Foretells Fate of Royalty.
The Story of a Remarkable Claivoyant.....
Next Sunday's Republic.....

THE ST. LOUIS REPUBLIC.

Two Sections in Color...
A Four-Page Comic Section
Next Sunday's Republic....

NINETY-THIRD YEAR. ST. LOUIS, MO., MONDAY, OCTOBER 22, 1900. PRICE { In St. Louis, One Cent. Outside St. Louis, Two Cents. On Trains, Three Cents.

ATTEMPTS AT COERCION LED TO RIOT AMONG WORKINGMEN.

Two Thousand Employes of Chicago Lumber Companies Resented Being Taken to Hear Republican Orators—Fight Resulted When Men Were Not Allowed to Leave.

REPUBLIC SPECIAL.

Chicago, Ill., Oct. 21.—Nearly 2,000 men engaged in a fierce battle late Saturday afternoon as the result of an attempt by big lumber firms of Chicago to force their employes to attend a Republican meeting.

Men were knocked down right and left and clubs and rocks were wielded with telling effect on both sides. Before the arrival of several wagon loads of police officers, who dispersed the crowd, fully fifty of the participants in the fight had been injured, many of them severely.

At 3 o'clock all the lumber yards south of Twenty-second street and on Blue Island avenue, between Loomis and Robey streets, stopped work and all the men employed in the yards received orders from their foremen and superintendents to "fall in."

They did so, and were marched to Blue Island avenue and Robey street. At this corner a number of Republican campaign spellbinders were in waiting, and as soon as the lumbermen, numbering nearly 2,000, arrived the Republican speakers began telling them of the great prosperity of this country resulting from the McKinley administration and of the full dinner pail of the workmen, which would be empty if McKinley and Hanna had not made the country prosperous.

However, all of the involuntary listeners did not believe in the Republicans' claims of prosperity and full dinner pails, and their protests against being forced to listen to the speeches were many and loud.

Attempted to Leave.

Many attempted to leave the crowd, but all such attempts were thwarted by their bosses, who were scattered through the crowd and threatened to discharge every man attempting to leave. The lumbermen claim that one superintendent was present with about 250 men who stood ready to force the men to listen to the speeches.

Notwithstanding their positions were at stake, many of the men would not submit to being forced to listen to what they did not want to hear, and after the speaking had begun several of them shouted for Bryan and Democracy and against McKinley, trusts and imperialism.

According to the statements of witnesses, every time any one shouted for Bryan he was instantly knocked to the ground by guards scattered throughout the crowd. After about twenty-five men had been knocked down because they opposed what the speakers were saying the free fight started.

Lined Up for Battle.

The independent lumbermen lined up on one side, while the guards, who were there to force them to submit, augmented by the Republicans from the lumber yards, were on the other.

For fifteen minutes the battle raged, and there were few men who were not knocked down, kicked and beaten during this time. The struggle attracted a large crowd. Several patrol wagons filled with police officers were dispatched to the scene of conflict.

When they made their appearance the Republican forces ceased their attack on the lumbermen who refused to be coerced and the crowd dispersed. The meeting was not held and many Republicans who are employed in the lumber yards announced after the trouble was ended that they would now vote for Bryan.

The employes of one of the largest firms in the district said that they had been forced to sign a petition promising to march in the Republican parade next week, and that they had been threatened with immediate discharge if they did not promise to vote for McKinley. It was also said that several men refused to make such promises and were discharged.

UNCLE REUBEN SAM—"Say, Mister, I can see your lips move."

DEMOCRATIC MANAGERS GAIN CONFIDENCE DAILY.

Secretary Walsh Issues His First Election Forecast, Claiming 257 Votes Certain for Bryan.

Democratic	257
Republican	103
Doubtful	87
Necessary to elect	224

Indiana Is Claimed by Adlai Stevenson to Be Safe and He Thinks Ohio and New York Will Fall in Line.

REPUBLIC SPECIAL.

