

## THE INDIANS MAY YIELD

### Another Conference Held at the Leech Lake Agency.

## GEN. BACON'S PROPOSITION

### He Wants the Pillagers to Give up the Men Wanted and Then They May Go Home—The Redskins Desire to Tell Their Grievances to All the World—Father Aloysius's Bravery.

Walker, Minn., Oct. 10.—Another conference was held this afternoon at the Leech Lake Agency between Gen. Bacon, Indian Inspector Thacker, Flatmouth, head chief of the Chippewas, and seven other representative braves, including Mah-Chi-Gah-Down, the head brave of the Pillager tribe.

Gen. Bacon told the Indians present to get word to the Bear Islanders that if they would give up the men wanted by Marshal O'Connor, and come in themselves, they would then be allowed to return to their homes, but if they persisted in staying away there were thousands of soldiers who would follow them until they would be unable to offer further resistance.

At the request of Mah-Chi-Gah-Down, the general proposition was put in writing, and an Indian runner and interpreter left immediately with it for the hostile camp. It is believed that the proposition will be accepted.

Indian Commissioner Jones reached Walker tonight and will hold another conference with the chiefs tomorrow at the agency.

The Indians have a long list of grievances which they will lay before him. They will also refuse to come into the council unless all the correspondents for the papers who are now here are allowed to attend. They say this is the first opportunity they have had in years to lay their case before the people, and they want it given the widest possible publicity.

The messengers sent by Father Aloysius to the hostile camps have not yet returned, though they are expected momentarily. It was thought they would go to their camp regardless of their answer. He has lived among them for twenty-three years, speaks their language fluently, and is said to possess more influence over the braves than even the chiefs themselves. He is confident that he will be able to bring the Pillagers to accept Gen. Bacon's terms.

The expected early morning attack on the city did not occur.

The lumbermen continue to come into Walker and all tell of Indians moving toward Bear Island. The Redskins, they say, are well armed and have plenty of ammunition.

The friendly Indians from Bear Island claim that they have good reason for refusing to attend yesterday's council. They declare that they had started for the agency, but were met by a messenger, who told them that the soldiers had surrounded Leech Lake village and would kill them if they attempted to enter.

They turned back, but later they learned that the story was untrue. They were then asked by agency runners to attend today's council, which they promised to do.

## PANIC INCREASES AT FARRIS.

### Indians Expected to Attack the Town Before Joining the Outlaws.

Minneapolis, Minn., Oct. 10.—A dispatch from Farris says the panic there is increasing. The Indians who have been taking their families to places of safety, are expected to return and make an attack on the town before joining the Deer Island hostiles.

The citizens are practically unarmed and would make feeble resistance if attacked.

It is known that there are a number of desperate Indians living north and west of White Earth, who would join the renegades with little provocation.

## GEN. BACON'S ORDERS.

### He May Call Out Volunteers if He Deems It Necessary.

Telegraphic instructions have been sent by Adj. Gen. Corbin to Gen. Bacon, commander of the troops at Walker, Minn., directing him to hold a conference with Gov. Coughlin in reference to further proceedings against the hostile Pillagers and for the protection of life and property from the lawless reds. He has also been directed to station troops along the railroad in the vicinity of the scene of the outbreak in sufficient numbers.

The same dispatch authorizes Gen. Bacon to order out the Minnesota volunteers now on furlough, should their services be deemed necessary.

## WHITE EARTH INDIANS LOYAL.

### Their Chiefs Assure the Government of Continued Friendship.

The only information regarding the Leech Lake Indian troubles, which reached the Interior Department yesterday, was contained in the following telegram from the chiefs of the band of Chippewas at the White Earth Agency, which is in close proximity to the scene of trouble:

"Commissioner of Indian Affairs, Washington: We hear with regret of the trouble at Leech Lake, and wish to assure the Government of our continued friendship and of the loyalty of the Mississippi band of Chippewas at White Earth."

"MAY-SHAW-KE-GE-SHIG,  
"JOE,  
"TAY-CUM-E-GE-SHIG,  
"CRETT."

