

PARADE IS A SUCCESS

THOUSANDS OF SUFFRAGISTS AND SOME MEN MARCH FOR "CAUSE" IN WASHINGTON.

FLOATS ADD TO THE SCENE

Handsome Tableaux Are Presented by Madame Nordica and Others on the Steps of the Treasury Building as Procession Passes.

By GEORGE CLINTON.

Washington, March 3.—Women today made on Pennsylvania avenue in the capital of the country her spectacular parade appeal for suffrage. In the marching ranks were many of the most prominent women of the United States, women who have given the greater part of their lives to the suffrage work, and women also who only recently have given their fealty to the cause. The wives of senators and representatives and of other men in high position in the government service had places in the line. It was a parade of devotees and it was in size and in effect that the women had promised it should be.

There were thousands of women and hundreds of men in the procession which made its way up Pennsylvania avenue from the capitol to a point beyond the White House. There was a succession of "floats" in the column representing the progress of the cause of woman's suffrage; labor conditions which it is sought to better; what woman has done in war; the woman in peace, and the woman in all the varied activities of life.

Planned by Prominent Women. Mrs. Champ Clark, wife of the speaker of the house, was one of the hard laborers to make the event live up to its promise. Working with her were Mrs. Harvey W. Wiley, wife of the government's former chief chemist; Mrs. John Rogers, Jr., a sister-in-law of Secretary of War Stimson; Mrs. Robert M. La Follette, wife of the Wisconsin senator, and scores of other women prominent on their own account and doubly prominent perhaps because of the official positions occupied by their husbands or other men members of their families.

"General" Rosalie Jones and her small army of "hikers" who marched all the way from New York City to the capitol in behalf of the suffrage cause, were given a chief place of honor in the marching throng. The procession was led by Miss Inez Milholland of New York, to whom her sister suffragists gratefully accorded the meed of greatest beauty. Miss Milholland certainly is handsome and, as a herald, she shone.

The women who had no parts to sustain in the tableaux of the floats wore pilgrims' cloaks and on their heads were small campaign hats faintly turned back and caught with "Votes for Women" pins. The grand marshal of the parade was Mrs. Richard Cope Burleson, wife of a Fort Myer army officer. She is a fine rider, and with her were several army women accustomed to the saddle and to the word of command. It is estimated that at least 1,000 of the women were on horseback.

Tableaux on Treasury Steps. At the moment the procession started from the Peace monument in front of the capitol a tableau was staged in front of the great south doorway of the treasury building. Madame Nordica, taking the part of Columbia, was the central figure. Dressed in classic costume, she came from between the white pillars guarding the doorway and sang, "The Star Spangled Banner" when she had taken her station half way down the steps she was followed by five women representing Liberty, Justice, Peace, Hope and Mercy. Florence Fleming Noyes, a classical dancer, impersonated Liberty, and Miss Flora Wilson, daughter of the secretary of agriculture, took the part of Justice. The spectacle, in a succession of movements and in a dozen scenes as varied as the manifestations of Liberty, Justice, Peace, Hope and Mercy would admit, continued for over an hour and was witnessed by an enormous crowd of people.

The suffrage parade was all that the women promised that it would be. Some members of congress say that the demonstration was unnecessary because it has become certain within the last two years that eventually woman will exercise the suffrage in every state of the Union.

FIRE DESTROYS TEXAS PRISON

State Penitentiary at Rusk Razed by Flames—One Prisoner Dies of Heart Failure.

Houston, Tex., March 3.—Fire destroyed the state penitentiary at Rusk, causing a loss of \$100,000, all of the buildings, including the blacksmith, carpenter, machine and pattern shops are ruined. The hospital was destroyed. The origin of the blaze is unknown. One prisoner died of heart failure, the rest were saved.

OFF TO THE INAUGURATION

Four Hundred National Guardsmen Depart From Minneapolis on Special Train.

