

DOMINICAN REBELS CAPTURE CAPITAL. AFTER LONG SIEGE

Refuse to Heed Virtual Threat of United States Minister of American Inter- vention.

WOS Y GIL FLEES TO WARSHIP.

American Envoy Calls Attention to Bad Reputation Given to Country by Revolutions.

OTHER NATIONS DISTURBED.

Inference Drawn at San Domingo Is That the United States May Assume a Protector- ate Over Santo Do- mingo.

Washington, Nov. 24.—In a telegram received here to-day from Minister Powell, dated San Domingo, November 23, he announces that the President of Santo Domingo has agreed to surrender the city to the revolutionists. The articles of capitulation were being drawn up.

Cape Haytien, Nov. 24.—Dispatches received here from Puerto Plata say that the city of San Domingo was surrendered to the revolutionists this morning, and that President Wos y Gil and his Ministers took refuge on board a German warship. The dispatches further say that great enthusiasm prevails throughout the country.

Powell's Warning. San Domingo, Monday, Nov. 23.—United States Minister Powell, acting as peace envoy for President Wos y Gil, in company with the Ministers of Belgium, Hayti and Spain, yesterday told the rebels who are besieging the city that the sovereignty of Santo Domingo may pass to some other power unless constant internal disturbances cease.

The inference here is that the United States may assume at least a protectorate over the country, if not absolute control. Many claims of Americans against the Government, amounting to large sums, have been due and unpaid for many years, through almost as many revolutions.

Minister Powell informed the revolutionary chiefs that periodical revolutions ought to cease, because they interrupt commercial relations with other countries and augment the debt of Santo Domingo, which is without means to pay foreign creditors.

The Minister said further that these periodical revolutions endanger the peace of his Government and of the Governments of other nations, and that the present revolution, if continued, would imperil the sovereignty of Santo Domingo.

The insurgents refused to accept the terms offered and demanded the immediate capitulation of the city.

CHICAGO TO BUILD ELECTRIC PLANT.

Mayor Harrison Proposes to Use Power Furnished by Drain- age Canal to Develop Current.

Chicago, Nov. 24.—Mayor Harrison today declared that the city would enter the electric lighting field at once in competition with the Gas Trust and the Chicago Edison and its subsidiary companies.

The Mayor believes that he has found a solution for the problem of regulating and reducing the price of light to the householders of Chicago. The attempt to enter the field by selling to corporations and private individuals current made in the principal plant will, it is expected, result in an appeal to the courts by the big lighting corporations. This Mayor Harrison declares, is what the city would invite, as it will determine its right to deal in public necessities.

"It is just as well to meet this matter at once," said Mayor Harrison. "The earlier we enter the field the easier we will be prepared to take advantage of the development of the power at the mouth of the great drainage channel connecting the waters of Lake Michigan and the Mississippi River."

POLICE AND STRIKERS CLASH.

Officers Fire When Attacked and One Man Is Shot.

REBELS SPECIAL. Moline, Ill., Nov. 24.—A shooting affray occurred this evening between special police employed to guard nonunion molders working at Williams, White & Co's., and a crowd of union strikers. Sixty or seventy strikers had followed John and James Heasler, the specials who were escorting three nonunion men to their boarding-house.

The police claim the strikers threw rocks at them. Backing into the door of a saloon, the officers faced the crowd. Several shots were fired, and George Claussen, a striker, fell, shot in the groin. He was carried to the City Hospital and may not recover.

May Case Continued. Because Prosecuting Attorney Charles Williams said he understood that the Grand Jury had voted indictments against Miss Lulu May, charging forgery, the case against her in the Court of Criminal Correction yesterday was laid over until December 4.

WARNS AMERICA MOTIVES ARE UNSELFISH.

Foreign Minister Roco of Colombia Expresses Thanks to Minister Beaupre for the Offer of the Good Offices of the United States in the Dispute Between Colombia and the Republic of Panama.

CITIZENS PROTEST EARNESTLY AT AGGRESSION ON ISTHMUS.

SPECIAL BY CABLE TO THE NEW YORK HERALD AND THE ST. LOUIS REPUBLIC. Panama, Tuesday, Nov. 24.—(Copyright, 1903.—The Republic and Herald's correspondent at Bogota sends the following dispatch:

"Bogota, Colombia, Nov. 24, via Buena Ventura, Nov. 24.—Minister of Foreign Affairs Carlos Roco, answering Mr. Beaupre's note, accompanying the transmission of the treaty between the United States and Panama, signed November 18, says he hopes that in the coming events of world-wide importance the American Government will demonstrate that it did not recognize Isthmian independence with the object of obtaining any material advantage, but from generous humane and friendly motives, to prevent bloodshed.

