

THE WEATHER:
Fair; continued cold tonight and tomorrow. Lowest temperature tonight, about 18 degrees. Temperature at 8 a. m. this morning, 24 degrees.

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WASHINGTON, WEDNESDAY EVENING, FEBRUARY 25, 1920.

PRICE TWO CENTS.

President Names Bainbridge Colby, Former Roosevelt Supporter, To Be New Secretary of State

"WHISKEY REVOLT" IN MICHIGAN COUNTY COLLAPSES

WILSON MEETS NEW OFFICIAL

Appointment Announced Following White House Conference With Successor of Lansing. SELECTION GREAT SURPRISE Latest Cabinet Officer Has Been Active in Politics—Has Held Federal Office.

Bainbridge Colby has been appointed Secretary of State to succeed Robert Lansing, it was announced at the White House today. Colby's appointment came as even more of a surprise than the resignation of Lansing at request of President Wilson.

Visits White House. The first hint of Colby's appointment came a few minutes before the formal announcement by Secretary Tamm. The early reports that he would get the place were not generally credited.

Following the announcement of the appointment, Colby appeared at the White House and was taken to see President Wilson.

Confers With Wilson. Following his conference with Wilson Colby refused to state what his political affiliations are at present.

"Good taste, he said, I think, counsels the briefest of statements until such time as the Senate has acted upon my nomination of Secretary of State."

"I may say that I had a long and unwhipped conference with the President which impressed me with the great confidence he reposed in me. I hope I shall not prove inadequate in performance of the great duties before me."

May Mean Shake-up. The circumstances of Lansing's resignation are believed to have been discussed at the conference this morning, at which time Wilson went over with the new Secretary the policy he expects him to pursue, it was learned.

It was suggested that a "house-cleaning" may be in prospect in the State Department, where the handling of America's foreign affairs in the hands of an entirely new group of men, as a result of the clash with Lansing. The present State Department staff co-operated with Lansing in the international dealings to which the President is believed to have objected.

When Colby's appointment gets on the Senate floor for confirmation, debate on the Lansing-Wilson clash is expected to result. Immediately after Lansing resigned, a number of Senators stated privately they intended to look into the affair when submission of the name of a new Secretary for Congressional approval gave them an opportunity to do so.

As the appointment may be taken in executive session, this debate is likely to take place in the committee which will consider the nomination.

Colby's appointment is believed to have been decided upon very recently. Friends who talked with him in New York last Sunday declared he had no intimation of his appointment at that time.

When Colby was a member of the Shipping Board he was listed as an "independent" in politics. In other official records he is called a "progressive Republican."

BAINBRIDGE COLBY, at right, photographed at the White House this morning a few minutes after he had been appointed Secretary of State to succeed Robert Lansing. Raymond T. Baker, director of the mint, who accompanied him to see the President, is shown holding open door of the automobile.



MEXICANS HOLD U.S. MAN FOR RANSOM

Barry Hogarty Seized by Villa. \$20,000 Is Demanded. For Release.

Mexican bandits have captured Barry Hogarty, an American citizen, superintendent of the American Metals Company smelter, State of Durango, and are holding him for ransom, the State Department was advised today by the company.

Joseph L. Askew, who was captured by Mexican bandits during an attack on the Tlanuallo Company's plantation on February 2, has been released and has arrived safely at Parral, the Department also was advised by the Tlanuallo Company.

According to an unconfirmed report to the State Department, Askew was captured by Villa and held for \$20,000 ransom.

NORABAYES TAKES ACTOR FOR FOURTH HUSBAND

Weds Arthur Gordoni in Springfield, Ill., and Tries to Keep It a Secret.

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., Feb. 25.—Arthur Gordoni and Leonora Goldberg were married here yesterday. Attached to the court were induced to suppress the record by the representation that they were working folk who might lose their jobs if news of their marriage reached their employers.

At the Chatterton Theater last night it developed that Gordoni is Gordoni, and that the bride is Nora Bayes, comedienne, who heads the cast.

This is Nora Bayes fourth marriage. She first was married in Chicago to C. A. Gressing, and obtained a divorce shortly after she had begun to be a success on the stage. Her second marriage was to Jack Norworth, also in vaudeville.

CHICAGO PUTS WHISKEY ON FAIR PRICE LISTS

CHICAGO, Feb. 25.—Whiskey for medicinal purposes will be placed on the Federal fair price list along with butter, eggs, flour, and other necessities.

FROST "FIEND," WIFE ALLEGES

Says He Was for Men Keeping Affinities on Depositing Fee With State.