New York, Oct. 21.—The New York Journal this morning says in a special dispatch from Chicago:

"The active campaigning of the last week has enabled the Democratic leaders to get a close gauge upon the situation, and several of them have made signed statements of their views for the Journal. These opinions are printed herewith:

"Secretary C. A. Walsh of the Democratic National Committee to-day submitted a table of States, putting in the Democratic column 257 electoral votes as already assured. He said:

"'I feel absolutely confident of Bryan's election by a large majority. I believe that, conceding everything to our opponents where serious doubt arises, Mr. Bryan will receive 257 of the 447 electoral votes. This means a majority of thirty-four votes in the electoral college, and this number cannot be cut down.

"'I am not a plunger. I am not accustomed to making reckless statements. I base my confidence on the reports I receive daily from men who have every incentive to state only cold facts and give the enemy the benefit of doubts.

"'I have not been disposed heretofore to engage in the prophecy or prediction business, but now I am confident of Mr. Bryan's election. My foundation for this confidence is shown in the forecast of the electoral vote of the various States, which is as follows:

DEMOCRATIC.

Alabama	11	Missouri	17
Arkansas	8	Nebraska	8
California	9	New York	36
Colorado	4	North Carolina	11
Delaware	3	Nevada	3
Florida	4	South Carolina	9
Georgia	13	Tennessee	12
Idaho	3	Texas	15
Indiana	15	Utah	3
Kansas	10	Virginia	12
Kentucky	13	Washington	4
Louisiana	8	West Virginia	6
Maryland	8		
Mississippi	9	Total	257
Montana	3		

DOUBTFUL.

Illinois	24	South Dakota	4
Michigan	14	Wyoming	3
Minnesota	9		
New Jersey	10	Total	87
Ohio	23		

REPUBLICAN.

Connecticut	6	Pennsylvania	32
Iowa	13	Rhode Island	4
Maine	6	Vermont	4
Massachusetts	15	Wisconsin	12
N. Hampshire	4		
North Dakota	3	Total	103
Oregon	4		

WILL MRS. BRYAN OR MRS. ROOSEVELT WIN?

Daughters of the Revolution Will Make the One President Whose Husband Is Elected.

REPUBLIC SPECIAL.

Washington, Oct. 21.—The presidential election may decide who is to be the next President General of the Daughters of the American Revolution.

It has been decided by many of the leading members to ask either Mrs. Roosevelt or Mrs. Bryan to fill this honorable position. Neither of these ladies is at present a member of the association, but both are eligible.

One of the Board of Managers to-day made the statement that within the last week papers have been made out for the admission of both these ladies to the ranks of the daughters.

If McKinley and Roosevelt are elected, then the choice will fall upon Mrs. Roosevelt; if the Democrats win, then the honor will be conferred upon Mrs. Bryan.

The election will not take place until next February, but already the warmth exhibited in the contest is surprising. Mrs. Daniel Manning's second term expires at that time.

Mrs. Manning has been criticised by some of the daughters as being too much of an aristocrat. One member of the board is a clerk in the Pension Office; another, although of aristocratic lineage, runs a boarding-house. Mrs. Manning neglected her social duties in so much that she did not extend her courtesy to the point of calling on these ladies. This criticism of Mrs. Manning will probably stand in the way of her election for a third time.

If either Mrs. Roosevelt or Mrs. Bryan should fail of election, then Mrs. Donald McLean only comes in for third choice. The society much prefers to have as president one of the first-mentioned ladies, as they consider the position a national one.

Previously, when Mrs. Stevenson was made President General, she was only admitted to membership one month before the election took place.

Mrs. McLean has many warm friends who are making a canvass in her interest, and the result of the next convention is looked for with interest by outsiders as well as by the daughters themselves.

MUTINY ON A SHIP.

Turbulent Dockmen Were Subdued by Officers.

REPUBLIC SPECIAL.

New York, Oct. 21.—There was mutiny, full-fledged mutiny, with the old-time accompaniment of excited rushes by the men, huddling together and pushing forward their leaders; of cool resistance by a handful of determined officers, rallying about their captain and each gripping a revolver; of frightened passengers, roused from their berths by the sound of pistol shots, crowding foolishly forward into danger and finally of the subjection and arrest of the thirty-two mutineers in the City of Lowell, plying between New London and New York, this morning.

Policemen of the steamboat squad hauled the thirty-two in patrol wagons from Pier 36, North River, to Jefferson Market Court and marched them in front of Magistrate Mott when the morning's court work was just disposed of. Boatswain Boardman told the story and the brawny thirty-two looked sheepishly guilty.