"Minister Roco also thanks the American Government for its offers of its good offices to both sides, which should effect peace and maintain Colombia's integrity." The reference in the last sentence to maintaining Colombia's integrity is not exactly clear. There was nothing of this character in the offer made by the United States of its good offices.

PEOPLE AROUSED. Bogota, Nov. 24, via Colon, Nov. 24.—A prominent politician here, who is close to the Government and thoroughly posted in the affairs of the administration, speaking to the Associated Press correspondent today, characterized the action of the United States on the Isthmus of Panama as most unjustifiable. He added:

"Colombians hope that the reasonable and far-sighted people of the United States will bring such pressure to bear on the Government at Washington that the result will be the saving of the Isthmus to Colombia and the recognition of Colombia's unquestioned rights there.

"All Colombians protest, as would the people of other nations, against this aggression of the United States. 'Colombia is confident that justice will be done her, and all Colombians are unanimously resolved to sustain and defend the national integrity even at any sacrifice. The Bogota Government is receiving the support of all political parties, and there are daily made generous donations of gold and silver in such amounts as may become necessary.'"

TREATY STARTS ON WAY TO ISTHMIAN GOVERNMENT.

New York, Nov. 24.—Federico Boyd and Doctor Amador, the Panama Commission-ers who came to this country to frame the new canal treaty, today delivered the new treaty to the purser of the City of Washington, who will deliver it to the authorities in Colon.

Austria Recognizes Panama.

Vienna, Nov. 24.—The Associated Press is informed that the Austro-Hungarian Government has decided to recognize the Republic of Panama, and that instructions to this effect will be given to the Austrian Ambassador at Washington.

Germany Extends Recognition.

Berlin, Nov. 24.—The German Office today made the following official announcement: "Upon the Imperial Chancellor's written proposal, the Emperor yesterday directed that the new free State of Panama be recognized by Germany."

Julia Marlowe Will Not Retire From the Stage.

Upshot of All Her Professional Troubles Is the Signing of New Contract With Frohman in Which She Is Guaranteed a Fabu- lous Sum.

The upshot of all the recent professional troubles which have afflicted Miss Marlowe is that she has made a new contract with Charles Frohman and in the future will play under his direction, not on a salary or a percentage, but for an extraordinary large guarantee.

Roosevelt, Platt and Odell Come to an Understanding.

Washington, Nov. 24.—Senator Thomas C. Platt and Governor Benjamin D. Odell of New York have reached an absolute and entire agreement, politically. Both will work in perfect harmony with each other and with President Roosevelt.

This, in brief, it was announced, is the net result of a conference held at the White House to-night. The parties to the conference were the President, Senator Platt, Governor Odell and Colonel George W. Dunan, chairman of the Republican State Committee of New York.

PLANS PERFECTED FOR HOSPITAL FUND

Executive Board Names Ladies Who Will Preside Over the Collection Boxes.

WORK IS WELL ADVANCED.

Indications are that this year's donations will be largest yet raised for the Institution.

The Executive Board of the Hospital Saturday and Sunday Association met at the Noydway Club yesterday afternoon at 1 o'clock to perfect plans for the collection of the fund and to hear reports. There were present D. B. Francis, president; J. A. Waterworth, secretary; J. C. Stadelman, assistant secretary, and Members A. L. Shapleigh, E. H. Semple, H. N. Davis, R. J. Zeussig, Elias Michael and G. H. Ten Brook.

Reports received from the committee indicate that the work is further advanced than any previous year. The Church Committee has distributed literature to the congregations of every denomination.

The Trades Committee has distributed its blanks and encouraging reports have been received from more than 100 subcommittees of the trades.

The Box Committee's material is ready for distribution for Saturday's collections. The following ladies will preside over the glass boxes in the various downtown office buildings, clubs and theaters, Saturday:

Bank of Commerce Building—9 to 1 o'clock, Mrs. E. G. Tatt; 1 to 5, open.
Board of Education Building—9 to 1 o'clock, Mrs. C. L. Hammett; 1 to 5, Mrs. William B. Ritter.
Carleton Building—All day, Mrs. August Frank.
Century Building—9 to 1 o'clock, Mrs. E. E. Parsons; 1 to 5, open.

