

Matheson
"Silent Six."
EQUIPPED WITH LIMOUSINE AND P. M. I. LIMOUSINE BODIES BY BREWSTER & CO. Broadway at 62nd Street.

CUBAN VETERANS HOSTILE
Movement to Oust Pro-Spanish Officials Growing.

Havana, Nov. 12.—The agitation of the Association of Veterans for the exclusion from public office of all persons hostile to the Cuban cause in the war of independence, especially former guerrillas and native Cubans affiliated with the Spanish side, is becoming more acute. All over the island meetings were held yesterday, and were attended by many thousands of veterans, who declared themselves to be fully in accord with the central body at Havana. In the town of Moron, Puerto Principe province, the veterans compelled the Mayor to resign.

The leaders in the movement do not agree on the policy to be pursued. Extremists like Colonel Arzuda and General Loynaz de Castillo are advocating an ultimatum that "all guerrillas and traitors" shall be compelled to resign by November 27. Some of the extremists even threaten lynching in the event of refusal. The moderates, such as General Eusebio Hernandez and Colonel Piedra, favor peaceful measures, and to this end committees are engaged in drafting bills to alter the civil service law so as to exclude former pro-Spaniards.

President Gomez takes the stand that all Cuban citizens are equal before the law, regardless of their political antecedents. He deprecates as unpatriotic the efforts to revive past animosities. He is anxious however, to conciliate the veterans as far as possible.

The importance of the movement is enhanced by the fact that the veterans belong to all political parties.

SUNDAY'S NEW-YORK TRIBUNE
Mailed anywhere in the United States for \$2.50 a year.

NEW JERSEY CENTRAL
FAST TRAINS TO Philadelphia
(1 HOUR AND 50 MINUTES)
HAVE PROVEN SO POPULAR THAT THE DINING CAR SERVICE DE LUXE, WHICH HAS MET WITH SUCH WARM APPRECIATION FROM ITS PATRONS, HAS BEEN INCREASED BY A DINNER ON 11 A. M. TRAIN.

DINING CAR SERVICE
On 7 and 9 A. M., 11 A. M., 12 Noon, 1 P. M., 3 and 6 P. M. TRAINS.

A FAST TRAIN EVERY HOUR ON THE BOAC, 7 A. M. TO 10 P. M. and at mid-night with sleepers FROM LIBERTY ST. TO 15 MINUTES OF THE RIVER FROM W. 202 ST. Hard Coal—No Smoke—No Tunnels

YOUR WATCH IS YOUR TIME TABLE

DINING CAR SERVICE DE LUXE

Jaeger
Sanitary Goods

The celebrated Jaeger Underwear is suitable alike for men, women and children, and for all conditions of health and occupation. Recommended by the Medical Profession everywhere.

Explainers catalogue and samples free on request.

NEW YORK STORES
306 Fifth Ave.
22 Maiden Lane
Brooklyn Branch 504 Fulton St.

Good Ale at Bed-time

is a fine foundation for sound, refreshing sleep. Not only is it a delicious sedative, but it nourishes and rebuilds the system, strengthening it for the next day's work. To-night, before retiring, drink a glass of

Bass Ale

On Draught and In Bottle Everywhere

Special Pin-Clacks 50 million, for family use on draught at home, from any draught store, dealer or jobber. Bass & Co., 90 Warren St., New York.

MANCHURIA REPUDIATES THE MANCHU DYNASTY

Viceroy Elected President of Autonomous State Having No Connection with Peking.

ITS NEUTRALITY DECLARED

Chi-fu Goes Over to Revolutionists—All Consuls in Nanking Leave the City—Yuan Shih-kai in Peking.

Moukden, Nov. 13.—The Association for the Preservation of Peace, which is all powerful here, to-day passed resolutions which amount to a declaration of autonomy for the provinces of Manchuria.

General Chao Erh-shun, the Viceroy, was elected president, and Brigade Commander Wuh Siang-chen and Wu Yun-len, the latter the speaker of the local assembly, were made vice-presidents.

General Oshima, Governor General of the Liao-Tung province, in which Moukden is situated, is returning here from Berlin.

