

What is Best for  
HAWAII  
Is Best for Hilo

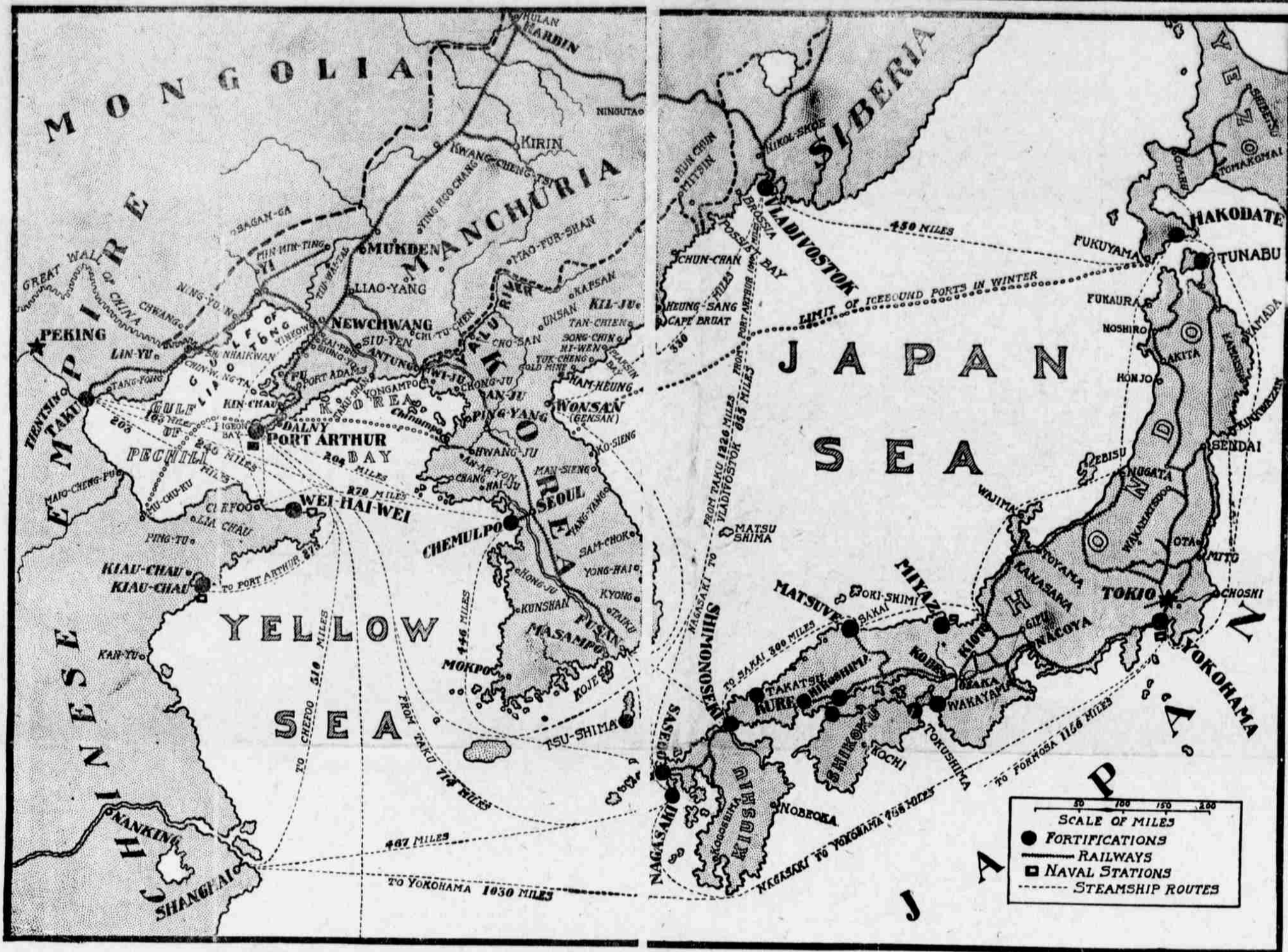
# Hilo Tribune.

