding in rags and tatters along the roads, many of them women, often carrying babies slung in sacks over their backs. They had left as soon as war was threatened because the Turks had told them that on the first outbreak of hostilities they would slaughter all Bulgars.

Prisoners' Throats Cut.

"Coming to Serbia I was shown the graves of nine Bulgars, seven men, one woman, and a boy of nine, who had been dragged that distance in chains from [illegible], and their throats [illegible] cut on the roadside by Turkish regulars; not by Bashibazouks, as there were none of these here. I went over to see the graves, over which a small wooden cross with no inscription had just been erected by Bulgarian [illegible]. Near the cross I saw a poor woman weeping, with a small child [illegible] on her back. [illegible]

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The grand old fighting monarch of Montenegro, photographed on his favorite steed at the Montenegrin army headquarters in Podgoritza.

WILSON TO 'CLEAN HOUSE' IN JERSEY

President-elect Proposes to Put Through Democratic Programme.

Princeton, N. J., Nov. 9.—Gov. Wilson will devote the whole of next week to preparing the State of New Jersey for a house-cleaning. The President-elect announced to-night that he was pretty well up with his election-day correspondence, and that he would be free to look over his own State—now thoroughly Democratic in every branch—by Monday.

"I hope I will be far enough advanced with my correspondence by Monday to take up State business," he said. "I intend to devote the week to the State, preparatory to going away on my vacation. There are quite a number of appointments to be made. Many of them are small. Of course, it is too early to take up specific legislation at this time, but the State demands my attention and shall have it."

This is the first time that the Legislature has been Democratic in both branches since Woodrow Wilson's election as Governor. He has, naturally, been seriously handicapped in carrying out the reforms set forth in the platform upon which he was elected. Now he has a new platform, the one upon which the party won its fight in the State at the election, that contains an admirable programme.

To Clean House.

The Governor expects to have the situation in New Jersey so well in hand that when he returns from his vacation on December 16, he will be able to take up the task of reform with an intelligent conception of what is required. The Governor has already announced that he purposes making a model State of New Jersey before he goes to Washington to undertake the larger and more important work of economy.

Speaking of his vacation, upon which he will embark the latter part of next week, the Governor emphasized to-day the fact that he will not receive politicians, he will not talk politics, and that it will be useless for any one to undertake to pursuade him to do so.

"My friends have agreed to leave me alone during that period," he said. "If any one comes, I shall not see him, that's all. Even McCombs and Mr. McAdoo understand this and they will remain away. I shall not talk politics under any circumstances, either for publication or for private consumption."

Watches Football Game.

The Governor was able to put in some hard work on his correspondence to-day because he locked himself in an upper room with his stenographer, and would not allow any one to disturb him.

"We are in a little room upstairs," he said, "where the wicked cease from troubling and the weary are at rest."

This afternoon the Governor went to University Field and watched the last half of the Princeton-Yale freshmen football game, which resulted in a tie, and the entire game between Princeton and New York University. The President-elect occupied a seat in the bleachers with his brother-in-law, Prof. Stockton Axon, of Princeton. Two rows above and just across the aisle were the Governor's daughters, Misses Jessie and Eleanor, accompanied by two Princeton students.

The Governor got a big cheer and a series of college yells when he appeared in the runway, and thereafter was the center of attraction. [illegible]

[illegible] did physical condition. This is the first chance I have had to congratulate him personally. It certainly gave me great pleasure to do so."

Others who came to see the Governor were Robert Underwood Johnson, father of Owen Johnson, the novelist; "Big Bill" Edwards and finally William F. McCombs, chairman of the National Committee. The spectators beamed with delight as Mr. McCombs limped up the aisle. The Governor shook hands with him, insisted that he take a seat with him, looked him over like a long lost brother, wiped some dust from the plush collar of his coat and talked, not politics, but about the football game.

When the game was over the players of the New York University eleven came upon the stand and shook hands with the Governor, and then gave him one of their uproarious yells. Not to be outdone the Princeton boys gave him a "locomotive yell," than which there is none more riotous. The Governor was mightily pleased with his reception and left the grounds with a broad smile on his face.

