THE GARDEN ISLAND

Issued Every Tuesday

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FIX THIS ORDINANCE ALSO

The Board of Supervisors are to be congratulated on the new automobile ordinance which has succeeded an ordinance that was ineffective on account of its indefiniteness.

The new ordinance is very specific in regard to speed limit thru villages and on the highway, which the other ordinance was not.

But the work of the Board of Supervisors is not complete until they pass an ordinance which will handle estrays on the road in as effective a manner. The present ordinance, according to the police, cannot be enforced in regard to estrays for the simple reason that it prescribes the height of fences along the road.

What Kauai needs is an ordinance that absolutely prohibits any stray horses or cattle on the road regardless of fences or any other conditions, and which will be punishable by a fine. It might be a good idea to give fifty per cent of the fine to the officer or person picking up the estrays so as to get some action on the matter. This method seems to be effective in the matter of the game laws and should work out well in regard to estrays.

Gentlemen of the Board of Supervisors, the matter is now in your hands, and we pray that you will handle it as effectively as you did the automobile ordinance—but with just a bit more speed.

WORKING HOURS

We don't like the constant effort on the part of labor movement to seek five-day weeks and six-hour days. In the first place, this is too short a time to get much accomplished. Nobody gets anything done without working hard and long at it. We have always felt and we believe most people on Kauai will agree with us, that working five days and loafing two days is a wrong proportion. It engenders too much laxity, and we see how a man working under such a program goes back to work, half forgetting about the kind of job he had, and having to bring himself down to work again like he does after a vacation.

We believe that it takes six days a week for a man to handle any job well, and how a man can put in a day in six hours we never could understand. Eight hours work forms a proper division of the day, but even eight hours will flit very quickly by to the person who is actually and vitally concerned about his work. So, we believe that all workers should work full time to get the most out of it for themselves and for the ones for whom they are working.

Nobody works for himself. He is working for other folks. And unless a person is interested and doing service over a good many hours a day at least six days a week, he can hardly expect to render enough service to the other people for them to pay him well. Personally, we think the movement for a five-day week and a six-hour day is all bunk, and we can't see any merit in it either for the workers or the world in general.

IT CAN'T BE DONE

We had to smile the other day when we heard a Lihue man who ought to know better contending that he could get along all right if people would let him do as he pleased. It struck us as being funny, because in this country no one is permitted to do exactly as he pleases, and they never will be allowed to. In the first place, it would not be a wise thing either for the man or the rest of us.

Shortly after hearing this remark we read where a man and his wife had decided to show that they could live without the rest of their fellow men, and without things produced by others. They decided to go into the wilds of the Maine woods, and live a primitive life, just as Adam and Eve lived. They figured on two things—doing as they pleased and beating the cost of living. So into the woods they went, garbed as natue garbed them, and without camp equipment or food. They fashioned rude clothing of leaves and grass, and with bows and arrows made with their own hands they killed game and ate it.

And then came the game warden, scouring the Maine woods, came upon them. He took them to the nearest magistrate where they were fined for hunting without a license, for fishing without a license, and for killing quail and deer in the closed season. Their fines amounted to $354.

They didn't prove what they started out to prove, but they did prove that which we were contending—that it is not always best for a man to be permitted to do as he pleases, and neither is it good judgment to think you can beat the present cost of living.

A man may be straighter than a string and still not be able to tell the whole truth about a second hand auto.

A scientist says the ordinary housefly lays a million eggs a season. And the worst part of it is, the most of them hatch.

CONDITIONS CHANGING

GERMANY has reversed her position and now claims that she can pay the reparations assessments provided she can obtain a loan, and it is quite probable she will find the money somewhere, and that somewhere is likely to be in the United States.

Before Germany can get the loan she desires, however, she must recognize her obligations and a settled movements toward meeting them. Germany will not be granted a loan of any considerable amount until she can give assurance that the money thus obtained is to be devoted to the purpose for which she asks it.

The nations of the world do not want to crush Germany. They are willing to aid her to restore the shattered fabric of her industrial status and provide her with a working capital, provided she is sincere in her desires to straighten out her accounts and abide by the agreement she made when she signed the peace treaty.

