

vador; Sir Arthur Lawley, Dr. Arizaga, Minister from Ecuador; C. de Bruyne, Minister from Belgium; Earl Stanhope, Minister from France; Senator William Alden Smith, of Michigan; Eugene H. Outerbridge, Governor Otto Eberhardt of Minnesota. Rear Admiral Aaron Ward, Judge E. Henry LaCombe, of the United States District Court; Captain Albert Gleaves, U. S. N.; ex-Judge Alton B. Parker, Andrew Carnegie, Robert Bacon, ex-Ambassador to France, and William Loeb, Jr.

JAPAN ENTERS FORMAL PROTEST TO LAND ACT

Special Meeting of Cabinet Expected to Consider Her Objections to Legislation.

AMBASSADOR VISITS BRYAN

Conferences Suspended While the Secretary Goes to New York, but Will Be Resumed This Morning.

(From The Tribune Bureau.) Washington, May 9.—Secretary Bryan's engagement to speak in New York to-night made it necessary that the negotiations between Viscount Chinda, the Japanese Ambassador, and the Department of State regarding the objections of Japan to the anti-alien land bill passed by the California Legislature be suspended until to-morrow, after a strong formal protest had been presented to-day.

BARON CHINDA.

Japanese Ambassador, who presented his government's protest against the California alien land bill.

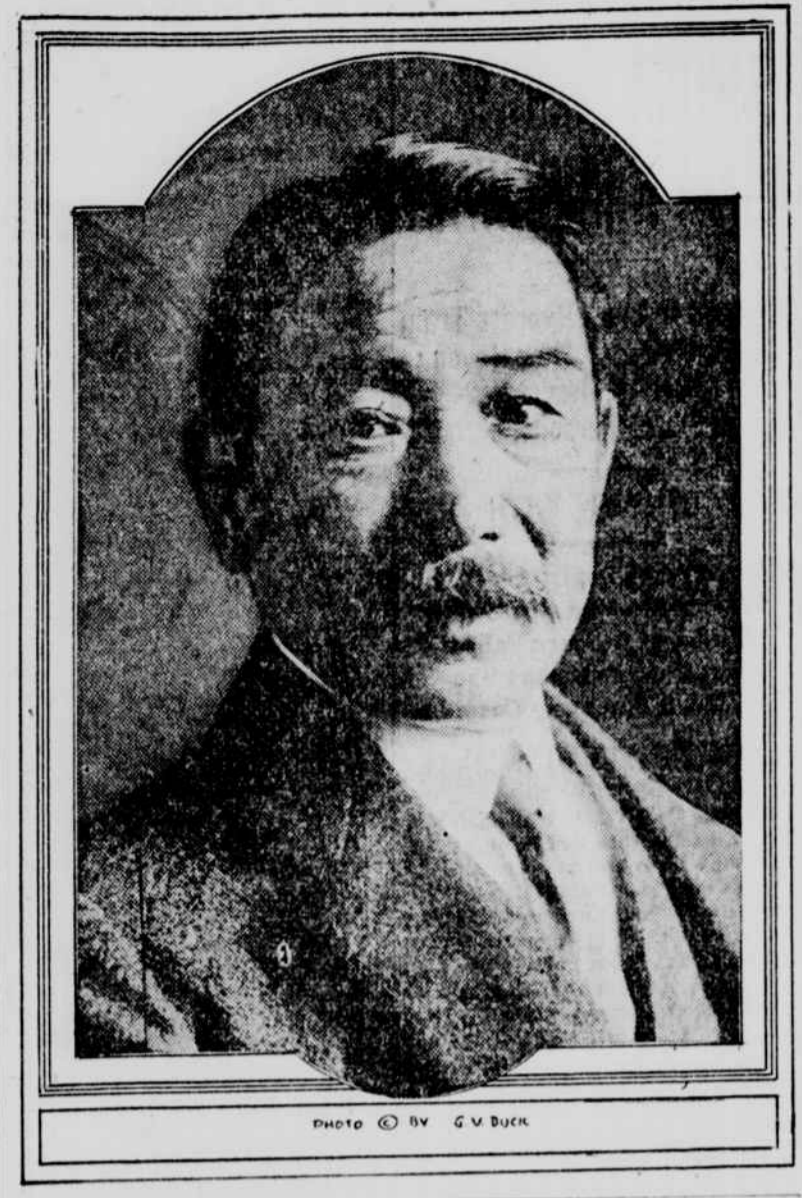


PHOTO BY G. V. BUCK

Warning by Munsterberg. Members of the American conference committee, which met at the Hotel Plaza in the morning, heard a word or two of warning from Professor Munsterberg, of Harvard. He defined for them in plain terms the danger that the non-English residents of the United States might see something internationally exclusive in the forthcoming celebration of 100 years' peace between English speaking nations.

