NEW STARS FOUND

Kansas Day Club Orators Prove Their Worth.

Excellent Speeches Characterize the Programme.

DIDN'T WANT TO GO.

Bristow, Stubbs and Jackson Called Out.

About 200 People Attend 18th Annual Dinner.

Kansas Republicans turned out last night in the teeth of a blizzard and made the eighteenth annual banquet of the Kansas Day club a success in spite of the elements. The attendance, while not up to that of some previous years, was sufficiently large to inspire the speakers to their best efforts, there being about two hundred present. The programme was made up from home talent exclusively, but was none the worse on that account. At least two new stars were discovered by the astronomers present in the person of Dr. J. B. Dykes of Lebanon and B. H. Grigsby of Chanute. E. E. Glasscock of Larned had a brilliant speech, but a bad cold prevented him from doing justice to himself. The college boys, Brown of Baker and Hull of K. U., had eloquent addresses and their delivery was pleasing.

S. B. Haskins, the retiring president, made a speech which was warmly received, while W. D. Vance of Belleview, the title of whose address was "The Battle," spoke with fire and feeling on that lively subject.

The Baker university quartette furnished music between the courses. They made such a hit that they had to respond to many encores.

The new banquet hall of the Masons is a good one. Nine hundred guests can be accommodated there. The menu was good and there was plenty of it.

At the close of the regular programme Frank P. MacLennan, who was present at the organization of the club seventeen years ago, and who has attended every one of the annual banquets since, moved that President Haskins be directed by the club to send a telegram to Harry W. Frost, Penobscot building, Detroit, Michigan, voicing the greetings and best wishes for the continued prosperity and happiness of the club's founder.

The motion was seconded by E. F. Caldwell of Lawrence and Charles Kirtland of Salina, who were the only other members present who had attended all the yearly gatherings.

In making the motion the mover gave a few reminiscences, saying that the Kansas Day club was the idea of Mr. Frost; that he had issued the call for the first meeting, was its first president, and although he had been gone from Kansas many years, always kept a warm spot in his heart for the state and her people and was always pleased to learn of the continued enthusiasm and interest manifested in the club he started on January 29, 1892; remarking that Mr. Frost, the newer members of the organization would be pleased to learn, was one of the most prosperous citizens of Detroit.

"Lest we forget," said the maker of the motion, "I am presenting this tonight with the suggestion that there be a rising vote."

The vote was responded to with great enthusiasm, the toastmaster calling first for a vote from those who had been present at all the gatherings when three arose; second, a vote of those who had attended the first meeting and were there last night, whereupon seven responded; third, a vote from all present, when all stood up as the last act of the eighteenth annual gathering of the organization.

After the regular programme had been finished the crowd called for Senator Bristow. The tall man from Salina was in a reminiscent mood and told of the early days in Kansas. He had such a love for the state and its early trials and glories that he actually welcomed the blizzard that was howling outside. He said it reminded him of old times in Kansas.

Governor Stubbs was next called on and he responded with a regular old fashioned Methodist camp meeting experience. His speech was full of ginger and it made a big hit with the crowd. The governor declared that it was a great treat to him to attend these Kansas Day banquets and hear the young Republicans talk. He said that "The speeches tonight have paralyzed me with their eloquence."

Attorney General Jackson was also prevailed upon to say a few words. He received an ovation when he arose to speak and his wise and witty talk was received with satisfaction "by the delighted guests.

Speaker J. N. Dolley, speaker of the house of representatives was called from his place at one of the tables to speak. Mr. Dolley made one of his characteristic, straight-from-the-shoulder talks—the kind that Kansans like to hear in these days of real reform.

President Haskins' Address.

S. B. Haskins of Olathe, retiring president of the club, summed up his speech on "Political Independence" as follows:

"Everything which tends to weaken or demoralize party organization, tends to weaken and demoralize efficiency in governmental affairs, and every effort toward compelling parties to subserve the public will, establishing their rights, defining their duties, controlling their conduct, is a step in advance. The political party is the link between the citizen and the state and must not be broken.

"I am proud to be the representative of a club which has furnished Kansas with her entire quota of state officials, a club on whose roll can be found the name of every member of the Kansas delegation to our national congress; a club that decided that there was an insufficient number of gubernatorial chairs in Kansas and so sent Governor Jas. H. Brady to Idaho and Governor Herbert S. Hadley to be the first Republican governor Missouri has had in thirty years. A club which has material to furnish President Taft with more than one cabinet member or foreign minister, and if the nation does not tire of eight more years of prosperity, this club can recommend a member who has been tried in state and national service, who is fit and able to continue the development of the Roosevelt-Taft policies for a like term."

