

SPECIAL MUSIC NUMBERS HELD

Christmas musical programs were featured in services of many of the churches yesterday, both in the morning and evening services. Some will hold formal services later in the week and Mass will be held at St. Michael's and the Sacred Heart church Christmas morning. The Knox Presbyterian Sunday school will give a Christmas entertainment on the evening of December 30 at 7:30, the older pupils of the school giving "White Gifts for the King." St. Katherine's will also hold a special program on Christmas eve night.

The following programs were the features yesterday:

At the First Presbyterian church last evening the following Christmas song service was given:

Organ prelude by Miss Laney, "March of the Magi," Harker. Scripture reading, Rev. A. S. Moffett.

Hymn No. 118, congregation, "Joy to the World."

Cantata, "The Christ Child," closing hymn part 1 to be sung by choir and congregation, by C. B. Hawley.

Offertory, cello solo, selected, Mr. Ray Densmore.

Cantata, "The Christ Child," Benediction.

Choir, tenors; W. S. Garfield, Hal Laney, Arthur Poutless; Soprano, Mrs. C. C. Von Paulson, Mrs. Nita Osborn Bann, Mrs. A. R. McAllister, Miss Dimple McMillan, Mrs. Johnson; Alto, Mrs. E. M. Schornhurst, Miss Lulu Thames, Miss Gail Binkley, Miss Katie Lee Bryars; Bass, Mr. Jones, Jack Clark, Mr. Seaburg, Mrs. J. G. Walker; Soloist, Mrs. C. C. Von Paulson, Miss Gail Binkley, Mr. W. S. Garfield, Mr. Jones; Organist, Miss Charlebelle Laney; Cello, Mr. Ray Densmore; Director, Mr. W. S. Garfield.

At the First Baptist church the following Christmas song service was given in the morning at the 11 o'clock services:

Piano prelude, Simple Aven by Mrs. E. R. Cunningham, F. Thome. Invocation, Rev. J. A. Ansley.

Quartette, Ring the Bells, Messrs. Laney, Poutless, Clark and Seaburg. Chorus, Lo Jesus Comes, choir, Morris.

Solo, The Prince of Peace, Miss Margaret Wilhelm, Nidlinger.

Violin solo, Miss Willie Mae Gibson, selected.

Trio, Silent Night, Miss Margaret Wilhelm, Mrs. Beattie Bell and Mr. Geo. P. Smith.

Hymn, Joy to the World. Offertory, Solo, The Birthday of the King, Mr. H. I. Seaburg, Nidlinger.

Chorus, Crown Him King of Kings, choir, Smith.

Hymn, All Hail the Power of Jesus' Name, Misses Wilhelm and Thames, selected.

Benediction. Postlude, March Religieuse, Mrs. E. R. Cunningham, Gillette.

The First Methodist church at the 11 o'clock morning services gave the following attractively arranged Christmas musical program:

Christmas Anthem, Dudley Buck, mixed quartette.

Solo, The Song of Bethlehem, Mrs. A. R. McAllister, Minette.

Quartette, Miss McMillan, Mrs. Christie, Messrs Laney and Brierley. C. S. Brierley, musical director.

At St. Michael's on Christmas morning at 5 o'clock mass, "Gounod's Messe Solenne (St. Cecilia) will be used. The choir and orchestra will be under the direction of Mr. Charles J. Herbert. Preceding the mass a program of instrumental numbers will be given:

Twilight, Romanze-Golden. Adoration, Borowski.

Romance, from King Manifested. Prelude, from King Manifested.

Inspiration, Edwards. Cavatina, Bohm.

Lyric Suite, Grieg. Postlude, March Triumphant.

Violins, Messrs Fred C. Perfect, O'Brien Motta, Max Heinberg, Ben Clutter; Cello, Mr. Ray Densmore.

Clarinet, Mr. Frank Marchese; Cornet, Mr. Frank Patalano, Robert Diaz; Trombone, Theodore Diaz; Tympanics and Marimba, Mr. Harry L. Sackett; Saxophone, Mr. Cowhan.

At Sacred Heart church at the 5 o'clock mass on Christmas morning the following program will be a feature of the services:

Yuletide charms, Englemann. High Mass, (Corpus Christi) La Hache, organist Miss Leta Wilkins, Soloist, Miss Gladys Bell, Miss Rosebud Taranto, Beagle Reinschmidt, Ethel Revundo.

During the offertory Adeste Fideles will be sung and during communion "Oh, Holy Night," Adams will be sung by Miss Gladys Bell. The program will close with an organ voluntary, Englemann.

The Knox Presbyterian church Sunday school will give a Christmas entertainment on the evening of December 30 at 7:30 when "White Gifts for the King," will be given by the older pupils of the Sunday school, emphasizing the Christmas joy of giving instead of receiving. For the primary pupils there will be a Christmas tree and Santa Claus to talk to the little folks. A musical program will be an attractive feature.

