HAWES WITHDRAWS FROM CAMPAIGN

Asks for No More Counties, but Will Claim the St. Louis Delegation.

ANNOUNCES HIS POSITION.

Will Support the Circuit Attorney for Election This Fall, Though Not Aiding His Nomination.

Harry B. Hawes in a statement made yesterday announced his withdrawal from the Democratic gubernatorial race outside of the city of St. Louis. He further says that he will support Mr. Folk in the event that the Circuit Attorney receives the nomination. Mr. Hawes will receive the votes of his delegates in the State Convention, though not hoping that they will be of effect.

The statement is as follows:

Defeating Mr. Folk in his own city by a vote of nearly five to one, in a primary election conspicuous for its peaceful and orderly conduct, excepting in one polling place out of fifty-six, I had hoped that the Democracy outside of the city of St. Louis would have acted upon its usual rule that a man is best known by the community in which he lives, and that a true estimate of him could best be made by his own neighbors.

Going into the State, I filed my name in two counties—Mississippi and Jefferson. Defeated in Mississippi by a vote of nearly three to one, I canvassed Jefferson and was opposed in my tour by six St. Louis speakers who could not in their own city attract an audience large enough to make a corporal's guard.

I became convinced before I had completed the canvass that I would be defeated in that county, and then I knew that I was contesting not with Mr. Folk, but with an imaginary man by that name, and decided that I could not defeat my imaginary opponent unless I could procure the assistance of some one of the metropolitan newspapers.

One hope I had was to secure a joint debate with Mr. Folk, which could be taken down in shorthand and distributed throughout the State. I might in this way have corrected some wrong impressions and destroyed the imaginary man. Mr. Folk steadily refused to participate in such a joint discussion, so that at the present time I have abandoned the attempt to carry any more counties in Missouri. My experience in Mississippi and Jefferson counties satisfied me that the people of the State, directed by its metropolitan newspapers, both Democratic and Republican, would not at this time listen to both sides of the question.

My opposition to Mr. Folk was: First, because I did not believe him to be a loyal Democrat; second, because I knew that he had been coquetting with Republican politicians and Republican newspapers; third, because he had been deliberately slandering his own city, State, political associates and former friends, in order to promote his private political ambitions.

WILL SUPPORT FOLK.

Nevertheless, if Mr. Folk is nominated, I shall support him as the nominee of the convention; first, because I believe in the principle of majority rule in party politics, as I do in governmental affairs; and, second, because, at Hillsboro, Mo., Mr. Folk promised to support me in case I was nominated. His promise came rather late, but, nevertheless, it was made.

It is my intention to have my name presented to the State Convention, and I expect to receive the votes from the delegates from my own city. I would be untrue to my convictions if I should withdraw from the race at the present time, and even by inference lend assistance to the candidacy of Mr. Folk before nomination.

As soon as the imaginary man is destroyed many Democrats will regret their haste, so that I would rather in the future be known as a good prophet than accept a seat in a band wagon for which so many persons are ignominiously struggling.

City Democrats opposed Mr. Folk because they knew him, and they supported me for the same reason. Despite repeated statements to the contrary, I have never made an unkind criticism of the rural Democrats who supported my opponent; on the contrary, I have often said in my speeches that probably if I lived out in the State and my source of information was limited to the metropolitan newspapers, I, too, would be for Mr. Folk.

But in the city of St. Louis, where the people know the facts, outside of some business men and others who have not kept in active touch with political affairs, I have the greatest contempt for some of the political adventurers who have sought to resuscitate their political fortunes by attaching themselves to Mr. Folk's forces. Defeated and discredited bolters and disorganizers, I have for them the supremest contempt, especially as they have devoted nearly all of their time in this campaign to the abuse of the city in which they live and to the Democratic party, which has given to their city clean and honest government, after many years of corrupt Republican rule.

HOME RULE IN CITIES.

The Republicans, who have so consistently supported Mr. Folk both in their newspapers and by contributions of money, are to be commiserated with. They believe that Mr. Folk will give them home rule, which neither he nor his friends have the slightest idea of advocating in the next Democratic convention. They deserve to be disappointed, because Republicans have no place or right, either morally or in common decency, to interject themselves into a purely Democratic family affair.

