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Let us show you the difference between good and poor Bedding, Mattresses and Springs.

The "Hall" trade mark has been a stamp of quality for 47 years. That doesn't mean higher cost but it does mean that they are more comfortable, made better and last longer—the three principal things in selecting bedding.

FRANK A. HALL & SONS
Manufacturers of Beds and Bedding
25 West 45th St.

MISS COSTER TO WED AUSTRIAN COUNT

Otto Salm-Hoogstraeten Is to Be Bridegroom.

An application for a marriage license yesterday revealed the approaching marriage of Miss Maud Coster, daughter of Mrs. Charles Henry Coster, of East Thirty-seventh Street, and Count Otto Salm-Hoogstraeten, of Biebrach, Austria, who is now unable to return to his country. The wedding is set for May 31, and will take place in the home of the bride's mother.

Miss Coster is a sister of Mrs. Lewis Spencer Morris and Mrs. Sumner Gerard. Her father, now dead, was a member of the firm of J. P. Morgan & Co.

Count Otto is the second son of Count Alfred Salm-Hoogstraeten. His elder brother does not care for country life, and it is said arrangements have been made for Count Otto to inherit the estate of his father upon his death.

Professor to Go to China.

Princeton, N. J., April 20.—Professor Robert McElroy, head of the department of history and politics at Princeton, has accepted an invitation to act as exchange professor at Tsing Hua College, Peking, China, it was announced today.

HICKS BIG TREES

SAY the word and we will transplant to your grounds beautiful ten to twenty-year-old trees, evergreen or deciduous, and guarantee them to grow.

Hicks Trees will beautify your lawn, increase the value of your property and enable you to enjoy cool shade this summer. Write for free booklet, "Trees That Save Ten Years."

HICKS NURSERIES
Webster, L. I. Phone 65

KAISER TO USE IGEL AS MASK IN NOTE MIX-UP

Incident Will Be Seized Upon to Confuse U-Boat Issue, Say Officials.

BERNSTORFF AGAIN DEMANDS PAPERS

Burns Had Detectaphone in Du Pont Lawyer's Office, Swann Hears.

Germany, it is believed in diplomatic circles, will make the arrest of Wolfe von Igel, under secretary of the German Embassy, and the seizure of papers in his office at 40 Wall Street, which Count von Bernstorff claims is German territory, the basis of a protest, with the object of confusing the issue raised by President Wilson on U-boat warfare.

Ambassador von Bernstorff called at the State Department yesterday and peremptorily demanded the return of the papers.

He told Secretary Lansing that he did not know if the papers were official embassy documents or not. He held that that was immaterial. He protested that the action of the Department of Justice agents in seizing the papers from a member of the embassy staff was a violation of international law.

Bernstorff Demands Papers.

Following Ambassador von Bernstorff's visit Washington communicated with New York and learned that the office at 60 Wall Street which Count von Bernstorff says is part of the German Embassy was leased by von Igel as an individual; that the office was used by German sympathizers as a publicity headquarters; that it was used by von Igel as his headquarters as director of the German Secret Service in this country; that it was the hub of plots against the Allies, in violation of this country's neutrality laws.

Gadski's Husband Pleads.

One of the other three Germans indicted on the same count, Captain Hans Tauscher, American representative of the Krupp and husband of Mme. Gadski, yesterday pleaded not guilty before Judge Howe in the Federal Court.

Felix H. Levy, counsel for Tauscher, asked for ten days in which to demur or change the plea. This was granted, and Tauscher was continued at liberty in \$25,000 bail.

After Tauscher's arraignment John R. Stanchfield, counsel for von Igel and, incidentally, counsel for nearly all the prominent Germans arrested, had a conference with United States Attorney Marshall over the arrest of his client. He repeated the contentions of Ambassador von Bernstorff, that von Igel's office was part of the German Embassy and as such German territory, and that therefore von Igel's arrest was illegal. Nothing came of the conference.

The District Attorney's office yesterday began an investigation of the placing of a detectaphone by the Burns De-

\$5,000 PROMISE TRAPDYNAMITER

"H. M. S." Talisman Leads Canadian Worker to Headquarters Cell.

AGREED TO BLOW UP BROOKS ARMS PLANT

Detectives Posed as Germans and Captured Bomb Plotter, Who Makes Confession.

Instead of going yesterday to Dunkirk, N. Y., to blow up the Brooks Locomotive Works, which manufactures munitions for the Allies, and receiving \$5,000 for the job, Harry L. Newton, a worker in the McKinnon, Dash & Co. munition plant at St. Catherine's, Canada, went to Police Headquarters and confessed to Captain Tunney, of the Headquarters bomb squad.