Brown Speaks of Kansas.

O. W. Brown of Johnson county, who responded to the toast, "Kansas," paid the following tribute to state:

"All hail then to Kansas with her one and one-half million God-fearing liverty-loving people, a people whose sufferings and sacrifices have reared this state of material wealth and Christian civilization, within whose borders freedom shines with a new light, and whose soil has been consecrated to the cause of humanity. May she consecrate herself here tonight to that party whose birth was coincident with her own and to whom she owes her growth and happiness. May she take her place as a leader in every upward movement. May her people learn the lesson of high resolve, resolute endeavor, and noble achievement. May her statesmen be imbued with a 'steadfast incorruptibility,' a far-seeing vision, and eye single to the glory of the state. May we do what in us lies to make the present and the future of our state worthy of its tragic and glorious past."

Hull on the College Man.

O. C. Hull of El Dorado, speaking of "The College Man in Politics," declared that "In urging the systematic study of political parties and a definite stand regarding them, I have in mind not only the welfare of the state and the best interests of the young man, but also the future hope of the Republican party. She must look to college men for her recruits, and there are many reasons why she appeals so strongly to them, and enlists so much of their support. The history of the conception and growth of the Republican party is a source of great pride and exultation; but more important still is the fact that her foundation principles are built upon reason and justice. Her course is logical and consistent."

Dykes' the Shortest Address.

J. B. Dykes of Lebanon had the shortest address of the evening, speaking from the subject, "Free Government," but his eloquence stirred the guests to the heart. The Sixth district man has a silver tongue. He said in part:

"When the intelligent American citizen reads the history of this nation, and realizes the blood that has been shed and the lives that have been laid down to secure and perpetuate freedom to every American citizen, a feeling of love and pride for his country, makes him rejoice, that he lives in a country, victorious in her early struggles for liberty and freedom, that he lives in a country which is the land of hope and sunshine to those who dream of the blessings of liberty, the comforts of home and the joys of heaven.

"If a man loves his country he will work to build it up and if necessary fight to protect it. The state and nation must have citizens to protect and manage their public affairs. If the citizens chosen for this purpose are intelligent, honest and patriotic the interests of the individual citizen and the government will not suffer. Otherwise, the old ship of state will be driven upon the rocks and the trusts will absorb the substance of the people.

"The greatest influence behind a free government in time of peace is an honest and incorruptible press. The strongest force behind a free government in time of war is a loyal and patriotic citizenship."

Glasscock Raps Hoch.

E. E. Glasscock of Larned said in part on the subject of "Party Fealty:"

"Our people are easy and can often be buncoed by those in whom they have reposed confidence; but they are sure to get right in the end; and it is impossible to fool all, or even a working majority of them for a period equal to two terms of a governor of Kansas. While, as in the days of Ulysses of old, they are prone to listen to the song of the siren, and are often misled thereby, no demagogue, nor party policy, based upon demagogism has ever been able to maintain ascendency for a decade. The people have learned the connection between the educator and the buncosteerer, and to look for gold bricks in all packages labled 'Reform.' When a square deal is advertised they expect to see a cold deck raised.

"When the breezes from the prairies bring this murmur from the people:

"'Of all sad words from old or young,
The saddest are these, we known
we're stung.'

"Attention to the other things the wild waves are saying is indicated.

"With the established record of the loss of eighty-four thousand votes in the short space of two years, by one of our most conspicuous leaders, and that, even before the fact that he had repudiated a contribution to his own campaign fund was known to the voters."

Vance on Battle of Ballots.

W. D. Vance of Republic county spoke of "The Battle," and in the course of his address said:

"Thus on and on the armies move—and 'Forward March' is the command, and nearer comes the final charge. Formations planned have come to naught; the best of plans not realized, but where there's life there's hope and so, one word is all that still remains, 'tis 'Vote.' The ballot is the weapon of the hosts and mighty is the sting where once it falls. The battle wages all day long and every foe is numbered in the strife; opposing forces strike and then fall back, and place is given to the new recruits. Fierce has been the combat, and many the feats of daring service rendered. The din and clamor of the battle begins to fall and the flag of truce runs up the height and floats aloft and all is o'er. Immediately the work begins to count the loss, and hence the roll is called, and in the silence of the night, afar and near we hear the voice of millions of our race cry out: 'Bill mon,' 'Bill Taft' 'Bill Taft.'"

Grigsby and Independent Voter.

