JUDICIAL ADVERTISEMENT.

SEIZURE AND SALE.

State of Louisiana, Parish of Tensas, 7th District Court.

JOHN H. CHAMBLISS,

vs. No. 4464.

SUCCESSION OF MRS. H. B. McALLISTER, DECEASED.

PUBLIC NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that by virtue of an order of seizure and sale to me directed by the above named Honorable court in the above styled suit, I have seized and will, on

Saturday the 14th day of March, A. D. 1896,

offer for sale at the Court House door in the town of St. Joseph, in this parish within the hours prescribed by law, that is between the hours of 11 o'clock a. m. and 4 o'clock p. m., to the highest bidder the following described property situated in this parish, to-wit:

That certain cotton plantation or tract of land lying and being situated in the Parish of Tensas, State of Louisiana, known as the "Lisbon" plantation and more particularly described as being bounded North by lands of A. E. Sass, East by the Mississippi river and town of Waterproof, South by lands of Mrs. Emma L. Moore and West by lands of Beaver, it being the plantation formerly belonging to the Succession of Thos. McAllister, purchased at Succession sale by Mrs. L. D. Hagaman and by her sold to the mortgager, together with all the buildings and improvements thereon and all the rights, ways and servitudes thereto appertaining or in any manner belonging.

Save and except the property heretofore sold to pay debts of the Succession, to-wit:

Lots No. one and two in square "N," Lot No. three in square "Q," Lots one, two, three and four in square "S," Lots one, two, three and four in square "X," Lot four in square "U" and fractional lots 2 and 3 in square "U" and fractional Lots three and four in square "R." Lots one, two, three and four in square "P." Lots one, two, three and four in square "W." Lots one, two, three and four in square "V," together with all the buildings and improvements thereon; also ten acres of land being a part of the Lisbon plantation in the rear of the lot belonging to A. S. Davidson, two acres front by five acres deep and adjacent to the division line between said Lisbon plantation and the plantation belonging to Mrs. Emma L. Moore; also a tract lying next to said Davidson lot on the upper side, being 150 feet front along the public road by 400 feet deep, the said ten acres and the last named lot (150 x 400 feet) being accurately described in a survey made by B. F. Bonney attached to and made a part of the order of sale in this matter dated October 6th, 1891, to which said survey and plat special reference is hereby made.

Terms of sale: Cash.

W. C. YOUNG, Sheriff.

SHERIFF'S OFFICE, St. Joseph, La., February 4th, 1896.

BEATTY'S ORGANS AND PIANOS.

Hon. Daniel F. Beatty, of Washington, New Jersey, the great Organ and Piano Manufacturer, is building and shipping more organs and Pianos than ever. In 1870 Mr. Beatty left home a penniless plow boy, and by his indomitable will he has worked his way up so as to sell so far, over 100,000 of Beatty's Organs and Pianos since 1870. Nothing seems to dishearten him; obstacles laid in his way, that would have wrecked an ordinary man forever, he turns to an advertisement and comes out of it brighter than ever. He was mayor of Washington, New Jersey, from 1879 to 1883.—five terms—and recently declined a renomination for the sixth term. His instruments, as is well known, are very popular and are to be found in all parts of the world. We are informed that during the next ten years he intends to sell 200,000 more of his make; that means a business of $20,000,000, if we average them at $100.00 each. It is already the largest business of the kind in existence. Write or call upon Daniel F. Beatty, Washington, New Jersey, for catalogue.

Money to Lend.

I am prepared to negotiate loans on plantations on 10 YEARS time.

H. A. GARRETT,
Attorney at Law,
St. Joseph, La.

S! PLOWS!!

...ly Avery and Lone Star Plows
...nd DOW-LAW Cotton Plant
...s and Scrapers, Hames,
...lles, Back Bands, Single
...es, Lap...ings, Plow
...les, Curry Combs,
..., Briar Hooks,
...Barb Wire.

CULTIVATORS.

...Price.—No Need to Buy
...—Send for This Year's
...talogue.

...Solicited.

STEWART,
...uez, Miss.

PROMULGATION

—OF THE—

PROPOSED AMENDMENTS

—TO THE—

CONSTITUTION

—OF THE—

STATE OF LOUISIANA,

—ADOPTED BY THE—

GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF 1894.

