



NEW TODAY

Laundry Service, Marine Corps Quartermaster's Department, Washington D. C. November 12th, 1912. Sealed Proposals, in duplicate, will be received by the Post Quartermaster, Marine Barracks, Honolulu, until eleven a. m., Monday, November 26th, 1912, and then be publicly opened, for furnishing laundry service from Jan. 1, 1913, to June 30, 1913, at Honolulu, T. H. Proposal blanks and other information can be obtained upon application to the Post Quartermaster at the station named. This office reserves the right to reject any or all bids or parts thereof, and to waive informalities therein. Bids from persons engaged in laundry business only will be considered. C. L. McCowley, Lt. Col., Asst. Quartermaster, in Charge of Department. 5292—Nov. 13, 1912.

IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF THE First Circuit, Territory of Hawaii, at Chambers—in Probate, in the matter of the Estate of Alfred O. Ross, Deceased. Order of Notice of Hearing Petition for Administration. On reading and filing the petition of Emily Ross of Honolulu, alleging that Alfred O. Ross of Honolulu died intestate on October 8, 1912, leaving property within the jurisdiction of this court necessary to be administered upon, and praying that Letters of Administration issue to her: It is ordered that Tuesday, the 17th day of December, A. D. 1912, at 9 o'clock A. M., be and hereby is appointed for hearing said petition in the Court Room of this court in the old Y. M. C. A. Building in the City and County of Honolulu, at which time and place all persons concerned may appear and show cause, if any they have, why said petition should not be granted. By the Court: JOHN MARCELLINO, Clerk First Circuit Court, Based Honolulu, Nov. 12, 1912. 5295—Nov. 13, 20, 27, Dec. 4.

WANTS

HURSEY. TRY our special mixed fertilizer for pot plants and hanging baskets. Surprising results. 10 and 35c per bag at German Nursery, Palm Bldg., Tel. 4165. 15283-Gm. AUTO FOR SALE. 38-H. P. "E. M. F.". 3 seats, in good running condition, \$3,500. Phone 3576. 5391-1W. TAILORS. Sang Loy, 364 Maunakea, below King. Latest styles, finest materials.

"Wonder Why That House Has Been Vacant So Long?" is a thought that comes to many people as they pass by placarded property. Perhaps, on the day when the placards were hung in the windows, somebody was watching the "To Let" sign in the hope of finding exactly such a place. Perhaps today somebody would arrive classified as of that very house if the owner had been wise enough to publish one! Everyone Reads the Star-Bulletin Classified

GENERAL STAFF OFFICER FOR HAWAII

Army headquarters in the Young Hotel hummed this morning with the usual bustle and press of official business that accompanies the stay of a transport. Several officers who are either returning from leave, or who are coming for station here, put their names on the officers' register, and there were also a number of army men passing through to Manila who paid an official call on General Maccomb. A well known officer who paid his respects to the department commander is Colonel Henry F. McCain, of the adjutant general's department, who is on his way to Manila to fill the post of adjutant general of the Philippines Division. Colonel McCain was acting adjutant general of the army following the resignation of Major General Ainsworth. Officer of G. S. Here. Major Arthur S. Conklin, general staff, who will be stationed at department headquarters, reported for duty this morning. The detaching of a general staff officer is another instance of the growing military importance of Hawaii. Although departments are not allowed chiefs of staff, Major Conklin, who will be to all intents and purposes chief of staff of this department. His official title, however, is assistant to the chief of staff of the Western Division. There has been no general staff officer here since Captain C. C. Carter was forced back into the line by the famous "Manchu" order, more than six months ago. Major Conklin belongs to the coast artillery. He won his majority July 7 of last year. He graduated from West Point in 1893, and first entered the infantry, transferring to the Seventh Artillery in the year of the Spanish war. Major Conklin is a New Yorker by birth, and is a son-in-law of General McCaskey. He brings his family with him to Honolulu and has taken up quarters at the Pleasanton, Sherman Oaks at 5. The transport is scheduled to sail at 5 this evening. For Honolulu the Sherman brought 22 first cabin, 9 second cabin and 69 steerage passengers. One first, 33 second and 54 steerage are bound for Guam, while for Manila the figures are 38, 36 and 35.