DEMOCRATIC SENATOR FROM NEVADA CERTAIN

Reno, Nev. Nov. 9.—Late returns received to-night practically make it certain that K. Y. Pittman, Democrat, has been elected United States Senator over Judge Massey, Republican. Including Waso County, the largest in the State, Pittman has 7,885 votes to 7,745 for Massey. The small districts yet to be heard from may cut down this lead a trifle, but not enough to elect Massey.

COLONEL PLANS TO STAY IN RING

Bull Moose Leader Confers with Pittsburg Editor Over Permanent Organization of Third Party.

Oyster Bay, N. Y., Nov. 9.—In a conference with Alexander Moore, the Pittsburg Bull Moose editor, Col. Roosevelt to-day gave the assurance that he proposes to kep in touch with the Progressive party's affairs. While he prefers that some one else undertake the leadership, we will not refuse to assume it if the progressives insist. For the present, however, the colonel wants to rest.

Moore lunched with the colonel at Sagamore Hill, and told the colonel that the Pennsylvania Progressives are immensely tickled over the result in the Keystone State election, and they will keep their organization going for Congressional fight in 1914.

For the first time since his removal from Chicago to recover from the bullet wound, Col. Roosevelt to-day went horseback riding. The former President occupied himself in the morning with dictating letters touching upon the future of the Progressive party. He rode his favorite horse, Sirdar, for an hour, Mrs. Roosevelt going with him.

President-elect Wilson Is a Man of Many Titles

Wilson's mail since his recent election has just awakened him to the fact that he is a man of many titles, viz: President-elect Wilson, Gov. Wilson, Prof. Wilson, Dr. Wilson, because of the many degrees conferred on him, as well as plain Mr. Wilson. The high office he will soon take entitles him to be called "Your Excellency," his wife calls him Woodrow, his daughter "Father," and his brother Editor [illegible] "Tommy," the President-elect's first name, which he dropped some years ago. [illegible]

[illegible]

"BOB" ROOSEVELT TAKES TUMBLE

Boy Shows Courage of Distinguished Relative After Losing Mount.

Struck by a low-hanging tree limb and knocked from the saddle, Robert Roosevelt, twelve-year-old son of Robert B. Roosevelt, cousin of Col. Theodore Roosevelt, yesterday afternoon sustained painful but not serious injuries, while galloping along a bridle path in Rock Creek Park.

Stiff and sore from the jolt, the gritty lad insisted on mounting his horse and riding home alone, just as though he wanted to show that the nerve which was shown by the famous colonel after the recent shooting in Milwaukee is a family heritage to which all by the name of Roosevelt can lay claim.

With a number of small cuts and scratches beneath the chin, where the branch had scraped him, and his riding clothes covered with mud, young Robert entered the white marble residence of his father, 2000 Massachusetts Avenue Northwest, with as much unconcern as though nothing had happened.

Not Seriously Hurt.

Questioned closely, Robert told the details of the accident reluctantly and then smiled at the fears of his parents when they insisted on summoning a physician. After examining the boy, the physician said Robert had escaped serious injury, but probably would be unable to ride for several days. Bruises and minor cuts were his most serious hurts.

Although usually accompanied by a groom, young Roosevelt rode away alone yesterday afternoon, astride of a mount that many an adult horseman would view with alarm. In Rock Creek Park's bridle paths, the boy, probably glad of an opportunity to ride without the detaining voice of a cautious groom, and exhilarated by the fresh autumnal air, put the horse to a gallop.

Swept from Saddle.

The sudden and unexpected honk of an auto horn did the rest, and in a few seconds the gallop was assuming the proportions of a headlong runaway. Robert, bent on stemming the speed of the frightened horse, failed to [illegible] to pass beneath a tree and was caught under the chin by a branch [illegible] the horse galloped on.

The boy ran after the horse and after a long search met Motorcycle Policeman Trenis, of the Seventh precinct station, who was leading the animal. Trenis had caught the horse after a fast ride. The policeman wanted to lead the horse until he could find a man to take the animal to the stable, but Robert demurred at thought of returning home on a street car.

DEMOCRATS MAY FORM COALITION

Senator Gore Intimates That Combination Will Be Effected on Tariff.