## CITIZENS GUARDING FARRIS.

### Indians Reported Encamped Two Miles From the City.

St. Paul, Minn., Oct. 10.—A special Farris report has been received here of the killing of a white man near Bear Island yesterday.

Armed citizens are guarding this city, as a band of 120 Indians were encamped two miles north of the town last night. Settlers are seeking shelter in towns along the railroad. Indians tried to purchase ammunition at Graceland yesterday.

The gathering of the Chippewas about Leech Lake has caused a veritable panic. It is now reported that the Indians

## ALGERISM'S LATEST BUD

### More Mismanagement Charged on Board the Manitoba.

## TROOPS SAIL HUNGRY AWAY

### The Forty-second New York, En Route to Porto Rico, Suffers From a Mix-Up in Callan's Schedules—Packed Aboard a Dirty London Cattle Boat—Happy Prospect for Six Days at Least.

Newport, R. I., Oct. 10.—The Forty-second Regiment sailed this evening for Porto Rico, the coast of Spain, and the United States. The regiment was packed aboard a dirty London cattle boat, Knistled men are complaining bitterly.

There has been great confusion about meals and the men have gone hungry for sixteen hours.

They slept in hammocks and cold draughts last night. Many bought sugared high wines from the crew, paying \$1 for one-half pint.

When the vessel started there were camera flashes by the score, but relatives of the men on board were few.

The transport anchored in Narragansett Bay, but weighed anchor at 3:35. Fifty men were left behind in camp, awaiting their discharge.

The distance to Porto Rico is 1,613 miles, and the voyage will be made if the weather is fair in six days. The captain says a storm is brewing, though everything is sunshine.

The ship is jammed with ammunition, hence smoking has been prohibited, but was indulged in on the sly.

All are well on board, though none of the privates had had anything to eat today up to the time the ship left.

The men wonder at so much mismanagement after all the criticism there has been.

The regiment will be assigned to garrison duty. The Porto Rico Commission; Dr. H. C. Carroll, special commissioner; Charles E. Buell, secretary, and Alfred Solomon, interpreter—who go on the ship, will proceed overland to San Juan, the capital of the island, to begin their investigation into the political affairs of the island as soon as they are landed.

## THE SITUATION IN CRETE.

### Much Bloodshed Would Result in the Enforcement of the Ultimatum.

London, Oct. 10.—A dispatch to the Times from Candia, Crete, represents the inhabitants as being in a great panic lest the Sultan should refuse to withdraw his troops from the island. Hence the exodus already reported.

If the evacuation of the Ottoman troops is refused, a collision between the British and Turkish forces seems, according to the Times's correspondent, to be inevitable.

The British admiral is determined to enforce his orders for the withdrawal of the troops. The Turkish soldiers desire to leave, but unless they receive the Sultan's orders they must remain and fight. They would be re-enforced by the Bashibazouks. Considering the small number of efficient weapons surrendered, it is ridiculous to suppose that the Bashibazouks have been disarmed. Anyhow, while the Sultan does not reply to the ultimatum, the enforcement of the withdrawal of the troops would be attended by much bloodshed. A bombardment would be inevitable. There would be a British force of 4,200 men, with ten field and eight Maxim guns, against whom the Turkish force would be 10,000 men, with regulars, with artillery and a strong force of Bashibazouks.

Admiral Pothier, the French commander, who is at Canea, has promised the Moslems there forty-eight hours' notice if extreme measures are necessary.

## VOORHEES'S LITTLE SURPRISE.

### He Will Not Resign as Acting Governor of New Jersey Today.

Trenton, N. J., Oct. 10.—Contrary to expectation and the plans which have been given out, Foster M. Voorhees will not resign as acting governor tomorrow. This is asserted by Senator Stokes, of Cumberland, and Alexander Orlin, of Philadelphia. Col. Edward Fox, executive clerk, who passed Sunday with the governor, also stated that he will not resign this week. The reasons for delay are being kept quiet. It is stated that certain important business relative to some State institutions had suddenly arisen, which required the governor's attention during the coming week. His "stumping" tour is also given out as a reason why he will not be in this city tomorrow.