NEW YORK, Feb. 25.—Ellhu B. Frost, sixty, former president of the Submarine Boat Corporation, was characterized in court yesterday as a "fiend incarnate." His wife, Mrs. Rosalind Harrington Frost, a Washington girl, who is being sued for absolute divorce in the court of chancery in Jersey City, alleged in an affidavit that these are some of the things the elderly financier did:

He was addicted to drugs. He dragged her about the room by her hair. He kicked her out of bed. He hit her and threatened to kill her.

He said he would have the legislature pass a bill permitting a man with money to have as many affinities as he could support, provided he would deposit with the State \$100,000 for each affinity.

He said he could "keep" the most beautiful blonde in New York on \$19,000 a year.

He was intimate with other women. Court Fixes Alimony. A hearing on the application for alimony and counsel fees, pending the trial of the divorce action, resulted in Vice Chancellor Lewis granting Mrs. Frost \$200 a week and \$2,500 counsel fees. Mrs. Frost was represented by former Vice Chancellor Merritt Lane.

The Frosts maintained three homes—one in Manhattan; another in Atlantic City, and the third in Ventnor, N. J. Frost alleged in an affidavit that Mrs. Frost was mistress in his home before he married her.

"You are going the way my other wife went. I divorced her because she would not do as I wanted her to do."

"You can go, but while you live with me you must do as I wish. I have the money. I am the boss. Where can you go without funds?"

ADRIATIC QUESTION NOW UP TO ALLIES

President Wilson's Second Note To Supreme Council Has Been Cabled Abroad.

LONDON, Feb. 25.—President Wilson's reply to the allies' communication in response to his recent Adriatic note, was delivered to the council of premiers shortly after noon today.

The President's note, it is understood, deals exclusively with the Adriatic situation. The council immediately began discussion of the document, it was learned.

The next move in the Adriatic controversy rested today with the allies. President Wilson's second note to the Supreme Council on the proposal for an Adriatic settlement was cabled at the State Department and put on the cable last night for transmission to Europe.

The note will be formally presented to the British and French foreign offices probably within the next forty-eight hours.

Shortly after the President's note is delivered, the State Department is expected to make public the full Adriatic correspondence.

While it is understood that Britain and France have agreed to publication of the documents, it is known that Italy is against it, however.

As Italy was not a signatory with Great Britain and France to the allied reply to the President's protest, it's objection will not be sufficient to prevent publication.

LOYD GEORGE WOULD PROD DUTCH ON KAISER

Asks Premiers to Demand Reply to Second Note; Nitti Opposes Move.

PARIS, Feb. 25.—Premier Lloyd George has proposed to the council of Premiers that pressure be exerted against Holland to compel a prompt answer to the allies' second "Kaiser note," but was opposed by Premier Nitti, of Italy, said a special London dispatch to the Echo de Paris today.

TREATY BOLT THOUGHT NEAR

Open Revolt Sweeping Democratic Ranks in Senate. Hitchcock Faces Crisis.

REFUSES TO CALL CAUCUS

Early Ratification With Lodge Reservations Now Believed Most Probable.

By J. BART CAMPBELL. (International News Service.) Open revolt was sweeping the wavering ranks of the Democratic side of the Senate today.

Defiance of President Wilson was voiced by Senators hitherto counted on as staunch Administration supporters. They declared they refused to stand any longer in the way of the Peace Treaty because of the Lodge Reservations.

Hitchcock Losing Hold. The Administration leadership of Senator Hitchcock of Nebraska was again threatened because of his refusal to call a conference of Democratic Senators to determine how many of them favored acceptance of the Lodge reservations rather than continue to block ratification.

Even Hitchcock did not attempt to disguise the gravity of the situation. He stated he did not consider a conference worth while because he was still convinced there were not enough Democratic Senators willing to vote for the Lodge reservations involving Article X and the Monroe doctrine substantially as they are to insure ratification.

Conceded "Close" Division. He conceded there was a "close" division of opinion among Democratic Senators as to whether it would be better to agree to the Lodge reservation program than have no treaty at all, but he evidently believed it would be better to have those on the Democratic side vote or otherwise express themselves individually, on the Senate floor than risk a conference that would probably be far from harmonious.

Influential leaders on the Democratic side like Senators Simmons of North Carolina and Underwood of Alabama vainly asked Hitchcock to call a conference if only to permit the treaty situation to be discussed. Other Democratic Senators who are in complete disagreement with Hitchcock declared he was opposed to calling a conference because he knew he could not control it. Hitchcock said he would not object to calling a conference if he thought it would accomplish anything.

Strives Against Serious Break. Hitchcock was confident, apparently, he could continue to hold enough Democratic Senators in line to prevent a serious "break" on the Democratic side toward the Lodge reservations to which he is still opposed.

EX-PREMIER ASQUITH ELECTED TO COMMONS

Political "Comeback" of Former Cabinet Member Threatens Lloyd George's Leadership.