That the tariff programme of the Democratic party will be dependent in some degree at least upon the Progressives in the Senate was indicated last night by Senator Thomas P. Gore of Oklahoma, who returned to Washington yesterday after a strenuous summer utilized in electing Gov. Wilson.

Senator Gore believes that tariff revision will be the first and most important work of the new administration, and that the narrow Democratic majority in the Senate will necessitate an appeal to the Progressives for support in some of the schedules at least, providing the Democrats decide upon schedule by schedule revision instead of a blanket cut as in the case of the Payne-Aldrich bill.

"The tariff issue is paramount in the minds of the country, and undoubtedly will be the first work attempted by the Sixty-third Congress," said Mr. Gore last night. "Tariff revision will to some extent settle the trust question. It is a true, if trite, saying that the tariff is the mother of the trusts. Time was when to adjust the one would settle the other, but that time has gone by now, and it probably will require some additional legislation to adjust the trust question.

"We have, of course, a large majority in the House and will have a majority of two in the Senate, now that Oregon has elected a Democratic Senator."

Senator Gore was reminded that the Democrats had not always stuck together when the House was sending over tariff revision bills last session, and it was suggested that this majority of two might prove insufficient in the cases of some schedules, as, for instance, the sugar schedule, from which the House bill removed all duty. It was suggested in the case of this schedule that the two Louisiana Senators had voted with the Republicans or not at all, and that there might be two others—the Senators from Colorado—who would not care to have the duty entirely removed from the highly protected beet sugar industry in their State.

"Well," returned the Oklahoma senator, "the Progressives have shown a disposition to go along with us on tariff legislation."

"Will that not mean, in the case of the sugar schedule, that a compromise will have to be struck, such as resulted in the Bristow sugar bill last session," he was asked.

"I am not authorized to speak for the Progressives," he returned.

Mr. Gore did not care to hazard an opinion on the chances of an extra session, though he indicated [illegible] [illegible]

[illegible] OCCUPANTS OF DEATH CAR

Detective Squad to Make Arrests of Those Responsible for Satterfield's Death.

TRACK LEADS TO MARYLAND

Every Cross-road and Main Artery Raked by Officers from the Capital.

After covering hundreds of miles of Maryland roads in search of the trail of the quartet of men who ran down and killed Charles Satterfield and then fled in an auto, leaving him to die in the streets, the auto posses of detectives, policemen, sheriffs, and deputies who left Washington yesterday with the avowed intention of not returning without their prisoners were last night reported to have picked up the trail and to be closing in on the quarry.

Brief telephone advices received at police headquarters in this city from the posses, scattered in Prince George and Charles counties, late last night encouraged police officials to believe that the four fugitive autoists sought for Satterfield's death will be in custody this morning before the church bells begin pealing, and the arrest of the quartet before nightfall is regarded in the light of a certainty.

According to the word telephoned to the officials directing the hunt, the posses have learned the identity of the man who owns the auto which ran down Satterfield, as well as the identity of the four men who occupied the machine when it struck Satterfield, and their supposed whereabouts. The last word received from the posses was that they had started for the place where they expect to capture the men, and as this place was miles from the location of the posses when they telephoned, no further word from them is expected until morning.

Sylvester on Job.

Maj. Sylvester lost no time yesterday morning in organizing the search for the autoists. He began the day by offering a reward of $50. Detectives Mullin, Warren, Armstrong, Grant, Springman, and O'Brien started in pairs for Maryland. Each of the three pairs of plain clothes men entered an auto and left the city for Maryland, each auto taking a different road.

Capt. McCall detailed Policemen [illegible] and [illegible] to aid the detectives. Sheriffs [illegible] deputies in Prince George and Charles Counties joined in the hunt. The three autos, all big, high-powered machines, with chauffeurs capable of driving them at maximum speed over the country roads, ran from morning until late at night, covering nearly every pike, road, and by-way in the two counties. Communication between the posses was established through Police Headquarters here.