MORE IMPERIAL REVERSES.

"Triad" Army Reported to Be Preparing to Attack China.

London, Oct. 22.—"Official Chinese dispatches," says the Shanghai correspondent of the Standard, wiring yesterday, "admit that the imperial troops have sustained defeats in the Province of Kwang-Tung. All the Chinese Generals in Kwang-Tung and Kwang-Si are begging for re-enforcements.

"The leaders of the 'Vegetarians,' the secret society whose members last July murdered the missionaries at Chu-Chou, have been captured and taken to Hang-Chau for punishment.

"It is reported that a 'triad' army is preparing to attack Canton."

WILL BE BURIED TO-MORROW.

Funeral of Charles Dudley Warner to Be Held at Hartford.

Hartford, Conn., Oct. 21.—The funeral of Charles Dudley Warner, who died suddenly Saturday, will take place Tuesday afternoon at 2 o'clock, at the Asylum Hill Congregational Church.

EDWARD J. CORNISH ARRAIGNS McKINLEY.

Delegate to National Convention Explains Why He Is Not on the Stump.

REPUBLIC SPECIAL.

Omaha, Neb., Oct. 21.—Edward J. Cornish, for the first time in his political life, is not stumping for the Republican party. Mr. Cornish is a brilliant attorney, a warhorse of the Republican party and was delegate from the Omaha district to the Republican National Convention. A local fusion paper called on him editorially to explain his silence. He responded to-day by an open letter of 3,000 words, containing a bitter arraignment of McKinley's policies. He says in part:

"All these policies tend to confirm the statement that not only in the United States but throughout the world there is a reaction against democratic institutions. The ransacking of history to discover the frailties and shortcomings, inconsistencies and cruelties of our past eminent men over which oblivion has cast its charitable mantle and magnifying them into precedents to override the Declaration of Independence and burning words of freedom in which alone our fathers have lived in the hearts of every schoolboy illustrates our growing lack of reverence."

Again he says:

"To encourage the brown races of the earth to attain and preserve free institutions of their own is the greatest boon that can be given them. To do this is the light and easy white man's burden. It only becomes heavy when incumbered by selfishness."

As to the race question, he says: "Under the decision of the Supreme Court of the United States, no vote of a citizen of Nebraska can directly affect the status of the black man in North Carolina. The moral influence of the citizen of Nebraska, however, will be most potent in North Carolina, provided he does not convict himself of hypocrisy by approving the North Carolina practice in the treatment of the people whose political status is influenced by his vote.

"The best taskmaster never transformed a slave into a nobleman. The highest type of citizen cannot be developed unless each citizen feels that he is sovereign as well as subject, the governor as well as governed, responsible for the making and enforcement of laws as well as amenable to their punishments. Such a citizen, developed and preserved by equal laws, is the rock upon which alone we can base our hopes of immunity from excessive power in the hands of a few, or anarchy or communism on the part of the mob."

HANNA IS FRIGHTENED.

Will Send All Available Speakers to New York at Once.

REPUBLIC SPECIAL.

Chicago, Ill., Oct. 21.—Within six hours after his return to-day from his six days' tour in the West, Senator Hanna had altered the Republican plan of campaign in a way that confessed his fears for New York.

At a conference with Henry C. Payne, chairman of the National Executive Committee; Perry S. Heath, secretary of the committee; National Committeemen Stewart of Illinois and Kerens of Missouri, it was decided to call in all the chief Republican speakers who are in the West and to send them at once to New York to offset the influence of Mr. Bryan's wonderful campaign in that State.

The reports of the perilous condition of the Republicans in New York had been accumulating day by day since Tuesday, when Mr. Bryan reached New York City. Their alarm culminated Saturday, when, after a series of immense meetings, Mr. Bryan announced that he would stay in the Empire State until October 29.

Telegrams by the dozen were sent to Chicago by the frightened Republican leaders. "Help or we perish," was the gist of the appeals, and their urgency caused Senator Hanna to take prompt action.

SITUATION GROWING CRITICAL.

General Anti-Foreign Outbreak in Southern China Is Feared.