Century Theater—Afternoon and evening, Mrs. George C. Wagner.
Chemical Building—9 to 1 o'clock, Mrs. C. M. Buxton; 1 to 5, Mrs. W. R. Mayfield.
Columbia Club—All day, Mrs. Moses Sprague.
Columbia Theater—Afternoon and evening, Mrs. John A. Long; 1 to 5, Mrs. John W. Sprague.
Commercial Building—9 to 1 o'clock, Mrs. John G. Drummond, Jr.; 1 to 5, open.
Commutible Trust Building—9 to 1 o'clock, Mrs. C. L. Hammett; 1 to 5, Mrs. Samuel Plant.
Fidelity Building—All day, Mrs. John Clark How.
First Court—All day, Mrs. M. L. Kintzing.
Fullerton Building—9 to 1 o'clock, Mrs. J. R. Laugha; 1 to 5, open.

MAYORS TO RAISE FUNDS FOR GIFT.

Letters Regarding Missouri Bat- tleship Testimonial Sent to Three Hundred Towns.

SUBSCRIPTIONS COMING IN.

Mayor Wells and Chairman Bal- lard Address Chief Execu- tives, and Committees Are at Work.

LECTURES TO MAYORS OF THREE HUNDRED TOWNS.

St. Louis, Nov. 24, 1903.—To the Mayor: We take the liberty of calling your personal attention to the propriety of a testimonial from the people of the State to the battleship Missouri.

It has occurred to us that the reputation of the State for liberality and public spirit required a gift at least as valuable and decorative as those presented by other States to the ships bearing their names.

The Artists' Guild of St. Louis has arranged to place a bell on the Missouri. Though this is graceful and commendable, the State should go further. While the form of gift will be determined later, it seems that its character should be in keeping with the position of Missouri among patriotic American Commonwealths.

In order that the testimonial may have that character, and also be the offering of all the people, we ask that you invite and receive contributions in your city. If you can secure, in donations of from 50 cents to \$1.00, the sum of \$25 to \$50, it will be gratefully received and duly acknowledged in the public prints. Respectfully yours,
(Signed) ROLLA WELLS,
T. R. Ballard, Mayor,
Chairman.

As most of the contributions to the Battleship Testimonial Fund have been from St. Louis, 300 copies of the above letter will be sent to-day to the Mayors of the various towns, both those that have reported progress in raising a fund in their towns and those who have not yet had the matter called to their attention in an official manner.

Since Governor Dockery sanctioned the efforts of the St. Louis committee to raise the fund throughout the State there have been many subscriptions sent to the Republic.

Some of them were raised through the efforts of the Mayors of the towns. In one instance the acting Lieutenant Governor of Missouri went among the people of his own town—Senator Rubey lives in LaPlata—and raised in one hour more than the total raised through the efforts reported to either the committee or the treasurer of the General Committee.

It has been pointed out that if one distinguished citizen of a town of only 1,300 inhabitants (the population of LaPlata) can raise such a subscription by an appeal to the patriotism of his townsmen, other towns may times the size of LaPlata should be better represented in the fund than by one or two subscriptions made by the leading citizens.

ST. LOUIS CLUB ACTION.

Action will be taken by the St. Louis Club after a meeting of its directors, to be held this week. As a considerable fund has been raised through individual subscriptions of the members of the Mercantile Club, and as other organizations are working to make a representative addition to the testimonial, it is thought that the largest subscriptions to the fund outside the business organizations will be made by the club.

Professor John C. Van Ornum, member of the Mayor's Committee, is setting subscriptions from the civil and mechanical engineers throughout the State. A committee, composed of members of the Engineers' Club of St. Louis, has been appointed by Professor Van Ornum, and is at work.

Partial reports have been made by several of the committees, and all are striving to have as many names on their lists by December 1 as possible.

A prominent member of the committee appointed by the Mayor said yesterday: "There is little doubt that the fund will be as large as that raised by any other State for a similar purpose. The patriotism of citizens of Missouri would be called in question if they failed in this duty which citizens of other States have performed so well."

While I have no preference in the matter of the form of the testimonial, it should be at least as handsome and costly as the gift of any other State, and I have no doubt but that they will respond in a fitting manner."