Lord Weardale, head of the English delegation, had sought to allay any distrust which might lurk in the hearts of non-English-Americans the day he and his associates arrived, when he insisted that his visit had no diplomatic significance whatever, and that his conception of the peace celebration was one in which the whole world should have an interest as marking the attainment of an ideal cherished by every nation.

"I have received the impression," said Professor Munsterberg, "which may be a one-sided point of view, that in this glorious movement we should endeavor to avoid as much as possible every appearance of its being pointed against non-English descendants of this country."

"There are a number of foreign newspapers published in this country, and there is not the slightest doubt that there is a certain distrust and a certain fear that if it is possible to do so this movement will bring about slight friction in the direction of those who are not of English descent, that they will be brought into a second line, as if they were citizens of the second class, through this movement which is to emphasize the friendly relations among the English speaking elements of the world."

"Now, I feel sure that that is absolutely far from your views, and from a personal conversation with Mr. Carnegie, which I have not forgotten, I know that what is sought here is a better understanding and good feeling all over the world. But the crowd misunderstands it, and the crowd thinks it means more intimate feelings between the English descendants of this country and England, crowding out somewhat the non-English, and there are many who think that the purpose of this whole movement is to bring America to the service of England in order to fight Germany."

It is the desire of the administration to impress on the ambassador, and through him on his government, the fact that, despite the passage of the alien land act, the situation is still purely tentative. Secretary Bryan will point out to Ambassador Chinda that California's step cannot be regarded as final accomplish so long as there remain two material possibilities by which the legislative act may be set aside. One is its repeal as a result of the referendum, and the other is the possible nullification of the statute by judicial decision.

It is the earnest desire of the administration to avert an appeal by Japan for arbitration by The Hague or any other tribunal. That step must await the termination of the tentative character of the California statute, but it would be one which the administration appreciates would be attended with difficulty, not to say embarrassment, in view of the somewhat narrow limitations common to all the general treaties of arbitration which the United States has with foreign powers.

As the treaty with Japan presents so many different phases, when studied in the light of the anti-alien land bill, it will be some time before the Department of State can express any definite opinion on the question of whether the act is actually in violation of the convention. John Bassett Moore, counselor for the department, is making a careful study of the law and its relation to the treaty, and is not yet prepared to say whether or not a violation of the treaty obligations is threatened.

The nature of the Japanese objections presented to-day can be only surmised, as by mutual agreement the parties to the conference refrained from discussing it. That it is based on the general charge that the California act would discriminate against Japanese subjects is believed certain. It is not known whether a violation of the treaty is alleged or a broad charge made that the principles of international law have been disregarded. The entire correspondence so far had on this subject will be given to the public in the United States as well in Japan.

CLERGY AT FANNING FUNERAL. The funeral of William J. Fanning, who for twenty-five years was counsel for the Hotel Men's Association in this city, was held yesterday morning from the Church of the Blessed Sacrament. The Rt. Rev. Dennis J. Dougherty, Bishop of Jago, Philippine Islands; the Rt. Rev. M. M. Hassett, vicar general of Harrisburg, and others of the clergy were present.

BILL FOR JAPANESE CENSUS TO RENEW TREATY DESPITE TOLLS ACT

Statistical Measure Introduced in California Senate. Sacramento, May 9.—A new bill, providing for a census of the Japanese population of California and for the gathering of information and statistics concerning the class and acreage of lands held by them, was introduced in the Senate to-day by Senator Caminitti, under suspension of the rules.

The investigation is to be made by the State Labor Commissioner, according to the bill, which carries \$10,000 to defray expenses.

CHINA THANKS U. S. Gratified We Took Lead in Recognizing New Republic.

(From The Tribune Bureau.) Washington, May 9.—Both houses of the National Assembly of China have passed resolutions expressing appreciation of the action of the United States in recognizing the republic, and the resolutions will be communicated to this government through the Chinese Minister.

CHINA ACCEPTS THE LOAN First Payment on Account Will Be Made To-day.

Peking, May 9.—The bankers representing the five powers, Great Britain, France, Germany, Russia and Japan, in connection with the loan of \$15,000,000 to China, were notified to-day by the Minister of Finance of China's final acceptance of the loan.

NAVY CALL STIRS NEWPORT Street Criers Summon Men Aboard Submarines.

Newport, R. I., May 9.—Orders to return to their posts immediately were issued to-night to all the enlisted men of the first and second submarine flotillas, which are gathered in Narragansett Bay, with nine battleships, in connection with mimic war manoeuvres. Officers of the submarines also were ordered to their vessels by midnight.

MOROS USE JAP RIFLES Have 2,000 Russian War Guns, Says Captain Mann.