Bruce H. Grigsby, of Chanute, talked about "The Independent Voter" for awhile and then turned to his own party with the following words:

"As party men, gentlemen, we must strengthen our party, act always for those principles in which we believe with a profound sense of our obligations and with due regard to party fealty. And while disaster and failure may attend us at times still the time will come when from the crowning heights of success we can contemplate the whole past and smile at the sorrows that have been ours and realize that all has been for the best in the working out of the common good.

"Our great party leaders have blazed a perfect trail through the forest of political tribulations. It is for us to maintain those splendid precedents, and if we would assure ourselves of success in the days to come we cannot lie supinely on our backs dreaming of ancient glories. It is for us to maintain the party's prestige and with faith in her, with faith in her principles, we can successfully cope with the problems of the future and maintain through the ages to come the greatness that the Republican party has already achieved."

At the business meeting of the club, held in the supreme court rooms of the state house during the afternoon, the following officers were elected for the year:

President—George Allen of Kansas City, representative from Wyandotte county.

Secretary—W. P. Montgomery of Topeka, private secretary to J. N. Dolley, speaker of the house.

Vice presidents:

First district—W. P. Lambertson, Fairview; representative from Brown county.

Second district—John R. Thorne, Olathe.

Third district—Robert Loofbourrow, Neodesha; representative from Wilson county.

Fourth district—A. R. Kinkle, Council Grove.

Fifth district—E. C. Sweet, Minneapolis.

Sixth district—J. M. Gray, Phillipsburg; representative from Phillips county.

Seventh district—Harold W. Herrick, Wellington.

Hear Messer at Majestic 3 p. m. Sunday.

LAST DAY OF MIDWINTER

Doors of Big Show Will Close for Good Tonight.

Today is the closing day of the Midwinter. If cold weather is any handicay to Young America it isn't evident at the exposition this afternoon, for there is a greater crowd of "younguns" at the children's matinee this afternoon than there was last Saturday when every element of the weather was in favor of a big attendance. The children like the Midwinter and have been looking forward all week to the events this afternoon. One of the features is the reception tendered to little Silverplume, the little girl singer, who looks more like a doll than a human being.

In many ways the present exposition has been the most successful in the history of this show. Unless the two last days of the exposition suffer in attendance from the cold weather the attendance will be greater than at any previous time. Those who had booths at the exposition seem to be better satisfied than usual. They claim to have come in contact with a greater crowd than ever before.

The last show will be held tonight. And this will be the last opportunity to see five big acts, some of the best ever seen in Topeka for fifteen cents. The bill consists of Lessik and Anita, as headliners; Silver Plume, the Arisato family, Douglass and Douglass, and the Murdos, every one a high class act and which costs Manager Bainter a big sum of money.

Perils and Safeguards of Young Men with 100 pictures, Majestic 3 p. m. Sunday.

EIGHTH TIME ACROSS.

Taft Makes Trip From Colon to Panama by Special Train.

Panama, Jan. 30.—President-elect Taft has made his eighth trip across the Isthmus and everywhere was greeted with marked demonstration of good will. With his party Mr. Taft landed at Colon and proceeded by special train to Culebra. He was everywhere received with impressive ceremony. Mr. Taft had conferences with several canal engineers.

Illustrated lecture, Majestic, 3 p. m.

With President-elect Taft at Panama. Spanish Laborers at Work, With Whom Mr. Taft Will Come in Contact and Study.

Laundering
Of every description.
Cleaning Dyeing
Superior Work
Guaranteed
Topeka Laundry Co.
Phones 153 2nd and Quincy

IT WILL NOT DO.

Senate Finds Way Out of Yeager-Aikman Controversy.

Holds That the Charges Should Be More Specific.

VOTE IS A PARTY ONE

Only a Single Republican Would Go on With Contest.

An Adjournment Is Taken Till Monday.

After hearing the arguments of counsel for the contestor and contestee in the Yeager-Aikman case from the Thirteenth judicial district, late Friday afternoon, the senate voted to adopt Senator Stavely's resolution and Mr. Yeager will be obliged to set forth more specifically his allegations or the senate will proceed no further with the case. It has been stated by friends of the contestor that he cannot present charges any more definite than he has already presented in his first statement. If this should prove the case Judge Aikman will probably be undisturbed in the position of judge of the Thirteenth judicial district.

In his argument to the senate yesterday Major A. M. Harvey, counsel for N. A. Yeager, declared that his client had complied with the law in bringing the contest and he held that his allegations, claiming that there were mistakes in counting of ballots in certain precincts were sufficiently definite for Judge Aikman to make answer to. He said that Aikman had been declared elected by a majority of 18 votes. No charges of fraud or corruption were made. Major Harvey cited decisions of courts in support of his contentions.