LONDON, Feb. 25.—Former Premier Herbert H. Asquith has been elected to the House of Commons from the Paisley parliamentary district, it was officially announced today.

The spectacular political "comeback" of the former prime minister threatens Premier Lloyd George with one of the greatest parliamentary battles of his career. Mr. Asquith will assume the leadership of the opposition to the government when he takes his seat in commons.

BOMB THROWN AT TRAIN OF SPANISH GOVERNOR

Explosive Damages Car in Which Barcelona Executive Was Riding.

MADRID, Feb. 25.—An attempt to kill the governor of Barcelona province while en route for Madrid, was reported from Barcelona today.

U. S. TO KEEP TRADE FLEET

Senate Committee Framing Bill to Hold 2,000 Cargo Carriers for Two Years.

NINE AGAINST SELLING SHIPS

Declare U. S. Has No Guarantee Vessels Will Stay Under Flag.

The gigantic fleet of nearly 2,000 cargo carriers, built by the Emergency Fleet Corporation and now operated by the Shipping Board, will be retained in Government ownership for a period of at least two years.

This is assured by the attitude of the Senate Commerce Committee, now framing a shipping bill which will embody a permanent merchant marine policy for the United States. At least nine members will vote against indiscriminate sale of the vessels.

Have No Guarantee. The Senators do not desire to commit themselves to a permanent policy of Government ownership and operation, but they have been governed to the point of view that hasty disposition of the ships may blot out the hope of effective American competition with world tonnage.

"The whole situation at present is speculative," they say. "We have no real guarantee that these ships will be kept under the American flag or maintained on the routes to which they are allocated by the Shipping Board."

Chairman Payne, in his testimony before the Senate Commerce Committee, would not commit himself on the question of the exact value of the agreement regarding the allocation of ships.

TROOPS ATTACK WORKERS IN ITALIAN LABOR RIOTS

Many Are Wounded at Pieve; Soviet Proclaimed; General Strike in Naples.

LONDON, Feb. 25.—Many persons have been wounded in labor disorders in northern Italy, said a Central News dispatch from Rome today. At Pieve the workers proclaimed a soviet and seized the municipal building. Carabinieri attacked the crowd and severe fighting followed.

CHAMP CLARK ENTERED FOR GEORGIA PRIMARY

Democratic State Committee Receives Petition for Nomination On April 20.

ATLANTA, Feb. 25.—A petition bearing the requisite number of signatures to place the name of Champ Clark on the Georgia primary ballot, April 20, was received yesterday by the State Democratic executive committee.

He is the third name to be received, the others being William G. McAdoo and Herbert Hoover.

SUFFRAGISTS NEED 4 MORE STATES TO RATIFY

Thirty-two States have ratified the Woman Suffrage Amendment, and thirty-six are needed. Oklahoma and West Virginia, both favorably disposed, are expected to act within one week. Sentiment is favorable in Washington, and strong hope is entertained of favorable action in Vermont, Connecticut, Delaware, and North Carolina. Tennessee, which has granted suffrage in Presidential and municipal elections, is prohibited by its constitution from acting for another year.

ALLIES TO DESTROY GERMAN SHIPS NOT WANTED

PARIS, Feb. 25.—The Council of Ambassadors today decided the excess German shipping which was not distributed to the entente powers will be destroyed.

DISGRUNTLED RAIL CHIEFS QUIT PARLEY

Some of the Delegates Dissatisfied Because Drastic Action Was Not Taken.

Disgruntled because the representatives of the railroad workers have not taken more drastic action, some of the representatives of the Brotherhood of Railroad Trainmen and the Brotherhood of Railroad Firemen left Washington today.

Leaders declared that others who are dissatisfied are threatening to leave the conference and declare immediate action by the President is necessary to quiet the unrest and prevent sporadic unauthorized strikes.

The railroad bill was officially sent to President Wilson today. Speaker Gillett signed it in the House at 12:05 o'clock, and at 12:23 o'clock Senator Cummins, president pro tem. of the Senate and one of the authors of the bill, signed it in the Senate. It was then dispatched to the White House by messenger. Wilson has already submitted a copy to the Department of Justice for an opinion on its constitutionality.

Railroad labor is today making its final offensive against the Cummins-Each bill, passed by Congress, for the return of the railroads to their private owners.

Will Ask President's Veto. President Wilson will be asked to veto the bill and to allow the representatives of the workers to present a brief to him setting forth their reason why the bill should be vetoed. This action has been decided upon by the alliance of fifteen railroad labor organizations.

Bert M. Jewell, head of the railway employees' division of the American Federation of Labor; Timothy Shea, head of the Brotherhood of Railroad Firemen; and E. J. Manion, head of the Order of Railroad Telegraphers, were today drafting a memorial which will be laid before the President during the day.