Minneapolis, March 3.—About 400 members of the First Regiment, Minnesota National Guard, representing the six Minnesota companies, under command of Colonel Eric E. Luce, started by special train for Washington, to attend the inauguration.

BARBARY COAST LIGHTS FLICKER AND DIE OUT

Dance Hall District of San Francisco Squelched by a Rigid Enforcement of Police Edict.

San Francisco, March 3.—With an extra company of police on hand to carry out the edict, new orders of the police commission restricting the notorious Barbary Coast were applied exactly at midnight.

No defiance was visible, and gradually the great crowd of sightseers that had assembled to witness the "funeral," as it was termed on the "coast," melted away.

Hereafter, the police say, there is to be a dividing line between the cafes of "Bohemia" and their counterparts—the dives. The dance halls on Pacific street that won for that thoroughfare the sobriquet "Terrific street" will be closed to slumming parties that include women.

Only the women regularly employed in these places, at stipulated salaries, will be allowed inside, and the proprietors say their revenue will be cut more than 50 per cent.

Promptly at midnight last night all the women visitors were requested to leave and most of them did. No more were allowed to enter. The crowd, which was estimated to be larger than any that had toured "Barbary" for a year, quickly disappeared.

Above the doors of the dance halls the red and white lights blinked out and by 1 o'clock the quiet which the police commission says will be perpetual had set in.

Many of the resort proprietors say they will be forced to close up. One dance hall keeper, whose place of business occupies a basement of a building owned by Abraham Ruef, the former political boss, now in San Quentin penitentiary, said he had signed a lease for five years at \$975 a month and that he expected he would have to close his doors and quit.

IS UNDECIDED ON DIVORCE

Senator Bois Consults Attorney and Admits Possibility of a Suit for Separation.

Portland, Ore., March 2.—Without definite intention of beginning divorce proceedings against her husband, United States Senator Jonathan Bourne, but admitting that the possibility of such action is under consideration, Mrs. Jonathan Bourne, Jr., has arrived in Portland.

Mrs. Bourne traveled alone from Washington, D. C., having left the capitol Monday. Her attorney met her at the Union station.

Mrs. Bourne said she had read what the papers had printed about her contemplated divorce action, but declared that she had not formed any plans. Not until she talks with her attorney on the subject will she determine her course.

"BOOKER T." LIKES WILSON

Negro Educator Says the President-Elect is a True Friend of His Race.

Nashville, March 2.—Booker T. Washington, the negro educator, in Nashville, en route to the state of Washington, where he will conduct a speaking tour, discussed the attitude of President-elect Woodrow Wilson to the negro. He said:

"Mr. Wilson is in favor of the things which tend toward the uplift, improvement and advancement of my people, and at his hands we have nothing to fear.

"My belief is that the next president of the United States is one of the best friends of negro education that has ever occupied the presidential chair."

WAR BILL IS \$250,000,000

Germany's Preparations Will Place a Tremendous Burden on Nation for Several Years.

Berlin, March 2.—According to the Lokal Anzeiger, the new German military bill involves an expenditure of nearly a billion marks (about \$250,000,000), spread over three or four years, and thereafter there will be an annual increase in the army budget of from 200,000,000 to 220,000,000 marks. The newspaper says a large part of the billion marks will be devoted to building forts on the eastern frontier and that 150,000,000 marks will be used for new barracks. The budget has not yet taken up the question of raising the necessary revenues.

GREEKS BEAT TURKS IN FIGHT

Muslims Lose One-Third of Their Number in Killed in Battle Near Janina.

Athens, Greece, March 3.—A detachment of 300 Turkish infantrymen fought for six hours against a body of Greek troops near Janina and surrendered only after 112 Turks had been killed, including eight officers. The bodies were buried on the battlefield.

The statement received here that "the Greeks lost only four wounded," is regarded with skepticism.