Manila, Oct. 21.—Mr. R. Wildman, United States Consul General at Hong-Kong, who is now in Manila, says the expectation of a general anti-foreign outbreak in Southern China, notably in Canton, is growing daily, and that cablegrams received by him last week record an increasing uneasiness in Hong-Kong.

A troop of the Sixth United States Cavalry and a contingent of marines from the United States battleship Indiana have arrived here from China

PARTY LEADERS RESTED AFTER A BUSY WEEK.

Mr. Bryan Missed His Train and Thereby Disappointed West Virginians.

REPUBLIC SPECIAL.

Pittsburg, Oct. 21.—William J. Bryan is racing down the Ohio River into West Virginia, against time. He is traveling to Huntington in a roundabout way and will miss his morning engagement there. By a delay on the Pittsburg and Lake Erie Railroad, he was placed in an awkward position. He arrived in Pittsburg unannounced at 11:05, and after being separated from his party departed at 1:25 for Columbus.

At Buffalo it had been arranged to attach the sleeping car "Rambler" to the Allegheny Valley train, leaving that city at 10:45 last night and scheduled to arrive in this city at 7:20 a. m. in time to be attached to the 9:20 Panhandle train for Huntington. Owing to the second Buffalo meeting concluding late, the car was sent ahead with a party and Mr. Bryan, accompanied by his secretary, Robert F. Rose, followed on another train via the Pittsburg and Lake Erie Railroad at midnight. Instead of the train leaving Buffalo at midnight, as Mr. Bryan expected, he did not get away from that city until 1:20. The train missed connection at Youngstown and got into Pittsburg too late for Mr. Bryan to go with his party on the "Rambler." The latter's occupants expected to find him waiting for them. When 9:20 arrived and no Mr. Bryan there was consternation. The railroad officials held the train thirty-five minutes and getting no word from the presidential candidate could not wait longer. It was thought he might have gone to the Birmingham station on the South Side, but he was not there. Finding that his car had gone and there was no direct way of reaching Huntington until 3:45 to-morrow afternoon, too late to fill two engagements, he went to the Monongahela House.

It was Mr. Bryan's first visit during the campaign, and his coming was in the nature of a surprise. The news quickly traveled and in a few minutes former County Chairman Joseph Hawley, W. S. Guffey, F. K. Barr, R. P. Kearns and others called to pay their respects. After taking dinner, Mr. Bryan conferred with his visitors until the departure of the Columbus train at 1:25 in the afternoon. He figured that by going to Columbus he can get a Norfolk and Western train from there to Kenova, across the Ohio River from Huntington, arriving there at a little after noon to-morrow.

This will prevent his speaking in the forenoon, but his afternoon engagement will be filled.

PENNSYLVANIANS DISAPPOINTED.

Huntington, W. Va., Oct. 21.—The private car Rambler, in which W. J. Bryan, the Democratic presidential candidate, is making his tour of the country, arrived here about 8 o'clock to-night, but Mr. Bryan himself was not a passenger on the car. It brought only the newspaper correspondents who usually accompany Mr. Bryan.

At Wheeling the newspaper correspondents were met by a committee of distinguished West Virginia Democrats, headed by Colonel John T. McGraw, National Committeeman from that State, and Honorable John H. Holt, Democratic candidate for Governor. This committee occupied a parlor car of their own, and they will accompany Mr. Bryan throughout his West Virginia tour.

The fact that Mr. Bryan was expected to cross the State, though without any intention of making speeches, had apparently become generally known, for the various stopping places were filled with people in their Sunday clothes, who had come out to greet him. There was a large crowd at Wheeling, Sistersville, St. Mary's, Parkersburg, and indeed at all the other points all along the travel. At many places where the train did not stop, including farmhouses and churches, the people were gathered in numbers, and waved their greetings to the train as it passed by.

At many of the stopping points the people were quite incredulous about the absence of Mr. Bryan, and some of them insisted on going through his car and making a search for him. There was a general expression of disappointment over his nonappearance.

Dockery's Campaign Has Insured Increased Democratic Majorities.

BY A STAFF CORRESPONDENT.