Representatives of the railroad workers in conference here have decided to ask the President to veto the bill.

ALLIES WILL PAY BONDS PROMPTLY, IS BELIEF

British and French Able to Meet October Obligations, U. S. Bankers Hold.

NEW YORK, Feb. 25.—Half a billion dollars' worth of Anglo-French bonds maturing here in October will be paid promptly in good American dollars, in the opinion of the financiers of this country, according to William Ewing, head of the bond department of J. P. Morgan & Co.

"There is nothing else for the British and French governments to do, and there is no doubt in the minds of American financiers of their ability to do it," Ewing said. "With increasing British and French exports to this country the trade balance will be gradually restored and the underlying cause of depreciated exchange will be removed."

CHINA PLEDGES REVENUE TO GROUP OF BANKERS

American, English and French Financiers Lend Millions On Salt Resources.

China has agreed to mortgage her salt revenues and other resources to a group of American, English and French bankers in return for a loan to tide over financial difficulties, according to advices to the State Department today. J. P. Morgan & Co. are among the banking firms mentioned as making the loan.

According to the advices here, \$6,500,000 on an emergency loan of \$25,000,000 has already been given China to enable her to pay off her troops. The advance was made before February 20, the Chinese New Year, the day when Chinamen pay their debts. The troops are now to be demobilized because of the lack of further funds.

DRY LEADER ASKS PARLEY

Prohibition Commissioner Dalrymple Halts Warlike Advance in Michigan.

WARNED BY WASHINGTON

Conference to Be Held in Grand Rapids Before Legal Steps Are Taken.

IRON RIVER, Mich., Feb. 25.—Michigan's "rum revolt" collapsed today. In place of war between prohibition officers and county officials over alleged interference in a prohibition inspector's seizure of evidence there came a request for a conference between all concerned.

Acting on advice from Washington, Maj. A. V. Dalrymple, prohibition commissioner for the central States, dropped his warlike preparations. Instead of arresting County Attorney M. S. McDonough, Dalrymple requested that official accompany him to Grand Rapids, Mich., for a conference with District Attorney Myron H. Walker.

Asks For Conference. Dalrymple led here at midnight accompanied by twelve of his men. He was met by a detachment of the State constabulary. His announced purpose was to arrest McDonough, five deputy sheriffs, and three brothers—the Stalcucls.

McDonough, it was charged, prevented a prohibition inspector, Leo J. Grove, from retaining wine seized from the Stalcucls. Federal warrants, refused yesterday, were to have charged conspiracy to defeat the prohibitory laws.

The telegram which Prosecutor McDonough received from Attorney General Palmer read as follows: "Am grateful to receive your wire denying sensational reports. Have believed there was some misunderstanding and have wired United States Attorney Walker, of Grand Rapids to get in touch with you and see if the matter could not be satisfactorily straightened out. Please confer with him. Am sure that if through misunderstanding of the facts or otherwise a mistake has been made, he will co-operate in correcting it."

A telegram from Dalrymple's chief today advised him "to proceed very carefully and not involve justice." He followed the suggestion of Attorney General Palmer for a conference at Grand Rapids, where an attempt will be made at settlement before legal steps are taken. Dalrymple's entire force consisted of thirty-five men. All were armed. Before arrival here, Dalrymple passed out extra ammunition.

Agrees to Meeting. McDonough, by messenger, notified Dalrymple he was ready for a conference, and a session was arranged. Dalrymple is expected to ask that the Stalcucls be returned to the Government. McDonough said the wine he took from the inspector was safely held awaiting proper disposition. He insisted Grove had not shown him proper credentials when asked as to his authority for invading Iron River liquor caches.

ROPER SENDS DEPUTY TO SETTLE RUM FIGHT

Internal Revenue Commissioner Roper today ordered Deputy Prohibition Commissioner H. M. Gaylord to proceed to Iron City, Mich., and take charge of the situation there.

Orders to Gaylord were issued following a conference between Roper and Assistant Attorney General Frierston. It was announced that Commissioner Roper has taken steps to prevent similar revolts in other sections of the country.

New instructions have been issued prescribing the limits within which enforcement officers will work in the future. There has been made plain to these enforcement officers that they must work in harmony with local officials.

Assistant Attorney General Frierston stated that there was nothing to warrant the drastic action that had been taken against Prosecuting Attorney Martin McDonough. He added that Department of Justice officials were much impressed with the way McDonough had conducted himself.

Commissioner Roper today denied that any construction had been issued from Washington "to go out and clean up Iron county with troops." Roper declared that he favored orderly administration of justice and orderly methods of obtaining it.

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