If the four men in the machine which killed Satterfield are captured to-day and do not fight removal to this city, it is likely that Coroner Nevitt will hold an inquest over Satterfield's body at the District morgue to-morrow. While police officials will not reveal the supposed identity of the quartet of autoists or their supposed whereabouts, it is known that the men are residents of Maryland. This fact explains the eagerness of the men to escape over the Pennsylvania Avenue Bridge to Maryland after running down Satterfield at Pennsylvania Avenue and Fifteenth Street Southeast on Friday night.

The police have found witnesses of the tragedy who say they can identify the auto and its occupants and for this reason the police expect that a coroner's jury will hold the four autoists for the action of the grand jury in the event that the fugitives are apprehended.

Arrangements for the funeral of Satterfield, who was thirty-five years old and a paperhanger living at 721 Seventh Street Northeast, have not been completed.

"Pirates" Steal Private Yacht; Run Up Black Flag

New York, Nov. 9.—A pirate story of fact rivaling those of fiction, in which the $40,000 motor yacht of J. B. Hammond, millionaire typewriter man, might have reached the Spanish machine under the black flag, came to light to-day with the arrest of Dominico Cursi, seventeen years old.

Cusio's arrest followed that of three other members of a pirate crew organized early in the autumn by "Dock" Lehman, twenty years old, graduate of a reformatory, who stole a $2,000 motor boat at Albany, brought it down the Hudson to New York, repainted and renamed it the "Serpent," and started on a career of brigandage. On the night of October 28 they crept alongside the Hammond yacht, went aboard, and in twenty minutes had her under way, headed for the open sea.

What might have happened to peaceful traders did not happen, because an unsympathetic cable, stretched across the entrance to a cove, stopped the yacht before she had gone a 100 yards. The pirates tried to pass it by going full speed ahead, but the cable was to strong. They then abandoned the yacht, returned to the Serpent and made off.

Those of the crew who have been arrested confessed, and as a result the police have recovered several hundred dollars' worth of plunder, taken from motor yachts in night raids in a cave in Hook Mountain, near Nyack, N. Y. The police estimate that the gang stole property worth at least $10,000.

Taft May Lose Idaho.

Boise, Idaho, Nov. 9.—Latest returns from Idaho show President Taft in the lead by a small margin, but as the missing districts are normally Democratic, their vote may place this State in the Wilson column. Haines, Republican, has undoubtedly been elected Governor.

Iowa Governor Republican.

Des Moines, Nov. 9.—The election of George W. Clark, Republican, for Governor, was made certain to-day by verified returns from all but five counties.

[illegible]

[illegible] TO THE [illegible]

The [illegible] have been requested to aid in the search for John Waller and his [illegible] American aeronauts [illegible] in the [illegible] balloon [illegible] on the [illegible] of [illegible]. Acting Secretary of State Adee yesterday cabled the American Embassy at St. Petersburg, asking that the Russian government be requested to look for the balloonists and to aid them in returning to this country if necessary.

VOTES FOR WOMEN CRY OF MARCHERS

Suffragists Hold Torchlight Parade in Historic New York Thoroughfare.

New York, Nov. 9.—Chanting a paean of victory, a solid suffrage phalanx—thousands strong—marched to-night down a shimmering asphalt fairway in Fifth Avenue from Plaza to Union Square. It was the great torchlight parade organized to celebrate the map changing events of last Tuesday which added four stars to the list of suffrage States.

This evening for more than an hour New York's most famous boulevard resembled the lawn of a Chinese mandarin on fete nights. For two miles a broad line of crimson fire ran down lower Fifth Avenue, touching with its magic glow the wonderfully diversified costumes of the marchers a-horse and a-foot and illuminating the faces of half a million cheering sympathizers who crowded the windows, roofs, and sidewalks adjacent to the line of march.

And to them all, every flag that flew, every trumpet that blew, every lantern that gleamed and glowed, betokened the ultimate success of a cause that has come to stay. As Mrs. O. H. P. Belmont put it triumphantly at the close of the parade:

"Our slogan has been 'Victory in New York in 1915.' Perhaps we shall change it to 'Victory in 1914.'"

If the same spirit displayed this evening is shown at the next suffrage assault upon the Legislature it will be a doughty statesman, indeed, who votes against the suffrage amendment.