Kansas City, Mo., Oct. 21.—The unbounded enthusiasm that greeted Alexander Dockery in his tour in the western part of the State last week augurs well for the majorities, which will be rolled up at the election next month. During the week Mr. Dockery delivered ten speeches to crowds that aggregated over 60,000 persons in Henry, Newton, Jasper, Bates, Jackson, Saline, Lafayette and Platte counties. He shook hands with thousands in the counties through which the trains passed, covering the entire western portion of the State. Each of the counties in 1896 gave Democratic majorities of from 1,000 to 4,000, and in every county but one—Jackson—the party leaders declare that the old majorities will be held or increased. In Jackson County two tickets are in the field, pending the decision of the Supreme Court, as to which is the regular Democratic ticket, and even here the party leaders declare the fight will injure the State and national ticket but little, if any.

Congressman Cowherd is the Democratic nominee for Congress in this district, and his constituents declare that he will be returned to Congress.

Lafayette County, which is also comprised in this district, is highly indignant over reports that it will not bring out the full vote for Cowherd.

"We are going to re-elect Cowherd," says Stephen Wilson, chairman of Lafayette County Committee. "We recognize that the fight in Jackson County may affect the vote somewhat there, and this county is straining itself to the utmost to make up any deficit that may result. The Democrats of this county recognize in Cowherd an able Representative, a man who has stood up for the right on the floor of Congress with eloquence and success, and whatever Jackson County may do, Lafayette County will not be found wanting."

The Democratic County and Congressional committees everywhere are working energetically to bring out the vote, and the Democratic speakers in the State are laboring with equal earnestness to instruct Missourians in the issues that have arisen during McKinley's administration. Missourians are thoroughly alive to the conviction that the Declaration of Independence and the Constitution of the United States are really at stake in this campaign.

One important fact of this campaign is that the Democrats who left the party in 1896 on the money issue are returning in numbers amounting to practical unanimity. They are welcomed back with open arms and appear delighted to get back. The Democratic party in Missouri is a united party. There are no dissentions in the State outside of the very minor one in Jackson County. Men who left the party in 1896 are now stumping the State for the ticket. Major Nichols of Marshall, who addressed an overflow meeting of the Marshall rally, is an example.

Alexander Dockery addressed meetings in the home towns of four Missouri Congressmen last week—De Armond at Butler, Benton at Neosho, Cowherd at Kansas City and Cooney at Marshall.

Benton, Cowherd and Cooney participated in the rallies in their towns at which Mr. Dockery was the leading speaker. De Armond was campaigning in Michigan and Indiana and De Armond's sons welcomed Mr. Dockery at Butler.

Democratic speakers are very active in the State. Frequently their meetings are held simultaneously in adjacent localities, and then comes a struggle by the local committees to get the best crowd for their speaker. Thus, when Mr. Dockery spoke at Marshall, Senator Cockrell and Dave Ball spoke at a big rally at Versailles, with one county separating them. The Marshall committee gave a big bonfire that drew its full share of the attendance.

JOHN C. LEBENS.

LEADING TOPICS —IN— TO-DAY'S REPUBLIC.

For Missouri—Fair in western and cooler in eastern portion Monday. Tuesday fair; northwesterly winds.

For Illinois—Rain and cooler Monday. Tuesday fair; fresh southeasterly, shifting to brisk northwesterly, winds.

For Arkansas—Fair in western, cooler in eastern portion Monday. Tuesday fair; northwesterly winds.

Page.
1. Bryan Missed Train; East Was Disappointed.
Will Mrs. Bryan or Mrs. Roosevelt Win?
2. Senator Vest Is Hopeful for Bryan.
Sugar Trust Using Tariff for a Tool.
Speaker Routed by Pointed Questions.
Chinese Charged With Robbery.
3. America's Leading.
Great Year for Football.
Entries for To-Day.
4. Editorial.
The Stage.
More Light on State School Fund.
5. Seeking Stolen Engagement Ring.
Expect McKinley to Keep Promises.
Illness Hastened Wedding.
6. Republic Want Ads.
7. Republic Want Ads.
American Bid the Best.
Lead and Zinc Report.
Keene's Hand Is Felt in the Stock Market.
8. Sermons and Services in the Various Churches.
Refurnishing Dewey's Home.
Five Firemen Killed.
9. Movement of Grain.
River News.
Found Dead in His Room.
10. Sister Pushed Him Into Boiling Water.
Duel With Knives in Dark Hallway.
Kansas City's Horse Show.

