

## Think George Hull Insane

### NOW BEING HELD AT COUNTY JAIL

#### Tells Story of Wholesale Robberies. Thinks He Is Being Suspected of Olson Murder

When the branch line passenger train came in Monday evening, a lumberjack who gave his name as George Hull got off the train and going up to Chief of Police Steele, asking if he was an officer. He then started to tell Steele a long rambling story about a gang which was systematically stealing from the depot at Santa and from the camps of Thornton, Cox, Blackwell and Branson.

He said that they were stealing meat, shoes, socks and tobacco and had a large quantity cached, probably about \$200.00 worth. He said that there was blood on his bedding and that the people near Fernwood were trying to connect him with the Olson murder. He said that he had nothing to do with the murder but did get some of the stolen articles.

He was taken to the sheriff's office where his pack was opened and examined. An extra pair of shoes was found and four extra pair of socks. These Hull said were part of the stolen goods. One of the quilts in the pack had a big blood stain on it and Mrs. Olson was sent for in an attempt to identify it as part of the bedding taken from Olson's bed. She declared, however, that it was not.

It was decided to hold Hull until his story in regard to the robberies could be investigated. When they attempted to put him in a cell he became violent and it took four men to lock him up. The opinion of the officers is that the man is crazy. He will be held until his stories can be investigated and the question of his sanity inquired into.

## Business Is Improving Says Judge Schulte

Municipal Judge Charles R. Schulte has returned from a month's visit at his former home in Illinois. He also visited Chicago and St. Paul and Minneapolis, spending a few days in the latter city.

He says that business is booming in the east and that everyone he met was very optimistic of the prospects for the coming year. Retail lumber dealers are expecting a big trade in their line and are stocking up to meet it. They are complaining, however, over the recent advance in the wholesale price of lumber and the exorbitant prices, as they term them, which they are obliged to pay for western pine.

He says the big demand and the high prices paid for munitions of war by the European countries has made a great many of the manufacturers engaged in other lines turn their plants into the manufacture of munitions. Owing to the numerous accidents from different causes, that have occurred in these plants where munitions are being manufactured the owners take extraordinary precautions to guard the plants.

No strangers or anyone not connected with the business are allowed to enter the plants and strong precautions are taken to keep everyone out. He tells of one plant which he saw in Minneapolis. It covers about a block and on the two sides on which the buildings do not come up to the streets it is surrounded by a high board fence. On the top of this fence is a barbed wire fence and the posts are protected with barbs so that it

would seem utterly impossible for a person to climb over.

A wire is strung along on the top of this fence from which electric lights are suspended every few feet and in addition are lights are placed short distances apart so that the entire surroundings are as light as day at all times. Although it would seem impossible for anyone to get inside of the fence, a guard of six or seven men with rifles patrol the place constantly.

Mr. Schulte states that the main topics of conversation are the European war, conditions in Mexico and the prospects for business during the coming year and the general expression is that if this country can be kept out of war the coming year will be the most prosperous we have ever experienced. He states that although he hear a few hot-heads advocating intervention in Mexico, the large majority, regardless of politics, commended President Wilson for the manner in which he had handled the difficult foreign problems and had kept the country from being drawn into the war and expressed the judgment that the country is fortunate to have a man like him at its head during these trying times.

## Are Building New Dry Kilns

The St. Maries Lumber company has begun the construction of a large dry kiln at their plant to dry the lumber so that it can be shipped with less delay than if it was necessary to leave it in piles until it is seasoned. The kiln which is being installed is the Grand Rapids Dry Kiln, manufactured in the Grand Rapids Dry Kiln Company of Grand Rapids, Michigan, and is being erected by the Carl Lohman Construction company of Seattle.

The dry kiln will be what is known as the three unit kiln and each unit will be 40x60, making the entire building cover a space 120x60. It will be built on a concrete foundation, the forms for which were started Saturday. It will take 150 yards of sand to build the foundation and M. C. Cleary has the contract to furnish it. He started three teams at work Saturday hauling it.

It is expected that it will take a little more than a month to complete the buildings and install the kilns and the construction company has contracted to have the plant completed and ready for operation between the first and the fifteenth of March.