St. Katherine's Episcopal church will give a special service to begin at 11:45 musical program to be given which will be announced later.

TWO KILLED IN RAIL ACCIDENT

St. James, Mo., Dec. 21.—Two were killed and 48 injured in a derailment of a Frisco passenger train near here today. The dead are J. O. Hooper, West Virginia, and Mrs. William H. Prehm, of St. Louis.

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strictest economy. The absolute pressing world demand for cotton has been enormously increased as a result of the world war. In America alone 500,000 bales are consumed annually in fabrics used in the manufacture of automobile tires. While exports show an increase of around 1,000,000 bales information from strictly reliable sources show that as soon as credits being arranged for Europe under the Edge bill become operative, exports will far exceed the highest figures which have been predicted, being listed only by supply.

"Based upon the above conditions of supply and demand and based upon the enormous profits being made by cotton manufacturers \$100 per pound basis middling could be paid by the manufacturers in many cases today and still leave them a handsome profit."

PAN-AMERICAN CREDITS NEEDED

Chilean Merchants Believe That North American Banks Can Learn From Business Men

Valparaiso, Dec. 21.—Chile expects that the extension of credits to South American countries by the bankers and business men of the United States will be brought before the second financial Pan-American conference at Washington in January. The first conference held in 1915 declared that solution of this question of credit was essential.

National credits also will be considered by the conference. In spite of the enormous gold reserves accumulated in the banks of the United States during the war, it seems evident to Chileans that these banks are not yet in a position to make investments in South America. Evidence of this is seen in the difficulties encountered in negotiating the \$15,000,000 loan of the Chilean government to obtain funds to buy railroad material. It is felt here that, in the matter of public credits, North American bankers should learn from both American merchants.

Chilean business men believe that North American merchants are beginning to understand better the mutual convenience to be derived from the extension of 60 to 90 days' credit on bills against South American houses. This has been the practice of European merchants dealing with those of South America.

Other matters to come before the financial Pan-American conference, as outlined here, are uniform legislation on letters of exchange, checks and cargo manifests; steps to facilitate export on furniture, markets in Argentina, Uruguay, Paraguay and Brazil, issued today by the bureau of foreign and domestic commerce department of commerce.

FURNITURE MARKETS OF EASTERN SOUTH AMERICA

Argentina is the best South American market for the sale of imported furniture and stands fourth in importance in the world's markets for American furniture, according to a report on furniture markets in Argentina, Uruguay, Paraguay and Brazil, issued today by the bureau of foreign and domestic commerce department of commerce.

Previous to the war, the report says, Austria had the largest share of the trade in chairs and some other lines of cheap furniture, with the United States second. It is the opinion of the author, Trade Commissioner Harold E. Everley, that our share of this trade can be materially increased. England had dominated the metal furniture trade and still holds the largest share, which consists principally of brass and iron beds. American manufacturers have had practically all of the office-furniture business in Argentina, amounting to several hundred thousand dollars in normal times. As the country is rapidly expanding commercially and in some respects industrially, the outlook for an increase in office furniture business is very promising. House furniture of good quality comes mostly from European manufacturers. American makers of this class of goods have paid very little attention to the market in the past. The domestic industry supplies a good part of the low-priced house furniture. Total imports of all kinds of furniture into Argentina before the war averaged about three million dollars annually, but considerably less than a million since.

The imports of furniture into Brazil are much less per capita than into Argentina, as the domestic industry is well established and supplies of fine cabinet woods abundant. Before the war Austria supplied more of the imports than any other country, with the United States second, but there has been a heavy decline in imports since 1914. In the opinion of the author there seems to be a favorable outlook for the success of a modern American furniture factory in Brazil.

MINE INSURGENTS

Frank Farrington, president Illinois miners union, on the left and Alexander Howat, president Kansas miner's union, were opposed to the settlement of the coal strike on the basis of the president's proposition.

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ACTRESS TO WED.



She has just announced her engagement to Leslie Henson of England. They met some years ago in the production of "Tonight's the Night," in New York. Miss Saunders is one of the most charming women of the English stage, and her successes in America have been almost as great as in her own land.

NEGRO TAKEN OFF TRAIN AND SHOT

Columbus, Ga., Dec. 21.—A negro, known as Charles West, alias Johnny Webb, was taken from a train at Smithville, Ga., this morning and shot to death by a mob of about fifty men bent on avenging the death of a Stewart county farmer.

The negro was being brought back from Jacksonville where he was arrested, charged with shooting Emmett L. Brightwell, a returned soldier. The mob carried him to the scene of the crime, hanged and shot him. At the inquest the verdict was death by unknown persons.