I would refer some of these Republicans who are talking about a nonpartisan Police Board to the statements made by Mr. Theodore Roosevelt upon the subject when a Police Commissioner of the City of New York. He condemned without hesitation a nonpartisan board, because it divided the responsibility of management, and did not in any way tend to increase its efficiency.

Men having the slightest knowledge of the policing of large cities do not waste time in discussing nonpartisan boards. Intelligent discussion considers but two kinds, the metropolitan or state rule and the municipal or home rule. Those Republicans who have favored the home-rule plan and have been advocating Mr. Folk because he declared in favor of it, will secure the treatment they deserve, and that is the amusement of the men who have so successfully gulled them, and who, having received their support, will give nothing in return.

Street Car Runs Over Boy.

While crossing the street in front of No. 2117 East Grand avenue yesterday morning, Richard Brown, 6 years old, of No. 1916 Farragut street, was struck by a northbound Bellefontaine car, the wheels running over his left leg, severing it between the knee and hip. His right leg was also badly crushed. He was taken to Lewright & Whitener's Hospital, No. 2009 East Grand avenue, where his injuries were attended.

Roosevelt Club to Meet.

The Good Government Republican Roosevelt Club will meet to-night at the headquarters at No. 2300 Eugenia street.

"THE BARGAIN HUNTERS"
$70.00
Given away next week. Watch for the
BARGAIN ADS
—IN THE—
WEDNESDAY REPUBLIC.

WABASH "SHUTTLE"-TRAIN CARS FOR WORLD'S FAIR SERVICE.

TYPE OF WABASH SHUTTLE TRAIN. The ends are solid, but there are four entrances on each side.

INTERIOR VIEW OF THE SHUTTLE-TRAIN CAR. There are twenty seats on each side of each car and full-width seats at each end. There are also twenty hand straps on each side. The seats are of substantial wood, finished plainly. The seat backs are upright partitions, nailed solid to the floor and side, so that half of the occupants will ride with their backs to the engine.

MANSFIELD TO VISIT THE PACIFIC COAST —NEW STAGE BILLS.

Mr. Mansfield is to go to San Francisco, his first visit to that city in nine years. In this period the most eminent American actor has achieved the place that is now his, and, with strength and youth and other resources, he will likely retain the place he has made for himself until he becomes another Joseph Jefferson in the affections of his public.

Hardly in any other way for it will never be said of Mr. Mansfield that he will rest content in annual reappearances in threadbare plays. This week he is reviving "Beau Brummel" and "Doctor Jekyl and Mr. Hyde," but only for a night each and at the request of no less a judge of the popular need than the Honorable Patrick Short, who advised the brief revival.

Mr. Mansfield has often said that he would rather retire than become tiresome, and his idea of not becoming a bore theatrically is to show forth a new play or two each year. This season he has done well in extremes by doing "Ivan" and "Heidelberg," the first a bit of artistic commercialism, one of the best character studies of his career, and a thing whose timeliness in the matter of its application to a current event of great importance has added to its strength before the people.

The second piece is of the best possible sort for Mansfield and for his public. It is almost tender in its soft excellence and in atmosphere it appeals as much as anything ever done by this unusual actor of many parts.

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Francis Wilson will bring his elaborate revival of "Erminie" to the Olympic next Monday. Mr. Wilson himself is to play Caddy, an impersonation that contributed much to his fame. His support will include: Jessie Bartlett Davis, the well-known prima donna contralto; Marguerite Sylva, who will be seen in the title role; Thom Broderick, who has the role of Ravennes; Jennie Weathersby, Clara Belle Jerome, Signor Perugini, William C. Weeden and Robert Broderick. "Erminie" was first presented at the Casino in New York in 1886.

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Grand opera in English by an American aggregation of lyric talent—the Rose Cecilia Shay Company—is the initial attraction of the new management of the Odeon, the Odeon Amusement Company, which organization takes charge May 1.

The Rose Cecelia Shay company has never visited St. Louis, although it has been on tour three seasons. The company was financed in Cincinnati, where several of the leading bankers and Thomas F. Shay, a wealthy lawyer, combined to put the company on a solid basis. The talent was originally recruited in New York, and the prima donna, Rose Cecilia Shay, is daughter of Thomas F. Shay, is at the head of the enterprise.

It is reported that the young lady has made a notable hit in "Carmen," which is to be Sunday evening's opening bill.