Negro's Victim Is Dead

Versailles, Ky., March 1.—Mrs. Robert Black, whose skull was fractured by Silas Williams, a negro, when she went to the aid of her niece, Mrs. Moffatt, whom he had attempted to assault, died from her injuries. Williams was captured and is held in Lexington for safe keeping.

IN CASE OF NECESSITY



DEATH FOR HUERTA

PRESIDENT OF MEXICO AND DIAZ TO BE SLAIN IF CAUGHT BY MADERISTS.

FEDERALS AND REBELS FIGHT

Fighting Reported Near Cananea, and Americans Are Reported to Be Impelled by Firing—Delegates Gather for Peace Meet.

Douglas, Ariz., March 3.—Provisional President Victoriano Huerta of Mexico and General Felix Diaz, provisional commander-in-chief of the Mexican army, are condemned to death in a manifesto issued by the Maderista forces encamped at Cenizas Springs, Mexico, 18 miles southeast of this city. A copy of the manifesto was received here. It declared that Huerta and Diaz will be executed "when apprehended."

Five hundred government troops are marching from Agua Prieta.

Federals and Rebels Clash. El Paso, Tex., March 3.—Fighting is reported to be in progress between Mexican federals and insurgents near Cananea, where there are extensive American copper interests. American lives are said to be imperiled by the firing. Colonel Romero is in command of the federal force, 300 strong, near Cananea, while the insurgent troops there number about 400.

There are a number of followers of former President Madero near Cananea and these men are taking up arms against the Huerta-Diaz regime.

Rebels Gather for Peace Meet. Rebel agents and representatives of the central government in Mexico have begun to gather at San Antonio to continue the peace conference begun at Nuevo Laredo as suggested by Secretary of State Knox. The representatives of the Mexican government were authorized to make concessions to the insurgents in shape of promises of amnesty and of reform law by the government. Word was received here that Pascual Orozco would arrive tomorrow en route for San Antonio, but it was not stated which Orozco, senior or junior. The United States has agreed to suspend all indictments against the rebels during the peace conference.

Meet to Indorse Huerta. Mexico City, March 3.—The Liberal Democratic club, composed of influential public spirited men, met here for the purpose of indorsing Felix Diaz for president of Mexico and Senor de la Barra for vice-president. On account of the strength of this organization its indorsement is looked upon as equivalent to actual nomination. It is not known just whether Senor de la Barra will accept.

A revised canvass shows that at least 4,000 persons were killed in the ten days' battle of Mexico City and the figures may go to 4,500.

7,000 U. S. Troops in Texas. Galveston, Texas, March 3.—Troops continue to pour into Galveston and Texas City and now there are no less than 7,000 United States soldiers mobilized in Galveston and vicinity. The troops belong to the second division of the reorganized United States army now being mobilized here under the command of Maj. Gen. W. H. Carter. The troops were mobilized on account of the Mexican situation, but it now seems that the mobilization will be turned into a great maneuver by the entire division.

WEBB BILL WINS OVER VETO

House Passes Interstate Liquor Measure by Large Majority—Action Makes it a Law.

Washington, March 3.—The house by a large margin passed the Webb interstate liquor bill over the president's veto. The action of the house makes the bill a law, as the senate has already passed the measure over the president's veto. The vote was 244 to 95, and when the result was announced by Speaker Clark the house burst forth in a great volume of applause in which the crowded galleries joined.

BODIES OF FIRE VICTIMS ARE FROZEN IN THE ICE

Only One Corpse Recovered by Rescuers Working in Ruins of Dewey Hotel at Omaha—Find Register.

Frozen in the center of blocks of ice weighing thousands of tons, from twenty to fifty bodies of the victims of the Hotel Dewey fire are being sought by rescuers. Ever since the fire was placed under control relays of men armed with axes and picks have been hacking at the frozen debris that lies in the basement of the former hostelry. Throughout the night under the glare of electric lights strung for the purpose the work continued. Only one body has been recovered.

