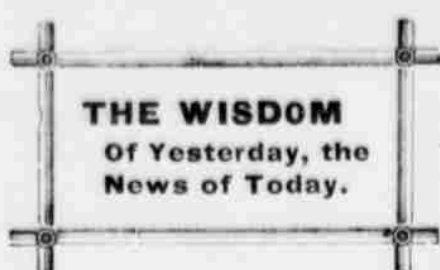


Hilo Tribune.



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HILO, HAWAII, HAWAIIAN ISLANDS, TUESDAY, DECEMBER 26, 1905.

No. 9.

The Hilo Tribune.

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Vice-President.....H. E. RICHARDS
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Advertisements unaccompanied by specific instructions inserted until ordered out.
Advertisements discontinued before expiration of specified period will be charged as if continued for full term.

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Chas. M. LeBlond

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW
Hawaiian, Japanese, and Chinese interpreters and Notary Public in Office.
Office: SEVENRANCE BUILDING, Opposite Cour. House. HILO, HAWAII

C. Henry White

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW
NAALEHU, HAWAII

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ATTORNEY-AT-LAW AND NOTARY PUBLIC
Waiuanuenu Street, Hilo, Hawaii

J. L. Kaulukou

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW
OFFICE IN TRIBUNE BUILDING
HILO, HAWAII

REAL ESTATE, ETC.

F. S. LYMAN

AGENT
FIRE, ACCIDENT AND MARINE INSURANCE
Waiuanuenu Street, Hilo, Hawaii

W. H. BEERS

INTERPRETER AND TRANSLATOR (English and Hawaiian)
Commission and Business Agent.
Will Act as Administrator, Guardian and Executor. Rents and Bills Collected.
Office with I. E. Ray. Telephone 146
9

Akai's Restaurant.

To be opened **Saturday, September 16.** Opposite Fish Market. Short Orders a Specialty. Orders for Ice Cream and Cake attended to promptly and delivered to any part of City.
Telephone No. 17.

A. S. LeBaron Gurney

AUCTIONEER
COMMISSIONS PROMPTLY EXECUTED
FRONT STREET
OPPOSITE SPRECKELS' BUILDING

ESTABLISHED 1868.

BISHOP & CO.

Bankers.
HONOLULU - OAHU, H. I.

Transact a General Banking and Exchange business
Commercial and Traveller's Letters of Credit issued, available in all the principal cities of the world.
Special attention given to the business entrusted to us by our friends of the other Islands, either as Deposits, Collections Insurance or requests for Exchange.

FURNISHED ROOMS

BY DAY, WEEK OR MONTH.
Neat and newly fitted. Centrally and pleasantly located on

PITMAN STREET NEAR WAIUANUENU ST.

Facing on Court House and Hilo Hotel Parks. A quiet, pleasant retreat.
Terms Reasonable.

C. F. BRADSHAW

Proprietor. 43

LEGAL NOTICES.

Notice to Creditors.

In the Circuit Court of the Fourth Circuit, Territory of Hawaii.

AT CHAMBERS-IN PROBATE.

In the matter of the Estate of ALBERT O. ZIMMERMANN, deceased.

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned has been appointed executrix under the will of the Estate of Albert O. Zimmerman, deceased.

All creditors of said deceased are hereby notified to present their claims, secured or unsecured, duly verified and with proper vouchers, if any, to the undersigned at Mountain View, Hawaii, T. H., within six months from and after the date of this notice, otherwise such claims, if any, will be forever barred.

ANNA ZIMMERMANN, Executrix.

Hilo, Dec. 26, 1905.
W. S. WISE
Attorney for Estate. 94

AUCTION SALE.

OF DELINQUENT SHARES OF THE WAIPIO LIMALAU, LTD.