Newton went there with four men, who promised to pay him the \$5,000. They were Detective Barnitz, Fenelly, Walsh and Murphy, who met him at the Bowery and Grand Street in accordance with an appointment made Wednesday night by Barnitz.

Newton, who was flashily dressed and had \$96 in cash, wore on his gold chain a charm of gold and blue and white enamel. An inscription surrounding a gold cannon in relief read: "In H. M. Service—McKinnon, Dash & Co."

Offered to Destroy Other Buildings.

Captain Tunney said Newton had arranged to blow up the locomotive works with his men for \$5,000, and that as a proof of his ability he offered to blow up Police Headquarters and the Federal Building with bombs of his own making.

"Newton," explained Captain Tunney, "left the munition plant of McKinnon, Dash & Co. on April 13 and arrived here on April 15. He went up to a German orator in Herald Square the night he arrived here and offered to blow up the Dunkirk plant for \$5,000. The German came to us, and we had a couple of detectives introduced to him. He told them that he wasn't pro-Ally or pro-German, but just needed the money."

"When he offered to blow up Police Headquarters or the Federal Building the detectives suggested that he keep to his first offer and blow up the little charm would admit him to any munition plant of the Allies in this country. He told us he was a foreman in the Canadian munition plant, and that there he had earned a name for

KID FINDS HIS WAY TO PATERSON'S POUND

And, Gosh, How Shilton and Miller Laughed at Newcomer!

"Hello, Tribune!"

"Yep."

"This is your correspondent at PaterSON."

"All right, Correspondent, old top, what's on your mind?"

"Say, listen. Do you wanna write a funny story. Well, here's the chance of your life."

"Shoot, please."

"Well, a couple days ago John Shilton, our poundmaster, goes out on a pick up a couple goats—a pair of 'em, you know. Well, he puts 'em in the pound that night, and next morning when he looks he finds the stork has been there and left a kid."

"Left a what?"

"A kid—you, know, a little goat."

"Oh, yes."

"Yes. An' he and William Miller, the register of births and deaths, was registerin' each other about it. I dunno if Miller registered the kid or not. See the point?"

"Oh, yes."

"Goo-by."

BERNSTORFF HALTS RAID ON CANADA

Continued from page 1

in the United States, aided by German warships then in the Pacific.

"This scheme, which was proposed by von Papen and Hoy-Ed, later was abandoned on the advice of Bernstorff."

"Next, von Papen asked me to confer with two Irishmen, who proposed the dynamiting of railway junctions and grain elevators and the locking of the canals connecting the Great Lakes. It was hoped thus to terrify Canada, prevent the Dominion from aiding the mother country."

"I received the Irishmen, who brought maps and details of the plan. Before going to Baltimore to consult Consul Luederitz regarding the scheme, I employed one man, Charles Ecker, alias Tuschelner, as an assistant. Then we went to Baltimore and consulted Luederitz, who obtained a passport in the name of Taylor. He also introduced me to the captain of a German ship at that time in the harbor proposing that I make use of part of his crew and one officer."

"Returning to New York, I selected three men to assist me, and acquainted them with part of the details of the scheme. I received a check from von Papen, which was cashed for me by Mr. Stallforth, a member of a German club."

Tauscher Involved.

"Regarding the material, arms and dynamite needed, von Papen informed me that Captain Tauscher, of Krupp's American agency, had agreed to furnish them. I saw Tauscher. He gave me a letter of introduction to the Du Pont Powder Company, recommending B. H. Taylor & Co. and supplied me with an order to the man in charge of dynamite barges lying on Liberty Street side of the Statue of Liberty."

"Tauscher told me he would send pistols by messenger to Hoboken, to be delivered there to one of my agents at a certain restaurant, as he was unable to punishment if he delivered them in New York without a permit."

"In order to get dynamite it was necessary to hire a motor boat at a place near 130th Street, Harlem, and put the dynamite aboard in suitable cases. After getting the explosive I went, by taxicab, with two suitcases to a German club and saw von Papen. I then took the dynamite to my rooms where I also kept a portion of the arms packed in a small portmanteau. The remainder were in the keeping of two agents, one being Mr. Fritzen, the other a charged partner of a Russian steamer, the other a Mr. Busse, a commercial agent."

"The only other agent I employed was C. Covani, who attended to the dynamite, but not being entrusted with any of those things."

"Two or three days later I received from von Papen at his rooms at the club in the market at 130th Street, a box of generators and wire, which I took to my rooms in a taxicab. A few days later we left the Grand Central station for Buffalo, Fritzen, Busse and the Tucker, taking with them the munitions, Covani attending me."