France and the other allies need every dollar and every mark that Germany owes them. They need it as much as Germany does, and there will not be any concessions made that will give to Germany industrial and commercial advantages over any other nation or body of nations.

Germany is working. All her people are busy. Her mills and factories are far behind in their efforts to meet the demands of trade. She is building a new merchant marine as rapidly as wood and iron can be put together to make the ships she needs, and other nations will look well to their commercial interests or German manufactured goods, made at a lower labor cost, will glut the markets now open to the commerce of the world.

The United States may aid Germany, but should not sacrifice her own interests in doing so; neither should German made goods be imported into this country to compete with our home manufactures and American labor.

WRIGLEY'S ANSWER

William Wrigley, Jr., the chewing gum magnate, was talking to a little party of men in a smoking car the other day, and telling how emuch chicle is used each year for chewing gum. "But, Mr. Wrigley," said one of his hearers, "you've spent millons of dollars and created a splendid demand now, everybody talks about and chews Spearmint; your demand is steady and growing; isn't it a waste to spend so many thousands of dollars advertising a product that is already known?"

And Mr. Wrigley, studying a moment, answered:

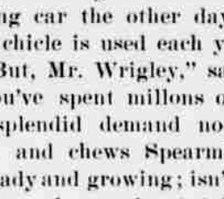
"My friend, if I were to stop advertising it would be just like taking the engine off the train. It would slow down, and after a little while it would stop. Advertising is the locomotive of business and if you don't keep it up business comes to a stop."

Not content with taxing everything else, now comes the politician to tax our patience.

It sure would be fine for mother if she could collect time and a half for over-time.

It would be nice to change places with a fish during these hot months, for no matter how fast a fish swims he never sweats.

Good Advice



On Investing

IT is not expected that everyone with money to invest should know all the ins and outs of the investment market. That is ordinarily the knowledge of a business counsellor and the Trent Trust Company's stocks and bonds department tries to fill this capacity for out-of-town clients. Your letter to the stocks and bonds department will receive an answer by return mail.

TRENT TRUST CO LTD
HONOLULU

So to serve that we may continue to serve

AN ANSWER TO "TIP TOP FAILURES"

Editor, Garden Island: — A severe criticism in the last issue of the Garden Island under the head, "Tip Top Failures," makes it evident that some of our patrons do not realize the adverse conditions with which this theater has had to contend in the last 18 months.

To begin with, this theater was taken from the private individuals who formerly ran it, as there was so much criticism about the inferior pictures that were being shown. On January 1st of last year the Lihue Plantation Co., Ltd., took over the management of the theater, as was being done by most of the plantations in the islands, to try and better conditions.

At that time we were given the impression that all pictures were to be censored before being distributed to the different plantations, but as time went on it became evident that this was not being done, and we were compelled to take what was sent. As a result, the management has had one continuous round of dissention with the local and Honolulu Distributors.

A number of trips have been made to Honolulu to try to secure better service, but the most that was accomplished was a great many fine promises that never materialized. With this indifferent spirit from our distributors, we have had to take what was given us, and were practically told that we could either take them or leave them.

About three months ago the management succeeded in making a deal with the local and Honolulu distributors whereby we were to receive the best pictures that came to Honolulu. Since then we have been receiving them and we feel confident this service will continue.

The Tip Top theater is paying from 35 to 40 per cent more for their films than any other plantation theater in the islands. We are doing this to enable us to give our patrons the best films obtainable.

We were criticized about our exhorbitant prices. If the author of "Tip Top Failures" has ever been to Honolulu and attended the Liberty theater he certainly knows that to see the same pictures that we have shown here in the last few months, he would have to pay 60 cents admission whereas our price is half of that. For the accommodation of those wishing reserved seats a small additional cost of 10 cents is made but our regular admission is 30 cents.

We have cut off 23 per cent on our price of admission about the first of the year and have discontinued raising our prices for special shows although we get three special films a month which cost us about 50 per cent more than regular films.