John Dawson and E. D. McKeever appeared as attorneys for Judge Aikman. Mr. Dawson held that the law applying to the case required that Yeager should have served notice of contest on Judge Aikman thirty days after the declaration of the canvassing board, whereas the notice had been served only a few days ago. He said there are 91 "long-winded" challenges of votes in Yeager's charges, but that the 91 charges merely set forth that in the various precincts so many votes were incorrectly counted for Aikman or so many in favor of Yeager were thrown out, but no reasons are stated why this was done. The charges, he said, were not sufficient to put the contestee on his notice at all and he could not defend. The entire statement of the contestor, Mr. Dawson declared, is made up entirely of conclusions of law, and not of allegations of facts. General allegations of errors, according to authorities quoted, are not enough to warrant the ordering of a recount of ballots.

Attorney McKeever argued along the same line and urged that conclusions of law are not a sufficient basis for ordering a recount of ballots.

Major Harvey in his closing remarks, said that his client charged no fraud or corruption, and did not claim there were any illegal votes, but he did claim there had been a mistake in counting the ballots in several precincts. This charge was based upon reports of Mr. Yeager's friends from over the counties in the district. He declared that all the votes can be counted in ten days. With regard to Aikman having sufficient notice, Mr. McKeever declared that "he had sufficient notice even before the proceedings were brought to hire several good lawyers to defend him." He argued that the ballots are the best evidence and he cited the case of Riggs vs. Smart, wherein general allegations were considered explicit enough for the senate to hear the contest.

At the conclusion of the arguments Senator Robertson of the minority moved that the Stavely resolution be referred to the committee on elections with authority to pass upon it and report to the senate.

Those voting in favor of this motion were Hodges, Anderson, Roberston, Milton and Cooke, all the minority members present, and Senator Stewart of the majority. The remainder of the majority voted against the motion and it was lost.

The question recurring to the senate was upon the adoption of Senator Stavely's resolution. Senator Hamilton said that when boiled down, the single point to the controversy in his opinion was that the names of the illegal voters should be set forth. In this matter, he said, it is the Republican party on trial, as well as Judge Aikman, and he believed the contestor should be given an opportunity to be heard, but he did believe he should show proper grounds for taking up the time of the senate and incurring the expense of contest.

Senator Ganse declared that he wanted to see fair play. "But I regret very much," said he, "that the senator from Shawnee has referred to this case as a matter of politics depending upon the vote of the majority. The proposition is a plain one. A man is allowed to come into court for justice, but he is required to state his grounds. If they are good and sufficient the cause may be heard."

Senator Ganse did not believe this had been done by Mr. Yeager and he characterized the contest as a "fishing expedition." "The statutes declare," he said, "that the contestor must specify the particular points on which he intends to reply, and Mr. Yeager merely says 'I got more votes than Judge Aikman in this or that precinct.' It is presumed that the judges of election knew their duty and did it. The merits of this case are not the controversy before the senate and the contestor must not take up the time of the senate or cause the state expense unless he has grounds to justify such proceedings."

When put to a vote the Stavely resolution was adopted, only the minority members and Senator Hamilton voting against it.

The text of Senator Stavely's resolution is as follows:

"Resolved by the senate of the state of Kansas, that in the matter of a contest of N. A. Yeager, contestor, vs. G. F. Aikman, contestee, that no subpoenas be issued under senate resolution No. 20, and if any have been issued and not yet served that they be recalled and no further proceedings be had under said resolution until the said contestor, N. A. Yeager, shall set outmore definitely, specifically and with more certainty the reasons for said contest in such way and under such rules and regulations as the committee on elections may hereinafter prescribe."

The senate has adjourned until 4 p. m. next Monday.

The following bills have been introduced in the senate:

New Bills in Senate.

S. B. No. 356. By Travis—An act relating to the issuance and countersigning of insurance policies and surety bonds.

S. B. No. 357. By Stillings—An act relating to the outstanding bonded debt of Leavenworth county, maturing in the year 1909.

S. B. No. 358. By Hunter, by request—An act concerning railroads and other common carriers.

S. B. No. 359. By Carey—An act making appropriation for certain improvements and repairs at the Kansas state industrial reformatory at Hutchinson.

S. B. No. 360. By Hamilton—An act defining certain duties of the state board of health, in relation to barber shops and barber colleges, public bath rooms and public bath houses.

S. B. No. 361. By Price—An act making appropriation for the state soldiers' home and Mother Bickerdyke home, for the fiscal years ending June 30, 1910, and June 30, 1911.