By order of the Board of Control of the WAIPIO LIMALAU, LTD., for non-payment of assessments due, I will sell at public auction at Honoka'a, Hamakua, County of Hawaii, on Saturday, December 30th, 1905, at 12 o'clock noon, all of the following numbered Certificates of Shares issued by the above Company, unless the amounts due are paid to the undersigned on or before the above day:

Certificate No.	Shares.
7	20
8	5
12	3
18	15
19	5
28	2
29	5
32	10
37	50
44	2
46	3
55	5
56	5
57	5
58	5
68	5
71	4
72	2
86	5
87	1
89	2
90	10
95	1
98	5
109	5
115	6
117	5
127	25
128	25
134	25
135	25

CHARLES WILLIAMS, Auctioneer.

Dated Honoka'a Dec. 13th, 1905. 8-2

While the Agents of many Life Insurance Companies are petitioning their Officers for the ANNUAL DIVIDEND policy, it is a source of great satisfaction to the Policyholders of the Pacific Mutual to know that their Company has been issuing almost nothing else for years.

No petitioning necessary for liberality with the good old Pacific Mutual.

The Directors of the Company are by the California law made jointly and severally liable for all monies EMBEZZLED or MISAPPROPRIATED by the officers during the term of office of such Director. Quite a provision from the SECURITY STANDPOINT, considering what has recently occurred.

The best policies are issued by the best Company on Earth for policyholders.

THE PACIFIC MUTUAL LIFE INS. CO. OF CALA.

CLINTON J. HUTCHINS, General Agent, 920 Fort Street.

H. E. PICKER, Traveling Representative.

Wanted.

Luna, man of experience. Right pay to right man. Forward application to 'Ambitious' TRIBUNE OFFICE. 9-3

PROPOSED RUSSIAN SETTLEMENT MAY FAIL

The prospects of a speedy settlement of the Kapaa land question, as prophesied by the Honolulu papers, seems to have received a set back owing to the disagreement between the Makee Sugar Co. on Kauai and the representatives of the Russian settlers.

Col. Z. S. Spaulding, representing the plantation has not entered into any contract with the prospective settlers for grinding of their cane and until a satisfactory and unequivocal agreement to that effect can be arranged, it seems likely that the proposition may fall through. A board of appraisers appointed by the Commissioner of Public Lands has placed a very low valuation upon the land, with a view of inducing the Russian settlers to locate permanently upon it. Their report has been given to Commissioner Pratt, but its contents will not be disclosed.

Governor Carter is heartily in sympathy with the movement and it is claimed is doing all he can to further negotiations to an amicable settlement. On the other hand it is contended by Jas. B. Castle, who represents the Russian settlers, that unless a contract can be drawn up securing to the planters a market for their cane at a reasonable figure and at the time for harvesting, it is better that the land remain idle or in the hands of the present lessee, which is the Makee Sugar Co.

Unless such a grinding contract be assured to the Molokans, the government cannot offer them an acceptable proposition for settling upon the lands. Governor Carter disclaims any power in the premises to compel the plantation to enter into such a contract.

The Makee Sugar Company holds from the government from 3,000 to 4,000 acres, under lease which expires in about eighteen months. In the latter part of November, Captain Demens representing the Molokans, a Russian sect not unlike the Quakers, investigated the possibilities of settlement of cane land by his countrymen. Providing the Makee Sugar Co. would cancel a certain tract of government land and to take the cane grown by the settlers, Captain Demens proposed to bring to Kauai a colony of about 130 families, or between 800 and 1000 people, who would become permanent settlers.

It is stated that these people are the very best kind of settlers. They will make their homes here and will spend their money here. It will not be sent back to Russia, as the Japanese send theirs to Japan. The idea is to have them take up the land as a settlement association in tracts of about 40 acres to each family. About half of it is suitable for cane cultivation and the rest can be used for other agricultural purposes. It will, if the plan is carried through, be opened on the purchase lease system, so they will be able to spend the first money they make on improvements and pay for the land later on. These men are not paupers, but have money with which they can make a good start.

Owing to the disagreement between the plantation and the Russians' representatives the plan seems likely to fall through.

President Against Jap Exclusion.