How many bodies may be concealed beneath the wreckage is still a matter of speculation. The register of the hotel, reported burned, was in reality recovered. This was learned positively. The book was carried to a drug store across the street from the hotel. Since it has disappeared. The register, according to those who scanned it before its mysterious disappearance, showed 133 guests registered on the night of the fire.

So far police have been able to account for only thirty of these persons. It is believed that a number of the others escaped.

REPORT ON HARVESTER MADE

Commissioner Conant Says Company Has Been Monopolistic and Unfair Competitive Methods.

Washington, March 3.—Luther Conant, Jr., commissioner of corporations, today submitted to the president his report on the International Harvester company, a long and exhaustive document which concludes with the statement that the company's position in the industry is chiefly due to a monopolistic combination in the harvester machine business, certain unfair competitive methods and superior command of capital.

The report shows that the five concerns that consolidated in 1902 had been in keen competition, but that this competition had not been destructive as at least four of them had been making good profits. The new company, says Mr. Conant, was able to maintain its monopolistic position and extend on a large scale into new lines of the farm machinery industry, in part by the acquisition of some of its chief rivals in the harvesting machine business; in part by using its monopolistic advantage in these lines to force the sale of its new lines; in part by certain objectionable competitive methods, and especially through its exceptional command of capital, itself the result of combination. The commissioner found that the value of the physical properties that were involved in the consolidation plus the working capital covered substantially 90 per cent of the capital stock issued, so there can be no charge of great overcapitalization. The earnings of the company have shown a marked increase.

IS HELD AS A BIG CRIMINAL

Prisoner in Atlanta Believed to Be Canadian Robber Who Attacked Chicago Lieutenant.

Atlanta, Ga., March 2.—J. M. Harris, alias J. P. Montague, was identified here by private detectives as one of the men reputed to have been connected with the robbery of the Bank of Montreal at New Westminster, B. C., of \$272,000, according to a police announcement.

Harris also is believed to be one of the men who attacked Police Lieutenant Bernard J. Burns in a Chicago saloon last September. Identification of the accused man here was made by photographs and Bertillon measurements.

Harris was being held by the police in connection with the attempted robbery of the Bank of Lumpkin at Dalton, Ga., recently.

Floods Threaten Savannah, Ga.

Savannah, Ga., March 3.—A report received here from Augusta states that the Savannah river has overflowed its banks and that the lowlands of the city are inundated. A serious flood is threatened.

WILL OUTSHINE ALL

WILSON INAUGURAL TO BE MOST BRILLIANT DEMONSTRATION IN U. S. HISTORY.

BALL ONLY FEATURE LEFT OUT

Washington Police Are Taking Unusual Precautions Against Criminals and Will Be Assisted by Officers From Other Cities.

Washington, Mar. 3.—Preparations for the inaugural of Woodrow Wilson and Thomas R. Marshall, the first Democratic president and vice-president that the country has had in sixteen years, are complete, and the various committees make the prophecy that the ceremonies of tomorrow will be the most brilliant and picturesque of any inaugural event. Prediction is made also that when Mr. Wilson and Mr. Marshall ride down Pennsylvania avenue on the way to the capitol to take the oath of office the greatest crowd that ever welcomed an incoming president and vice-president will shout itself hoarse.

The inaugural committee has used every means in its power to make the celebration one that will live in the minds of all who witness it. In point of brilliance of decoration, in the matter of the inaugural parade, in the arrangements for the illumination of the city and a display of fireworks Tuesday night it is believed that the Wilson and Marshall inauguration will surpass all others.

The inaugural ball will be the only customary feature left out of the program, and this will not be missed by the general public. The ball was dispensed with at the special request of the president-elect, who asked the committee in charge of the ceremonies to make the entire celebration as simple as possible and at the same time as impressive and dignified as the inauguration of a president of the great republic demands.

All Hope for Bright Day. It is going to be a splendid inauguration providing the weather clerk does his duty. History shows that the majority of inauguration days have been abominable, but everybody is hoping that Mr. Wilson may have luck.