INSANE CRIMINALS ESCAPE.

Overpowered Hospital Guards and Ran—Seven Not Recaptured.

Poughkeepsie, N. Y., Oct. 21.—There was a revolt at the Mattewan State Hospital for the Criminal Insane this evening, when six or eight keepers were assaulted and overpowered by about twenty insane patients. Some of the patients escaped and seven are still at large. One or two of the keepers are badly bruised.

There were no suspicious movements on the part of the patients until suddenly and without warning each keeper was attacked simultaneously by two or three patients and heavy blows fell on the heads of the surprised attendants. The keys held by the keepers were soon taken from them and a rush was made for the door.

Chase was given across the hospital farm, and all but seven of the patients were captured. The keepers then took the recaptured patients back to the institution and had them securely locked up in other parts of the building. By this time the keepers had formed several searching parties, and they all started out to scour the woods in the vicinity of the hospital. The keepers who were assaulted were given medical attention and joined in the search for the fugitives.

The revolt, it is thought, was caused directly by the cramped quarters at the hospital.

SPANISH CABINET RESIGNS.

Objected to Appointment of Weyler as Captain General of Madrid.

Madrid, Oct. 21.—Señor Silvela, the Premier, had an audience with the Queen Regent to-day and formally announced the resignations of Senor Gasset, Minister of Agriculture, and Senor Dato, Minister of the Interior, together with the resignations of the high officials in other departments, as a protest against the appointment of General Weyler as Captain General of Madrid.

The Cabinet Council, which followed, disclosed serious differences between the members of the ministry, and the Premier decided to place the question of confidence in the Cabinet before the Queen Regent.

At 7 o'clock this evening, Senor Silvela went to the palace to tender the resignation of the entire Cabinet.

STEVENSON AND JONES EXPECT SWEEPING VICTORY FOR BRYAN.

BY ADLAI E. STEVENSON.
Democratic Candidate for Vice President.

Chicago, Oct. 21.—We have an excellent chance here in Illinois. Much depends upon Chicago. Chicago in 1892 elected Cleveland. It may elect Bryan this year.

I have been in Ohio, West Virginia, Maryland and New York. Ohio was Republican by less than 50,000 four years ago. Jones of Toledo is doing effective work and he had over 100,000 votes for Governor last year. His following, it is safe to assume, will go to Bryan. The Gold Democrats in Ohio are largely with Bryan this time, and I hear there is much Republican dissatisfaction among the Quakers in the eastern part of the State. They do not relish war and imperialism.

West Virginia is a close State, as is Delaware. New York City will declare for Bryan by 50,000 plurality—that is the claim nor will the McKinley vote in the upper part of the State be able to overcome that lead.

Four years have passed since 1896. New questions are before the people, notably imperialism and trusts. The vote four years ago furnished no criterion by which to forecast what the vote will be this year.

The Democrats will carry this year all the States they carried in 1896, except Wyoming. Both Kansas and Nebraska are in favor of Bryan. The New York Herald's estimates are merely a matter of opinion. They signify no more than opinion.

In my judgment, the chances favor Bryan in Kentucky, West Virginia, Maryland, Ohio and New York. You may count Indiana as safe for Bryan. None of these States did he carry last time, and probably he will capture them all this time.

BY JAMES K. JONES.
Chairman Democratic National Committee.

REPUBLIC SPECIAL.

Chicago, Oct. 21.—At this stage of the canvass everything appears to be satisfactory, and I feel absolutely certain that Bryan and Stevenson will be elected by a large majority in the electoral college.

The Republicans are depending upon the use of money to debauch the electorate in the same way that they succeeded in doing four years ago, but it is my opinion that they have not as much money to spend as they had in 1896, and that even if they had, they would not be able to effect their purpose.

The reports that I receive from the country at large are cheering. When such distinguished patriots and partisans as ex-Governor Boutwell of Massachusetts, Senator Wellington of Maryland, ex-Senator Henderson of Missouri, General Beatty of Ohio and hundreds of others abandon their party on the issue of the Republic or the Empire, it means that the great mass of the people of the country, irrespective of party, are doing some very deep thinking on that subject.