No final decision as to the style of gift will be reached until the fund has been in the hands of the treasurer. A meeting of the General Committee will be called for December 1, when discussion of the style of gift will be the principal business.

FIRST SNOW OF THE SEASON.

Warmer Weather Is the Prediction for To-Day.

The first snow of the season fell last night and cleared on the position of the official weather forecaster. Large soft flakes began to descend upon the city about 9:30 o'clock, and in a half hour the streets were covered with a glistening mantle.

The fall continued pretty heavy up to 11 o'clock. By that time a thickness of two inches of the "beautiful" had spread over some districts.

The fall, according to the local Weather Bureau, was headed from the West, where a storm of considerable energy has been brewing for several days. Snow was reported in Western Iowa, Nebraska, and South Dakota Tuesday morning, which, with easterly winds to back it, promised to arrive in St. Louis on schedule time, as it did.

A cold wave has also visited the Upper Mississippi Valley and the lake region. The coldest point yesterday was at Moorhead, Minn., where the mercury stood at 19 degrees below zero.

Cloudy to-day; warmer, with fresh north to east winds.

MEIER-SUTHERLAND WEDDING SURPRISES FRIENDS OF COUPLE.



—Photograph by Conkling.
MR. AND MRS. FRED C. MEIER.
Who were married Monday evening.
The bride was Miss Mabel Sutherland.

Miss Mabel Sutherland and Fred C. Meier, former Supply Commissioner and second son of E. F. W. Meier, former President of the City Council, gave a great surprise to their friends by quietly being married on Monday evening, two months in advance of the time which they had originally set for their wedding.

Their engagement has been known for some time, but whenever interrogated on the subject they spoke of a February wedding date. A few days ago Mr. Meier discovered that important business would require his immediate presence in New York for a month or more, possibly all winter, and then the hasty wedding was determined upon.

Accompanied by only three friends Mr. and Mrs. Harry Bradford and John J. Mantion, Clerk of the Court of Criminal Correction, they went to the Grace Lutheran Church, corner St. Louis and Garrison avenues, on Monday evening and were married at 6 o'clock, the Reverend Doctor Somers performing the ceremony. There was no bridesmaid, but Mr. Mantion served the bridesroom in the capacity of best man.

Mrs. Sutherland, mother of the bride, is out of the city at present, but was apprised of the wedding arrangements by telegram and wired her congratulations.

The bride, a handsome blonde, wore a going-away costume of royal blue French broadcloth, strictly tailored, with blouse of soft white satin and lace and a blue velvet hat. She carried a bouquet of white roses. She is the younger sister of Cora Sutherland Platt, who was the first wife of Elroy S. Platt, who died recently.

On their return from the honeymoon Mr. and Mrs. Meier will occupy a suite at the Grandview, where Mrs. Sutherland and her daughter have lived for some time.

THIRTEEN MINERS ARE ENTOMBED.

Coal Diggers Killed by Acciden- tal Explosion of Coal Gas at Bonanza, Ark.

Fort Smith, Ark., Nov. 24.—Thirteen miners were killed and great damage was done by an accidental explosion of gas this afternoon in coal mine No. 23 at Bonanza, Ark., twelve miles from this city. At nightfall only six of the victims had been recovered.

The death list includes: BOB REED, H. A. STRICKLAND, WILK KIBBOE, MIKE WALKER, W. B. MOORE, "GRANDPA" BROWN, father of Pit Boss Brown.

The explosion occurred at 1 o'clock this afternoon. There were about 15 men in the various shafts at the time. All escaped without injury, except the thirteen who were employed in entry "K," the scene of the explosion.

The force of the explosion was terrific and timbers were torn from the walls of the passages for several hundred yards at the mouth of entry "K." The passages were so completely obstructed that the work of rescuing the entombed men was tedious in the extreme, and several hours were consumed before the first body was found.

It is thought that the gas was accidentally ignited by a miner's lamp. The miners who escaped, with the aid of oxygen supplied from nearby shafts, frantically set about clearing the passages, in the hope that some of the thirteen entombed men might have survived the explosion.

By nightfall six bodies had been recovered, and the rescue work was still in progress. It is now considered certain that all of the entombed men have perished.

BILL TO MAKE SALE OF POLITICAL INFLUENCE A CRIME.