"I had the dynamite brought there and spent some days gathering information about the dynamite to my rooms. I also kept a portion of the arms packed in a small portmanteau. The remainder were in the keeping of two agents, one being Mr. Fritzen, the other a charged partner of a Russian steamer, the other a Mr. Busse, a commercial agent."

"While still in Buffalo I received a telegram from von Papen, signed Stefan, informing me that a lawyer, John Ryan, had money and instructions. I received the money, but no instructions. Being thrown on my own resources, I determined to reconnoiter the terrain, where I wanted to act, but on the way Ryan summoned me."

"Having received private information that the first Canadian contingent had left Valcartier camp, I knew I should be recalled, as the object of my enterprise was thus removed. Ryan handed me a telegram of recall."

"As my funds were insufficient, I discharged Busse attending me, and left the munitions in the keeping of an aviator, who was manager of Fela's restaurant at Niagara Falls, and returned to New York."

"Von Papen now directed me to proceed to Germany. He said he would arrange with von Bernstorff for my

OVERCOME IN FIRE SAVING HORSES

Warehouse Employee's Unconscious Body Carried from Building.

3 FIREMEN HURT; 8 HORSES KILLED

Can of Inflammable Liquid, Ignited by Fall, Starts Four-Alarm \$75,000 Blaze.

The explosion of a ten-gallon can of some inflammable liquid started a fire last night which demolished the Pennsylvania Storage and Warehouse, 519 to 525 West Thirty-eighth Street, burned to death eight horses stabled there, injured six persons, and caused Deputy Chief "Smoky Joe" Martin to turn in four alarms before the blaze was controlled. John Boland, almost unscathed in the stamp while trying to save the horses—is in a very serious condition in New York Hospital. His unconscious body was rescued by firemen. District Attorney Hirschberg, of 150 Street, West New York, an expressman, was unintentionally responsible for the fire. At 7:30 o'clock last night he drove his horse into that part of the warehouse reserved as a stable, unattended on going home after his work and drove it up the incline to the stalls on the second floor, where sixty-seven other horses were being bedded down for the night. Then he went downstairs and started to push his wagon into place.

The wagon was loaded with several tins of shellac and other inflammable substances. It tipped over, and one of the cans exploded. Burning liquid splashed on the floor and walls of the room, and Lankeau, screaming "Fire," ran up the incline to rescue his horse.

Others in the building rushed to the stable to get the animals out, and no one thought of turning in an alarm. Not until Patrolman Kohler saw the clouds of black smoke rolling up from the building was the Fire Department notified.

William Gleason, of Engine Company 26; William S. Arnold, of Hook and Ladder 35, and John Thornton, of Engine Company 3, were cut. All were attended by Dr. Artus, of the Fire Department, and sent home. John Lankeau, who went back to save his horse, was driven out of the building by the flames. He was badly burned about the face and hands, but insisted on going home after his wounds had been dressed. John Boland, who had risked his life to get the horses out, was taken from the building unconscious after inhaling smoke. Father McGeehan, of the Fire Department, administered the last rites to the man as he lay on the sidewalk, surrounded by a bareheaded crowd. He was taken to the critical condition, where he is in a critical condition.

The estimated damage is \$75,000.

FORD STILL LEADING CUMMINS IN NEBRASKA

Likely To Be Named Republicans' Choice for President.

Omaha, April 20.—Latest returns from Tuesday's primary election, covering about one-third of the state, indicate that Henry Ford leads Senator Albert B. Cummins, his nearest competitor, for the Republican Presidential nomination by about 1,000 votes. Justice Charles E. Hughes is third.

William J. Bryan stood to-night sixth on the list of candidates for delegates to the Democratic national convention. Four candidates are to be elected.

Keith Neville has a lead of nearly 10,000 votes in his contest with C. W. Bryan, brother of the ex-Secretary of State, for the Democratic nomination for Governor.

passage. I paid off Covani, directing him to remove from the house at 113 or 115 Fifteenth Street, New York, two suitcases filled with dynamite. Whether he complied I do not know, as I sailed for Italy. I had no communication with von Papen. Von der Goltz appends to the foregoing statement "some facts possibly of importance," including the following:

"Information, the accuracy of which I have no reason to doubt, makes me believe that the United States Secret Service knew about the matter from beginning to end. I was watched in New York, Baltimore and Buffalo. I told von Papen so. He said the men had orders to watch me, but on no account to interfere."

"Luederitz, of Baltimore, still has the box of saddles and a portmanteau belonging to me. Covani is a private inquiry agent. His address is 251 West Forty-sixth Street, New York."