Seattle, May 9.—Captain R. O. T. Mann, of the Philippine constabulary, who arrived from Manila to-day, said the Moros in their recent outbreak used Russian-Japanese war rifles supplied by a German firm. The arms were sent to Singapore, Captain Mann said, and the Moros crossed from Java and obtained a supply.

Marylander Tells Him to Let Senator Fight Alone.

(By Telegraph to The Tribune.) Baltimore, May 9.—Issac Lobe Straus, ex-Attorney General of Maryland, wants to go to the United States Senate. He has read repeated statements in Maryland newspapers that President Wilson has picked out William L. Marbury, of Baltimore, for the next Maryland Senator and intends to do all he can to have his candidate elected.

THINK HE IS SCHILLITONI Police of Rome, N. Y., Believe They Have Murderer.

(By Telegraph to The Tribune.) Rome, N. Y., May 9.—The Home police believe they have in custody Oreste Schillitoni, wanted in New York for the murder of John Rizzo and Policemen Heaney and Teare. The prisoner says he is Benigno Levine, twenty-one years old, of New York. He was arrested with ten other men taken from fast trains on their way West. A detective looking over the train riders was struck by the resemblance of Levine with printed descriptions of Schillitoni, and he was sent to jail for six days on the charge of vagrancy.

HANDS OFF TO WILSON Marylander Tells Him to Let Senator Fight Alone.

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HAVERD WRITERS TO REUNITE. The forty-seventh annual dinner of "The Harvard Advocate" will be held in New York to-night at the Harvard Club, No. 27 West 44th street.

8TH A. D. TO AID SULZER. Leaders of the 8th Assembly District will preside at a public mass meeting in the assembly hall of the University Settlement House, at No. 131 Eldridge street, to-morrow evening to organize a campaign committee to obtain support for Governor Sulzer in his fight for statewide direct primaries.

POLICE HEROES GET MEDALS. For heroic rescuing drowning persons Commissioner Waldo presented a medal and \$5 in gold to each of sixteen patrolmen at Police Headquarters yesterday.

BOY LEAPS FROM RAFT AND RESCUES WITH POLE. Voyage of Three Lads Up East River Halted to Save Another from Drowning.

Willie Erlich, twelve years old, and two other hardy spirits who are known to the police only as "Pete" and "Bonehead," set sail on a raft yesterday afternoon a little above the East River Park, at 84th street, and began poling their way northward. They had progressed about fifty yards upriver when another youngster, who had been playing on the slippery runway of the volunteer lifesaving shack a short distance ahead, lost his footing and pitched into the water.

MANSION IN LANCASTIRE BURNED DOWN BY SUFFRAGETTES—PREMIER GUARDED IN LONDON.

(By Cable to The Tribune.) London, May 10.—Militant suffragettes yesterday set fire to and totally destroyed a large untenanted mansion near Barrow-in-Furness, Lancashire. Suffragette literature found scattered on the lawn surrounding the house left no doubt as to the authorship of the outrage.

"GENERAL" DRUMMOND ILL In Serious Condition, Due to Hunger Strike, Her Physician Advises Her to Undergo Operation.

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CAMPAIGNING BY ARSON CONTINUES IN ENGLAND

Mansion in Lancashire Burned Down by Suffragettes—Premier Guarded in London.

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Premier Asquith, with Winston Churchill, First Lord of the Admiralty, left Waterloo Station yesterday to proceed to the coast in order to join the admiralty yacht Echantress, on which both ministers with their wives will make an extended cruise in the Mediterranean.

A large number of naval aides-de-camp, government departmental secretaries and railway officials surrounded the departing party and those who had come to bid them farewell. Beyond these there was an outer circle of detectives to protect the ministers from any undue attention on the part of militant suffragettes or their male supporters.

So great was the protecting force in the railway station that any demonstration by the suffragettes would have been impossible.

Mrs. Drummond's Condition. "General" Mrs. Flora Drummond, the militant suffragette leader who collapsed twice in Bow Street police court during Thursday's conspiracy proceedings against the principal officers of the Women's Social and Political Union, was reported yesterday to be very ill from the effect of her "hunger strike" while under remand.

Her physician has advised her to undergo an operation.

"The Daily Mail" in an editorial to-day suggests that the suffragettes could secure all they have at heart by organizing a woman's parliament or senate elected on representative lines by the women of the whole country.

Such a body, the editorial says, although lacking in executive authority, could draft measures, and if it acted with sanity and judgment, would acquire an influence so immense that its recommendations could not lightly be disregarded by the House of Commons.

The Duke of Marlborough has closed Blenheim Palace to the public following the receipt of an anonymous letter revealing the existence of a suffragette plot to destroy the palace.

