

Business Notice.

As the business of the Union establishment, in view of the proposed change in its terms, will be conducted strictly on a cash basis, all accounts for the collection of subscriptions for the Union are hereby notified...

SENATOR DOUGLAS ON SLAVERY IN THE TERRITORIES.

In our last issue we published a communication, under the signature of Southern Democrat, in relation to the position of Mr. Douglas on this subject. We desire to do full justice to the Illinois senator on this and all other questions...

SUPREME COURT OF THE UNITED STATES.

MONDAY, FEBRUARY 28, 1859. On motion of Hon. R. W. Thompson, Robert Blackledge, Jr., et al., of Indiana, was admitted an attorney and counselor at this court.

COURT OF CLAIMS.

MONDAY, FEBRUARY 28, 1859. Ephraim F. Gilbert et al. vs. The United States. Mr. Tyson closed the argument in this case for the claimant, and the case was submitted.

TREASURY NOTES.

Mr. PHILIPS, of Missouri, asked leave to report from the Committee of Ways and Means a bill to revive and continue in force for two years the act entitled "An act to authorize the issue of treasury notes."

THE ABOLITION.

These islands, I am favored, will again be the theatre of destitution and suffering the coming season, as they were in 1858. An official despatch from Charles W. DeLany, esq., United States consul at Faya, to the State Department, under date of January 5, 1859, says:

"DINNER PARTIES."

At dinner parties will be furnished to families at \$2, \$4, and \$5 per hour; or, if preferred, a breakfast table can be sent to their residences to prevent dinner for the most moderate charge of 25 or 30 cents.

would close in a few days, and before he retired to private life he deemed it incumbent on him to make a personal explanation, in order to defend himself from some unjust charges...

There was another reason for his going to him which did not influence those two great men whom he had mentioned. They left no fiscal descendants, but he desired to be able to transmit an unblemished reputation to his posterity...

In the course of his remarks he spoke in severe terms of Col. Sidney Sherman and Res. James H. Perry, D. D., the latter of whom had been lecturing in New York city on the subject of the battle of San Jacinto...

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

On motion of Mr. MAYNARD, of Tennessee, the report of the select committee appointed at the last session of Congress to investigate the conduct of the late Clerk of the House of Representatives (Mr. Collins) was ordered to be printed...

PERSONAL EXPLANATION.

Mr. REAGAN, of Texas, made a personal explanation, growing out of the reply of Mr. BYRAN, his colleague, to the question of Mr. KILGORE, of Indiana, as to where he would go when he went out of the Union...

UNITED STATES LAWS IN MINNESOTA.

Mr. CRAIGIE, of North Carolina, from the Committee on the Judiciary, reported back Senate bill to extend the United States laws to the State of Minnesota...

THE NAVAL INVESTIGATING BILL.

The House then resumed the consideration of the bill making appropriations for the naval service for the year ending June 30, 1860, reported from the Committee of the Whole on the state of the Union on Saturday last...

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ORDER OF BUSINESS.

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proviso that from and after the 4th day of March, 1859, not more than sixteen hundred dollars per annum shall be allowed as special aid of the Post Office Department as compensation for services...

On motion of Mr. WILSON, amendments were adopted reducing the appropriation for advertising from \$79,000 to \$50,000; reducing the appropriation for mail bags from \$20,000 to \$40,000; reducing the appropriation for printing blanks from \$30,000 to \$40,000; and reducing the appropriation for wrapping paper from \$5,000 to \$40,000.

In reference to the above amendments, Mr. W. made a statement as to the immense profits heretofore derived from the printing of post office blanks, and he had been informed that those profits were divided among politicians and political newspapers in Philadelphia...

Mr. CAMELION said the information could all be obtained by having a committee of investigation appointed; and when he got an opportunity, he would make that motion.

Mr. YULEE submitted an amendment giving extra compensation to the clerks in the Washington city post office; which was not agreed to.

Mr. WYAN moved to strike the clause after the appropriation of \$100,000 for postage stamps and stamp envelopes, providing that the contract for the same shall be given to the lowest responsible bidder, after due public notice, saving the rights of any contractors now existing according to law; which was agreed to—yeas 32, nays 14.

Mr. YULEE moved to amend the bill by adding provisions abolishing the franking privilege; which were under discussion at midnight when our report closed.

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in, in the chair, and proceeded to the consideration of the bill making appropriations for purely civil expenditure of the government for the year ending June 30, 1860.

Mr. PHILIPS, of Missouri, stating that this was the last day upon which appropriation bills could be sent to the Senate without a joint suspension of the rules, and there still remained, besides the bill under consideration, the mail steamer and fortification appropriation bills, moved that the committee rise for the purpose of terminating debate.

Mr. WASHBURN, of Wisconsin, said the bill required more examination and discussion than could be had under the five-minute rule, and hoped the motion would not be agreed to.

And then, on motion of Mr. PHILIPS, the House again went into Committee of the Whole, (Mr. Boeck in the chair), and resumed the consideration of the miscellaneous appropriation bill.

Mr. WASHBURN, of Wisconsin, moved that the appropriation of \$250,000 for continuing the survey of the Atlantic and Gulf coasts of the United States be stricken out, which amendment was rejected.

Mr. BURNETT, of Kentucky, moved that the appropriation of \$350,000 for continuing the extension of the treasury extension to \$60,000; which amendment was agreed to.

Mr. LEITCHER, of Virginia, moved that the appropriation of \$200,000 for continuing the work upon the Charleston custom-house be stricken out; which amendment was agreed to.

Mr. BURNETT, of Kentucky, moved that the appropriation of \$250,000 for the custom-house at New Orleans be stricken out, which motion was agreed to.

Mr. CRAIGIE, of North Carolina, moved that the appropriation of \$40,000 for the Agricultural Bureau of the Patent Office be stricken out; pending which—

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