It is impossible for me or for anybody else to adequately gauge the result of an election in advance. I can say, however, that I receive reports daily from subordinate committeemen in every State, county and district in the Union. These men are instructed to report only cold facts and give the enemy invariably the benefit of any doubt. From these reports I feel satisfied that the Democrats will have at least 257 votes in the electoral college. I feel absolutely certain that Bryan and Stevenson will be elected.

DOES BRITAIN PLAN ANOTHER STRUGGLE?

Sudden Naval Activity Is Taken to Be a Threat to France.

NEW ALLIANCE STAYS RUSSIA.

Anglo-German Compact Keeps England's Greatest Enemy From Further Encroachments—America Cautions.

SPECIAL BY CABLE.

London, Oct. 21.—(Copyright, 1900, by W. R. Hearst.)—For the moment the absorbing topic in Paris is the Anglo-German agreement. All the papers comment on it and all consider it directed against Russia.

At this conjunction the preparation of the British naval reserves and the organization of an additional fleet in home waters, announced to-day, creates a decided uneasiness in France. Thinking men cannot deny that the times are critical.

Kruger arrives in France at the beginning of next month, and it is expected there will be a big demonstration. People ask, Has the British naval activity anything to do with this, or is the Anglo-German agreement intended to clear the way for an Anglo-German struggle?

It is evident that this Anglo-German accord is a warning to Russia not to come to the help of her ally.

STATUE OF LIBERTY MAY FALL.

Sadly in Need of Repairs and in a Dangerous State.

REPUBLIC SPECIAL.

New York, Oct. 21.—Bartholdi's Statue of Liberty is in a deplorable condition and an expenditure of from $75,000 to $100,000 will be required to put it in proper repair.

Decay, rust, filth, vandalism and lack of attention are everywhere visible on Liberty Island, and the only excuse for this deplorable condition of affairs is that there is no money for the use of the committee to whom is intrusted the proper care of the gift of the French Republic.

It is fourteen years since the pedestal was declared to be finished and the Goddess of Liberty was placed in position. To-day the right arm of the Goddess holding the torch supposed to enlighten the world is fully twenty degrees out of plumb, so that visitors have been cautioned against climbing to its dizzy height.

The iron work inside the statue and pedestal is heavily coated with rust, showing a lack of paint; the work of vandals is everywhere visible.

It is feared that unless Congress takes some action to supply funds for the care of the gift of the French people to America it will topple over.

HORRIBLE CHINESE TORTURES.

Bishop Fontosati Endured Agony Four Hours Before Death.

Victoria, British Columbia, Oct. 21.—According to a correspondent of the Shanghai Mercury, Bishop Fontosati, in South Ho-Nan, was tortured four hours by Chinese. Different members of his body were removed singly.

Two priests were covered with coal oil and placed on a pile of sticks, which were then set fire to.

Bishop Fontosati was disemboweled and others were frightfully tortured. Three thousand converts, led by French priests, in defending their church, were massacred.

JOHN SHERMAN SINKING.

Only His Remarkable Vitality Is Keeping Him Alive.

Washington, Oct. 21.—The condition of ex-Secretary Sherman showed a decided change for the worse to-day and it is not believed he will survive the night.

Doctor W. W. Johnston came to the house early in the evening and is in constant attendance to relieve the needs of the dying man.

SANTO DOMINGO REVOLUTION.

Advices From Hayti Say Fighting in the Interior Continues.

Kingston, Jamaica, Oct. 21.—Advices received to-day from Hayti assert that the revolution in Santo Domingo is not ended and that fighting is proceeding in the interior, although the revolutionists are weak.

ROBERT BUCHANAN VERY ILL.

Noted Novelist Suffered Cerebral Hemorrhage and Loss of Speech.

London, Oct. 21.—Mr. Robert Buchanan, the novelist, has had a cerebral hemorrhage which was followed by paralysis of right side and complete loss of speech. His condition is very critical.

PERSISTENT DOWIEITES.

Another Deacon Went to Mansfield Only to Be Sent Away.

Mansfield, O., Oct. 21.—Dowieite Deacon Lee came here from Crestline to-day in a carriage, but was sent away by the police.