Her company consists of some twenty principals, a chorus of sixty and an orchestra of twenty-five, under the direction of Signor Carlo Nicosia, late concert master, under Pietro Mascagni. The repertoire contains "La Boheme," "Bohemian Girl," "I Pagliacci" and "Cavalleria Rusticana," "Il Trovatore," "Mignon" and "Faust."

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Miss Edna Fassett, the soprano of the Delmar Avenue Baptist Church, will sing the title role in "Lucia di Lammermoor," which will be given at the Odeon Friday evening, the night before the opening of the World's Fair.

Few singers are better known in St. Louis than Miss Fassett, and she will be heard at her best in this most dramatic part. Mr. Paul Baltz, the tenor of the Delmar Avenue Baptist Church, will sing the leading male part.

The production, which will be the last attraction at the Odeon under the present management, will be under the direction of Miro Delamotta.

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Lawrance d'Orsay has invited the following foreign World's Fair Commissioners to attend his performance of "The Earl of Pawtucket" at the Century to-night:

Great Britain—Colonel and Mrs. Charles M. Watson.
Ceylon—Mr. and Mrs. Stanley Bois.
Venezuela—Doctor Jesus Lamedia.
Cuba—Esteban Duque Estrada and Mrs. Estrada.
Morocco—W. S. Langermann.
Argentina—Mr. and Mrs. Jose de Olivares.
Brazil—Mr. and Mrs. P. de Souza Aguiar.
Japan—Honorable Hajime Ota.
Austria—Mr. and Mrs. Albert von Silbral.
Italy—Chevalier and Mrs. Vittorio Zeggio.
Italy—Giovanni Branchi.
France—M. Michell Lagrave.
Germany—Doctor Theodor Lewald.
Mexico—Mr. and Mrs. Albino R. Nuncio.
China—Mr. Chang.

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The Blue Ribbon Girls, a new burlesque organization, are to appear at the Standard. The olio is to be made up of specialties by the Five Flying Banvards, Le Roy and LeVanion, Orth and Fern, Cooke and Hayes, Krause and Rosa and Ira Kessner and Company. For a curtain-raiser the troupe will present "The Blue Ribbon Female Minstrels." A musical extravaganza, "The Sultan of Half-Morocco," will come last.

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Marie Cahill will begin a return engagement at the Century, after "The Earl of Pawtucket." She will again be seen in "Nancy Brown." The company is the same that appeared here Christmas week.

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"The Good Old Summer Time," with George Evans as the principal funmaker, returns to the Grand Opera-house. Some fifty performers, including a large chorus, present the musical comedy. As given here earlier in the season, the piece was uncommonly well staged.

George Evans composed "In the Good Old Summer Time" and several other melodies, almost equally well known.

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"Sag Harbor," the last comedy from the pen of James A. Hearne, will be revived at the Crawford. Mrs. Hearne's own company will appear in the play, and a capital performance is promised. Every character in "Sag Harbor" is said to have been taken from life. James A. Hearne was recognized as the greatest exponent of naturalism. He was also a founder of the essentially American play.

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"Slaves of the Mine," a melodrama depicting labor disturbances in the Pennsylvania coal fields, will succeed "A Gambler's Daughter" at Havlin's. Arrangements are being made for a revival of "The Stain of Guilt," with a company of St. Louis entertainers in the cast.

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To-night Heinemann and Weib will close their season at the Odeon. It has been the best season in the history of the German Theater. To-night's play will be "Die Logenbrueder" (The Lodge Brothers), a farce, in which the two directors will play leading comedy parts. Miss Olga Zapf will render a violin solo during the entre acts and the Paragon Quartet will sing.

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West End Heights will be opened Saturday afternoon. Admission to the grounds will be free. Concerts will be given in the afternoon and evening by Frank's band and orchestra. A vaudeville performance in the pavilion will comprise acts by Dorothy Kenton, Frank La Mondo, Cliff Dean and company, Hibbert and Warren, the Three Walseys, Doherty's Poodles and Mae Currie Prell.

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Next week the Columbia will offer Watson, Hutchings and Edwards, Ward and Curran, Josephine Gassman, Schenk Brothers, Clarice Vance, Kelly and Kent, Martinette and Grosal, Anderson and Briggs, Castallatt and Hall, Carleton and Terry, Hanks and Lottie Whitcomb and the Kinodrome.

