

By Telegraph to the New-York Tribune.

NEW-YORK LEGISLATURE.

SENATE. Albany, Monday, Jan. 13, 1852.

The Senate met at 12 M. The Chair announced the following Committee: On Claims—Messrs. Jones and Sullivan. On the Report of the Board of Supervisors—Messrs. Hunt and Van Hook. On the Report of the Board of Supervisors—Messrs. Hunt and Van Hook. On the Report of the Board of Supervisors—Messrs. Hunt and Van Hook.

ASSEMBLY.

A Report from the Superintendent of the Bank Department was received.

Also, Reports from the Commissioners General, Inspector-General and Adjutant-General. They were all ordered to be printed. A resolution was received from the Canal Board, asking an investigation into the Canal Contract Letters.

Governor of Massachusetts.

Boston, Tuesday, Jan. 13, 1852.

The House of Representatives, to-day, elected George S. Boutwell as one of the candidates to be sent up to the Senate for Governor of Massachusetts, by two majority over all others.

Resignation of the Mexican Minister.

WASHINGTON, Tuesday, Jan. 13, 1852.

M. De La Rosa, the Mexican Minister, has resigned on account of ill health. He took leave of the President yesterday.

Termination of a Great Law Suit.

CINCINNATI, Monday, Jan. 12, 1852.

The great case of Irwin versus Longworth involving property to the amount of half a million dollars was decided this morning by the Court in favor of Irwin. It has been in Court seven years.

The Southern Mail.

BALTIMORE, Tuesday, Jan. 13, 1852.

The Southern mail brings nothing beyond Washington.

Movements of Professor Kinkel.

LOUISVILLE, Monday, Jan. 12, 1852.

Professor Kinkel left here today for New-Orleans. He spoke once in this city, but his speech has not been published.

Sudden Death.

BOSTON, Tuesday, Jan. 13, 1852.

Capt. Rowland R. Crocker, Vice-President of the Commercial Insurance Co. of New Bedford, died suddenly yesterday, of disease of the heart. He was formerly a ship master in the European trade, sailing from New-York.

More about the Explosion of the Magnolia.

SAVANNAH, Monday, Jan. 13, 1852.

It has now been ascertained that the number of lives lost was twelve. They comprised the hands of the boat.

Cotton Receipts.

NASHVILLE, Monday, Jan. 13, 1852.

The receipts of Cotton at Nashville, this season, have been 10,562 bales against 16,867 to the same time last year.

Error Corrected.

COLUMBUS, Monday, Jan. 13, 1852.

The intervention bill reported on Saturday as passed by the Ohio Legislature was laid on the table and ordered to be printed.

Mail Robber Arrested.

CINCINNATI, Monday, Jan. 12, 1852.

A man named Daniel Dier, the driver of the mail wagon between the depot and Post-Office, at Columbus, has been arrested on a charge of robbing the mail, numerous letters having been found in his possession. He was committed to answer in default of \$2,500 bail.

Markets—Reported by Telegraph.

NEW-YORK, Friday, Jan. 10, 1852.

Cotton was in active demand. On Friday 2,900 bales were sold and prices fully sustained. Yesterday there was an advance. Strict Middling is quoted at 17c. Sales of the week 8,000 bales. Stock to-night 121,000 bales. Receipts at all the southern ports 1,600 bales a day. Yearly Whisky has declined 800 barrels sold at 7c.

The Alabama has arrived from Chagres, San Juan, Nicaragua, &c. No news.

The quotation for middling Cotton to-day was 7 1/2c. Sales 3,600 bales.

BALTIMORE, Tuesday, Jan. 13, 1852.

Our markets are steady and prices about the same. The weather is again bitterly cold.

THE NEW-YORK STATE COLONIZATION SOCIETY.

At a meeting of the New-York State Colonization Society, held January 12, 1852, it was, on motion of Mr. G. P. Dineen, as follows:

Resolved, That the unanimous thanks of the New-York State Colonization Society be presented to His Excellency Governor Hunt, for the very able, independent, and favorable manner in which he has referred to the great plan of African Colonization, in his recent annual message to the Legislature, and for the kind and generous manner in which he has expressed the sentiment that he expresses on the subject—"that it is a work in which Christians and patriots can unite their efforts, without involving the country in political or geographical dissension."

