

# THE IOLA REGISTER.

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IOLA, ALLEN COUNTY, KANSAS, FRIDAY, DECEMBER 15, 1899.

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## HOLIDAY Goods

Our stock is well-assorted, and comprises the greatest gathering of desirable merchandise we have ever offered our Holiday patrons.

You are cordially invited to come and see what we can do for you before you look elsewhere.

All that is newest and best awaits your inspection and approval. Prices are extremely low.

**Campbell & Burrell** West Side Druggists, Iola, Kans.

### OUR HOLIDAY SUGGESTIONS.

We generally talk to the men folks, but this time we want to talk to the Ladies about Holiday presents. Ladies find it a hard task to select suitable Christmas presents for men.

**Men's Furnishings.** A rich assortment of those useful articles that men appreciate so much for Holiday gifts. This list will help you to make your selections:

#### Neckwear

In all the latest colorings, new ascots, imperials, puffs, teeks, batwings and bows, at 25c, 35c, 50c and 75c

#### Mufflers

Men's silk oxford mufflers, in a very handsome line of patterns, lined with satins, at 50c, 65c, 75c, \$1 and \$1.50.

#### Suspenders

Men's fine quality, silk ribbon with elastic ends and kid tips 50c, to \$1.

#### Handkerchiefs

Fine Linen, 15c to 50c.  
Fancy Silk, 25c to 75c.

#### Night Shirts

Men's fancy trimmed, at 50c, 75c and \$1.

#### Gloves

Men's gloves and mittens, wool or silk lined, at 50c to \$1.50.

#### Umbrellas

Something always appreciated and always useful. Men's 29-inch silk umbrellas, steel rod, natural wood or horn handles, \$1 to \$5.

#### Caps

Everything in this line that can be called for, in plush, beaver, melton and kersey, all the new and popular styles, at 25c to \$1.50.

#### Men's Dress Suit Cases

\$2 to \$4.

#### White Shirts

65c to \$1.

#### Fancy Shirts

50c to \$1.50.

#### Collars and Cuffs

10c to 25c.

**BARCLAY-SHIELDS CLOTHING CO.,** WEST SIDE IOLA, KANS.

## LINCOLN

Covers Most Surface  
Looks Bright Longest  
Protects Buildings Best  
Every Gallon Guaranteed

ABSOLUTELY  
PURE

# PAINTS.

For Sale by  
**Schell & Baird,** Successors to W. L. Bartles & Son  
Iola, Kansas:

### GENERAL ILL HEALTH,



**D**ISEASE with no specific name, which seems to combine stomach disorder, heart trouble, blood disorder and a host of other ills, and which can be described only by saying you feel "all knocked out" and "good for nothing," means that your kidneys are overburdened and need relief.

Kidney derangement is almost always at the bottom of general ill health. Your doctor knows this, but he usually treats the various symptoms one at a time.

Foley's Guaranteed Kidney Cure gets at the bottom of these troubles and cures them all at once.

You run no risk. Satisfactory results are guaranteed.

For cuts, bruises or sores BANNER SALVE is best.

**EVANS BROS.**

#### THE NEGRO SOLDIER.

We used to think the negro didn't count for very much—  
Light-fingered in the melon patch and chicken yard and such;  
Much mixed in point of morals and absurd in point of dress.  
The butt of droll cartoonists and the target of the press.

But we've got to reconstruct our views on color more or less.  
Now we know about the Tenth at La Quasina.

When a rain of shot was falling, with a song upon his lips,  
In the horror where such gallant lives went out in death's eclipse.

Face to face with Spanish bullets, on the slope of San Juan,  
The negro soldier showed himself another type of man;

Read the story of his courage, coldly, carelessly who can;  
The story of the Tenth at La Quasina!

We have heaped the Cuban soil above their bodies, black and white—  
The strangely sorted comrades of that grand and glorious fight—

And many a fair-skinned volunteer goes whole and sound today  
For the sinner of the colored troops, the battle records say.

And the feud is done forever of the blue coat and the gray—  
All honor to the Tenth at La Quasina!

—H. M. Cheanning in the Boston Journal.

#### EDITORIAL NOTES

WINTER seems to be here. But it is some comfort to reflect that it is two months behind time.