Several Californians called on the President, among them one or two members of the California Congressional delegation, says the San Francisco Chronicle. The President was in a furious temper over the introduction of the Japanese exclusion bill. One of the Californians told this story of what occurred:

"What on earth did you Californians mean by introducing such a bill?" burst out the President as he greeted them. "Don't you know such a thing is preposterous? With our great trade openings in the Orient, and our peculiar relations with those countries, and with our solemn treaty with Japan, which is the supreme law of the land? Do you suppose I would approve a bill that would be in violation of a treaty and an affront to Japan? Why, I would veto it if were passed unanimously."

"This bill represents the sentiment of a large part of the population on the Pacific Coast," replied a Californian. "It is introduced by the California delegation, composed of Republicans. We understand that a committee is coming here with the intention of having a similar bill introduced by a Democrat, who will try to make it appear that the regular delegation is opposed to the anti-Japanese sentiment in California."

"Who are these people?" asked the President.

"Well, the committee is headed by Mr. Livernash, and other members."

"Send them to me! Send them to me!" exploded the President, gritting his teeth and pounding the desk with his fist. "I'll veto the bill and deport Livernash!"

The Californians promised to suggest to Livernash and his associates that they call at the White House.

"Send them to me!" shouted the President, as the Californians departed, "I'll tell them what I think of Japanese exclusion."

It is said Senator Perkins intended to introduce a bill identical with McKinley's bill, excluding the Japanese and Koreans, but when he heard of the President's threat to deport Livernash he concluded to let the House wrestle with the subject.

Speaker Cannon met ex-Representative Loud. "Loud" he exclaimed, "what in—do you fellows out in California mean by introducing bills to exclude the Japanese from the United States? Are you trying to stir up things so that we will fight Chinese exclusion? You'd better leave well enough alone."

These incidents, taken with the comments of Eastern Senators and Representatives and Eastern newspaper discussion, indicate how long and hard the fight will be before the exclusion of Japanese laborers is accomplished. Several Southern Representatives who formerly favored Chinese exclusion are now anxious to have the Chinese admitted in order to meet the labor scarcity in the South.

Kauai's Election Contest Case.

The Supreme Court has reversed Judge Hardy's decision ousting D. Kanealii from office of Supervisor of Kauai County. The court holds that the election is valid even if the conditions required prior to election were not complied with. The suit was brought by the late C. H. Wills, Kanealii's competitor in the campaign, it being charged that signatures to Kanealii's petition had been forged. The syllabus says:

"The provisions of the election laws relating to nominations are mandatory in the sense that the officers to whom they apply are obliged and may be required to comply with them before election; but a failure to comply with them does not, in the absence of a provision so declaring, invalidate the election unless it prevents a fair vote. The election of a county supervisor is not void because the signatures to the petition for his nomination were forged." The opinion of the court, by Chief Justice Frear, says:

"The circuit judges did not find that the respondent himself was implicated in the fraud or forgery. If he was, and should be convicted, doubtless the office would be vacated or he could be ousted, from it under section 18 of the Organic Act."

"The judgment appealed from is reversed."

Famine in Manchuria.

Courland, Dec. 20.—The railway union has resolved to run troop trains to Manchuria to convey grain to the famine districts.

Czar Re'

London, December 22
cision of the majority of

Millions for Panama.

Washington, D. C., Dec. 21.—President Roosevelt today signed the bill appropriating eleven million dollars for the Panama Canal.

Latest Sugar Quotations.

San Francisco, Cal., Dec. 22.—96° Test Centrifugals, 3-625c; per ton, \$72.50. 88° analysis beets, 8s. 1 1/2 d.; per ton, \$74.80.

Mutiny in Manchuria.

Vladivostok, December 21.—The mutiny in the Manchurian army is extending. The Cossacks fired the barracks at Tomsk where 900 mutineers were confined. It is reported that all of the prisoners perished. The Cossacks also fired other houses and massacred 120 persons.

Bob Fitzsimmons Meets Defeat.

San Francisco, Dec. 20.—O'Brien got the decision in the thirteenth round. Fitzsimmons collapsed.