March Like Regulars.

With the nerve and spirit of a well commissaried army, the hosts of suffrage—men and women, cavalry and infantry—swept down Fifth Avenue in a line formation so perfect that it reminded one of a scene on the West Point parade grounds. Not an untoward incident marred the demonstration.

The parade was led by Beatrice Forbes Robertson Hale, astride a great white charger. Her blond [illegible] the breeze, as she wheeled it behind her escort of mounted policemen at Plaza Square a moment or two [illegible]. As she turned into Fifth Avenue Mrs. Hale's photograph was taken by a woman photographer—another indication of the new order of things. Behind the grand marshal came twenty trumpeters wearing white robes, ten mounted suffragettes, and a "California chorus," under Miss Cora Foy, chanting the "Eastern Woman's Song," composed by Miss Foy; flaming torches and gleaming lanterns, miners' lamps, worn in the hats of the men marchers; red, white, and green flame illuminative effects, and hundreds of pounds of red powder burned, along the line of march and afterward in Union Square.

The Progressive and Socialist parties were represented, but neither the Democrats or Republicans sent their promised delegations. The Progressives and Socialists were represented and held meetings in Union Square with the suffragists later in the evening. There were dozens of these meetings in greater New York to celebrate the western victories, and tons of suffrage literature was distributed.

Candy Is Distributed.

The man's division of the great parade was led by William Schieffelin, president of the Citizens' Union. The Men's College League marched with 100 Barnard girls in cap and gown, headed by Mrs. Charles Tiffany. In Mrs. O. Mackay's suffrage organization marched Mrs. Egerton Winthrop, jr., Mrs. Henry Wisemiller, Miss Caroline Duer, Mrs. Frederick Nathan, and other well-known society women.

The youngest parader was a nine-month-old baby in arms carried by a Socialist woman marcher, while the oldest parader was Miss E. P. Miller, eighty-five, whose advanced age made it necessary for her to ride in a carriage. There was also a canine suffragist in line in the form of Shadput, a shaggy Airedale terrier, the property of Miss Sylvia Loines, of Brooklyn.

A striking note of color was given the moving picture by a decorated automobile bearing Chinese women in native costume and holding aloft transparencies telling of the accomplishments of the Celestial empire since suffrage has been granted the women. Another unique feature was the distribution of 5,000 boxes of candy wrapped in suffrage literature by Dr. Mary Halton in substitution for stones with which "English suffragists feed the public" as she explained.

SENATOR BAILEY MAY RESIGN SEAT

Austin, Tex., Nov. 9.—It was reported here to-day that United States Senator Bailey has resigned from the Senate, to take effect before the December session of Congress begins, and that it was his intention to enter the practice of law.

Gov. Colquitt admitted that some of the Senator's close friends had mentioned the matter to him, and the executive promptly announced that he would appoint R. M. Johnston, of Houston, to fill the vacancy, if the resignation was officially filed.

Oregon Senatorship Democratic.

Portland, Oreg., Nov. 9.—Returns from every county in Oregon practically complete to-day insures another Democratic United States Senator from this state. The Senatorial vote: Lane (Dem.), [illegible]; Selling (Rep.), 34,735; Bourne (Rep.), [illegible]; Clark (Prog.), [illegible]. For President: Wilson, [illegible]; Roosevelt, [illegible]; Taft, 31,842.

[illegible]

GUNMEN DENY [illegible] "SQUARE DEAL"

Gangsters Express Confidence They Can Satisfy Jury of Clean Hands.

MAKE LONG STATEMENT

"Lefty Louie" and "Dago Frank" Say They Never Used "Hop" or "Coke" Either.

New York, Nov. 9.—"Dago Frank," "Whitey" Lewis, "Lefty Louie," and "Gyp the Blood," gunmen on trial before Justice Goff for the murder of Herman Rosenthal, in the first interview since their arrest, issued a united appeal for fair play and bewailed the way in which they say they have been misrepresented. The gunmen, when seen by reporters in the Tombs reception-room, were in a happy mood, and did not show the slightest appreciation whether they may be innocent or guilty of the charge against them, or the seriousness of the accusation and the possibility that the outcome may be the forfeiture of their lives as a punishment for the crime.