Washington, Nov. 24.—Representative Hardwick of Georgia introduced a bill to-day making it a misdemeanor, punishable by a minimum imprisonment of six months and a maximum of five years, to sell or in any way dispose of, for gain, political influence, or to purchase the same.

CHICAGO STRIKERS IS NOW SETTLED.

Both Sides to the Street Ra- Controversy Agree Upon Common Basis.

STRIKERS TO BE REINSTATED.

This Is the Only Important Con- cession Made by the Company —Cars to Run on All Lines To-Day.

Chicago, Nov. 24.—The strike of the employees of the Chicago City Railway was settled at an early hour this morning at a conference between the Mayor, the Aldermanic Peace Committee, President Hamilton and E. R. Bliss, counsel for the company, and the Executive Board of the local union of the strikers.

The basis on which the settlement was reached is a complete victory for the company, as far as the original demands of the men were concerned. The agreement reached will be ratified at a meeting of the men at 9 o'clock this morning, and it is expected that traffic on all lines of the company will be resumed to-day.

The only important concession made by the company was an agreement to reinstate all the strikers, including the outside unions who went out in sympathy with the trainmen, with the exception of those who resorted to violence during the trouble.

The arbitration of the wage scale is to be according to the wages paid outside of Chicago and not on the basis of the local street railways.

These are the two points that have been the stumbling block to a peaceable adjustment of the strike for the past week. The company has insisted that it pays higher wages than any similar corporation in the country. The men were fearful that arbitration on the scale paid in other cities would decrease their wages, and they fought stubbornly for their point.

DEMANDS AND AGREEMENTS. The original demands of the union were as follows:

1. An increase in wages amounting to 4 cents an hour for all men employed on the electric lines; before the strike the men offered to accept 1 cent an hour. Both sides were at all times willing to arbitrate the wage scale, the basis of arbitration being the sole point at issue, and on this the company wins.

2. The employment of none but union men. On this point the company wins.

3. That the officials of the union be given the right to say what men shall be discharged, and their discharge not to stand if it did not meet the approval of the union. On this point the company wins.

4. The right of the union to regulate the routing of cars, it being claimed by them that a man was compelled to be on duty for fifteen to twenty hours in order to make a full day's pay. On this point the company wins.

5. Demanded by the union after sympathetic strikes had been started by firemen, engineers, electrical workers and teamsters within two days after signing contracts, that all men should be taken back and given their former positions, not to stand if it did not meet the approval of the union toward the company during the strike are to be taken back. Others will remain out. This is the only advantage obtained by the strikers.

LEADING TOPICS —IN— TO-DAY'S REPUBLIC.

THE SUN RISES THIS MORNING AT 6:32 AND SETS THIS EVENING AT 4:40. THE MOON SETS THIS EVENING AT 10:35.

GRAIN CLOSED: ST. LOUIS—MAY WHEAT, 82½c BID; MAY CORN, 40½c BID. CHICAGO—MAY WHEAT, 79½c ASKED; MAY CORN, 47½c BID.

WEATHER CONDITIONS. For St. Louis and Vicinity—Cloudy to-day, with probably rain or snow; somewhat warmer; fresh north to east winds.

PART I.
Page.
1. Buried Beneath Collapsed Building.
Miss Dreyer and McGrew Illegally Dismissed.

2. Will Floor Grand Basin With Wood.
3. Morgan and Hanna in a Lively Tilt.
Two Archbishops Guests of Honor at Banquet.
Board in Deadlock; School Without Stove.

4. Missions to Give Dinner for Poor.
5. Happenings in East Side Cities.
6. Editorial.
Society Happenings.

7. Railroad News.
Grabs His Hat in Argument.
Sleeks Release From Jail.
Alleges Papers Are Forged.

8. Schwab Offered Bribe, Says Nixon.
Texas Hanker Ends His Life.
Calls ex-Speaker liar.

PART II.
1. Mayors to Raise Funds for Gift.
Mobs at Chicago Avoid Policemen.
2. General Sporting News.
3. Chicago Grain Markets.
Live-Stock Markets.
New York Stock Quotations.
4. Republic "Want" Ads.
Birth, Marriage and Death Records.
New Corporations.
5. Rooms for Rent Ads.
6. New York Finance.
Local Securities Easy.
Summary of St. Louis Markets.
7. Iner-Sent Boxes Not Protected.
Confession Clears Chicago Crime.
Plan Farewell for Archbishop Hartz.