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"Remember the Maine," Lincoln J. Carter's naval melodrama, will be given at the Imperial after "Sandy Bottom." A cast including Charles H. Gardner, Fred Eckhart and Katherine Tabor will be seen.

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The season at Forest Park Highlands will begin Saturday. A new vaudeville bill will be shown at the matinee and evening performances May 1. The opening programme is to include acts by Dixon brothers, musical grotesques, who have just arrived from England, and Frederick V. Bowers, late of Dockstader's Minstrels, whose novelty musical act introduces a dozen persons.

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Delmar Garden will open May 1. As soon as the work of enlarging the theater is completed there is to be a spectacular extravaganza named "Louisiana." There is to be an immense captive balloon, while a band of fifty Indians will give a wild-West show. The scenic road and half a hundred concessions on the Pike will make the garden lively enough when the weather gets warm.

CHARGES WIFE WITH CRUELTY

J. B. Boos Says She Threw Wood at Him.

Julius H. Boos, in his suit for divorce begun in the Circuit Court yesterday, said his wife, Adolphina, treated him cruelly and threw sticks of wood at him. They were married in St. Louis June 3, 1889 and separated April 15, 1904.

Henry Wedelick said that his wife, Annie, refused to remove with him nearer to his place of business, and that they separated April 1, 1903. They were married in St. Louis in July, 1898.

Felix E. Jacques alleged that his wife, Mary Jane, refused to cook his meals and left him. They were married in July, 1885, and separated February 23, 1901.

Ida F. Harman charged that her husband, Louis, was jealous and threatened her with a razor. They were married December 14, 1898, and separated April 25 last. She asks for the restoration of her former name, Black.

Catherine C. Woods said that her husband, Clarence, drank and deserted her. They were married at Princeton, Ind., May 7, 1896, and separated April 19, 1901.

WOMAN SEVERELY INJURED.

Mrs. Mary Heinkel's Legs Are Broken by Wagon.

Mrs. Mary Heinkel, a widow, 99 years old, living at No. 2917 South Second street, was probably fatally injured yesterday afternoon by being run over by a light spring wagon belonging to Philip Keim of No. 2850 De Kalb street.

The wagon was driven by Mr. Keim's son, John. Mrs. Heinkel was crossing the street when the horse struck her, knocking her down. Both wheels of the wagon passed over her legs.

She was taken to the City Hospital, where it was found that both legs were broken above the knees and that she had sustained a deep scalp wound. Her condition is very serious on account of her advanced age.

John Keim was arrested and sent to the First District Police Station, charged with careless driving.

Unidentified Body Found.

The badly decomposed body of an unidentified man, apparently 25 years old, was taken from the river at the foot of Rutger street yesterday afternoon and removed to the morgue. The body was 5 feet 7 inches tall, smooth-faced, and had black hair. It was dressed in dark trousers, a black-and-white shirt, a brown woolen undershirt and red slippers and hose.

Turns in Alarm by Mistake.

Mistaking a fire alarm box at Delmar and Taylor avenues for a telephone, William Morris, an Inspector for the City Water Department, turned in an alarm yesterday afternoon, which was responded to by an engine and several firemen.

To the angry firemen Mr. Morris explained his mistake and apologized profusely.

Otto Schmid Kills Himself.

Otto Schmid, 43 years old, a foreman for the Rich Construction Company, residing at No. 3330 Waterman avenue, committed suicide at his home yesterday afternoon by shooting himself in the right temple. Schmid leaves a wife and two children. The family can assign no reason for his having killed himself.

MINISTER WEDS SAME COUPLE THREE TIMES.

REPUBLIC SPECIAL.

Paris, Ill., April 27.—Twice divorced and three times wedded is the record of Mrs. Martha Vincent and Mr. L. F. Vincent of Shelby County. They were married to-day for the third time by the same minister.

EVANGELICAL SYNOD WILL MEET IN ANNUAL SESSION.

Pastors of 118 Congregations to Attend Conference at Friedens Church, Beginning To-Day.

The eighteenth annual conference of the Missouri District of the Evangelical Synod of North America will begin this morning in Friedens Evangelical Church, Nineteenth street and Newhouse avenue, of which the Reverend Otto Baltzer is pastor.

This conference comprises all the churches of this denomination east of Jefferson City to the north and south State lines, including several points in Arkansas.