Perils and Safeguards of Young Men with 100 pictures, Majestic 3 p. m. Sunday.

"BRICK" OWENS IN TOPEKA.

Popular Umpire Now Travels With a Show.

When the Raymond Wells Stock company opens at the Majestic theater next week, there will be a new ticket taker at the door, who will be no less a personage than Clarence B. Owens, better known as "Brick" Owens, the umpire who recently turned down a berth in the National League to accept a more remunerative one in the American Association. This act is without a precedent in the history of baseball. Owens is well known here in Topeka where he used to umpire in the old Western Association. In Topeka he was the first to spring the "Strike Tuh" enunciation, and his deep base voice will long be remembered as it used to echo through the ravines of the southeastern portion of the city, up the hill to Highland Park, and down the Shunganunga through all Parkdale. Owens travels with the Raymond Wells company.

Most baseball players and umpires have no winter vacation. Brick makes big money in the summer time. His contract next summer calls for $525 a month. But there are a few ball players who can make good money in the winter months on the stage. Dick Cooley used to do it, and made lots of money. Now Mike Donlin and Joe Tinker are raking in the coin as a result of their appearance behind the footlights. This has turned Brick's head and he is after a little of this theatrical money. In time he expects with his manly bearing and athletic presence to become the hero or villain in some big drama. In the meantime he is willing to gradually acquire the manners and customs of stage folk by taking tickets. Next season he may have a speaking part in some of the Shubert productions. In time he expects to rival Lawrence Barrett and Mike Donlin, but he won't.

Hear Messer at Majestic 3 p. m. Sunday.

Special attention given to children's savings accounts at the Prudential Savings Bank.

Perils and Safeguards of Young Men with 100 pictures, Majestic 3 p. m. Sunday.

LEGISLATORS AT K. U.

University Girls Entertain the Ways and Means Committee.

Lawrence, Kan., Jan. 30.—Twelve members of the ways and means committee of both the senate and the house of the state legislature visited the university. The bad weather kept many of the members away who were expecting to be present.

The legislators were met at the depot by carriages and taken immediately to the university. Elaborate chapel exercises were held in honor of the visitors, most of whom made short chapel talks. Chancellor Strong made the opening address telling the students and the legislators of the wonderful growth of the university in the last 15 years, and his plans for making it larger.

After chapel the men were taken over the campus and about the grounds and shown the workings of the university. At noon the visitors were given a luncheon at Robinson gymnasium by the girls of the university. The afternoon was spent in session with the chancellor, who explained the needs of the university. The members returned to Topeka on the evening train.

From the senate came Senators Hoffman, Brewster and Reed; from the house, Banker, Crumley, Flag and Davis of the committee. Senator J. L. Brady and Representatives Newlin and Mitchell from this county, and Representative Merrill from Miami county.

If You Have Never Tried.

The Jackson, Walker Coal & Material Co.'s Marceline Lump Coal, try it, $4.75 per ton.

Illustrated lecture, Majestic, 3 p. m.

Make your savings "pile up" to meet your debts that always "pile up," by starting a savings account now with the Prudential Savings Bank.

Illustrated lecture, Majestic, 3 p. m.

TODAY'S MARKET REPORTS.

Chicago, Jan. 30.—WHEAT—Although wire facilities were somewhat improved today compared with conditions which prevailed yesterday, trade in the wheat pit was again largely of local character and of comparatively small volume. The market was steady during the early part of the day, prices fluctuating with a quarter cent range. May opened a shade to ¼c lower at $1.07⅝@1.07½ to ½c and sold at $1.07⅝c.

The market was featureless all day and prices were inclined to sag late in the session. The low point for May was reached at $1.07¼@1.07⅜. The market closed easy with May off ¼@¾c at $1.07⅜.

CORN—Small receipts had a strengthening influence on the corn market. May opened unchanged to a shade lower at 63¾@63⅝c to ⅞c and sold at 63.

A steady tone prevailed throughout the day, May closing unchanged at 62⅞c.

OATS—Oats were steady. May opened unchanged at 52c and sold at 52⅛c.

PROVISIONS—Provisions opened 2½c higher to 7½c lower.

RYE—Cash: 76@76½c; May, 77½@78½c.

BARLEY—Cash: 60@67c.

TIMOTHY—March, $3.95.

CLOVER—March, $9.40.

Chicago Grain Market.

[Furnished by J. E. Gall, Commissions, Grains, Provisions, Cotton and Stocks. Office 110 West Sixth St. Phone 486.]