STATE OF LOUISIANA,
OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY OF STATE.

In pursuance of the provisions of the Constitution, publication is hereby made and given to the qualified electors of the State of Louisiana of the proposed amendments to the Constitution, which have been concurred in by two-thirds of all the members elected to each House of the General Assembly of this State, at the regular session thereof, held at the City of Baton Rouge, in the year 1894, and which are required to be published for the information of the qualified electors of this State for three months preceding the general election for Representatives, and which proposed amendments more fully appear in Joint Resolutions 122 to 202, inclusive, of the Regular Session of 1894; which are hereinafter officially published for the information of the qualified electors of this State, and which will be submitted to them for their approval or rejection at the next general election, to be held on Tuesday, the 21st day of April, 1896, it being the Tuesday next following the third Monday of said month, in such manner and form that the qualified electors may vote for or against said amendments; and if a majority of the qualified electors voting at said election shall approve and ratify said proposed amendments, then such proposed amendments, so approved and ratified, shall become a part of the Constitution of this State.

No. 122.

JOINT RESOLUTION.

Proposing amendments to Articles 37, 42, 48, 178, 192, 204, 210 and 242 of the Constitution of the State of Louisiana and also an amendment relative to suspension of officers.

Section 1. Be it resolved by the General Assembly of the State of Louisiana, two-thirds of all the members elected to each House concurring.

That Article thirty-seven of the Constitution of the State of Louisiana shall be so amended as to read as follows:

Article 37. Every bill shall be read on three different days in each House, and no bill shall be considered for final passage unless it has been read once in full, and the same has been reported on by a committee.

Nor shall any bill become a law unless on its final passage, the vote be taken by yeas and nays, the names of the members voting for or against the same be entered on the journal, and a majority of the members elected to each House be recorded thereon as voting in its favor. Provided that bills revising the statutes or codes of the State, as a whole shall be read in such manner as may be prescribed by the General Assembly.

Sec. 2. Be it further resolved, etc., That Article forty-two of the Constitution of the State of Louisiana be so amended as to read as follows:

Article 42. All stationery, printing, paper and fuel used in the Legislature and other departments of government shall be furnished, and all printing, binding and distributing of the laws, journal or department reports, and all other printing and binding and the repairing and furnishing the halls and rooms used for the meetings of the General Assembly and its committees, shall be done under contract, to be given to the lowest responsible bidder, below such maximum price and under such regulations as shall be prescribed by law.

No member or officer or any of the departments of the government shall be in any way interested in such contracts.

And all such contracts shall be subject to the approval of the Governor, the President of the Senate, and Speaker of the House of Representatives, or any two of them.

Sec. 3. Be it further resolved, etc., That paragraph twelve of Article forty-six of the Constitution of the State of Louisiana be so amended as to read as follows:

Creating corporations or amending, renewing, extending or explaining the charters thereof. Provided that this shall not apply to municipal corporations or to parishes and levee districts.

Sec. 4. Be it further resolved, etc., That article one hundred and seventy-nine of the Constitution of the State of Louisiana be so amended as to read as follows:

Article 179. Parochial elections shall be held on the same day as the general State election.

Sec. 5. Be it further resolved, etc., That Article two hundred and four of the Constitution of the State of Louisiana be so amended as to read as follows:

Article 204. The taxing power shall be exercised only to carry on and maintain the government of the State and the public institutions thereof, to educate the children of the State, to pay the principal and interest of the public debt, to suppress insurrection, repel invasion, to defend the State in time of war, to provide pensions for indigent Confederate Soldiers and Sailors, to supply the citizens of the State who lost a limb or limbs in the military service of the Confederate States with substantial artificial limbs during life; and for levee purposes as hereinafter provided.

Sec. 7. Be it further resolved, etc., That Article two hundred and ten of the Constitution of the State of Louisiana be so amended as to read as follows:

Article 210. There shall be no forfeitures of property for the non-payment of taxes. State, levee, district, parochial or municipal, but at the expiration of the year in which they are due the collector shall, without suit, and after giving notice to the delinquent in the manner provided by law, advertise for sale the property on which the taxes are due in the manner prescribed by law and on the day of sale he shall sell such portion of the property as the debtor shall point out, and in case the debtor shall not point out sufficient property, the collector shall at once and without further delay sell the least quantity of property which any bidder will buy for the amount of the taxes, interest and costs.