MONSARRAT BACK ON POLICE BENCH

Five weeks' vacation spent on the mainland dealt handsly with Judge Monsarrat, who, returning as a passenger in the United States army transport Sherman last evening was ready for business in the administration of justice at the district court this morning. A small calendar consisting of ten cases occupied the attention of the court. Judge Monsarrat spent the greater portion of the time while away from the islands on the coast and in San Francisco. He finds himself much improved in health. Lee Tuck, alleged by the police as having issued false checks, was arraigned, the charge being entered, the case was continued over until Friday. It is alleged that the Bank of Honolulu was made the recipient of paper bearing the signature of the C. K. Lum Company, no such firm however doing business with the bank in question. Deputy Chief of Detectives Kellest spent some time in tracing the originator of the spurious paper, which finally brought Lee Tuck to the police station. Attorney Leon Straus tied decided objections to the Filipino interpreter, employed by the police department, who it is alleged is also a member of the staff of city detectives. Straus appeared as representing the defendant in a case where a Filipino is charged with assault with a weapon. A small delegation of witnesses from the country had been summoned when the objection to the existing interpreter caused a postponement of the case until such time as a Filipino conversant with the various Philippine dialects can be secured to serve in the case. License Inspector Fennell received an analysis of a sample of "swipes" confiscated on October 29th at a Kuli still in which it is shown that the liquor contains seven and four-tenths percent alcohol. Fennell and his assistants found several barrels of the liquor a quantity having been destroyed before the officers descended upon the illicit still. "You must have seen some trait in me to admire," said Mr. Meeklin, "or you wouldn't have married me." "I did," replied his wife, "your sublime nerve in wanting to be my husband." Officers and men of the United States revenue cutter service are forbidden to accept pay for silted vessels in distress under an order of the treasury department. When a man gets sick he doesn't want to take any medicine; when a woman gets sick she wants to take about seventeen kinds at once. Judge Advocate General E. H. Crowder of the army, in his annual report, urges that deserters be given in detention barracks. Teacher—Name some of the man-hunting tribes. Pupil—The English suffragettes. The Predigal Son returned. "Fatted calf out of date," he cried. "Give me bull moose.

WILSON DENIES

cast that under no circumstances could any sort of progressive policy by the Democrats be made effective. They pointed out that Aldrich and Cannon, through their former Democratic liverings, would still dominate everything in the way of tariff legislation. Considerable political capital was made out of this charge. It must be admitted there is more truth than poetry in it. The Conservative Democrats are in line to head all the big committees and are apparently in a position to sidetrack any radical or constructive legislation proposed. When President Taft returned to the White House October 27 and settled down to the old grid, his vacation being ended, his utterances were of the most optimistic nature. He predicted his re-election. He was even confident. Taft May Practice Law. At the same time a number of rumors coming from many good sources announced that he accepted defeat as a foregone conclusion and was already planning his future. It was said he would resume the practice of law with the least possible delay. In doing so he would follow the example of Presidents Harrison, Cleveland and other predecessors. It is apparent that President Taft, on leaving the White House next March, would be an asset to any of the big law firms of the country. One report which has been quietly talked here for some days is that he will join the firm of Strong and Cadwalader, of New York, of which his brother, Henry W. Taft, is a member and to which Attorney General Wickham belonged while in private practice. Mr. Wickham is planning to return to that practice and the story goes in well-informed circles that the president will unite with the firm. President Taft, according to another story, will return to Cincinnati and resume the law there. Whether he goes back to Cincinnati or practices in New York, there is not much doubt he will become a conspicuous figure in a legal way. He prefers the law, and, as a former president, will undoubtedly command big fees. It is well remembered that Benjamin Harrison, who was an eminent lawyer, when he retired from office

HURSTLE REFORM

Newlines, of Honolulu. Chairman R. W. Shingle will be an ex-officio member of the committee. The main object of the steering committee, as its name indicates will be to draft bills embodying the reform ideas set forth in the platform adopted by the convention. As yet it is impossible to say what measures will be taken up first, but it is believed probable that a bill doing away with the present land board and providing for the creation of a land and water board will be the first on the list. The program laid down is probably the most progressive ever contemplated in the Territory. To Work With Frear. Much stress is being laid upon the intention of the committee membership of consulting Governor Frear upon all measures it proposes to take up. It is understood that Mr. Frear is now at work upon a number of measures along practically identical lines as those which the committee intends following, and its members believe that they can make better progress by working in close harmony with the executive. The general plan to date, is to have the committee draft such bills as it sees fit, submit these to the Governor for his suggestions and criticism, and if deemed proper accept his ideas, or incorporate them in the measures. While of course it is impossible to make any definite statement of the exact terms of the measure for creating a land and water board, it is understood that it will follow closely the lines laid down in the Republican platform adopted by the G. O. P. convention, and will provide for government supervision of all agreements concerning the conservation, distribution and sale of water for use on the public lands, by a board which will be appointed only by the advice and consent of the Senate. The measure will also contain provisions for amending the present land laws along the lines of the platform, which proposes that individuals and corporations be restricted in their control of government lands. Either in this or in a similar measure, which the committee will propose the plank in the platform calling for the construction of proper roads in the Territory from the sale of public lands. Immigration Question. Still another important legislation contemplated by the committee, will be that incorporating the platform plank called safe guarding of the funds for the carrying out of the present immigration law of the Territory, and providing for stricter regulations governing the class of immigrants brought into the Territory. One of the measures which the committee will present will be along the lines of one of the ideas advanced by Governor Frear in an interview given to the Star-Bulletin yesterday afternoon, in which the Governor declared himself in favor of an employer's liability law, as suggested by the Republican platform. Still another piece of legislation proposed by the committee will be a law calling for compensation for property destroyed by the authorities in the course of such a campaign as that waged by the Board of Health in the mosquito fight, provided that the Supreme Court shall hold that the destruction was unauthorised by law, or the necessity of the case.