Peking, Nov. 13.—General Chao Erh-shun, Viceroy of Manchuria, who has been elected president of the province under the declaration of autonomy, has sent a message to the government that he was unable to oppose the Moukden assembly's declarations, which are:

First—That the revenues shall be retained by the province, which will have no connection with the Peking government, old or new.

Second—That the province will assist neither the Chinese nor the Manchu soldiers.

Third—That the government will afford the fullest protection to foreigners.

The government continues gathering Manchu recruits at Peking, but soon will be unable to meet the payments. It is not believed here that the Chinese can mobilize an army about Peking large enough to venture an attack, but the government's inability to collect revenues from a single provincial centre is almost certain sooner or later to bring about capitulation.

Yuan Shih-kai, the last prop of the Manchu dynasty, has reached Peking at last. He came to-day accompanied by 2,000 troops and was warmly greeted by the administration. In honor of his arrival an edict was issued appointing him commander of all the troops in the vicinity of the capital. Great efforts are being made to induce him to accept the Premiership, but he has given no definite answer as yet.

The National Assembly to-day discussed the question of the immediate opening of Parliament. The matter was referred to a committee, which will consult with Yuan Shih-kai.

The opinion is held at the legations that there are serious complications in store for China and greater sufferings than she has yet endured. The prospects of intervention by powers other than Russia and Japan are beginning to be discussed. Winter is expected to terminate the massed movements of troops, but there will be longer death rolls through famine, even in Chi-Li province. The people in the central section are already supplementing their food with the bark of trees.

The American Consul at Chung-King, Albert W. Pontius, informs the legation that nearly one hundred foreigners are making ready to leave Chung-King for Shanghai. Of these, thirty-one are Americans.

A report reached here to-day that 2,000 imperialists at Hankow have deserted to the enemy and that the remaining imperial garrisons at that port have also gone over to the rebels. According to a consular report the Hankow consuls at a meeting recently held there agreed, with one exception, that it is impossible for the imperialists to capture Han-Yang or Wu-Chang. They therefore discussed the question of asking the government to withdraw the imperial troops to the north, because when the commissariat is empty they are likely to commit depredations and endanger the foreign concessions.

The November Boxer indemnity has not been paid and the December indemnity will likewise be defaulted. Even should the government be able to recover the five provinces immediately surrounding the capital, the financial administration cannot be reorganized besides defaults of other debts besides the indemnities occur, and it is feared that intervention for the collection of pledged revenues cannot be averted.

The rebels took over Chi-Fu quietly to-day. General Chang Shao-tsen, the commander of the Lan-Chau troops, has arrived at Tien-Tsin with a bodyguard of thirty men. He is lodging in the foreign concessions.

Paris, Nov. 12.—Describing the arrival of Yuan Shih-kai at Peking this evening the correspondent of the "Temps" says: "It means important support of the Manchu throne, because Yuan represents military leadership and is the only man in China inspiring confidence enough to secure financial assistance abroad."

"The population of Peking, which last week seemed ready to join the rebels," the correspondent telegraphs, "will certainly be greatly influenced by the Chinese statesman's return to the capital."

Shanghai, Nov. 13.—Chi-Fu, the treaty port and coal station, went over to the revolutionists at 3 o'clock this morning. There was no fighting. The rebels took possession of the total's yamen, the telegraph offices and the forts.

Nanking, Nov. 13.—The American and other consuls and the foreigners under their protection, acting under the advice of the commanders of the German and British war vessels here, will move out of the city immediately. The commandants stated that they could not protect the lives and properties of those who remained inside.

Thirteen Chinese gunboats arrived this afternoon. They are not flying any flag, but their officers stated that they would run up the republican colors later in the day. Two cruisers and three gunboats have moved up the canal, ostensibly with the purpose of selling the rebel position.

Wu Ting-fang, the former Chinese Minister to the United States, who recently resigned the appointment of Secretary of Foreign Affairs under the proposed reform administration, has telegraphed a long address to Peking urging the regent, Prince Chun, to abdicate. He points out that since the Emperor's edict admitting responsibility for present conditions and promising reforms there has been an atrocious massacre and ten provinces have severed themselves from the throne without a struggle.