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No. 45.



MAP SHOWING THE STRATEGIC POINTS IN THE RUSSO-JAPANESE HOSTILITIES.

## SPECIAL TELEGRAMS BY WIRELESS TO THE TRIBUNE

[THE ABOVE MAP IS PRINTED BY COURTESY OF THE EVENING BULLETIN.]

### WAR.

Liaoyang, Manchuria, Aug. 30.—The heaviest possible decisive battle of the war is now raging here with General Kuropatkin on the defensive against Generals Kuroki, Nodzu and Oku. The fighting is of the most desperate character, with continuous combat with artillery, rifle and bayonet. The Russian forces are fighting with the desperation of a last stand. The Russian cavalry is proving very effective against the enemy.

Chefoo, China, Aug. 30.—The assault on Port Arthur continues.

Madrid, Aug. 31.—Ten Russian warships are cruising on the coasts of Spain, Portugal, France and Africa searching British colliers bound to Japan.

St. Petersburg, Aug. 31.—A war loan of \$250,000,000 is being arranged with German bankers.

Liaoyang, Aug. 31.—The entire Japanese army, commanded by Marshal Oyama, and including the divisions of Kuroki, Nodzu and Oku, attacked General Kuropatkin's position yesterday. The Japanese brought 1200 guns to bear and the contending forces numbered 400,000 men. All arms of the service were engaged and the fighting was desperate. The Russian cavalry made several effective charges. The losses of life on both sides were enormous. Russian hospitals in Liaoyang are full.

Liaoyang, Aug. 31.—Over half a million men and 1300 guns are engaged in the battle, which is an incessant struggle. Practically the whole Russian force is on the firing line.

Washington, D. C., Aug. 31.—The Russian wireless telegraph station at Chefoo has been dismantled.

Chefoo, Sept. 1.—The Japanese have captured two forts in the inner defenses of Port Arthur near the Tiger's Tail.

Vladivostok, Sept. 1.—General Linevitch and 30,000 men are within two days' march of Mukden.

Tokio, Sept. 3.—The Japanese captured the enemy's cannons and used them to bombard the Liaoyang railway station. The right wing is attacking the enemy at Heijintai, fifteen miles to the northeast of Liaoyang, and the left and central columns are hotly pursuing the enemy, who seems trying to get on the right bank of the Tatzho.

Honolulu, Sept. 2.—A cable from Japan says: The Japanese brought 1200 guns to bear upon Kuropatkin at Liaoyang and the contending forces numbered 400,000 men. The entire Japanese army and all arms of the service were engaged. The losses of life on both sides were enormous. The Japanese made several attempts to turn the Russian flank, but were unsuccessful, losing ten guns. On this battle depends the fortunes of the entire war.

St. Petersburg, Russia, Sept. 2.—The War Office contends that Gen. Kuropatkin's position on the north bank of the Taitse River is stronger than at Liaoyang.

Tokio, Sept. 2.—Oyama will pursue the enemy vigorously. On Friday the Japanese left resumed pressure upon the Russians at Tatzho while the right was engaged in the neighborhood of Heijintai. Since the 29th the Japanese losses have been 10,000.

St. Petersburg, Sept. 3.—Kuropatkin is retreating northward. Liaoyang has been abandoned and the Japanese are occupying the city. Siakelberg's Siberian corps of 25,000 men have been cut off. Magazines exploded and provisions were burned at Liaoyang. The Russians are concentrating at Yentai.

Tokio, Sept. 3.—The losses in the Liaoyang battle were 25,000 Japanese and 30,000 Russians. The fighting still continues. Oyama is expected to cross the Taitse river today. Kuroki carried the heights of Heijintai and hopes to dominate the railway north of Liaoyang. No confirmation of the rumor that the Japanese have occupied Liaoyang.