ARMY TESTS

out the service on account of his work with machine guns in Cuba, found his group of machine guns extraordinarily effective, and developed some facts which opened the eyes of the military experts. He even succeeded in making the guns do damage with indirect fire, at the longer ranges of course, it is to follow up and elaborate on the results of these experiments at Monterey that Lieutenant Jackson's company has been organized. The war strength company will have six machine guns, each capable of pouring a stream of bullets at the rate of 500 to the minute. This means 3000 bullets a minute, a fire under which nothing could live. Concealment and patient waiting for critical moments and exceptional opportunities of machine gun service is decisive action. The whole theory of their use is to direct what is technically known as a "burst of fire" on momentarily exposed targets. No troops stand or run when under heavy machine gun fire, and the only way to make headway against such opposition is to concentrate a large number of rifles on each gun and keep pumping away until it is silenced. Field Artillery can put the machine guns out of commission in a short time, but the latter are so mobile that they usually do their work and get away to some new point of vantage before the field guns can open. They are weapons of emergency, and the moral effect of machine guns on troops that are subjected to their fire, is tremendous. The present series of problems includes work for the machine gun both by day and night. Small wooden sets representing prone troops are set on, while at night the location of a theoretical camp will be indicated by a few lanterns. The officers will estimate the range and then turn loose with all six guns, making a careful investigation of the objective afterwards, to estimate the damage, and also taking into consideration conditions of time and position. The first firing will probably be early Friday morning.

LATE BUSINESS ITEMS

There was no change in centrifugals at New York yesterday. To meet its increasing traffic, the Oahu Railway and Land Co. will build a hundred new freight cars next year. Increased output of pineapples is adding to the traffic. Sol. Sam Parker has made an arrangement to move the old Campbell mansion, bought by him at auction a few days ago to Mrs. Shingle's lot, where he will occupy it under a lease. Stocks in New York opened with an upward swing yesterday morning, owing to a rally in American stocks abroad, but later a bear drive caused all signs and depressed the level of prices to the lowest recorded in several weeks. It is rumored that an offer of \$500,000 has been made for the land occupied by the Catholic cathedral and convent, Fort street, but that it will be held for a higher price when the opening of the Panama canal, as expected, will boost values of business property. Following are the closing quotations for Hawaiian stocks in San Francisco yesterday: Hawaiian Commercial, 49 asked; Hawaiian Sugar, 39 bid and 41 asked; Honolulu, 10 asked; Hutchinson, 18 bid and 19 1/2 asked; Kilauea, 22 bid; Onomea, 35 1/2 bid and 35 1/2 asked; Peahiwa, 20 1/2 bid and 21 1/4 asked; Honolulu Plantation, 35 bid and 35 1/2 asked.

NOTED AUTHOR OF JAPAN HERE TO WRITE BOOK

Kiyoshi K. Kawakami, one of Japan's most noted contemporary men of letters, is in Honolulu on an important mission of investigation. He is here in pursuit of material for a new book, "Japanese America," and conditions in Hawaii, particularly social conditions of Japanese labor and social conditions, will play a large part in the book. Mr. Kawakami for a number of years has been regarded as perhaps the foremost authority writing in English on Japanese-American conditions. He was educated partly in his own country and partly in the United States, taking degrees from mainland universities and specializing in history and economics and kindred subjects. For some years he has devoted himself to a study and exposition of Japanese relations with other countries, the fruit of which was the noted book, "American-Japanese Relations." So remarkable was this book that the press of the United States commented at length upon it. The Pittsburgh Post, for instance, said: "Not even from diplomatic sources has come so clear and concise a statement of the Mikado's government regarding our commercial and political position in the Orient." The book was hailed unanimously as a definite exposition of Japan's course in many important international questions. It was not the first time its author had come forward with striking articles on Japanese relations. Many of the best of American periodicals have contained striking contributions from his pen. Mr. Kawakami is accompanied by his wife and their three children. He is married to an American girl. A pretty romance resulted in their wedding some years ago. Kawakami, a brilliant young author, fell in love with and wedded and won her. Today Mr. Kawakami is at HIG-Pacific Institute. He will be in the islands for some months studying conditions here, and his book will constitute an unofficial report on the status of Japanese in Hawaii that will be widely accepted as conclusive on the subject.