PRESIDENT ELIOT, of Harvard, complains about the Episcopal liturgy. Fancy a liturgy in Prof. Eliot's Bostonese!

TWENTY-FOUR car-loads of canned beef were shipped out of Chicago the other day billed to the British army in South Africa.

JOHN C. SHERIDAN, of Paola, an able and honest man who has been prominent in the politics of the State for many years, is dead.

THE bank deposits of Kansas City are ten million dollars greater than they were a year ago. And ten million dollars is a good deal of money.

THE Methodists captured the first native Porto Rican to come to the Main Land for an education. His name is Jose Santiago and he is going to school at Baldwin.

LIEUTENANT COLONEL ED LITTLE has announced his candidacy for the Pop. Senatorship, concerning which, as the small boy said about the apple core, "There ain't goin' to be none!"

ONE of the Democrats on the Kentucky election board stayed by his conscience and voted for Taylor; but the strain was so exhausting to his nervous system that he immediately resigned.

CLYDE MATTON, the young Oklahoma outlaw who has been on trial at Ponca City for killing Lincoln Sweeney, was found guilty of manslaughter and sentenced to twelve years in the penitentiary.

Who knows the present address of E. W. Holland, who lately traveled through eastern Kansas getting up hotel directories? The REGISTER would be greatly obliged to anyone who will furnish such information.

It is worth while to remember in writing to friends in any of our new possessions that a letter with a two cent stamp will wait for a United States transport, while one with a five cent stamp will go on any mail steamer.

A KANSAS CITY mule dealer has made a contract to furnish the British government a thousand mules, to go to South Africa. The American mule fights his own battles, and he also fights everybody else's battles the whole world over.

"GRATITUDE is a lively appreciation of favors about to be received." If this definition, perpetrated by some old cynic, is a true one, the Congressmen who expect a nomination next year ought to be mighty active servants this winter.

TWENTY-THREE people guessed at the Kansas corn crop in competition for the Mail and Breeze prize, and none of them missed it more than two and one-half million bushels. The closest guess missed it only one hundred thousand bushels.

THE peaceful settlement of the Kentucky contest in favor of the Republican candidates is a matter upon which that commonwealth is to be congratulated. Where there was so much dynamite lying around loose it is very much to somebody's credit that there was no explosion.

AFTER twenty-five years of service in the United States army in time of peace, J. Franklin Bell had attained the rank of First Lieutenant. After less than two years of service in time of war he is a Brigadier General of Volunteers.

If you have a friend that you want to keep informed about what is going on here, send him the DAILY or WEEKLY REGISTER. Nothing of importance relating to the development of our industries or the growth of the town is omitted from either of these papers.

CONGRESSMAN BOWENSOCK has introduced a bill appropriating \$75,000 for a government building at Lawrence, and has re-introduced the bill appropriating \$20,000 to the State University to pay its claim for the destruction of the Free State hotel by U. S. authorities.

GEORGE W. MARTIN, the new secretary of the State Historical Society, has the most complete collection of Kansas books and pamphlets there is in existence outside of the Historical society itself. And if he doesn't change his mind he will give them some day to the Presbyterian College at Emporia.

THE Boers sprung another trap Sunday, and the British loss in killed, wounded and prisoners is 700 men. Isn't it strange that a lot of rude seventeenth century Dutch are shrewder than an army of twentieth century Englishmen? Why don't the English spring some traps?

AFTER forty-seven years of prohibition the whole State of Vermont is able to get along with thirty-five police officers. Last year, 1898, the total expense of all jails in the State was only about \$11,000, and less than \$120,000 was paid for all court expenses, including jails, sheriffs, attorneys, judges, etc.

THE Kansas Agricultural College announces that the experiments with sugar beets this year have been so discouraging as to practically eliminate Kansas from the beet growing States. That is all right. Why does a State that can raise corn and wheat and cattle want to monkey with sugar beets anyway?

GEN. PALMER, the gold standard Democrat who ran for President in 1896, says that if the Democratic party nominates Bryan in 1900 it will lose Illinois by 100,000 votes. But Gen. Palmer is probably jealous or prejudiced. As a matter of fact Bryan would lose Illinois by not more than eighty or eighty-five thousand votes.