The sale shall be without appraisement, and the property sold shall be redeemable at any time for the space of one year, by paying the price given including costs, and twenty per cent thereon.

No sale of property for taxes shall be annulled for any informality in the proceedings until the price and all taxes paid with 10 per cent interest be tendered to the purchaser.

All deeds of sale made or that may be made by collectors of taxes shall be received by courts in evidence as prima facie valid sales.

Sec. 8. Be it further resolved, etc., That Article two hundred and forty-two of the Constitution of the State of Louisiana be so amended as to read as follows:

Article 242. The General Assembly shall have power to enact general laws authorizing the parochial or municipal authorities of the State, under certain circumstances, by a vote of a majority of the tax-payers in number and in value voting at the election, to levy special taxes in aid of public improvements, or railway enterprises undertaken by private corporations; provided that such tax shall not exceed the rate of five mills per annum, nor extend for a longer period than ten years, and provided further, that the foregoing provisions shall not apply to public buildings, bridges and works of public improvement mentioned in Article 209, it being the intent and meaning of this proviso that parishes and municipalities shall have the right to tax themselves to any limit subject to the restrictions of Article 209.

G. W. BOLTON,
Speaker of the House of Representatives.
H. R. LOTT,
President Pro Tempore of the Senate.
A true copy:
T. S. ADAMS, Secretary of State.

No. 133.

JOINT RESOLUTION

Proposing Amendments to Articles 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 101, 102, 103, 105, and 106 of the Constitution of the State of Louisiana, Relative to Courts of Appeal.

Section 1. Be it resolved by the General Assembly of the State of Louisiana, two-thirds of all the members elected to each House concurring, that Article ninety-five of the Constitution of the State of Louisiana be so amended as to read as follows:

Article 95. The Courts of Appeal, except in cases hereinafter provided shall have appellate jurisdiction only, which jurisdiction shall extend to all cases, civil or probate, when the matter in dispute or the fund to be distributed shall exceed one hundred dollars, exclusive of interest, and shall not exceed two thousand dollars exclusive of interest.

Be it further resolved, etc., That Article ninety-six of the Constitution of the State of Louisiana be so amended as to read as follows:

Article 96. The Courts of Appeal shall consist of not less than three nor more than six judges, and each circuit shall be composed of three judges. In the general State election in 1900 they shall be elected by the people, for the term of four years. In case of death, resignation or removal from office of any of said judges, the vacancy shall be filled by appointment by the Governor. They shall be citizens of the United States and of this State, learned in the law, and shall have practiced law in the State for six years, and shall have been actual residents of the districts from which they shall have been elected for at least two years preceding the election.

Sec. 3. Be it further resolved, etc., That Article ninety-seven of the Constitution of the State of Louisiana be so amended as to read as follows:

Article 97. The State shall be divided into two circuits. Until otherwise provided by law the parishes of Caddo, Bossier, Webster, Bienville, Claiborne, Union, Lincoln, Jackson, Caldwell, Winn, Natchitoches, Sabine, DeSoto, Red River, Ouachita, Richland, Franklin, Catahoula, Concordia, Tensas, Madison, East Carroll, West Carroll, Morehouse, St. Landry, Acadia, Avoyelles, Rapides, Grant, Vernon, Calcasieu, Cameron, Vermilion, Lafayette, Iberia and St. Martin shall compose the First Circuit, and the parishes of Orleans, East Baton Rouge, West Baton Rouge, Livingston, Tangipahoa, St. Tammany, Washington, St. Helena, East Feliciana, West Feliciana, Pointe Coupee, Iberville, St. Mary, Terrebonne, Assumption, Lafourche, St. Charles, Jefferson, St. Bernard, Plaquemines, St. John the Baptist, St. James and Ascension shall compose the Second Circuit.