Wu Ting-fang adds that nothing but the

adoption of republicanism can secure peace and stop the shedding of blood. The regent, he says, should emulate the example of the ancient Emperors, Yao and Han, who abdicated after choosing the best available substitute. Dr. Wu promises that if the regent will take up and work for the republic the citizens will respect and support him in a style compatible with his birth, inasmuch as the peace and safety of the Manchu clans are not excluded from the national aims.

Thirteen vessels of the imperial fleet went over to the revolutionists this morning, hoisting the white flag. One of the largest cruisers dipped the white ensign in salute to the foreign warships, to which none of them responded.

The tension here is increasing. It is estimated that the population has increased by two hundred thousand in the last week, and a scarcity of food is beginning to be felt.

This is regarded as one of the most dangerous features of the situation. Unless the self-restraint of the mob is greater than is believed, the continued absence of organized government cannot fail to result disastrously.

Washington, Nov. 13.—A report from Admiral Murdock tends to minimize the extent of the massacre at Nanking. However, he confirms the report that the place has become uninhabitable for foreigners, and as his line of communication with the marine guard at the American Consulate has been interrupted owing to the refusal of the Chinese military to permit his messengers to pass, he has been obliged to withdraw his guards. This has rendered necessary the closing of the consulate.

All American women and children have already been withdrawn from Nanking, and it is presumed that, now the consulate has been closed, the few Americans remaining will depart. The British and German consulates at Nanking also have been closed, according to Admiral Murdock. He is preparing to take aboard the warship New Orleans all of the archives of the American Consulate there.

Amoy, Nov. 13.—A Japanese cruiser arrived here this morning. Warships of Japan have been within two hours' call by wireless, but have not yet approached the harbor because of the defavor shown by the Chinese toward any action which appeared like Japanese interference.

The Tartar general Hai Fong-tsing has fled to Ku Lang-su. General Sun Tsiow-long, who had been held as a hostage in the palace of the Tartar general, appeared to-day, and notified all the officials in Southern Fu-Kien province to remain at their posts and preserve public order. The women and children of the missionary families have been summoned to Amoy, but the men continue their duties at the mission stations.

A report from Chang Chou-fa says that the city was taken by the revolutionists last night. Seventy per cent of the population fled. There was little violence, but much thieving.

Foo-Chow reports an improvement in the situation there.

MOSLEM ARMY REINFORCED

Young Turks to Petition King George for Intervention.

Skirmishes were reported outside Tripoli.

A reinforcement of four hundred men reached the Turkish force from Gariin.

Washington, Nov. 12.—The Turkish forces are now united in front of Tripoli, with a considerable strength of artillery, but little ammunition, according to dispatches collected at the Italian Embassy to-day. Two platoons of Italian grenadiers were surprised by Arabs on Saturday, and a skirmish followed, the Italian forces reporting seven wounded.

The arrival of a battalion of four hundred Turks at Alzaira, from Gariin, is also reported from Italian sources.

The birthday of King Victor Emmanuel was celebrated in Tripoli yesterday. The authorities distributed money to the poor in the mosques of the city.

Geneva, Nov. 13.—The Young Turk headquarters in Switzerland were advised to-day from Salonica that two delegates from the party of Union and Progress had been sent to Port Said to seek an interview with King George, who is due there shortly on board the steamer Medina, and to ask him to intervene and end the Turco-Italian war.

The Turks are prepared, it is said, to acknowledge the loss of the city of Tripoli, but with a heavy indemnity and an acknowledgment of their suzerainty in Tripoli, as in Egypt.

Marseilles, France, Nov. 13.—Officers of the American cruiser Chester, which arrived from Tripoli Saturday, are unanimous in the opinion that there is no real danger at the scene of the Turco-Italian war. Commander Decker, accompanied by Alphonse Gaulin, the American Consul General here, came ashore this afternoon and paid visits to the Prefect and the naval and army commanders, who will return the call to-morrow. Commander Decker will forward an official report on the situation at Tripoli to Washington.

Officers of the Chester state that during the night of the 11th the Turkish forces, located east of the city were directing an ineffective fire against the Italian warships in the roadstead. This continued up to the time the Chester sailed at 3 o'clock last Tuesday night. The officers think the Italians control the situation in the city of Tripoli, but apparently the epidemic is not serious among the Italian forces.