Aid to Hungary.

An immense Hungarian sympathy meeting was held at Madison Square, N. Y., on Monday evening last.

Resolved, That the unanimous thanks of the New-York State Colonization Society be presented to His Excellency Governor Hunt, for the very able, independent, and favorable manner in which he has referred to the great plan of African Colonization, in his recent annual message to the Legislature, and for the kind and generous manner in which he has expressed the sentiment that he expresses on the subject—"that it is a work in which Christians and patriots can unite their efforts, without involving the country in political or geographical dissension."

DEATH OF HON. LEMUEL SAWYER.

We learn that Hon. Lemuel Sawyer, for a number years a Representative in Congress from the State of North Carolina, died in this city on Friday night of a disease of the heart. (Washington Republic.)

Interesting Letter from New-Mexico.

Correspondence of the St. Louis Republic.

SANT FE, Monday, Oct. 20, 1851.

The matter of the greatest moment to this country, which has happened since I last wrote to you, is the termination of the expedition against the Navajos, and the return of its commander, Col. Sumner, to head quarters.

The troops marched into the Navajo country, made a halt at the "Cajon Blanco," or "White Defiance." This Cajon is about fifty miles from Santa Fe, and is bounded by high mountains. Col. Sumner pushed forward to the famous "Cajon" or "White Defiance," where he entered some twelve miles, encountering Indians the whole way. He did not go through it. The Indians were very annoying, and no effectual stop was put to their annoying, by the banking party.

REVISION OF THE TARIFF.—A Washington correspondent of The Journal of Commerce states that Senator James, of Rhode Island, has framed a project for a modification of the Tariff of 1846, and having consulted several members in regard to it, will soon present his scheme to the Senate, with the approbation of some of the leading Opposition members of both Houses.

REPARATION.—The English creditors of Portugal are making a fuss because the Government of that impoverished country have declared that they can't pay the interest on its debt, but will, instead, give the bondholders new scrip to the amount of interest due them, said new scrip to bear 1 per cent. interest, with a tolerable chance that this 4 per cent. will be paid in like manner, and so on forever.

From Texas. The steamship Mexico, Capt. Paine, arrived yesterday from Galveston, bringing tidings of that place to the 30th ult., inclusive, and the mails from the interior.

THE ADOPTED CITIZENS.—THE INDUSTRIAL CONGRESS.—W. J. Young has written us a letter in answer to Mr. Whitney's observations relative to foreigners, which he characterizes as narrow, unwise and unsound. On behalf of the Industrial Congress, he says there is in it but a small sprinkling of foreigners, and repudiates Mr. Whitney's interference in what the Congress could decide for itself.

NORFOLK, VA.—The Mechanics Association celebrated its forty-second Anniversary on the 8th inst., and chose officers for the year—President, George W. Farant, Secretary, Thos. G. Broughton, "The Memory of Franklin" and "General Education" were among the toasts.

NEW-HAMPSHIRE.—Hon. Edmund Burke Editor of The Newport Argus, and formerly of The Washington Union, is the Delegate to Baltimore from the Old Congressional District; substitute, W. L. Foster.

ANOTHER CHRISTIANA TRIAL.—Samuel Williams, a colored preacher, was put on trial in the U. S. District Court, Philadelphia, before Judge Kane, on the 12th inst., charged with misdemeanor in giving information to the alleged slaves of Mr. Gorsuch that the man-hunters were on their track. After considerable time spent by counsel as to the method of proceeding, a Jury was empanelled and the District Attorney, Mr. George L. Ashland, made his opening speech. The result of this trial, should the prosecution sustain the charges, will determine whether a person can be made amenable to the penalties of the outrageous "Fugitive Slave Law" for what may be termed a constructive obstruction.

EMIGRANTS TO LIBERIA.—Fifty-one negroes, emancipated by the will of the late John W. Houghton, left this city on Wednesday morning last, in the steamer Hancock, for Savannah, on their way to Liberia. They will leave in the packet which is expected to sail from that port for Liberia in a few days. Ample provision is made by the will for an outfit for them and for their support for a reasonable time after reaching the Colony.