THE loss to the United States from bad roads is estimated at \$500,000,000 annually. There are 300,000 miles of highway road in this country, most of which is in a dilapidated condition. No better or more profitable work can be undertaken than the improvement of these highways. The cost would be slight compared to the profit, and the indirect gain to all classes is beyond all calculation.

A FEW days ago the REGISTER quoted a Chicago jobber as protesting against the trusts on the ground that they did not allow the middle men to charge the consumers a high enough price for the products they controlled! It seems that other middle men feel the same way, as it is reported now that the Kansas City wholesalers have organized to make a fight on the trusts.

AND now the story goes that the eastern Democrats, knowing that no Democrat can win in 1900, will quietly acquiesce in the nomination of Bryan on the theory that another defeat will kill him off and leave the party in shape to put up a good man with some show of electing him in 1904 "And," as a western Democrat to whom this idea was suggested remarked, "that is not such a bad scheme."

A SOLDIER writing from Panay Island to the Hiawatha World says that he gets a "kakiak," whatever that is, to shine his shoes and make his bed and sweep out under it every morning for twenty-five cents a month. And he gets a Chinaman to do his washing for twenty-five cents a month. Which would seem to indicate that the island of Panay must be under a Democratic low tariff administration.

IT seems to be pretty hard after all to have a non-partisan judiciary. The Court of Appeals decided by a vote of two Populists to one Republican that the Populist regents of the Agricultural College had been wrongfully removed. And the Supreme Court by a vote of two Republicans to one Pop-

ulist, reversed this decision. It is unfortunate for the credit of both Courts that the decision should have been along party lines.

If Mr. Bryan read the report of Congressional proceedings the other day he must have felt peculiar. DOLLIVER of Iowa, after quoting some of Bryan's absurd predictions as to the continuance of the gold standard, asked if any member of the House would rise and say that Mr. Bryan knew what he was talking about. And not a Democrat rose to assert it. It must have made Mr. Bryan feel peculiar to read the episode.

IN an interview at Honolulu Gen. Funston admits that he made a mistake in dignifying by replying to them the absurd charges that he had desecrated Churches in Luzon; but he says that now that he is into the controversy he will carry it out to the bitter end by taking the matter into the courts as soon as he gets back from Manila.

IN the first round over the new asylum, Parsons is knocked out, Judge Glass, of the Clay county district court, holding that the Board of Charities is not authorized under the law to purchase a site for such asylum, and therefore granting a perpetual injunction against the purchase of the Parsons site. It is barely possible that a Clay County judge was not the most unprejudiced court in the world, for the trial of such a case. But it is just as likely that he is right, nevertheless.

A GOOD many months ago the REGISTER said that the people who would be first hurt and worst hurt, by the trusts would be the people who put their money into them. The following report from yesterday's report of affairs on Wall street would seem to indicate that the guess was a pretty good one:

NEW YORK, Dec 11.—There was a wild and exciting opening in the stock market this morning, and prices went tumbling at a rate never witnessed before except in times of panic. In the present instance, however, the stocks that lost value so rapidly were the trust securities in which the general public has little interest and the losses all fell on speculators or on the organizers of the trusts, whose stocks came to them at greatly inflated values.

A BILL is under discussion at Washington this week which is sure to pass and the avowed object of which is to make the gold standard permanent in the United States; and although the people are fully aware of all this, there isn't a ripple anywhere. What an educator time is! Four years ago the intended passage of such a bill would have brought protests from every school district west of the Allegheny mountains, and there would have been real danger of armed revolt. But we know better now.

#### AS TO NOMINATING A SENATOR.

THE REGISTER would support with great enthusiasm a constitutional amendment for the election of United States Senators by the people. But until such an amendment is adopted this paper cannot see anything to be gained by the nomination of a candidate for Senator by the Republican convention.