A National Pilgrimage. The National Union of Women's Suffrage Societies is organizing an immense national suffrage pilgrimage.

Each of the seventeen federations of the union will arrange for processions from all parts of the kingdom to London. The suffragette propaganda will be carried out by the pilgrims on their way to the capital and the demonstration will culminate in a great meeting in Hyde Park on July 26 and a service in St. Paul's Cathedral the following day.

Mrs. Millicent Fawcett, president of the National Union of Women's Suffrage Societies, in a manifesto says of the pilgrimage:

The keynote of the pilgrimage will be the joyfulness of self-dedication to a great cause. Every pilgrim will have in her heart a deep sense of reverent happiness that it has fallen to her lot to have a chance of dedicating herself to one of the greatest movements in the history of the world.

The Mayor of Windsor has received an official letter expressing the King's sincere regret for the cause which has made necessary the closing of the state apartments at Windsor Castle to visitors. The Mayor has been informed that the apartments will be reopened to the public when the militant activities of the suffragettes cease.

The latest form of the suffragette outrages in London is the mutilating of the interiors of taxicabs.

The Manchester police yesterday arrested Mr. Whiteley, secretary of the firm which printed the last issue of "The Suffragette."

U. S. FLOUTED BY HUERTA American Ambassador Told He Has No Standing.

Mexico City, May 9.—Henry Lane Wilson, United States Ambassador to Mexico, has no official standing in the eyes of the present administration. This is not a matter of record, but was unofficially stated to-day by President Huerta, who said:

"As a personal friend I am always glad to treat with Mr. Wilson, but diplomatically he has no standing."

The following is the official version of what occurred at the conference between Mr. Wilson and Huerta yesterday:

"Provisional President Huerta respectfully stated to Ambassador Wilson, that diplomat having referred to official matters, that the government of Mexico was disposed to arrange the affairs pending between it and the government of the United States. It was pointed out, however, that for the time being the American Ambassador should understand the necessity when the government of Mexico has for abstaining from treating an official matter, with the exception of urgent affairs or ordinary procedure, for the simple reason that, while the government of the United States did not recognize the government of Mexico, all agreements would be ineffective, in view of the fact that the government of Mexico has no personality before the government of the United States."

"In addition, however, the government of Mexico, whether recognized or not by the United States, has adopted, and will always adopt, measures for the security of all the inhabitants of the country, whether its own nationals or foreigners, and this has been demonstrated by the attention given to the just petitions of those who have been in any manner injured by past revolutions."

"The United States and all the peoples of Europe have irrefutable proofs that the government of Mexico is specially pledged to give guarantees to everybody, without distinction of nationality."

The newspaper "El Pais," in an editorial to-day, bitterly censures the attitude of the United States, declaring it should view the policy of non-recognition of Mexico frankly and withdraw not only Ambassador Wilson, but its consular officers in Mexico.

The question of the claims arising out of the revolutions, the Chantula zone dispute and the Colorado River water rights, as well as other matters, were discussed by President Huerta and Mr. Wilson at the inception of the new administration. General Huerta then promised immediate settlement, authorizing Francisco De la Barra, the Foreign Minister, to make a speedy arrangement with Ambassador Wilson, but nothing has yet been settled.

Foreign Minister de la Barra showed eagerness to minimize the Huerta-Wilson incident to-night. He said the declaration of President Huerta did not mean the severance of diplomatic relations between Mexico and the United States. He drew a fine distinction between the diplomatic representative who performs the full functions of his office and one who confines himself to routine matters, and said he apprehended no serious consequences from the incident.

In the face of Huerta's statement that a loan had been arranged through English, Belgian, French and German bankers and was lacking only authorization by Congress, the opinion persists that recognition of the Mexican government by the United States is an essential condition to the loan.

Willie, "Pete" and "Bonehead" dragged the unconscious youngster to a dock and tried to revive him by "first aid" tactics. While they were busy at this a patrolman happened along and telephoned to the Reception Hospital for an ambulance. The child was taken to the hospital and revived.

When Willie arrived at his home, No. 416 East 88th street, with water dripping from his clothes, Mrs. Erlich prepared to administer the time-honored treatment for such cases. She was about to do her duty when a reporter arrived at the house and told the story of the rescue. The trunk strap was restored to the closet and Willie became a hero.

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Decision

Is a necessary—a vital quality. Some have read the announcements of the New Jersey Central's Fast Hourly Service to Philadelphia—yet have not decided to try it. Others have decided to—Result: They always use it. That's the reason behind the steadily increasing travel on these trains.

Decide to try it and remember "Your Watch is Your Time Table!"

Trains from Liberty Street every hour on the hour from 7 A.M. to 10 P.M., and at midnight; 10 minutes of the hour from W. 23rd Street.

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