WASHINGTON. Significant Events.

Correspondence of The N. Y. Tribune.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 11, 1852.

The week that has just closed upon us has been an eventful and important one. Much has occurred during the six days that have passed to be long remembered—much to become hereafter important elements of good or evil, of advancement or abasement alike of individuals and of parties, according as the future may develop and mature their consequences.

REVISION OF THE TARIFF.—A Washington correspondent of The Journal of Commerce states that Senator James, of Rhode Island, has framed a project for a modification of the Tariff of 1846, and having consulted several members in regard to it, will soon present his scheme to the Senate, with the approbation of some of the leading Opposition members of both Houses.

REPARATION.—The English creditors of Portugal are making a fuss because the Government of that impoverished country have declared that they can't pay the interest on its debt, but will, instead, give the bondholders new scrip to the amount of interest due them, said new scrip to bear 1 per cent. interest, with a tolerable chance that this 4 per cent. will be paid in like manner, and so on forever.

From Texas. The steamship Mexico, Capt. Paine, arrived yesterday from Galveston, bringing tidings of that place to the 30th ult., inclusive, and the mails from the interior.

THE ADOPTED CITIZENS.—THE INDUSTRIAL CONGRESS.—W. J. Young has written us a letter in answer to Mr. Whitney's observations relative to foreigners, which he characterizes as narrow, unwise and unsound. On behalf of the Industrial Congress, he says there is in it but a small sprinkling of foreigners, and repudiates Mr. Whitney's interference in what the Congress could decide for itself.

NORFOLK, VA.—The Mechanics Association celebrated its forty-second Anniversary on the 8th inst., and chose officers for the year—President, George W. Farant, Secretary, Thos. G. Broughton, "The Memory of Franklin" and "General Education" were among the toasts.

NEW-HAMPSHIRE.—Hon. Edmund Burke Editor of The Newport Argus, and formerly of The Washington Union, is the Delegate to Baltimore from the Old Congressional District; substitute, W. L. Foster.

ANOTHER CHRISTIANA TRIAL.—Samuel Williams, a colored preacher, was put on trial in the U. S. District Court, Philadelphia, before Judge Kane, on the 12th inst., charged with misdemeanor in giving information to the alleged slaves of Mr. Gorsuch that the man-hunters were on their track. After considerable time spent by counsel as to the method of proceeding, a Jury was empanelled and the District Attorney, Mr. George L. Ashland, made his opening speech. The result of this trial, should the prosecution sustain the charges, will determine whether a person can be made amenable to the penalties of the outrageous "Fugitive Slave Law" for what may be termed a constructive obstruction.

EMIGRANTS TO LIBERIA.—Fifty-one negroes, emancipated by the will of the late John W. Houghton, left this city on Wednesday morning last, in the steamer Hancock, for Savannah, on their way to Liberia. They will leave in the packet which is expected to sail from that port for Liberia in a few days. Ample provision is made by the will for an outfit for them and for their support for a reasonable time after reaching the Colony.

For The N. Y. Tribune. HENRY CLAY.

By Mrs. J. A. MURKIN.

On noble Statesman! Watching at thy door, stands the Fair Angel! waiting day by day, E'en now his shadow leans thy threshold o'er, Ready to bear thee from thy sickly bed.

When Death at last shall close those eyes so dear, And lay thee down in long and dreamless sleep, Hatred and Doubt shall mourn beside thy bier, And tardy Justice there shall kneel and weep!

Then Jealousy no more shall blast thy name: All that hath pained thee shall be laid aside, Bereft, eternal in historic fame. Thy country shall embrace thee in her pride.

Gain be the glory of thy days' decline: Gentle the shaft that strikes the final blow, On Christian Patriot! be thy victory thine, In God's great name, whose orb holds thee in go.

Kossuth and Freedom. The following letter from Gov. Kossuth to the citizens of Pittsburgh, suggesting ways and means for making operative and practical the sympathy of our People for the cause of Hungary and European Freedom, will be welcome to thousands of generous hearts all over the country.