The general impression of the Italian "garrison" service was that it was very effective in facilitating the advance movements of the Italians. From the clearing the conditions could be seen many miles above the forts in the harbor and over the coast, the press of which concealed Arabs and Turks. Mr. Wood of the American Consulate at Tripoli, decided to remain at his post, as he considered he was in no danger.

TO HARNESS CANADIAN RAPIDS

Englishmen to Incorporate Company with Capital of \$100,000,000.

(By Telegraph to The Tribune.)

Ottawa, Nov. 13.—Three rapid rivers in the St. Lawrence River entirely in Canadian territory, the Cedars, Cascades and Coteau, are to be developed for power purposes by an English syndicate. The promoters are about to incorporate a company with an authorized capital of \$100,000,000 and with a charter from the Dominion government.

It is believed here that English promoters hope to defeat the ambitious plans of the St. Lawrence Power Company, which has for several years been seeking for permission to dam the Canadian side of the St. Lawrence River at the foot of the Long Sault Rapids, toward which the St. Lawrence power was favorably disposed, but which the Opposition, then under the leadership of Mr. Borden, now Prime Minister, resolutely opposed.

POTASH DISPUTE ENDS

Berlin, Nov. 13.—The long continued potash controversy ended to-day, when the German syndicate, the non-syndicate interests and the American dealers ratified the agreement. The contracts existing between the American dealers and the syndicate firms which caused the trouble were cancelled.

WILLIAMS HURT IN RUNAWAY

New Orleans, Nov. 13.—Senator John Sharp Williams arrived here to-day, suffering not a trifle from hurts received in a runaway accident at his home, at Yazoo City, Miss., last at the foot of the railroad station his train ran away and he badly scratched and his right side was injured. Besides, a finger was bandaged. The injuries are not serious.

WILLET TO FACE ARREST

Will Be Charged with Conspiracy, Says DeWitt.

PROBE PUT OFF FOR WEEK

McCooey's Alleged Reference to "Manhattan Methods" of Nominations Quoted on Stand.

William Willett, Jr., will face arrest on a charge of conspiracy when the investigation into the way he obtained the nomination for justice of the Supreme Court in the 2d Judicial District is resumed before Justice Scudder, sitting as a committing magistrate in Long Island City on Monday of next week. This announcement was made last night by District Attorney DeWitt of Queens County.

Mr. DeWitt says the warrant will charge Willett with having conspired to promote unlawfully his own election. The charge of conspiracy is a misdemeanor, and if Justice Scudder sees fit to issue the warrant Willett may be arrested and arraigned at once. He may then ask for an immediate hearing before Justice Scudder in the latter's capacity of a committing magistrate or he may waive examination and elect to go before the grand jury.

Yesterday was devoted to the introduction of further testimony relating to the reports that money was promised to the Independent League branch in Queens for the endorsement of Willett. The examination of two or three witnesses next Monday who were not present yesterday will probably close the investigation.

District Attorney DeWitt, of Queens County, and William A. DeFord, Assistant District Attorney of New York, are both confident that with the close of the hearings there will be sufficient evidence to call for warrants for one or two persons who have figured prominently in the investigation. The evidence will be presented to the grand jury here or in Queens, it is understood, and indictments are expected to follow. The possibility of indictments in New York County has been suggested by certain testimony which would tend to show that if any money changed hands on account of Willett's nomination it was paid in this city.

District Attorney Whitman and Mr. DeFord were in conference with Judge Rosovsky in Part I of General Sessions, where the November grand jury is sworn in, for an hour yesterday after the hearing in Queens had adjourned. Mr. Whitman said afterward the conference was in relation to the Willett investigation, but that he could not discuss the matter further at the present time.

County Judge Humphrey, in charging the November grand jury in Queens, yesterday referred to the Willett inquiry in general terms, and said the matter was of the sort which should come before the grand jury. He said, however, that it would be inadvisable to take any action so long as the present investigation was under way.

Speaking for Willett yesterday, his counsel, Colonel Alexander S. Bacon, said his client courted arrest so that they could get a writ of habeas corpus and have some standing in court. Colonel Bacon charged the investigators with lacking courage to make the arrest. Willett himself appeared confident of the outcome and declared that no case had been made out against him.