One hundred and nineteen congregations, having a membership of about 15,000, will be represented. It is thought that about 100 pastors will attend the conference, which will not adjourn until next Monday afternoon.

The conference will be opened this morning, with a communion service at 10 o'clock. The sermon will be preached by the Reverend H. C. Nagel of Holstein, Mo. The Reverend Otto Baltzer will deliver the address of welcome, to which the Reverend Paul Allrich, President of the conference, will respond.

The first business session will be held this afternoon at 2 o'clock, at which various reports, including that of the president, Home Missions and School Boards and Benevolences, will be heard.

At 8 o'clock this evening there will be services, at which a sermon will be preached by the Reverend C. F. Sturm of Marthasville, Mo.

The officers of the conference are the Reverend Paul Allrich of St. Charles, Mo., president; the Reverend H. Walser of St. Louis, vice president; the Reverend C. F. Graban of Little Rock, Ark., secretary; G. H. Wetteran of St. Louis, treasurer.

EDUCATIONAL CLUB'S CONCERT.

Students of Sellew Institute Will Entertain This Evening at Y. M. C. A.

The second concert, under the auspices of the Educational Club of the Ralph Sellew Institute of the St. Louis Young Men's Christian Association, will be given this evening at Central Y. M. C. A. building, Grand and Franklin avenues.

The Educational Club of 100 men, students of the Ralph Sellew Institute, was organized in February. This club has for its purpose the building up of the various classes of the educational department. The proceeds of the concerts will be used to extend the influence of the school.

The association orchestra of fifty instruments, assisted by special talent, will give the programme.

Will Lecture on Temperance.

The Reverend Edward A. Tabor, superintendent of the Home Protective Federation of St. Louis, will deliver an address this evening at the new Carondelet M. E. Church, South, Virginia avenue and Haven street. His subject will be "The Home or the Saloon—Which?"

Madame Tsilka to Lecture.

Madame Tsilka, who two years ago was held a captive with Miss Stone by Balkan brigands, will tell of her experiences at the First Congregational Church, Delmar, near Grand avenue, this evening.

ST. LOUIS COUNTY NOTES.

—Charles and John Cooper, negroes, were held for the Grand Jury yesterday by Justice Jacobi in Kirkwood on a charge of stealing chickens. If the Grand Jury returns an indictment it will probably be on a felony charge under a recent statutory enactment. This is the first time in the history of St. Louis County that an attempt will be made to send one to the Penitentiary for the invasion of a hen-roost with intent to steal.

—To-morrow will be the last day of the January term of the St. Louis County Circuit Court, and Judge McElhinney has announced that all appeals must be taken before that time. The May term convenes next Monday, when the new Grand Jury will be impaneled.

—Marriage licenses were issued in Clayton yesterday to James M. Smith and Etta Hutsell of Allenton, Daniel J. Coleman and Estella A. Witte of Kirkwood, George L. Henry and Anna F. Sparenberg of St. Charles, Jacob Meier of Altheim and Ava Schwenck of Bellefontaine, George Eissler of Union, Mo., and Sophie C. Hohlt of Okawville, Ill.; Jos. Ringkamp and Clara Mueller of St. Louis, Albert Autenrieth of Clayton and Annie C. Heinecke of St. Louis, Martin Ruhland and Ella Jones of St. Louis, James A. McBride of Webster Groves and Anna Fussner of Des Peres, John C. Hath of St. Louis and Katie Knoerr of Mascoutah, Ill., and to James M. Querterous of St. Louis and Lillie G. Clark of Sailor Springs, Ill.

ATTORNEY GENERAL ANSWERS WILLIAMS

Knox Says No Proceedings Have Been Brought Because of Merger Decision.

IS AFTER THE COAL TRUST.

Through the Interstate Commerce Commission Evidence Is Being Collected Slowly.

Washington, April 27.—Atorney General Knox to-day transmitted to the House replies to the two resolutions of inquiry introduced by Mr. Williams of Mississippi relative to trusts.

First replying to the question as to whether any criminal prosecutions had been begun by him against persons involved in the decision of the Supreme Court of the United States in the Northern Securities as guilty of violating the laws by entering into commissions in restraint of trade, the Attorney General says:

"I have the honor to say that no criminal prosecutions have been instituted against the persons referred to, and that further than this I do not deem it compatible to comply with the resolution."