	Open	High	Low	Chicago, Jan. 30. Close	Yes
WHEAT—					
May	107⅝	107⅝	107¼	107¼-⅜	107⅝
July	97⅝	97⅝-¾	97½	97⅝	97⅝
Sept.	94½	94⅝	94⅝-½	94⅝	94½
CORN—					
May	63⅝-⅞	63	62⅝	62⅞	62⅞
July	63⅞	63⅞-63	62⅝	62⅞-63	62⅞
Sept.	62⅝-⅞	62⅞-63	62⅝	62⅞	62⅝-⅞
OATS—					
May	52	52	51¾	52	52
July	46⅝	46⅝	46⅝	46⅝	46⅝
Sept.	39¼	39¼-⅜	39¼	39¼-⅜	39⅜
PORK—					
Jan.	.....	.....	.....	16.97	17.05
May	17.22-25	17.35	17.17	17.20	17.22
July	17.22	17.22-5	17.22	17.22	17.25
LARD—					
Jan.	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
May	9.80	9.82	9.77	9.80	9.80
July	9.92-5	9.95	9.90	9.90	9.90-2
RIBS—					
Jan.	.....	.....	.....	8.90	.....
May	9.02	9.05	9.02	9.02	9.02
July	9.17-20	9.20	9.15	9.15	9.17

Kansas City Grain Market.

[Furnished by J. E. Gall, Commissions, Grains, Provisions, Cotton and Stocks. Office 110 West Sixth St. Phone 486.]

	Open	High	Low	Kansas City, Jan. 30. Close	Yes
WHEAT—					
May	100	100	99⅝	100-⅛	100
July	90⅞	90⅞-91	90⅝	90¾-⅞	90¾
CORN—					
May	59¼-½	59¼	59-¼	59¼-	59¼
July	59¼-⅜	59¼-⅜	59¼	59¼-⅜	59⅜

Kansas City Live Stock.

Kansas City, Mo., Jan. 30.—CATTLE—Receipts 800. Market steady. Native steers, $4.80@6.65; southern steers, $4.50@5.80; southern cows, $2.50@4.25; native cows and heifers, $2.20@5.75; stockers and feeders, $3.50@5.75; bulls, $3.25@5.00; calves, $3.50@6.50; western steers, $4.00@6.20; western cows, $3.00@5.25.

HOGS—Receipts 4,000. Market 10c to 15c higher. Bulk of sales, $6.10@6.35; heavy, $6.25@6.50; packers and butchers, $6.20@6.45; light, $5.80@6.30; pigs, $4.50@5.50.

NO SHEEP.

Chicago Live Stock.

Chicago, Jan. 30.—CATTLE—Receipts estimated 100. Market steady. Beeves, $4.20@7.00; Texans, $4.25@5.00; westerns, $3.90@5.60; stockers and feeders, $3.20@5.40; cows and heifers, $1.85@5.60; calves, $5.50@8.00.

HOGS—Receipts estimated 4,500. Market 10 to 15c higher. Light, $5.30@6.40; mixed, $6.05@6.65; heavy, $6.10@6.70; rough, $6.10@6.25; good to choice heavy, $6.35@6.70; pigs, $4.75@5.70; bulk of sales, $6.30@6.65.

SHEEP—Receipts 500. Market steady.

Kansas City Produce Market.

Kansas City, Mo., Jan. 30.—WHEAT—Market unchanged. May, $1.00⅝; July, 90⅝c. Cash: No. 2 hard, $1.00@1.07½; No. 3, 98c@$1.06; No. 2 red, $1.10@1.11; No. 3, $1.06@1.10½.

CORN—Market unchanged to ½c lower. May, 59¼c; July, 59⅝c; September, 58½c. Cash: No. 2 mixed, 57½c; No. 3, 57½c; No. 2 white, 60½c; No. 3, 60⅝c.

OATS—Market ½c to 1c higher. No. 2 white, 50@52c; No. 2 mixed, 49@50c.

RYE—76c.

HAY—Market steady. Choice timothy, $9.75@10.00; choice prairie, $8.25@8.50.

BUTTER—Market steady. Creamery extra, 30c; packing stock, 18c.

EGGS—Market 1c higher. Fresh extras, 33½c; current receipts, 26c.

WHEAT—Receipts, 32 cars.

Chicago Produce Market.

Chicago, Jan. 30.—CHEESE—Market firm. Daisies, 15c; twins, 14@14½c; young American, 15½@16c.

POULTRY—Alive firm. Turkeys, 16c; chickens, 11½c; springs, 14c.

POTATOES—Market steady. 65@75c.

BUTTER—Market steady. Creamery, 22@28c; dairy, 21@25c.