WASHINGTON, Tuesday, Jan. 6, 1852. Dear Sir: It is with the feelings of gratitude that I received the generous resolutions passed by the City of Pittsburgh.

My first leading idea, is that the ways in which the funds for Hungary is subscribed, are not less important than the amount of the subscription. One hundred thousand dollars subscribed by one hundred thousand men, tell more than the same sum collected by one hundred wealthy people.

But even these committees and associations in the different places, should sub-divide their action. Energetic men who are friends of the cause, taking the matter in their hands, will easily organize Lady's associations, Working-men's associations, Military associations, associations of the Bench and Bar, Democratic Whig party associations, in one word they will give an organic and cooperative frame to the sympathy of the masses without mixing up with any other party idea.

COLUMBUS, GA.—This city has elected a "Southern Rights" Mayor and Marshal; remainder of city officers, "Union Party" men. There were four candidates for each of the offices of Mayor and Marshal. Among the issues raised was the removal of the negro parts from the city and the location of factory operatives on the other side of the river.

WASHINGTON. Significant Events.

Correspondence of The N. Y. Tribune.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 11, 1852.

REVISION OF THE TARIFF.—A Washington correspondent of The Journal of Commerce states that Senator James, of Rhode Island, has framed a project for a modification of the Tariff of 1846, and having consulted several members in regard to it, will soon present his scheme to the Senate, with the approbation of some of the leading Opposition members of both Houses.

REPARATION.—The English creditors of Portugal are making a fuss because the Government of that impoverished country have declared that they can't pay the interest on its debt, but will, instead, give the bondholders new scrip to the amount of interest due them, said new scrip to bear 1 per cent. interest, with a tolerable chance that this 4 per cent. will be paid in like manner, and so on forever.

From Texas. The steamship Mexico, Capt. Paine, arrived yesterday from Galveston, bringing tidings of that place to the 30th ult., inclusive, and the mails from the interior.

THE ADOPTED CITIZENS.—THE INDUSTRIAL CONGRESS.—W. J. Young has written us a letter in answer to Mr. Whitney's observations relative to foreigners, which he characterizes as narrow, unwise and unsound. On behalf of the Industrial Congress, he says there is in it but a small sprinkling of foreigners, and repudiates Mr. Whitney's interference in what the Congress could decide for itself.

NORFOLK, VA.—The Mechanics Association celebrated its forty-second Anniversary on the 8th inst., and chose officers for the year—President, George W. Farant, Secretary, Thos. G. Broughton, "The Memory of Franklin" and "General Education" were among the toasts.

NEW-HAMPSHIRE.—Hon. Edmund Burke Editor of The Newport Argus, and formerly of The Washington Union, is the Delegate to Baltimore from the Old Congressional District; substitute, W. L. Foster.

ANOTHER CHRISTIANA TRIAL.—Samuel Williams, a colored preacher, was put on trial in the U. S. District Court, Philadelphia, before Judge Kane, on the 12th inst., charged with misdemeanor in giving information to the alleged slaves of Mr. Gorsuch that the man-hunters were on their track. After considerable time spent by counsel as to the method of proceeding, a Jury was empanelled and the District Attorney, Mr. George L. Ashland, made his opening speech. The result of this trial, should the prosecution sustain the charges, will determine whether a person can be made amenable to the penalties of the outrageous "Fugitive Slave Law" for what may be termed a constructive obstruction.

EMIGRANTS TO LIBERIA.—Fifty-one negroes, emancipated by the will of the late John W. Houghton, left this city on Wednesday morning last, in the steamer Hancock, for Savannah, on their way to Liberia. They will leave in the packet which is expected to sail from that port for Liberia in a few days. Ample provision is made by the will for an outfit for them and for their support for a reasonable time after reaching the Colony.

COLUMBUS, GA.—This city has elected a "Southern Rights" Mayor and Marshal; remainder of city officers, "Union Party" men. There were four candidates for each of the offices of Mayor and Marshal. Among the issues raised was the removal of the negro parts from the city and the location of factory operatives on the other side of the river.