## Glee Club Gives Fine Entertainment

The University of Idaho Glee Club gave a very enjoyable entertainment at the High School auditorium Saturday evening. There was a large crowd in attendance, the room being crowded to its capacity and the entertainment was much enjoyed by all present.

The proceeds of the entertainment amounted to nearly two hundred dollars, the greater part of which went to the glee club. However, the high school realized a nice little sum which will be used in paying for the curtain on the stage in the auditorium.



The Tango Teacher: "Well, if there isn't that skating instructor dining at that swell hotel that I used to patronize." --Rehe in New York World.

## Jones To Serve His Sentence

### SUPREME COURT AFFIRMS JUDGMENT

#### Was Convicted of Manslaughter and Sentenced to From Two to Ten Years

The supreme court has affirmed the judgment of Judge Dunn in the district court for this county in the case of H. C. Jones, convicted of manslaughter and sentenced to serve from two to ten years in the state penitentiary at Boise. The judgment was handed down Saturday in an opinion written by Justice William Morgan and concurred in by his associates.

The points relied upon by the defendant to obtain a reversal of the judgment and a new trial were: First, that the jury had been allowed to separate; and second, that the court erred in refusing to give certain instructions in regard to the law of self defense asked for by the counsel for the defendant.

In regard to the first point the defendant submitted affidavits on the hearing for the motion for the new trial and the state submitted counter-affidavits of the jurors. The defense attacked these affidavits on the ground of irregularity and that the officers before whom they were taken did not have authority to administer oaths under the conditions. The supreme court held that the ruling of the trial court will not be disturbed in passing upon conflicting affidavits where the misconduct of the jury is in question, in support of and in opposition to a motion for a new trial.

In regard to the second premises relied upon by the defendant for a reversal of the judgment, the court held that the trial judge was substantially correct in his instructions to the jury and there was no error in his refusal to give the instructions asked for by the defendant's counsel.

The judgment was affirmed and Jones will have to serve his sentence in the penitentiary. He has already served over a year in jail, a part of the time in the county jail of Kootenai county, at Coeur d'Alene and the remainder of the time in the county jail here. He has been a model prisoner and acts as a trusty in

the jail here. The crime for which Jones was convicted was the killing of Chas. E. Plunkett at Jones' homestead east of Plummer, December 1, 1914, and was the result of a drunken quarrel. The only actual witness of the killing was Plunkett's brother. Jones and the Plunketts were old acquaintances and friends and they had previously been spending some time at Jones' homestead.

They had come out from Spokane that morning and from the evidence at the trial had brought quite a quantity of liquor with them. Charles Plunkett was quarrelsome and had trouble with Jones and with his brother during the afternoon. The brother was not feeling well and laid down on the bunk and fell asleep. Jones was cooking supper and Chas. Plunkett found fault with the cooking and started for Jones. Jones seized a rifle which was in the cabin and in the struggle which followed the rifle was discharged and Plunkett was shot and killed.

The evidence was conflicting in regard to the actual killing and the jury brought in a verdict of manslaughter against Jones. Jones' conduct since he has been in jail here has made him many friends. He appears to be a quiet inoffensive man and no one who knows him believes that he deliberately murdered Plunkett.

## Judge Dunn To Hold Court Here

Judge R. N. Dunn of the district court will be in the city tomorrow, Wednesday, for the purpose of holding court in chambers and hearing all motions and other law matters that the attorneys may have ready to bring before him. Several of the attorneys have filed notices of hearing on motions and other matters and it looks as though there will be considerable business to transact.

## Association Holds Successful Meeting

### LARGE ENTHUSIASTIC CROWD PRESENT

#### Demonstration Shows Value Of Domestic Science and Manual Training

The meeting of the Parent-Teacher Association held Friday evening was by far the most successful one that has been held yet. Not only was a much larger crowd present than at any previous meeting, but all those present manifested a great deal of interest in the meeting and the subjects.