St. Petersburg, Sept. 3.—No details of today's fighting. It is impossible for the Japanese to cross the Taitse river. Kuropatkin is concentrating a second line of defenses.

Tokio, Sept. 3.—Battle at Liaoyang in progress with General Oku on left wing and Kuroki on the right. Latter advances fifteen miles northeast of Liaoyang. Japanese captured enemy's guns and fired on Liaoyang. Kuropatkin retreated north, leaving Liaoyang burning. Japanese casualties, 10,000.

St. Petersburg, Sept. 3.—Kuropatkin with most of the army, including Siakelberg's corps, are concentrated at Yentai. Orloff's regiment with 1500 guns was not lost as reported.

Taigon, Sept. 5.—The Russian cruiser Giani is ordered disarmed.

### DOMESTIC.

Chicago, Sept. 3.—President Gompers of the Federation of Labor refuses to recommend a general sympathetic strike. The meat cutters strike continues.

New York, Sept. 5.—Fourteen persons were killed in a tenement house fire here today.

New York, Sept. 1.—Governor Odell has appointed E. M. Cullen, a Democrat, to succeed Judge Parker on the Court of Appeals.

San Francisco, Sept. 1.—C. Bolte, assignee for J. L. Coerper of Honolulu has sued Wilson & Lyon to recover \$26,250 in connection with the Kona-Kau railway deal.

Chicago, Ill., Sept. 2.—President Donnelly, who is directing the strike of employees of the meat packers, says that the strikers will force a meat famine if necessary to secure their demands.

Honolulu, Sept. 2.—Mrs. H. A. P. Carter, mother of Governor Carter, died today and was buried this afternoon. The Governor will make no changes in plan for the Maui trip. Mrs. Sybil Augusta Carter was born in Honolulu on March 16, 1843. Her parents, Dr. G. P. Judd and Mrs. Laura Fish Judd, were among the earliest missionaries here. On February 27, 1862, she was married to the Hon. H. A. P. Carter, who later was appointed Minister at Washington. She was the sister of the late Chief Justice Judd and the mother of the present Governor of Hawaii. Before sickness forced her into retirement she was the center of a cultivated hospitality which not only her own townspeople but eminent visitors from all over the world enjoyed.

Mrs. Carter leaves three daughters and a son: Mrs. Frederic M. Crehore of Boston, Massachusetts; Mrs. J. R. Galt, of Honolulu, Miss Cordelia J. Carter, also of this city but at present at East Gray, Maine, and Governor George R. Carter. Two children died in infancy and another son, C. L. Carter, died in 1895.

Miss Helen Judd and Mrs. S. G. Wilder, of this city, are surviving sisters.

### FOREIGN.

Berlin, Sept. 5.—The betrothal of the Crown Prince to the Duchess Crelia, sister of the Duke of Mecklenberg, is announced.

Berlin, Sept. 5.—It is reported that the assassin of von Plehve, the late Russian Minister of Interior, has escaped from prison.

London, Sept. 1.—King Edward has approved the appointment of the Earl of Grey as Governor General of Canada.

Simla, Sept. 1.—The British will leave Lhasa on the 15th of September, having made a treaty with Thibet and established a resident commissioner.

### S. S. ENTERPRISE.

The Matson Line Steamer Enterprise arrived off port about 3 o'clock yesterday afternoon. She was expected in Sunday and was looked for at an early hour Monday morning. The vessel left San Francisco on August 27th and made the voyage in nine days. Captain Youngren reports a pleasant trip with fair weather all the way down. She brought ten passengers, besides thirty-one bags of mail, and a general cargo of merchandise. Those included in the passenger list were: Mr. and Mrs. A. G. Curtis and two children, Mrs. Robert Hawshurst, Sr., Mrs. Jarret T. Lewis, Dr. Frances M. Wetmore, Miss Harriet Hitchcock, Cyril O. Smith and Mr. Sweitzer.