"I received no remuneration except expenses, of which only one was paid by check, all other payments being in United States notes. I was frequently present when von Papen received information from and paid money to men who came to see him about matters connected with German, Irish and other associations. Von Papen told me he was short of money until Dr. Dernburg arranged matters."

The statement ends as follows:

"I make these statements on the distinct understanding that the statement are not to be used against me, that I am not to be prosecuted for participation in any action directed against the Allies, and that the promise that I am not to be extradited to any country where I am liable to punishment for political offences is made on behalf of his majesty's government."

16 Named by von der Goltz.

The following table of "names of persons implicated," written by von der Goltz, is attached to the statement: "BUCK, New York—Received passport; recommended Covani."

"FRITZEN, New York—Received and transported dynamite; tried to blackmail me."

"TUCKER, New York—Acquainted with the general scheme as proposed by Tuite."

"BUSSE, New York—Went to du Pont's and Tauscher."

"COVANI, New York—Acted as secretary."

"HAUSEMANN, New York—Knew of scheme; offered to supply guns."

"Simon, Buffalo—Knew scheme. Assisted by his knowledge of T. T. Train."

"Eyer, Buffalo—Received money and instructions from von Papen."

"Captain Hecker, New York—Released by British on parole to stay in New York; knew of scheme and assisted."

"Employees of Tauscher, of Luederitz and officers of ship mostly acquainted with scheme."

An appendix to the white paper containing the foregoing gives a dozen names and addresses found in von der Goltz's notebook, among them the following:

"Tauscher, Edenhower River Farm, Oregon; T. P. Tuite, 372 West 120th Street, New York; A. A. Fritzen, care Wilbur, 4202 Forty-second Street, Brooklyn; this is an address in green; Busse, World Building, Frederick Busse, 222 West Twenty-fourth Street, New York; Karl Buck, 843 West End Avenue, New York; J. D. Zenner, 605 Brisbane Building, Buffalo, N. Y.; Luederitz; Proposed passport; paid men from steamer."

"Tauscher, New York—Acquainted with scheme; supplied pistols and orders for dynamite."

"Von Papen—Supplied money; instigator and general-in-chief."

"The consul at St. Paul—Informed of plans; offered to assist me."

"The consul at Chicago—The same; United States Secret Service men knew all about it."

"Tuite, New York—Made proposals; supplied maps, diagrams of canals, etc."

Through Train Service to Yellowstone Park, Gardiner, Mont.

Board one of the Northern Pacific's daily trains at St. Paul and Gardiner, Mont. The train is the only one to leave St. Paul for Yellowstone Park and Gardiner, Mont. The train is the only one to leave St. Paul for Yellowstone Park and Gardiner, Mont. The train is the only one to leave St. Paul for Yellowstone Park and Gardiner, Mont.

Weekly service from St. Paul to Gardiner, Mont. via the Yellowstone Park route. The train is the only one to leave St. Paul for Yellowstone Park and Gardiner, Mont. The train is the only one to leave St. Paul for Yellowstone Park and Gardiner, Mont.

W. F. Mershon, General Agent, 1244 Broadway, N. Y. City.

being a later of the Germans, and had discharged four men suspected of being German sympathizers.

Says Bomb Is in Buffalo.

"Newton also told the detectives that he could blow up the Welland Canal by the simple means of having a row-boat and taking some dynamite in a summer pad, placing it in one of the gates and setting his time fuse in it."

Newton's Bag and Shell Found in Buffalo Station

Buffalo, N. Y., April 20.—The police found at the New York Central station here to-night, the trunk and valise which Harry L. Newton is alleged to have left.

In the valise was what appeared to be a three-inch shell of fine workmanship. It was equipped with a detonating cap, but there was no explosive in the brass cylinder. The projectile was hollow and contained a hard substance that is believed to be an explosive, although no attempt was made to open it.

The cylinder and projectile, fitted together, make a shell about a foot in length and between three and three and one-half inches in diameter. It was carefully wrapped in clothing. There was nothing in the trunk except wearing apparel.

Stallforth Known Here as Rintelen's Associate

The references to a German club in von der Goltz's statement are included for the German Club, where Boyd-Ed and von Papen lived when in this city.

The Frederick Stallforth mentioned

ARNOLD WEST POINT CLEW TO BE RUN DOWN

Prosecutor and Detectives to Examine House Cellars.

(By Telegraph to The Tribune.)

Newburgh, N. Y., April 20.—District Attorney Henry Hirschberg will investigate the report that the body of Dorothy Arnold was buried in a cellar of the house in which she died near West Point. If facts warrant, he will present the matter to the grand jury which meets in May. He has asked Providence officials to furnish him with all facts they have.