Robert Stewart, a member of the executive committee of the Independence League in Brooklyn, was the principal witness yesterday. He denied that he had heard of any money being paid or promised for the endorsement of Willett. Following the Republican and Democratic judicial conventions the Independence League first decided to endorse Justice-elect Van Slicen, the witness said, and switched to Willett because Sheriff Quinn of Queens, chairman of the committee to which the endorsements were left, said Van Slicen had seen Justice Scudder about the endorsement and didn't seem to have much use for him.

Mr. Stewart said there had been no offer of money by the Republicans for any endorsement.

Mr. Stewart had a place on the judiciary ticket when fusion between the Republicans and the Independence League seemed assured, and in explaining why he had been left off he said he had heard different stories about it. One was, he said, that certain Republicans, Alexander M. White and others, had informed the Republican leaders in Brooklyn that they wouldn't contribute to the party fund unless a place was made for Russell Bendler.

"So my name was taken off the ticket and Bendler's substituted," he said.

Referring to a conversation he had with John H. McCooey, Democratic leader in Brooklyn at that time, Stewart said McCooey spoke of hearing that they were "introducing Manhattan methods."

"I asked him what he meant by that," said Stewart, and McCooey replied: "Well, they say that over there they have to put up with \$10,000 to \$100,000 for a Supreme Court nomination. We don't do that in Kings."

Maurice Geronimo, Willett's campaign manager at Far Rockaway, testified that he had not heard of any money being given in Willett's nomination or his endorsement to the Independence League. Herman N. Hansen, a member with Sheriff Quinn of the Independence League nominating committee in Queens, gave similar testimony in regard to Willett's endorsement by the league.

Martinus Willett, brother of William, and Justice-elect Van Slicen are expected to testify at the continuation of the hearing next Monday.

NEW TORY LEADERSHIP

Selection of A. Bonar Law Rati-fied in Unionist Caucus.

London, Nov. 13.—The Unionist caucus at the Carlton Club to-day carried out its programme by unanimously electing A. Bonar Law, leader of the party in the House of Commons, Walter Hume Long and J. Austen Chamberlain, who had suppressed their own aspirations in order to avoid a breach between the Conservative and the Liberal Unionist groups in the party, respectively proposed and seconded the nomination, and as no other name was submitted the motion was adopted by acclamation.

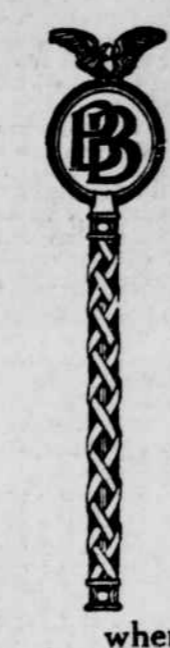
Mr. Law is sitting for the British Division of Lancashire. He was born in Brunelwick in 1828. He gave up active industry for politics eleven years ago and became a strong advocate of tariff reform.

Subscriptions which are already pouring into the coffers of the Tariff Reform League indicate the impetus which will be given to the tariff reform movement by the new leadership. The announcement of the selection of Mr. Law was followed immediately by a whisky distillery in Glasgow in which a gift of \$50,000 toward a protectionist campaign was made.

OLDHAM RETURNS A UNIONIST

London, Nov. 13.—A bye-election for a member of the House of Commons was held in Oldham to-day, made necessary by the decease of the late Sir John Alfred Emmett, Liberal member for that constituency and Deputy Speaker of the House of Commons. E. B. Dennis, the best desired Conservative, contested the last election, but lost to the Liberal Unionist, who gained was due to the fact that a Liberal candidate had been nominated in addition to a Liberal, making it a three-cornered fight.

BROKAW BROTHERS
ASTOR PLACE AND FOURTH AVENUE



Intrinsic Value--

Our reputation for value-giving in Men's and Boys' Clothing dates back to 1856, when we started business on this identical site.

Our steadfast policy of using only dependable woolsens, trustworthy linings and trimmings in the construction of all our garments is stronger in evidence to-day than ever before.

Our Suit and Overcoat models are up to the highest point of correctness in every detail.