NEARLY MILE OF NAMES ON THIS BIG PETITION

SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 4.—The Liberty Bell petition reel, which now contains three-quarters of a mile of petitions and which was signed by the children of San Francisco, is on exhibition in the Exposition Building. The children of the public and parochial schools of this city, numbering in the neighborhood of 70,000 have affixed their names. Petitions are coming in from the public, parochial and private schools of the State of California. When they are pasted together and placed on the reel it will be sent to Philadelphia for presentation to the Mayor and City Council of that city. It is expected that there will be one million signatures attached to this petition. PNEUMONIA. You never heard of anyone who used Chamberlain's Cough Remedy having pneumonia and millions of bottles of that remedy are sold every year. Pneumonia is undoubtedly a germ disease, and this remedy cleans out the culture beds that form in the throat and bronchial tubes and develop the germ of that disease. For sale by all dealers. Benson, Smith & Co., Ltd., agents for Hawaii. It is expected that the alterations in the Young Hotel building will be completed the middle of December, when the new office and lobby on the ground floor will rival anything of the kind in San Francisco. Anyway, trouble never dodges up an alley when a man is looking for it. An egotist is a man who believes that if he were to hide his light under a bushel the whole world would be in darkness.

FRUSTRATION

Stocks in New York opened with an upward swing yesterday morning, owing to a rally in American stocks abroad, but later a bear drive caused all signs and depressed the level of prices to the lowest recorded in several weeks. It is rumored that an offer of \$500,000 has been made for the land occupied by the Catholic cathedral and convent, Fort street, but that it will be held for a higher price when the opening of the Panama canal, as expected, will boost values of business property. Following are the closing quotations for Hawaiian stocks in San Francisco yesterday: Hawaiian Commercial, 49 asked; Hawaiian Sugar, 39 bid and 41 asked; Honolulu, 10 asked; Hutchinson, 18 bid and 19 1/2 asked; Kilauea, 22 bid; Onomea, 35 1/2 bid and 35 1/2 asked; Peahiwa, 20 1/2 bid and 21 1/4 asked; Honolulu Plantation, 35 bid and 35 1/2 asked.

REMEMBER! OUR BIG PRICE-CUTTING SALE

Will Continue Another Week. We still have a number of big bargains. Speed with me, permit us to mention all the goods; suffice it to say, our tire line is being offered at from 25 to 50 per cent reduction. GREEN STAMPS GIVEN WITH EVERY PURCHASE. Buy now, as your stock is being greatly reduced. Follow the crowd and you will wind up at the bottom.

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Good style without fashions; good material; good fit—these are the things to look for in "The Clothes of a Gentleman." In "Benjamin Clothes" you will find these qualities to perfection, with the hundred little niceties of workmanship, care and skill that mark the finest of hand tailoring. THE CLARION Remember! Our Big Price-Cutting Sale Will Continue Another Week. We still have a number of big bargains. Speed with me, permit us to mention all the goods; suffice it to say, our tire line is being offered at from 25 to 50 per cent reduction. GREEN STAMPS GIVEN WITH EVERY PURCHASE. Buy now, as your stock is being greatly reduced. Follow the crowd and you will wind up at the bottom. Canton Dry Goods Co. HOTEL ST. OPPOSITE EMPIRE THEATRE. French Laundry. Established 1890. Dry cleaning of ladies' garments under the supervision of Miss Abbott. 777 King St. JOHN LEWIS, Prop. READY FOR CHRISTMAS. HAND-CARVED TABLES—ALL SIZES. THE LARGEST TEAPOT IN TOWN IS ON DISPLAY IN OUR (no duplicate) Japanese Bazaar 117 FORT STREET, BELOW CONVENT. Christmas Shoppers Who Shop Early, Shop to the Best Advantage. There are many opportunities among our Books to make exceptional fitting Christmas Gifts. The Crossroads Bookshop Limited. Young Hotel Building.