It is likely that important political reasons are back of the decision to delay the resignation and unexpected events may be looked for.

## PARIS PRESS UP IN ARMS.

### The Patrie Says Delcasse Must Reply in Kind to England's Insults.

Paris, Oct. 10.—The evening papers here make no attempt to conceal their ill humor over the correspondence between the French and British foreign offices ament Fashoda.

The Patrie says it counts on M. Delcasse, French minister of foreign affairs, making adequate reply to the insolent attitude assumed by England.

The Gazette de France says that the conduct of England on the Upper Nile puts to shame the French government, which does not dare to prevent the English from carrying out their plans.

## ON HIS WAY TO OMAHA.

### The President is Accompanied by His Nephew.

Canton, O., Oct. 10.—President McKinley started for Omaha tonight. The special train from Washington passed through here and picked up the President's car in which he had been waiting for nearly an hour.

James McKinley, the President's nephew, went with him on the trip. There was a large crowd at the station when the train left which the President greeted with a pleasant smile as he passed his car in which he had been waiting a few days, and then go to Chicago.

## Yankee Tickets via B. & O.

To the West Wednesdays, Fridays and Saturdays; also East and North at one fare for the round trip. For particulars see B. & O. agents.

Oct. 9, 11, 13, 15, 17, 19, 21, 23, 25, 27.

There's nothing in the Lumber Line that you can't get at Libbey & Co. They're noted for handling fine lumber.

## SEEK OUR NAVY SECRETS.

### Foreign Powers Want to Know About the Gunners' Proficiency.

## ENGLAND WINS IN CHINA

### The New-Chwang Extension Loan Final Contract Signed.

## CHINESE REIGN OF TERROR

### Huang, Former Consul at Singapore, and Lately Minister-Designate to Japan, is Arrested—The Progressives Fear the Dowager Empress's General Proscription—The Native Press Suppressed.

Peking, Oct. 10.—The final contract for the New-Chwang Railway extension loan of £2,500,000 sterling has been signed by the director of railways and the Hong Kong and Shanghai Bank.

An edict has been issued ordering the suppression of the native press and the punishment of the editors.

It also cancels the new methods for the examination of students that were promulgated during the last year. The new method will be welcomed, as the new method means the depriving of some hundred thousand students of the fruits of their labor.

The board of agriculture is abolished and its president is degraded. All officials who petitioned for reforms are dismissed.

Shanghai, Oct. 10.—Huang, former Chinese consul at Singapore, and lately minister-designate to Japan, has been arrested here by order of the Dowager Empress in connection with the reform government.

## REFUSED MEDICAL SUPPLIES.

### Col. Maus Makes Charges Against Gen. Shafter.

Col. L. M. Maus, chief surgeon of the Seventh Army Corps, commanded by Gen. Lee, in his report to the War Department, reflects rather sharply upon the administration of Gen. Shafter. He states that upon his arrival at Jacksonville to take charge of the medical department there, he found no medical supplies.

Col. Maus thereupon sent Major Pletcher to Tampa with a requisition for supplies for one division. The requisition was approved by Major Benjamin F. Pope and when it was passed to Gen. Shafter for his approval he flatly refused to honor it. He then ordered Major Pletcher to return to Tampa and about a week later the supplies were sent to him. The requisition was not sent to him until January 13 that he obtained supplies from Tampa through Gen. Miles.

## FIGHTING YELLOW FEVER.

### The Government is Sending Aid to the Stricken Districts.

The Government is lending active aid in the fight against the yellow fever outbreak. Yesterday Surgeon General Wyman, of the marine hospital service, conferred with the Acting Secretary of the Treasury about the situation in Louisiana and Mississippi.

The surgeon general stated that he has a large force of physicians and nurses at work in the infected localities who are acting in concert with the State authorities.