EGGS—Market strong. First, 36c.

New York Produce Market.

New York, Jan. 30.—BUTTER—Creamery firm; upper grades dull; choice unchanged.

CHEESE—Market firm. State full cream specials, 14¾@15¾c; ditto fancy 14¼c; ditto good to prime, 14c; winter made, best, 13½c; ditto good to prime, 12@13c; ditto common to fair, 10¾@11¾c; skims, full to specials, 2¾@11¾c.

EGGS—Market excited and higher. State, Pennsylvania and nearby fancy selected white, 38c; ditto fair to choice, 36@37c; brown and mixed fancy, 37c; ditto fair to choice, 35@36c; western first, 35c; seconds, 24@34½c.

POULTRY—Alive steady. Western chickens, 12½c; fowls, 13c; turkeys, 12@18c; dressed, dull; western chickens, 12@21c; fowls, 13@14½c; turkeys, 19@23c.

Market Gossip.

[Furnished by J. E. Gall, Commissions, Grains, Provisions, Cotton and Stocks. Office 110 West Sixth St. Phone 486.]

Liverpool cables: Wheat ¼d lower, corn ½d lower.

New York Stock Market.

Wall st., New York, Jan. 30.—STOCKS—While opening prices today showed a mingling of small gains and losses, the downward tendency was most perceptible. New York Central, Chesapeake & Ohio, Brooklyn Transit and Pacific Mail declined large fractions. The trading showed a moderate degree of activity.

The market closed somewhat irregular and about the lowest. Prices in the second hour receded the depression being interspersed with dull and fitful rallies. The decline in Northwestern, Utah Copper, Brooklyn Transit and National Biscuit reached 2, and in Union Pacific, St. Paul, Reading, Pennsylvania, New York Central, Ontario & Western, St. Louis Southwestern, Iowa Central, Colorado & Southern, American Smelting, General electric and Pacific Mail 1½ to 1¾. Northwestern preferred sold at a decline of 3, and Allis Chalmers preferred 2½. The demand of uncovered shorts was sufficient to rally the market a fraction. Chicago Great Western rose 1, and the preferred "B" 1½ over last night.

There was some fresh declines in the final dealings.

Prices receded in all directions and stocks came upon the market in considerable volume. The copper industrials were specially affected. A precipitated fall of over 3 points in Tennessee Copper contributed largely to the weakness of the list. Losses reaching a point were pretty general. Chicago & Alton fell 4¼; Anaconda 3, and Amalgamated Copper, United States Realty and Railway Steel spring 1½.

Canadian Pacific advanced a point.

Range of Prices on Stocks.

[Furnished by J. E. Gall, Commissions, Grains, Provisions, Cotton and Stocks. Office 110 West Sixth St. Phone 486.]

Stocks—	New York, Jan. 30. Close	Yes.
Sugar	123	123½
Copper	73⅝	75
B. R. T.	68⅛	69¾
U. S. Steel, Com	52	52¼
U. S. Steel, Pfd	114	115⅞
Atchison, Com	99	99⅝
Anaconda	43	45
St. Paul	148½	149¼
Rock Island	.....	24
Great Northern	140⅞	142
Wabash, Pfd	47⅛	48¼
Missouri Pacific	69	69⅞
Am. Smelting	83¼	84
Northern Pacific	.....	138¾
N. Y. Central	126¼	127½
Southern Pacific	117⅞	118⅛
Reading	131⅞	133⅛
Erie, Com	.....	30⅝
Union Pacific	176½	177⅛
C. & O.	61⅝	62⅞
B. & O.	.....	113⅝
L. & N.	.....	121½
Pennsylvania	130¾	132¼
Can. Pacific	171	171⅞
National Lead	78	78¾
Rock Island, Pfd	61⅝	62¼

(Owing to wire trouble this table is incomplete.)

New York Sugar and Coffee Market.

New York, Jan. 30.—SUGAR—Raw quiet. Fair refining, $3.17; centrifugal 96 test, $3.67; molasses sugar, $2.92; refined steady; crushed, $5.35; powdered, $4.75; granulated, $4.65.

COFFEE—Market steady. No. 7 Rio, 7½c; No. 4 Santos, 8½c.

New York Money Market.

New York, Jan. 30.—MONEY—Money on call, nominal; time loans, inactive, 60 days, 2@2½ per cent, and 90 days, 2¼@2½ per cent; six months, 3 per cent.

CLOSE: Prime mercantile paper, 3½ to 4 per cent.