Such a nomination would not bind anybody. In the present instance, if the convention should nominate Mr. Burton, the friends of Mr. Baker would only engage the more actively in the campaign to secure Baker men in the legislature. And if Mr. Baker were nominated the Burton men would go to work harder than ever for their favorite. If there could be a mutual agreement reached before the convention for the opposing candidates to submit their claims to that convention and to abide by its decision, there might be some point gained by a convention nomination. But in the absence of such an agreement it would seem as if the only result of bringing the matter before the State convention would be to stir up an unnecessary and angry fight that might last through the entire campaign.

THE people of the various counties have it easily within their power to indicate their choice for Senator and to make that choice imperative upon their representative. In every county where there is a sentiment for one candidate strong enough to make his success of some importance to the people they can instruct their representative at the county convention. That is the kind of instruction that instructs.

ATA speech not long ago before a lot of miners down in Cherokee county J. R. Burton told them not to listen to the walking delegate but to cultivate good relations with their employers. And that was pretty brave talk for a politician to make.

#### TO FREE, NOT TO FETTER.

As the days go by it becomes more and more clear that the action of the American authorities in suppressing the revolt in the Philippines is a war of liberation and not of enslavement. It is every day becoming more clear, as the *Globe Democrat* says, that the outbreak has never been anything more than a conspiracy in a portion of one tribe to dominate all the other tribes, and to bully the United States out of a treaty made with one of the acknowledged powers of the world. In just one island out of 1200 has there been serious opposition to the authority of this country. Where trouble has arisen in other islands the same band of ambitious Tagal leaders has stirred it up, furnishing emissaries to head the movement. Our army sent across the Pacific is rescuing a people from a lawless, savage and irresponsible element. The great body of Filipinos are well disposed. They want a chance to better their condition by peaceful labor. Settling up a new sovereignty among nations is not one of their objects in life, nor is their knowledge of government sufficiently advanced to grasp the subject. There are thousands in the Philippines who desire tranquil times under the American flag where there are tens who plot and fight to expel us and rule in our stead.

Wherever our troops occupy new towns the majority of the inhabitants manifest joy. They do this at risk to themselves, for if not protected they are set upon and often murdered by their lurking Tagal oppressors. The cases are numerous in which natives who welcomed our army were murdered the same night by Tagal insurgents who stole into town. A reign of terror prevails in Luzon except in the neighborhood of American garrisons. Elsewhere the non-combatants are at the mercy of armed bands that rob and slay them at will. Probably not over one half of 1 per cent of the whole Filipino population has ever sympathized with the Tagal insurrection. But millions have feared it and stood back, dreading its success. Our army is bestowing freedom and security upon all the islands, regardless of racial and tribal lines. It is a duty we have accepted in the presence of all the established nations of the earth, and the United States has yet to flinch from any of its agreements.

There are some minds so strangely constituted that they regard the Tagal plotters as exponents of liberty, and the Americans as ruthless invaders and imperialists. But this class is disappearing from public view. The truth has become so plain that they can deny it no longer. Some have favored a Tagal republic under our protection. This, as the President points out in his message, would take from the Congress of the United States the power of declaring war and vest it in the Tagal leader of the hour. "Such an arrangement," says the message, "would involve at the outset a cruel breach of faith. It would place the peaceable and loyal majority, who ask nothing better than to accept our authority, at the mercy of the minority of armed insurgents." We shall redeem the many in the Philippines, beating down the few malignants who now rob and slay them without the slightest legal restraint. The President's remark that the truest kindness to the insurgents will be the swift and effective defeat of their present leader is confirmed by all intelligent evidence. A final contest between civilization and the bandit spirit is all that remains of the revolt of a part of the Tagal tribe.

If it is true, as reported from Manila that the Filipino army is to be divided into guerilla bands and sent out to plunder and murder and burn, there is only one course for the American army to pursue. And that is to deal with them with a hard heart and a quick hand. These robbing, murdering bands will have to be taught severe lessons and the sooner the lessons begin the more lives will in the end be saved.

THE Kansas Agricultural College, which is once more an agricultural college and not a political incubator, offers a twelve weeks course in agriculture, horticulture and mechanics, designed especially for the farmers and farmers' boys who can only leave home in the winter. The term begins January 2, and continues until about the middle of March. Information may be obtained in regard to it by addressing the College, Manhattan.

BILL WHITE regards the currency bill now before Congress as an endorsement of the Lyon county plank in favor of the gold standard.