San Francisco, Dec. 20.—The betting on the fight between Fitzsimmons and O'Brien is 10 to 8 for Fitzsimmons.

For Hawaiian Lighthouses.

Washington, D. C., Dec. 19.—Bills providing for lighthouses at Makapu Point and Honolulu have been favorably reported.

Philippines To Be Exempt.

Washington, D. C., Dec. 19.—The Committee on Ways and Means has reported a bill admitting Philippine products to the United States free of duty, with the exception of sugar and tobacco. These products are to be admitted at 25 per cent. below the Dingley rates until 1909, when they shall also be free.

Embezzlement and Conspiracy.

London, Dec. 22.—Hugh Watt, formerly a member of Parliament, has been sentenced to five years' penal servitude for conspiracy to murder the divorced wife of Sir Reginald Beauchamp.

New York, Dec. 20.—Abe Hummel the theatrical and divorce attorney, was convicted of conspiracy in a divorce suit and sentenced today, to serve one year in prison and to pay a fine of \$500.

[Abe Hummel is one of the most noted attorneys in the United States, being widely known as counsel and attorney for actors and dramatists. He has been connected with many cases made notable because of the prominence of his theatrical clients. He was formerly of the firm of Howe & Hummel which defended Carlyle Harris in one of the most notable murder trials ever held in New York.]

Trouble Ahead in China.

Shanghai, Dec. 19.—Martial law has been declared in Shanghai. Foreigners are arming.

Shanghai, China, Dec. 19.—The news received from the interior is disquieting. Missionaries are being recalled to the coast cities.

Shanghai, China, Dec. 19.—An armed patrol is maintaining order. Additional warships are arriving.

Shanghai, China, Dec. 20.—The situation here is quiet. Volunteers and sailors from the warships are remaining on duty as a precaution.

Peking, China, Dec. 20.—The Empress has ordered an investigation of the Shanghai riots.

Shanghai, Dec. 21.—Order has been restored.

Revolution Is Spreading.

St. Petersburg, Russia, Dec. 20.—The revolutionary forces of Russia are confident that the great strike will break the Government's back. The telegraph operators have refused to send messages signed by the Emperor to Linevitch. The strike has already begun at Moscow.

St. Petersburg, Russia, Dec. 20.—The strike promises to be extensive. Many of the largest factories cease work today. Papers suspended by the censorship are appearing under other names. The insurgents have seized the State treasury in Tecum province.

St. Petersburg, Russia, Dec. 21.—The great strike throughout the empire has begun. The leaders at Moscow declare that the strike is the beginning of a revolution.

St. Petersburg, Russia, Dec. 22.—The city is quiet. Two workmen's councils have been arrested. The Berlin train with European mails departed with a soldier crew. Reports from Moscow indicate serious collisions and disorder. Ten thousand armed revolutionists are in possession of Khartoff. Troops are preparing to recapture the town.

Moscow, Dec. 22.—The town is in darkness. Fifty thousand factory hands are idle and the troops are confined to barracks.

Colossal Strike Throughout Russia.

St. Petersburg, Dec. 19.—The general strike which has been called to be effective throughout all Russia next Thursday, the 28th, has been endorsed by the union of the unions, the railroaders union, the union of the peasants and by the councils of workingmen in both St. Petersburg and Moscow.

The strike will effect every industry in the empire. The strikers declare that this colossal strike is the direct result of the recent arrests which have been made of labor leaders, the orders to newspapers to suspend publication and other attempts to suppress the present strikes.

They maintain that the Russian government has virtually thrown down the gauntlet for the final struggle. Predictions, on the other hand, are made that the strike will be a failure on account of the approaching holiday season. As an indication of the temper of the people, Admiral Rojestvensky, who commanded the Russian fleets in the disastrous battle of the Sea of Japan, arrived home yesterday and was given a hearty reception by the populace. A delegation from the Bourse has arrived from Moscow for the purpose of imploring Premier De Witte to prevent the proposed strike. They predict that if it is permitted to go forward the country will be plunged into general bankruptcy.