Although it was reported that Glennorris had lived in Highland Falls, near West Point, no one seems to know him by that name. Several houses near West Point in which the girl

might have been buried, according to Glennorris's story, will be inspected. The houses under suspicion are almost out of reach by automobile, in which Glennorris says the girl was taken to the place. Other buildings in the vicinity are the homes of well-to-do farmers.

The detective bureau placed no credence yesterday in the statements concerning the disappearance of Dorothy Arnold, which were made Wednesday night by Mary Kenion, who was taken to Harlem Hospital suffering from acute alcoholism.

Mary Kenion said she had met Dorothy Arnold at the Hotel Brevoort, where the young woman asked for the services of a reliable physician. Miss Kenion said she recommended one and accompanied Dorothy Arnold and a theatrical manager to the office of a surgeon in West Forty-ninth Street. Soon after the younger woman died, Miss Kenion said she attended the funeral.

Mary Kenion is not known at the Hotel Brevoort.

Saks & Company
Broadway at 34th Street

Friday and Saturday
Easter Display and Sale of

Men's New Shirts at \$1.85

Any day of the week, any week of the year, you will find in the Saks Men's Shirt Shop a most impressive display of the very newest shirtings in an equally attractive array of designs and weaves.

We have selected for this special Easter sale at \$1.85 a most remarkable assortment of cloths and designs of a kind usually identified with shirts sold at higher prices, such as:

Bahama cloths, cricket cloths, Japanese home-spuns, Scotch zephyr, silk-and-cotton mixtures and a profusion of other weaves too numerous for description.

Most of the models are soft-cuff negligees, but the assortment of stiff-cuff shirts is sufficient to insure wide selection.

Sizes 14 to 18½, including 36-inch sleeves.

\$20,000 Worth of Pure Silk Shirts
at \$3.65 \$4.95 and \$5.95

In quality, design and finish as fine a collection of shirts as we have yet shown.

The designs include every kind of stripe effect, and the weaves comprise broadcloths, crepe de Chine, charmeuse silk, Tussah silk, pongee silk.

Men's Neckwear for Spring
at 29c 49c 55c 69c and \$1

A wonderful showing at each price, in new and exclusive designs and weaves.

Each scarf carefully made, with the Saks-Service band attached.

A remarkable offering of \$17.50, \$20 and \$23 Saks Suits
at \$17.50, \$20 and \$23

The truth has never been a novelty at Saks.

Our \$17.50, \$20 and \$23 suits for men and young men are \$17.50, \$20 and \$23 respectively.

Those are our prices—what other stores would ask for suits of the same character we don't know, but we do know that there are no other suits of this character at the same prices.

We have put into these popular-priced suits the talent and resources of a tailoring organization which knows New York and its style preferences like a book.

We have curved the waistlines, individualized the cuffs, rolled the lapels and cut the vests, as they never before were curved, individualized, rolled, or cut at \$17.50, \$20 and \$23!

And we have tailored them in fabrics which are just as much ahead of the average in character as the models are ahead of the average in cut.

Mallory Hats at \$3

"Cravenette" Weather-proof, which makes them more serviceable.

"Cravenette" is a scientific process that gives to fabrics the same qualities that nature gives to certain birds—the power to resist moisture.

The illustration shows one of the new soft hats now being shown in our Men's Hat Department.

Saks & Company
Sole New York Agents
Broadway at 34th Street.

Founded 1826 Greeley 1900

Lord & Taylor

38th Street FIFTH AVENUE 39th Street



CLOTHES FOR MEN
Time Enough Yet For Your Easter Suit Here

There's a saying that it takes nine tailors to make a man—
But ninety-and-nine tailors couldn't make one between now and Easter Day—
We can do it.

Many a time we've fitted a man and delivered his suit in a single afternoon. And given him bigger value and better satisfaction for his money than any custom tailor could, too.

If you have taken your cue from Mother Nature, and held off getting your Spring outfit—come into our Men's Clothes Section. You'll be made ready for Sunday and the days to come.

For Sunday—with a fine Cutaway Frock, or a smart Spring Suit in the new style—or a correct Topcoat.

For the days to come—in clothes for business and sport that will lift you out of the crowd for their quiet distinction of cut and cloth.

Come in today—our assortments are wide, you will be sure to find the style you like best—in the cloth you prefer. And you will be sure of its smartness—and correctness.

Perfect fit and permanent satisfaction are guaranteed.

Spring Suits—\$18.50 to \$30
Topcoats—\$17.50 to \$50.00
Cutaway Suits—\$30 upwards
Dress Suits—\$30 upwards

Fourth Floor.