Both the Domestic Science and the Manual Training departments are innovations so far as the school here is concerned and a great many people were doubtful as to their value as part of the high school course but if any such were at that meeting they had their doubts effectually removed. The principal addresses of the evening were made by Prof. Swenson, head of the Manual Training department and Miss Reid, who has charge of the classes in Domestic Science. Both of these went into detail giving the number of pupils taking the courses and explaining the work which the pupils are doing.

Miss Reid is one of the hardest worked teachers in the high school. There are about ninety girls taking instruction in domestic science, who are being taught to cook and sew and the work they are doing and the instruction which they are receiving will probably be of more benefit to them in their after life than anything else which they are learning in school.

These pupils are divided into grades and classes according to their proficiency, the same as in any other department in the school and they are held as rigidly to the requirements as in the other departments and are given credits for the work which they do. That the teaching is practical was demonstrated to the satisfaction of all by the samples of the work of classes in sewing which were shown and was also demonstrated by the lunch served at the close of the meeting.

A report was made relative to the hot lunches which the domestic science classes are serving to those pupils residing at a distance from school and who have to bring their lunches. Over ninety pupils are availing themselves of the privilege and the improvement in the school work of these pupils is very marked. One case was reported where a pupil only secured a mark of 40 before the hot lunches were introduced and at the first test afterward received a mark of 90.

Prof. Swenson, in the Manual Training department also finds his time fully occupied, having a class every period of the day. The boys are taught to handle and care for tools, to plan and lay out their work and to put the knowledge gained into practical application. As the pupils become more proficient they are set at practical work and they have made a number of benches and tables for use in the different rooms of the school, especially for use in the domestic science room and the room where the hot lunches are served in the Lincoln school.

The boys are also allowed to make articles for their homes and many avail themselves of this privilege. The lumber used in these articles is paid for by the student using it. That the boys taking this course are doing excellent work and some of them are becoming very proficient was demonstrated by the numerous articles exhibited.

In addition to the talks and demonstrations of Mr. Swenson and Miss Reid, addresses were made by Messrs Bunt and Warren, Mrs. Gregory and county superintendent of school Miss Ruth Gerhart, which were very interesting and much enjoyed.

The association is not only doing an excellent work in bringing the parents and teachers in closer relation and in showing the parents what is being done in the schools, but the meetings are proving to be a source of very good entertainment. The attendance at these meetings is constantly growing, showing that they are being appreciated by the community.

## Brings Action For Divorce

Neville C. Grose by his attorney, William D. Keeton, has commenced an action for divorce against his wife, Hettie F. Grose. The couple formerly lived in Washington where they owned a farm. It is alleged in the complaint that the defendant eloped from their home there with the hired man, taking the two children, boys 15 and 9 years of age, and went to Montana.

The plaintiff further alleges that the property rights have been settled by agreement, which has been filed, and asks for a decree of absolute divorce, for the custody of the two children and that the court ratify the property agreement.

## Sheriff Goes For Clancey Suspect

Sheriff Cranshaw of Tillamook, Oregon, has forwarded the photographs which he had taken of the man who he has under arrest, thought to be Fred Clancey, wanted for the murder of Oscar Olson, to Sheriff Leaf and they were received Saturday.

Leaf was not acquainted with Clancey but the pictures were submitted to a number of persons who had seen Clancey. Some were positive that the man was Clancey while others thought not. They all agreed that there is a strong resemblance in the build, height and the way he wears his hair, but some were sure that the features were not those of Clancey.

Henry Olson, Melville Roberts, brother in law of Olson, and his son were among those who did not believe the pictures to be of Clancey, although they all stated that they bore a striking resemblance and the description given by Sheriff Cranshaw of the man under arrest fits Clancey absolutely, even to the scar on his face and the injured finger.

After talking with the various parties Sheriff Leaf decided to take the photographs to Spokane where there are several men who had known Clancey for years and submit the photographs to them. It was his intention then, if the photographs were identified as being Clancey to go to Tillamook and bring him back. No word has been received from Leaf since he left here but it is known that he left Spokane Sunday for Portland and it is presumed that he is convinced that the suspect is Clancey and will bring him back.

The rain Sunday interfered somewhat with logging operations by softening the roads.