Four inspectors and an interpreter have been ordered by Immigration Commissioner Powderly to proceed to Pensacola and inspect the yellow fever cases. The vessel is expected to arrive there tomorrow or Thursday with 1,600 Italian immigrants who were intended for New Orleans but owing to the yellow fever outbreak, the line there were ordered by Surgeon General Wyman to proceed to Pensacola.

## THE ROOSEVELT TAX CASE.

### A Motion to Discontinue the Proceedings Granted Yesterday.

New York, Oct. 10.—The motion of Col. Theodore Roosevelt for leave to discontinue proceedings brought without his knowledge or authority while he was at the war, to review his personal tax assessment for the current year in this country, was granted by Justice Smyth, of the Supreme Court, today. In spite of the efforts of the corporation counsel to prevent the payment, the tax had been paid into the treasury of the city while the case was still pending.

When the motion for discontinuance came up yesterday, a representative of the office of the corporation counsel stated that the tax had been paid and he would offer no objection.

## NO OPPOSITION TO WHEELER.

### Republicans of the General's District Report Honor the Hero.

Huntsville, Ala., Oct. 10.—The Republicans of the Eighth Congressional District held a convocation today and decided to run a candidate against Gen. Joseph Wheeler.

However, they refused to endorse Wheeler war record, because of his extreme partisanship.

Wheeler now lacks only the formality of election.

## RECIPROcity IS IMPOSSIBLE.

### Canada Opposes It Almost as Strongly as the United States.

Quebec, Oct. 10.—The final adjournment of the international commission looked gloomy today. The closing sitting lasted but half an hour.

Reciprocity, it is now almost universally admitted, is an utter impossibility. There is almost as great an outcry against it in Canada as in the United States. The boat and shoe manufacturers, who are the leading supporters of Sir Wilfrid Laurier, waited on him today and protested vigorously against any free trade with the United States in boots and shoes, claiming that if it is granted it will crush the boot and shoe factories here, which are the mainstay of Quebec's population. As it is, local manufacturers find it difficult to compete with the United States, which pay 35 per cent duty to come in here.

The remaining American commissioners are being entertained at a ball at the Garrison Club tonight and leave for home tomorrow.

## GERMANY AND THE VATICAN.

### The Pope's Address to French Pilgrims Annoys the Kaiser.

## PAROCHIAL MISSTIONS Meeting Tonight.

### Church of Epiphany.

Speakers: Bishops of New York, Kentucky, Tennessee, Vermont and Washington.

## Flynn's Business College, 27th and R.

Business, shorthand, typewriting—\$5 a yr.

## The Weather—Libbey & Co. 237—

Increasing cloudiness, followed by showers.

## MARKING TIME AT PARIS.

### Major Marchand's Dispatches Are Eagerly Awaited.

## MORE SPANISH IMPUDENCE.

### Two Hundred Visayas Insurgents Killed by the Enemy.

## M. HANOTAUX HOODWINKED.

### M. Clemenceau Says He Was Sold Bogus Letters From the Kaiser.

Paris, Oct. 10.—M. Clemenceau, in an article in the Aurore, asserts that letters purporting to have been written by the German emperor to him in the Dreyfus dossier, not, indeed, as originals, but as photographs. These, he declares, were palmed off as authentic upon M. Hanotaux, formerly minister of foreign affairs, who palmed them off to M. Clemenceau. Clemenceau challenges the veracity of those statements.

## VON BUELOW RECALLED.

### It is Stated That His Successor Has Been Chosen.

Berlin, Oct. 10.—Herr Von Buelow, Prussian minister to the Vatican, has been recalled. The evening papers here make the impression prevailing that his recall is tantamount to a declaration of war between Emperor William and the Pope.

The National Zeitung announces that Herr Von Buelow's successor has been chosen, and this has been confirmed by an official attache to the foreign office.

## AUSTRIA'S NEW DEPARTURE.

### Automobile Transport Wagons and Gun Carriages to Be Used.

Vienna, Oct. 10.—The Austrian war office has been experimenting with automobile transport wagons and gun carriages. The experiments proved highly successful, and it is stated that wagons and gun carriages of this character will be adopted by the military authorities.