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BRITISH WOULD SUBSIDIZE HOMES

London, Dec. 21.—The British government proposes to subsidize the erection of necessary homes for the people and to prevent the building of what are characterized as "luxury houses." The plan has been proposed to the house of commons by Dr. Christopher Addison, minister of health. Dr. Addison proposed that a subsidy of 150 pounds should be offered for each house built within a specified time.

Austen Chamberlain, chancellor of the exchequer, announced that the treasury had agreed to lend to local authorities of small communities money for building purposes, but that the authorities of larger communities would have to supply their own resources. Two difficulties, he said, confronted the government, that of obtaining money and labor, and he advised that public opinion be aroused to obtain both.

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times seemed near, but no formal proceedings for this purpose were instituted until the alarming radical activities of 1919, including the Seattle and Winnipeg strikes, the sending of bombs through the mails to Attorney General Palmer and other prominent men, the formation of branches of the communist party and plans for anarchistic demonstrations on the anniversary of the formation of the soviet republic of Russia, which were frustrated by country-wide raids in November. These raids made a total of 697 anarchists seized by the United States on deportation proceedings in the last two years.

When their co-workers, the Nihilists in Russia, whence they came in youth, evolved into the Bolsheviks and formed the soviet government after the downfall of the monarchy, Berkman and Miss Goldman championed a similar government and social order for this country. Berkman, when surrendered or deportation, predicted that he would return to the United States as soviet ambassador and Miss Goldman prophesied a revolution here within five years.

"American capitalists are the most greedy in the world," she said, "and when the time comes they are going to pay a terrible price for it. A thunderous storm is brewing in the United States."

Yet when given opportunity during their many appearances in court to air their views, they repudiated violence.

"The anarchist never advocates a reign of terror," said Berkman. "An-

archism means the negation of violence. Anarchists teach self-reliance, co-operation and mutual aid in opposition to existing institutions and authority."

In replying to one such exposition after Berkman's conviction in New York for opposing the draft, the United States attorney said to the court: "The court should know that this man who now claims to be for universal peace and says he is against the use of violence, in 1893 went into Mr. Frick's office (in Pittsburgh) and tried to shoot him down without giving his victim an opportunity to defend himself. He shot him in the back as he would a dog."

"The first terrorist act in America" is the way Berkman described his attack on Frick in his book, "Prison Memoirs of an Anarchist."

Berkman's last hour of freedom in this country expired early this month in New York city while Henry Clay Frick was being buried in Pittsburgh and mourned as a public benefactor. Emma Goldman is 49 years old and Berkman 50. She was born in Kovo, Russia, and in early childhood removed with her parents to East Prussia. When 15 years old she came to the United States and started working in clothing factories in Rochester, N. Y.

Recently asked who her relatives were, Miss Goldman replied: "I have children all over the United States."

In 1887, when 17 years old, she was married in Rochester to Jacob A. Kersner, who came from Russia in

1882, and was naturalized two years later. In 1909 his citizenship was revoked because he was not 21 when naturalized and had not been five years in the United States. The marriage ceremony was performed by a schachet, a slayer of animals for kosher meat. Two years later the Kersners were divorced by a rabbi according to the Jewish rite. Kersner seems then to have passed out of Miss Goldman's life entirely, for announcement in court during her final fight against deportation that he had died this year, took her by surprise. It was on a claim that marriage to him made her a citizen that her legal efforts to remain in this country were based.

"They can't keep me out," she said in 1907, when there was talk of deporting her. "I don't believe they would be foolish enough to try. My father is an American citizen. I married an American citizen."

Her father came to the United States in 1886, one year after her arrival, and was naturalized at Rochester when his daughter was 24 years old.

Her association with Berkman began thirty years ago in New York. Other than he is 50 years old and came from Russia, he seems to have concealed his prior history pretty well. When he was released from the western Pennsylvania prison after serving his time for shooting Mr. Frick there were reports that he had married Miss Goldman in New Jersey, but the marriage was never recorded and

at their trial for obstructing the draft both testified they were single. "I represent the devil," said Miss Goldman at one of her meetings, "am an apostle upholding glorious freedom, the apostle standing out against law and order and decency and morality. I am for the devil who leads the way to the absolute yielding up to the emotions here and now. Women are the slaves of little laws and conventions. They'll learn to break the laws some day."

Berkman and Miss Goldman made their headquarters in New York when their magazines were published. They were well-known in every large city in the United States, and addressed anarchist meetings in Canada, England, Australia, Holland and other countries.

These meetings enabled them to be as comfortably as any despised anarchist would wish. Admissions were charged, circulars sold and subscriptions to their magazines taken. At the last meeting they addressed Chicago prior to their deportation. Contributions to help them fight deportation was \$5,000. Miss Goldman's bank book, seized when her magazine was suppressed, showed well-deposits running from \$50 to \$75 with one of over \$3,700. They lived at the best hotels. In fact, they offered to pay their own way to Russia, a falling in that, the difference between steerage and first-class in order to have the best accommodations.

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