But no misfortune in weather can chill the ardor of the Democratic hosts, any more than a blizzard or rainstorm will be able to mar the most important feature of the inauguration, the illumination of the city. The illumination of the capital by means of millions of electric lamps promises to be a show in itself. Pennsylvania avenue from the capitol to the treasury will resemble a fairyland. At 100-foot intervals the avenue has been arched with festoons of lights. From each festoon there are three pendant colored lights, which give the broad thoroughfare the appearance of being roofed with brilliant, glowing bulbs. The court of honor, opposite Lafayette park, and the Union station plaza are also the centers of brilliant schemes of illumination. At night a big searchlight is to play on the capitol, making it visible for miles around. There also will be lighting effects on the Washington monument and on all the prominent public buildings.

Police Will Be Active. Major Sylvester, the superintendent of police, issued his final instructions. Among other things, he directs that the entire route of the parade be roped off with iron cables and cleared of all vehicles before 9 o'clock Tuesday morning. Beginning today every available officer and private of the regular police force will be on duty, and more than 500 special policemen have been employed.

A considerable number of detectives have been brought here from outside cities to assist the local force in protecting the public from the army of pickpockets and other crooks who always flock here for the great quadrennial harvest.

WILSON GOES TO WASHINGTON

Princeton Students Escort President-Elect to Station and Follow Him to Capital.

Princeton, N. J., March 3.—President-elect Wilson and his family left here shortly before noon today for Washington. The entire undergraduate body of Princeton university, together with thousands of visitors from surrounding towns, turned out to see the Wilson party off.

The route to the railway station down Nassau street was crowded to the curb with cheering townspeople. The student body of Princeton acted as the president-elect's escort. They were divided into two sections, the first preceding the Wilson carriage, with the inevitable fife and drum corps, while the second section followed.

As the procession passed the spectators fell in behind the students and accompanied the president-elect to the station.

At the inauguration tomorrow the students have been assigned to act as the president-elect's escort from the Shoreham hotel to the capitol. In the inaugural parade students also will have a place of honor among the civilian bodies.

To Head Bank of Japan

Tokyo, March 2.—Viscount Yataro Mishima, president of the Yokohama Specie bank, has been appointed president of the Bank of Japan. Viscount Mishima was educated in the United States.

OVERRIDE VETO

HOUSE FOLLOWS EXAMPLE OF SENATE AND WEBB BILL BECOMES A LAW.

LABOR LEADERS OUT ON BOND

For the First Time in 32 Years Congress Passes Important Measure Over President's Head.

Western Newspaper Union News Service. Washington.—The house followed the lead of the senate in heeding the admonitions of its rural constituents and overriding the veto of the president on the Webb bill, prohibiting the shipment of liquor from "wet" to "dry" territory. The vote in the house was 244 to 95, nearly 30 more than the friends of the bill needed. It had been 31 years since the last important veto was overridden by congress—the Chinese exclusion act, which President Arthur disapproved in 1882.

LABOR LEADERS OUT ON BOND

Leavenworth, Kan.—Olaf A. Tveitmo and Eugene A. Cianci, both of San Francisco, two of the labor leaders convicted at Indianapolis last December on charges by the government of conspiring in the illegal transportation of explosives, were released on bonds from the federal prison here. The bonds upon which they were released were \$50,000 each. Tveitmo said all of the men imprisoned with him were treated well.

SENTENCE OF HEIKE COMMUTED

Washington.—President Taft commuted to the fine and costs the sentence of Charles R. Heike, secretary and treasurer of the American Sugar and Refining Co., of eight months in the New York county penitentiary and a fine of \$5,000. Heike was convicted of conspiracy to defraud the United States in effecting entry of dutiable sugar at less than its true cost.