Sterling exchange, strong with actual business in bankers' bills at $4.85.10@4.85.20 for 60 days and at $4.87.70@4.87.75 for demand; commercial bills, $4.84⅞@4.85.

SILVER—Bar silver, 51⅞c; Mexican dollars, 44c.

BONDS—Government bonds, steady; railroad bonds, irregular.

Cotton Market.

New York, Jan. 30.—COTTON—Spot closed quiet; middling uplands, $9.85; middling gulf, $10.10. No sales.

Galveston, Tex., Jan. 30.—COTTON—Market lower. 9¾c.

Topeka Market.

[Furnished by the Chas. Wolff Packing Co., yards close at noon Saturday. We cannot use pigs, thin sows or hogs weighing less than 170 lbs. Do not market hogs unless same are well finished, as we cannot use half fat stuff. We give below prices effective at once, until further notice.]

Topeka, Kan., Jan. 30.

HOGS.

MIXED AND BUTCHERS	$5.55@5.95
HEAVY	6.00@6.10
LIGHT	5.50@5.85

CATTLE.

	Per cwt.
Cows (good)	$4.00@4.50
Cows (medium)	3.00@3.75
Heifers (good)	4.50@5.00
Heifers (medium)	3.50@4.25
Bulls (good)	3.25@3.75
Bulls (medium)	2.50@3.00
Calves (100 to 200 lbs.)	5.00@7.00
Calves (over 200 lbs.)	4.00@4.75

BUTTER AND EGGS.

[Furnished by The Continental Creamery Co., Topeka, Kan.]

EGGS—Chicago, 30c; N. Y., 30c.

CREAMERY BUTTER—Chicago, 28c; N. Y., 29c.

ELGIN BUTTER—32c.

EGGS AND POULTRY.

[Wholesale prices furnished by Topeka Packing Co., 114-116 W. Laurent street.]

POULTRY—Hens, 8c; springs, 8c; broilers, 12c; old cocks, 3c; stags, 7c. Turkeys, 12c; ducks, 8c; geese, 6c.

BUTTER—Packing stock, 19c.

EGGS—28c.

WHOLESALE FRUIT AND PRODUCE.

[Furnished by Sam'l E. Lux, Wholesale Fruit and Produce.]

FLORIDA PINEAPPLES—Per crate, $3.25@3.75.

CAULIFLOWER—Per crate, $3.00.

COCOANUTS—Per sack, original, $5; per doz., 65c.

BULK DATES—Per lb., 6¼c.

HONEY—Per case, $3.25.

APPLES—Per box, $1.35@2.00.

GRAPE FRUIT—Per box, $4.00.

FIGS—Per box, 65c.

CRANBERRIES—Per bbl., $14.00 per lb., 14½c.

FLORIDA TOMATOES—Per 6 basket crate, $2.75.

CABBAGE — Wisconsin Holland, per lb., 3c.

RED GLOBE ONIONS—Wisconsin, per bu., $1.00.

LEMONS—California, per box, $3.25@3.50.

ORANGES—Redlands Golden, per box, $2.75@3.00.

ORANGES—Navel, per box, $2.65@2.85.

BANANAS—Med. size bchs., per bch., $1.50; large bchs., per bch., $1.75@2.00; per lb., 2¾c.

FANCY LEAF LETTUCE—Per basket, $1.00.

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GIVE US A TEST
HIDE AND FUR
Shipments should be tagged to us, if you want to realize the most on them. Write for our Fur List, mention Journal.
James C. Smith & Co.
Topeka, Kansas

Topeka Hide Market.

[Quotations furnished by James C. Smith & Co., 103 East Third st.]

Topeka, Kan., Jan. 30.

HIDES—No. 1 G. S. hides, 10¾c; No. 2 G. S. hides, 9¾c; side brands, 8¾c flat; glue hides, 5½c flat; No. 1 G. S. bull hides, 8c; No. 2 G. S. bul hides, 5c; Deacons, 25c to 35c; slunks, 15c to 25c; No. 1 horse hides, $2.50; No. 2 horse hides, $1.50; No. 3 horse hides, 75c; dry flint butcher, heavies, 14c; dry flint fallen, 13c; dry flint lights, 12c; dry salts, 11c; dry culls, 10c. Tallow No. 1, 5c; No. 2, 4c.

FUR PRICE LIST.

FURS—Mink, No. 1 large, $3.25; No. 1 medium, $2.25; No. 1 small, $1.50@; No. 2 large, $1.50; No. 2 medium and small, $1.00; No. 3, 50c; No. 4, 25c; prime, large and dark, $4.00@5.00; cotton, 60c. Raccoon, No. 1, large, $1.40;