Our advanced method of tailoring, constantly improving from season to season, has now reached a standard where it is not necessary for you to have a technical knowledge of Clothes-making to discover the splendid details of thorough workmanship, finish and perfect balance in the fitting qualities of every garment we make.

Our eagerness to embody every practical improvement that makes for better Clothes and lasting shapeliness, accounts for the vast amount of hand-sewing throughout our garments.

We built our business on value-giving. We hope to perpetuate it by a continuance of the same policy which gives us the unique distinction of being the only clothing establishment in New York City located on the same site for more than 55 years.

ESTAB. OVER HALF A CENTURY

FIFTY ON 'SCHOONER SAFE

The Washington, Driven Ashore in Storm, Released.

IN PERIL FOR THIRTY HOURS

Rescuers Succeeded in Getting Line to Vessel After Heroic Battle with Wind and Sea.

Astoria, Ore., Nov. 12.—Rescued from death after a struggle with the elements for nearly thirty hours, fifty persons on the schooner Washington, which struck on Peacock Spit yesterday, to-night reached Astoria in safety on the released ship. During a full day the schooner Captain Bailey ran the Tatosoh in close to the Washington and got a line aboard.

Hundreds of persons, who had gathered on the beach in the early morning hours and watched the vessel all day, momentarily expecting to see her crushed on the rocks near North Head and her passengers and crew swept into the sea, cheered the Tatosoh as it drew the schooner safely into deep water.

Chicago, Nov. 13.—Warmer weather was announced to be on its way to Chicago to-night to take the place of the cold wave that swept across the continent, leaving death and destruction in its wake. The government thermometer began climbing at daybreak to-day and by night the fall had reached 28 degrees, a rise of 18 degrees from the minimum of Sunday night.

Four deaths, much privation and considerable property damage resulted in Chicago from wind and cold. The strong wind of the last two days died down to-night and the weather was that light and variable breezes would obtain to-morrow.

Janesville, Wis., Nov. 13.—With the death to-day of Albert Schmidt, the death list from Saturday's tornado will reach nine. Schmidt was found buried under several tons of hay late Saturday afternoon, terribly injured. His father and two sisters had been instantly killed. Reports from the storm-swept district to-day show that the loss estimated at \$750,000 to \$1,000,000, is about correct.

Dallas, Tex., Nov. 13.—The storm which swept over Oklahoma and Texas on Saturday afternoon and night is declared to have brought the coldest weather for this date in twenty years. At Amarillo, in the Texas Pan Handle, the thermometer showed 19 degrees above zero yesterday, breaking all previous records. Much cotton in the fields was blown from the bolls and lost.

Missoula, Mont., Nov. 13.—A heavy snow is still falling here, and the temperature is rising. The valley has had about five inches of snow, and east of here it is heavier. Twenty-four inches of snow covers the ground at Holsburg and Helena, while in the Bitter Root Mountains it is seven feet deep.

Green Bay, Wis., Nov. 13.—Eugene De-weggers, seventy-one years old, was frozen to death on a country road while returning to his home yesterday. His body was found to-day.

Milwaukee, Nov. 13.—Every vessel that has arrived in Milwaukee to-day has a boat-iceberg. Every arriving boat had faced this vessel-iceberg and the worst November storm in the history of lake navigation. The hull of the steamer Martin-gallon, from Buffalo, was covered with a foot of ice, and the cabin and wheelhouse were even more heavily covered with it.

SEVEN LIVES LOST AT SEA

Four Men on Barge May Swell Total—Many Wrecks Reported.

Sad stories of the sea followed the tales of rough weather along the coast, showing the twisting gale had reaped its harvest of wrecked ships and lost lives.

The schooner Witch Hazel, Port Reading, N. J., at Provincetown, Mass., went on the rocks off New Haven and sank in the first of the week. Captain Reitz, steward Miller and Seaman Mastou were drowned, but two other seamen, sons of the steward, were found at Provincetown by Captain Smith of the British schooner Willona Gertrude, lashed to the rigging, and pinned and unconscious. He took them to the mate, who was taken ashore last night from Sperry Light, Johnson Island, N. J., and died there. He was not in an exhausted condition when he reached the light in mid-morning.