While they refused to go deeply into the merits of their defense, they expressed confidence that when their story is told to any twelve men who may be selected to sit in judgment on them the verdict will be "not guilty."

"Dago Frank" and "Lefty Louie" did most of the talking, while "Whitey" Lewis and "Gyp the Blood" added an occasional word in verification, or to strengthen what their comrades said.

"We have been told," said "Dago Frank," "that it is not advisable for us to tell in advance what we're going to do to satisfy the twelve men of our innocence, but I can see no objection to telling the truth any time or any place.

Can Explain Stories.

"I cannot explain where all the false stories about us came from. There is a story that one or all of us are going to make a full confession and make an appeal for the acceptance of a plea of murder in the second degree. Not one of us has thought of making any confession, and why should we make a plea to anything when we are not guilty?

"These stories are all wrong. We are going to be tried for murder in the first degree. What would be the use of [illegible] to [illegible] and selecting a jury if [illegible] to make a plea? Men take [illegible] a trial, and I can see no reason for putting us in the false light of making a confession. Only guilty men confess.

"Then there is another thing that annoys me. It has been represented that I am a 'hop' and 'coke' fiend.

"The truth is that I have never used opium, morphine, cocaine, or any other drug in my life, and if you want to find out if this is not so ask Dr. McGuire, the prison physician?"

"This confession business," chimed in "Lefty Louie," "makes me tired. I know all that my pals here know, and any confession that we can make will show that we are innocent of this charge. All that we ask is for the judge, the jury, the District Attorney, and the newspapers to give us a square deal."

"How are you going to get over the testimony of Shapiro, the chauffeur?" asked a reporter. "He says he took you all to the Hotel Metropole, and after the shooting he took you all away in the murder car."

"Don't worry about Shapiro," replied "Lefty Louie." "We shall take care of him all right."

One of the reporters shuddered at the possibility that Shapiro might be taken care of in the same way Rosenthal was, and the roving eye of "Lefty Louie" caught the meaning of the expression on the reporter's face.

"Lefty" Claims Virtue, Too.

"I don't mean," quickly spoke "Lefty" Louie, "that he will be taken care of in the way you think."

The gunmen exchanged glances and laughed heartily.

"Whitey Lewis exclaimed: "Nothing doing in that line just now."

"They have me down also" continued Lefty Louie, "as a 'coke' fiend and smoking 'hop.' Why I never smoked even a cigarette in my life let alone the pipe. I smoke a good cigar when I can get it, but I have not seen many good ones recently."

"How are you going to overcome the positive identification of several eye-witnesses of the shooting of the two men who fired the shots at Rosenthal?"

"Those identifications," replied Lefty Louie, "won't stand investigation. Take Krause, the waiter. He couldn't pick out a feather bed. When I was brought to court I saw some one who was with Krause point me out to him. At that time I had my watch chain hanging outside my coat pocket and he carried that in his mind. The next day when we were taken to court I had my watch chain concealed in my vest and Whitey Lewis put his chain on the outside of his coat, just to test the waiter.

Picked Wrong Man.

"Krause, after looking around for the watch chain, then picked out Whitey as me, and Krause could not understand why we laughed at him.

"The way the identifications have been arranged in the District Attorney's office is an outrage. A mad dog would be given a fairer chance."

"What answer can you make to Rose, Webber, and Vallon, who will testify that you were hired and paid $1,000 for shooting Rosenthal at the Hotel Metropole?"

"That is what they have said," replied "Lefty Louie." "We cannot tell now what will be said to brand that story as false, but just wait, until we have the chance to tell the truth about our relations with Rose, Webber, and Vallon."

"Just wait," chimed in "Gyp the Blood." "We want to tell the story no matter who may be hurt and put in its true light the testimony against us and the men who have charged us with this crime. If Mr. Whitman wants to hear the story he will have a chance."

Charles F. G. Wahle, chief counsel for the gunmen, served upon District Attorney Whitman a notice demanding the producing of documentary evidence in his possession, for the use of the defendants at their trial.

Mr. Wahle also notified Mr. Whitman [illegible]