In order that no inconvenience may result to the public service and to save the expense of a special election, the three judges elected by the General Assembly in 1892 for the first, second and third circuits respectively shall be the judges of the Court of Appeals for the First Circuit, and the three judges elected at the same time for the fourth and fifth circuits, and for the Court of Appeals for the parish of Orleans respectively, shall be the judges of the Second Circuit; and they shall hold office until the general State election in 1900 and until their successors are elected and qualified. Until otherwise provided by law the State shall be divided into six Appellate Court Districts and one judge shall be elected from each of said districts by the qualified voters thereof, to be voted for at the general election in 1900, and every four years thereafter, and to serve for a term of four years. The parishes of Caddo, Bossier, Webster, Bienville, Claiborne, Union Lincoln, Jackson, Caldwell, Winn, Natchitoches, Sabine, De Soto and Red River shall compose the First Appellate Court District from which one judge shall be elected.

The parishes of Ouachita, Richland, Franklin, Catahoula, Concordia, Tensas, Madison, East Carroll, West Carroll and Morehouse shall compose the Second Appellate Court District from which one judge shall be elected.

The parishes of St. Landry, Avoyelles, Rapides, Grant, Acadia, Vernon, Calcasieu, Cameron, Vermillion, Lafayette, Iberia and St. Martin shall compose the Third Appellate Court District from which one judge shall be elected.

The parishes of East Baton Rouge, West Baton Rouge, Livingston, Tangipahoa, St. Tammany, Washington, St. Helena, East Feliciana, West Feliciana, Pointe Coupee and Iberville shall compose the Fourth Appellate Court District from which one judge shall be elected.

The parishes of St. Mary, Terrebonne, Assumption, Lafourche, St. Charles, Jefferson, St. Bernard, Plaquemines, St. John the Baptist, St. James and Ascension shall compose the Fifth Appellate Court District from which one judge shall be elected.

The parish of Orleans shall compose the Sixth Appellate Court District from which one judge shall be elected.

The three judges elected from the First, Second and Third Appellate Court Districts shall compose the Court of Appeals of the First Circuit.

The three judges elected from the Fourth, Fifth and Sixth Appellate Court Districts shall compose the Court of Appeals of the Second Circuit.

Be it further resolved, etc., That Article ninety-eight of the Constitution of the State of Louisiana be so amended as to read as follows:

Article 98. The judges of the Court of Appeals shall hold two annual terms of court at such places in the circuit as may be fixed by law for the return of appeals.

Sec. 5. Be it further resolved, etc., That Article ninety-nine of the Constitution of the State of Louisiana, be so amended as to read as follows:

Article 99. Until otherwise provided by law, the terms of the Court of Appeals shall be held as follows:

FIRST CIRCUIT.

At Monroe first Mondays in May and January—For trial of appeals from the parishes of Ouachita, Richland, Franklin, Catahoula, Concordia, Tensas, Madison, East Carroll, West Carroll, Morehouse, Union and Jackson.

At Shreveport first Mondays in June and February—For trial of appeals from the parishes of Caddo, Bossier, Webster, Bienville, Claiborne, Lincoln, Sabine, De Soto and Red River.

At Alexandria first Mondays in October and March—For trial of appeals from the parishes of Caldwell, Winn, Grant, Rapides, Vernon, Natchitoches and Avoyelles.

At Opelousas first Mondays in November and April—For trial of appeals from the parishes of St Landry, Calcasieu, Cameron, Vermillion, Lafayette, Acadia, Iberia and St. Martin.

SECOND CIRCUIT.

At Amite, first Monday in October, and the second Monday in May—For trial of appeals from the parishes of Livingston, Tangipahoa, St. Tammany, Washington and St. Helena.

At Baton Rouge third Monday in October and fourth Monday in June—For trial of appeals from the parishes of East Baton Rouge, West Baton Rouge, East Feliciana, West Feliciana, Pointe Coupee and Iberville.

At Thibodaux fourth Monday in November and third Monday in June—For the trial of appeals from the parishes of St. Mary, Terrebonne, Assumption and Lafourche.

At New Orleans second Mondays in December and March—For trial of appeals from the parishes of Orleans, St. Bernard, Plaquemines, Jefferson, St. Charles, St. John the Baptist, St. James and Ascension.

Sec. 6. Be it further resolved, etc., That Article one hundred and one of the Constitution of the State of Louisiana be so amended as to read as follows:

Article 101: No judgment shall be rendered by the Courts of Appeal without the concurrence of two judges. Whenever two members cannot concur, in consequence of the recusation of any member of the court, the judge not recused shall have authority to call upon any judge or judges of the District Court, whose duty it shall be, when so called upon, to sit in the place of the judge or judges recused, and to aid in the determination of the case.