If one is dissatisfied with any of our shows we are always ready and willing to refund their price of admission. The ticket seller is instructed to this effect.

Our failure to exhibit last week two pictures that were previously advertised was neither our fault nor the distributors. The first picture was scheduled to arrive Tuesday morning, July 4th, and on Monday it was announced that the boat would not depart from Honolulu until Tuesday night. Under these circumstances we arranged another program for Tuesday night as we felt our patrons would much prefer to have a show on the night of the Fourth instead of our regular night. From the favorable comments on the picture that was shown we feel that the substitute was no doubt as good as the picture we should have received.

The picture advertised for last Saturday night did not arrive on Friday's boat as it was held up on Maui for the same reason that our Tuesday's picture did not arrive, i. e., change in the Inter-Island sailing schedule on the Fourth of July. Our substitution on Saturday night was the best picture we could obtain.

We regret more than anyone that circumstances forced us to change our advertised program last week, but it is clearly seen that these changes were absolutely unavoidable.

It has always been the policy of the management of the Tip Top theater to give our patrons the best obtainable in pictures and service but owing to the odds against us, it has been a very difficult thing to do. Keener competition among the Honolulu distributors is beginning to be felt and we now feel confident that our programs are as good as any in the islands.

In looking over the Paramount year book for 1921-22 we find that we have shown nearly every Paramount picture that has been released. The Paramount pictures cannot be surpassed.

If at any time our patrons have any complaints to make we are always very glad to listen to them and to try in every way to rectify them. Of course, we are aware it is impossible to please everyone, but it is our endeavor to try to please the majority.

It would be impossible to fill the theater every night in the week during these hard times, even with the best of pictures.

Yours very truly,
J. H. HALL,
Assistant Manager, Tip Top Theater.

We're Telling You Again

THAT THE PACIFIC MUTUAL FIVE-WAY POLICY PAYS.
Clip and Mail the Coupon for Additional Information

WATERHOUSE TRUST CO., Ltd.,
Fort and Merchant Streets,
Honolulu, T. H. Phone 5701.

Please send book descriptive of the new multiple protection policy of the Pacific Mutual Life Insurance Co., that "Pays five ways."

Name .....

No. ..... Street .....

Occupation .....

Date of Birth: Month..... Day..... Year.....

WATERHOUSE TRUST CO., LTD.
HONOLULU

Don't be Discouraged

Because you have not been able to save in the past, but make up your mind today to save some definite part of all income earned.

The saving habit has brought independence to others, and it will do as much for you.

Acquire the saving habit and stick to it.

Our savings department will help you.

THE BANK OF BISHOP & CO., LTD.
Waimea, Kauai.

CONGOLEUM RUGS

You have noticed the beautiful colored advertisements of **GOLD SEAL CONGOLEUM RUGS** in the leading magazines, particularly in the better women's periodicals. They are most artistic.

We have the rugs right in Honolulu, in fact we are the agents for them.

We have all patterns and all sizes.

You can get them in a week's time or less.

Write us the size you want and we will send the nearest size to it, or write for particulars.

If you see just the one you want in the colored advertisements, cut it out and send it to us, we will send you the exact article by next steamer.

LEWERS & COOKE, LTD.
169-171 South King St., P. O. Box 2930, Honolulu

of course - -

Hawaiian Kona is the Best

We don't need to tell you that. Just wanted you to form the good habit of asking your grocer for Kona Coffee with the red label in one pound packages or five pound cans.

AMFAC
SPECIAL
Kona Coffee
THE CHOICE OF THE PICK

AMERICAN FACTORS LTD
WHOLESALE DISTRIBUTORS

Armco Iron Flumes Stay on the Job

IRON Fluming is subject to more punishment than any other iron product used out of doors. Destructive elements of earth, air and water attack it inside and outside; and, if it is portable, it gets rough handling. Armco Ingot Iron flumes successfully resist these attacks and give long and satisfactory. This is because Armco Ingot Iron is 99.84 per cent pure. Commercially pure iron presents no weak spots where rust may gain a hold. And its dense, tough body resists rough usage.

Honolulu Iron Works Co.
Wholesale Distributors