The evacuation of Crete.

Paris, Oct. 10.—According to Le Matin, the foreign ambassadors at Constantinople have refused to modify the terms of their ultimatum to the Porte requiring the withdrawal of the Turkish troops from Crete and a favorable reply thereto is expected on Wednesday.

## ELECTRIC CARS IN THE Soudan.

### Paris, Oct. 10.—Le Gaulois says that M. Felix Duboué will shortly start for the Soudan, the object of his trip being to ascertain to what extent the country is adapted to the use of electric motor cars. Japanese Sailors for Pekin. Yokohama, Oct. 10.—The Japanese government has ordered the landing and immediate march to Pekin of a force of blue jackets to protect the Japanese legation there.

## TWO CUBAN PORTS DEMANDED.

### Their Quick Surrender Asked of Havana by Col. Hecker.

Havana, Oct. 10.—The Cubans are celebrating today the anniversary of the uprising at Yara against the Spaniards in 1895, which was the beginning of the ten years' war. The insurgent camps around Havana were decorated with flags, and many Cuban families from the city visited them, carrying flowers and other gifts. Gen. Mayau Rodriguez, the insurgent leader, was the recipient of a number of presents from sympathizers in Havana and the neighboring towns of Guanabacoa and San Antonio.

Yesterday Col. Hecker received an enthusiastic reception as he traveled from Guanabacoa to Mariel. In Havana province, he was engaged in examining locations for camping grounds for the American troops when they arrive. When the train reached Guanabacoa the station was crowded with people, who shouted "Viva los Americanos!"

Col. Hecker was struck by the orderly conduct of the people everywhere. Work has been resumed and many huts that had been vacant for a long time are now occupied by families. No starvation was seen by Col. Hecker.

Col. Clifton, secretary of the American Commission, visited Capt. Gen. Blanco and demanded the quick surrender of two ports in order that food might be imported for the reconquerors.

Major Beebe is very ill with yellow fever. The diagnosis has been confirmed by local physicians. He was crowded through the efforts of the British consulate here, Lorenzo Dupuy, a naturalized American citizen, who was arrested by the Spaniards in March last, was liberated today.

## WHERE THE VALUE OF CHAMPAGNE IS ESTABLISHED.

It is an interesting fact in connection with the prices of the various brands of Champagne that these are fixed by the London market, and the relative value thus established regulates the price lists of the world. It is also a fact that in England the price is always based solely on the quality of the Champagne, which undoubtedly explains the reason why for many years Pommery has been quoted higher than other brands. It is this fact which has led to the almost universal use of Pommery at all the official and royal social events and functions in Europe.

## GERMANY AND THE VATICAN.

### The Pope's Address to French Pilgrims Annoys the Kaiser.

Rome, Oct. 10.—The Rome press asserts that in consequence of the Pope's speech to the French pilgrims Saturday morning

## THE YELLOW JACK TERROR

### Paralyzation of Mississippi Government Continues.

## RELIEF ACTS NECESSARY

### When the Legislature Convenes It Will Be Called Upon to Make Valid Many Business Transactions Made Without Licenses—Two Checker Players Sully See the Supreme Court "Opened."

Jackson, Miss., Oct. 10.—Each day new incidents occur that prove in what a desperate condition are the general affairs of the State of Mississippi, on account of the desertion of their posts by those high in authority.

Today being the day set for the opening of the Autumn session of the supreme court in Jackson, the marshal, as required by law, cried "Open, Open," in the deserted rotunda of the capitol, and the sittings were constructively begun.

The ceremony was an empty one, however. The benches in the supreme court room were deserted. The justices are all out of the city. Two lawless citizens were playing checkers in the apartment.

Another empty ceremony of importance also took place today in the empty capitol. The representative of the New York Home and the Queens Insurance Company of America made an unavailing effort to make a tender of \$100,000 to the treasurer of the State, that being the amount of privilege tax due from two companies under the law of the State, contracts made without previous payment of privilege tax being void.