BITTEN BY A RABID COW

Bloomington, Ind.—After being bitten by a cow that had hydrophobia, Howard Higgins, a farmer north of this city, was sent to Indianapolis to take the Pasteur treatment as a precaution against the rabies. The cow of Higgins was bitten through the nose by a dog that had hydrophobia. Before the bovine died she became vicious.

CHARLES F. TENTER DEAD

Philippi, W. Va.—Charles F. Tenter, 55 years old, died at his home here after a short illness. He was the Republican candidate for governor in 1904, being defeated by two votes in the convention. He was a candidate for congressman at large during the last campaign and has been active in state and national politics for years.

CINCINNATI MARKETS

Wheat—No. 2 red \$1.05@1.08, No. 3 red \$1@1.06 1/2, No. 4 red \$1@98c.

Corn—No. 2 white \$1@54c, No. 3 white \$1@52c, No. 4 white \$1@50c, No. 2 yellow \$1@52c, No. 3 yellow \$1@50c, No. 4 yellow \$1@49 1/2c, No. 2 mixed \$1@52c, No. 3 mixed \$1@50c, No. 4 mixed \$1@49 1/2c, white ear \$1@55c, yellow ear \$1@55c, mixed ear \$1@54c.

Oats—No. 2 white \$1@37c, standard white \$1@36 1/2c, No. 3 \$1@34 1/2c, No. 4 white \$1@33 1/2c, No. 2 mixed \$1@35c, No. 3 mixed \$1@33 1/2c, No. 4 mixed \$1@33 1/2c.

Hay—No. 1 timothy \$15.25@15.50, standard timothy \$14.25@15.50, No. 2 timothy \$13@13.75, No. 3 timothy \$10.50@11, No. 1 clover mixed \$13@14, No. 1 clover \$12@12.50, No. 2 clover \$9@11.

Eggs—Prime firsts 20c, firsts 19c, ordinary firsts 17c, seconds 15c, goose 75c, duck 28c.

Poultry—Hens, heavy (over 4 lbs) 14c, (4 lbs and under) 13c, stags roosters 11c, to keep 10c, springers (lbs and under) 12c, (over 3 lbs) 15c, du. (1 lb and over) 13c, white (under 8 lbs) 11c, turkeys (8 lbs and over) 17c, (under 8 lbs) 16c, turkeys, toms 18c, culls 8c.

Cattle—Shippers \$6@8, extra \$8.10@8.15, butcher steers, extra \$7.50@7.75, good to choice \$6.50@7.50, common to fair \$5@6.25, heifers, extra \$7.25@7.40, good to choice \$6.50@7.15, common to fair \$4.50@6.25, cows, extra \$6.25, good to choice \$5.50@6, common to fair \$4@5.25, canners \$2.75@4.1.

Bulls—Bologna \$5.50@6.25, extra \$6.35@6.40, fat bulls \$6.25@6.60.

Calves—Extra \$11, fair to good \$8@11, common and large \$6@10.75.

Hogs—Selected heavy \$8.70@8.80, good to choice packers and butchers \$8.75@8.80, mixed packers \$8.70@8.80, stags \$4.75@7, common to choice heavy fat sows \$6@8.25, extra \$8.25, light shippers \$8.40@8.35, pigs (110 lbs and less) \$6@8.35.

Sheep—Extra \$5.15@5.25, good to choice \$4.75@5.10, common to fair \$2.50@4.50.

Lambs—Extra \$9.25, good to choice \$8.75@9.15, common to fair \$5.50@8.50, yearlings \$6@7, clipped lambs \$6.50@8.25.

THREE LIVES LOST IN STORM

Buffalo, N. Y.—Three lives were lost here as the result of conditions accompanying the worst storm of the winter, during which the wind reached a velocity of 78 miles an hour. In a rear-end collision between two Nickel Plate freight trains Edward O. Hansen, of Pullman, Ill., was caught in the wreckage and burned to death. Carlos K. Barton, 38 years old, and Thomas Sunkies, 22 years old, laborers, both employed in clearing snow-clogged railroad switches, were hit by trains and killed.