The millrace tide in Plum Gut, at the far end of Long Island, caught the two-masted schooner Edith E. Dennis, New York.

B. Altman & Co.

HAVE IN REGULAR STOCK

AT PRICES THAT PREVAIL THROUGHOUT THE SEASON.

WOMEN'S DOMESTIC UNDERWEAR

AS FOLLOWS:

NIGHT ROBES	AT \$1.02, 1.10 & 1.25
CHEMISES	AT 75c, 85c & 1.10
DRAWERS	AT 50c, 68c & 95c
CORSET COVERS	AT 55c, 75c & 1.10
PETTICOATS	AT 95c, 1.25 & 1.45
COMBINATION GARMENTS	AT 1.75, 2.50 & 4.25
OUTING FLANNEL NIGHT ROBES	AT 1.45, 1.95 & 2.25
PAJAMAS	AT 1.75, 2.00 & 3.50
DRESSING JACKETS	AT 2.25, 3.50 & 6.00

Fifth Avenue, 34th and 35th Streets, New York.

LEWIS & CONGER
Housefurnishing Warerooms

BEST QUALITY ONLY

Cooking Utensils of every kind—Tin, Copper, Aluminum, Nickel and Enamelled Steel, Moulds, Cutlery, Earthenware, China and Glass, Kitchen and Laundry Furniture, House Cleaning Materials, Carpet Sweepers, Vacuum Cleaners, etc.

Refrigerators:
METAL LINED GLASS LINED ENAMELED STEEL LINED
The Perfection of Cleanliness and Economy
130 & 132 WEST 42D STREET, N. Y. C.

TO CURB BOAT SPECULATORS

Tomkins Replies to Letters of Fleet Commander.

Calvin Tomkins, Commissioner of Docks and Ferries, suggested yesterday in a letter to Rear Admiral Osterhaus, commander of the fleet of warships recently assembled in the North River, that there should be a conference between a representative of the admiral, an assistant of Collector Loeb and a representative of the Dock Department to formulate rules and regulations for handling visitors between warships and landing stages.

This suggestion was in response to 100 letters the Commissioner received from the admiral, one thanking the Commissioner for equipping landing stages for the use of the launch and rowboat speculators.

Admiral Osterhaus said that there had been no supervision over these men; that they charged what they pleased, and in many instances after getting money for the round trip failed to provide transportation to shore. As many of the small boats had no names on them they could not be identified by the officers. Persons left on the slips had to be landed by the ships' boats. It was suggested by the admiral that permits be issued to boat owners that they might be identified and punished when necessary.

DR. COOK IS HOME AGAIN

Arctic Explorer Denies He Was "Egged" in Copenhagen.

Dr. Frederick A. Cook is again in our midst. The good ship George Washington, which has borne him across the water and back several times, brought the explorer to the Hoboken docks yesterday morning. Several newspaper reporters and two friends were on the pier to extend greetings.

"The American people," he said, "have been deceived by the report that I was 'egged' in Copenhagen. On the contrary, I was well received in that place, and at the only lecture I gave there two thousand persons were in the hall and five thousand more were outside clamoring for admission. That was the only lecture I was scheduled to give."

"The real object of my trip abroad was to lay the data of my North Pole expedition before the geographical societies of Europe. This I did. Everywhere I received hospitable treatment, and I was not the victim of egg-throating or other unpleasant receptions."

Dr. Cook said he had no particular plans for the future.

COLD SNAP BRINGS DISTRESS

Many families are not able to secure the bare necessities of life because of the illness of the breadwinner, some accident or other unavoidable misfortune.

The first cold blast has increased their distress and forced them to seek our help.

WE KNOW THEY DESERVE ASSISTANCE

Some need coal, others clothing, still others food. Tommy needs a warm blanket. There are hundreds of ways "Helping Hands" can and do relieve suffering.

WON'T YOU HELP US WITH A CONTRIBUTION?

If you and your neighbors will do your share thousands of homes will be brightened and want will be driven from the door.

Send contributions to E. S. MINTURN, Treasurer, Room 212, 195 East 22nd Street, New York Association for Improving the Condition of the Poor.

R. FULTON CUTTING, President.