Going to the door of the treasurer, he knocked in the presence of witnesses. No answer being returned, he knocked at the office of the State auditor, with the same result. Going to the office of the secretary of state he found that official at his desk, the sole representative of the State government on the free silver ticket in the last campaign.

The secretary of state refused to receive the money, because of want of authority, and gave the check to the State auditor, who sealed with the great seal of the State to the effect that the tender had been made to him and further that there was no one in the capitol authorized to receive it.

Under the state of affairs, relief acts will, of course, be passed at the next session, more than anything else. The appeal to the Government has not yet borne fruit. The board of health is tonight in receipt of a communication from Surgeon General Wyman, in which he states the Government cannot furnish nurses or provisions for sufferers, but can only establish detention camps and maintain a corps of inspectors and physicians.

The State board is reiterating the necessity of depopulation in infected towns as the only method of escaping the plague.

Scarce a corporal's guard of Jackson citizens remain, but today the State health officers advised everybody who could to fly. In each newly infected place the same tactics are pursued. The only established detention camps show the gravity of the situation.

Two new counties are reported infected tonight and three towns were added to the already large list. The fever had not previously been reported.

Nearly all the parishes in southern Louisiana have obtained permission from the State board of health to establish quarantine against New Orleans and accept the fate of that city. They declare that they find the quarantine worse than the yellow fever.

The scare in Louisiana is very much less than it was a few days ago.

## WORSER THAN THE FEVER.

### Louisiana Parishes Want the New Orleans Quarantine Abolished.

New Orleans, Oct. 10.—The Louisiana State board of health reports four new cases of yellow fever and five deaths for New Orleans for Saturday and Sunday. A fatal case is reported from West Baton Rouge, a parish where the fever had not previously been reported.

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## A SOLDIER FATALLY WOUNDED.

### He Attempted to Assault a Provost Guard and Was Shot.

Jacksonville, Fla., Oct. 10.—John Corbett, Company A, First North Carolina, was shot and fatally wounded by Clint Robinson, Company I, Fourth Illinois, one of the provost guards, tonight.

Corbett, who is a big man physically, was drunk and crossing a row of sentries, who, in small numbers, attempted to arrest him, when Corbett picked up an ax-handle and started for him. Robinson warned him to stop, but Corbett paid no attention, save to circling him. Robinson fired in the air, but not stopping Corbett, he hastily slipped in another cartridge, and fired, the bullet striking Corbett in the breast and passing through the left lung.

It is thought that Corbett will die before morning. Robison is expected from blame by his officers, as he only fired in self-defense.

## AMERICAN BANK IN HAWAII.

### New York Capitalists Will Extend Operations to Honolulu.

San Francisco, Oct. 10.—A morning paper says among the passengers who will sail for Hawaii tomorrow is a party of New York capitalists, who, upon their arrival at Honolulu, are expected to establish a bank to be capitalized at \$1,000,000.

## WILL NOT RE-ENFORCE DEWEY.

### The Oregon and Iowa Will Remain in the Pacific Squadron.

Chicago, Oct. 10.—Commodore Albert Kautz, the newly-appointed commander of the Pacific Squadron, passed through Chicago Sunday, en route to San Francisco. He announced that the battleships Oregon and Iowa, recently ordered to sail from New York to Honolulu, are not destined to re-enforce Dewey's fleet. He declared that they would remain part of the Pacific Squadron.

## Save Money in Buying Furniture.

In the auction sale at Sloan's, 1407 G Street, today will be found some choice furniture, paintings, etc., all to be sold to the highest bidder. Sale opens 10:30 a. m. You save from 25 to 50 per cent in buying this way.

## Everybody is Impressed by quality of our Clear Spruce and White Pine.

Clear Spruce is practically as good as White Pine and costs about half as much at Libbey & Co.'s 237.

Everybody is impressed by quality of our Clear Spruce and White Pine. Fine. Libbey & Co. 6th & N. Y. Ave.

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The Weather—Libbey & Co. 237—Increasing cloudiness, followed by showers.

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