The judges of the Courts of Appeal shall have power to certify to the Supreme Court any questions or propositions of law concerning which it desires the instructions of that court for its proper decision. And thereupon the Supreme Court may either give its instructions on the questions and propositions certified to it, which shall be binding upon the Courts of Appeal; in such case or it may require that the whole record and cause may be sent up to it for its consideration, and thereupon shall decide the whole matter in controversy in the same manner as if it had been on appeal directly to the Supreme Court.

The Supreme Court may on the relation of any party in interest review by certiorari, judgments of the Courts of Appeal, which may conflict with each other or with the decision of the Supreme Court and annul, amend or affirm the same, and thereupon shall decide the whole matter in controversy in the same manner, as if it had been on appeal directly to the Supreme Court.

Sec. 7. Be it further resolved, etc., That Article one hundred and two of the Constitution of the State of Louisiana be so amended as to read as follows:

Article 102: All causes on appeal to the Courts of Appeal shall be tried on the original record, pleading and evidence in the District Court, with a certified copy of the minutes, the whole to serve in lieu of a transcript, and to be filed as one document.

Immediately after the final decision of the cause, the original papers, together with a copy of the decree of the court, shall be returned to the court of the first instance.

Sec. 8. Be it further resolved, etc., That Article one hundred and three of the Constitution of the State of Louisiana be so amended as to read as follows:

Article 103. Until otherwise provided by law, the rules of practice regulating appeals to and proceedings in the Supreme Court shall apply to appeals to and proceedings in Courts of Appeal, so far as they may be applicable. The decisions of the Courts of Appeal, with syllabi prepared by the judges, shall be published and the General Assembly shall make provisions for the publication thereof.

Sec. 9. Be it further resolved, etc., That one hundred and five of the Constitution of the State of Louisiana be so amended as to read as follows:

Article 105. The judges of the Courts of Appeal shall each receive a salary of four thousand dollars per annum, payable monthly on their respective warrants.

Sec. 10. Be it further resolved, etc., That Article one hundred and six of the Constitution of the State of Louisiana be so amended as to read as follows:

Article 106: The clerks of the District Courts of the parish in which the sessions of the Courts of Appeals are held, shall serve as clerks of the Courts of Appeal, and the clerks of the city of New Orleans shall remain as now fixed by law until otherwise provided by the General Assembly. Their fees shall be fixed by law. The sheriff of each parish in which the court is held shall attend in person or by deputy to execute the orders of the court.

All cases appealed to or pending in the Courts of Appeal as organized under the constitution of 1879, before or on the first Monday in May, 1896, shall be transferred for decision to the Court of Appeals having territorial jurisdiction under the foregoing amendments.

G. W. BOLTON,
Speaker of the House of Representatives.
H. R. LOTT,
President Pro Tempore of the Senate.
A true copy:
T. S. ADAMS, Secretary of State.

No. 134.

JOINT RESOLUTION

Proposing an Amendment to Article [illegible] of the Constitution of the State of Louisiana, Relative to [illegible] and Employment of Penitentiary Convicts.

Section 1. Be it resolved by the General Assembly of the State of Louisiana, two-thirds of all the members elected to each House concurring, that the following amendment be adopted as a part of the Constitution of the State of Louisiana:

Section 1. No penitentiary convict shall ever be leased or hired to any person or persons, or corporation, private or public, or quasi-public, or board, save as authorized in the next section, provided that this article shall take effect upon the extinguishment of the lease made pursuant to Act No. 114, approved July 10th, 1896.

2. The General Assembly may authorize the employment under State supervision and the proper officers and employes of the State, of convicts, on public roads or other public works, or on convict farms or manufactories owned by or controlled by the State or any public levee board or on any public levee under such provisions and restrictions as may be imposed by law.

G. W. BOLTON,
Speaker of the House of Representatives.
H. R. LOTT,
President Pro Tempore of the Senate.
A true copy:
T. S. ADAMS, Secretary of State.

No. 135.

JOINT RESOLUTION

Proposing Amendments to Articles 134, 225, 229 and 233 of the Constitution of the State of Louisiana, Relative to Public Education.

Section 1. Be it resolved by the General Assembly of the State of Louisiana,

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