The resolution asks if any investigation ever was made by the Department of Justice of the so-called Anthracite Coal Trust, consisting of the anthracite coal carrying railroads. The Attorney General replies to this as follows:

"I have the honor to say that during the time of the anthracite coal strike the Department of Justice began an investigation for the purpose of determining whether the anthracite coal business was conducted through a commission or conspiracy in violation of the antitrust act of 1890.

EVIDENCE CONCEALED.

"This investigation had not proceeded far until I discovered that if such a commission existed, the evidence of its existence had been adroitly concealed, and that if it was to be established, would largely depend on the Government's ability to secure evidence of a chain of circumstances, which, in the aggregate, would establish a commission.

"In view of the fact that this department possessed no powers to compel the production of books and papers, and to examine witnesses under oath, I opened up the subject through a representative of the Department of Justice, with the representative of the Interstate Commerce Commission, as to the advisability of the Interstate Commerce Commission making an investigation into the general question as to whether the anthracite coal roads were engaged in pooling, charging exorbitant rates for the transportation of coal, preventing the coal from reaching its natural markets, and, in short, of obtaining through the powers of the commission evidence of facts, which led to the developments of the facts upon which the general government based its case against the Joint Traffic Association, and later against the Northern Securities Company.

COURT DISMISSED PETITION.

"About this time a complaint was made before the Interstate Commerce Commission raising the questions above referred to. During the progress of the hearing before the committee upon this complaint several witnesses refused to produce papers and answer questions which the commission considered and ruled to be germaine to the inquiry, whereupon, on direction of the Attorney General, proceedings were begun in the United States Circuit Court in New York for the purpose of compelling the coal companies to produce papers and answer questions. The court dismissed the petition, whereupon an appeal was taken by the United States under the act of February 19, 1903, directly to the Supreme Court of the United States.

"On motion of the Attorney General, the case was advanced and argued by a representative of the Department of Justice and a special Assistant Attorney at the instance of the Interstate Commerce Commission.

"This appeal was decided in favor of the powers of the committee to compel the production of the testimony, and, as I am informed, the commission will proceed with the hearings which, when completed, will lay before the Department of Justice, in connection with other evidence it has gathered itself and has been furnished to it by sundry persons, all the available information in relation to the alleged combination.

"Further than this I do not deem it compatible with the public interest to comply with the resolution."

HANLY THE CHOICE OF INDIANA REPUBLICANS.

Nominated for Governor on First Ballot in Convention Marked by Harmony.

Indianapolis, April 27.—The Republican State Convention to-day nominated J. Frank Hanly of Lafayette for Governor on the first ballot.

The nomination was the result of a stampede precipitated by Madison County, which, before a count was made by the tellers, changed its vote, which had been divided among the other candidates, W. L. Penfield of Auburn, W. L. Taylor of Indianapolis and Warren G. Sayre of Wabash, and voted as a unit for Hanly.

Other counties followed quickly with similar action, and when it was evident that Hanly was the choice of the convention, Mr. Sayre moved that the nomination of Hanly be made unanimous. After short speeches by the remaining gubernatorial candidates the motion was carried amid prolonged applause.

The nomination of Hugh T. Miller of Columbus for Lieutenant Governor over Walter Ball of Muncie and L. P. Newby of Knightstown was made unanimous on motion of Mr. Ball after the third ballot.

The nominations for Secretary of State, Auditor of State, Treasurer of State, Attorney General, Superintendent of Public Instruction, Judge of Supreme Court, Second District, and Judge of Supreme Court, Third District, were made by acclamation.

The resolutions indorsed Roosevelt for President and Albert J. Beveridge for United States Senator, while the platform adopted favors changes in tariff schedules as the conditions demand, with the reservation that the changes must be consistent with the policy of protection. One of the planks pledges the party to place private banks under State control.

The convention was harmonious throughout, with the exception of a challenge from Marion County, which caused confusion while the ballot was being taken for State Statistician.

George W. Self of Corydon was nominated for Reporter of the Supreme Court and J. H. Stubbs of Indianapolis for State Statistician.

FAIR WEATHER FOR TO-DAY.

Forecaster Bowie Gives Hopes Without Promises for Opening.

While Forecaster Bowie of the United States Weather Bureau says he does not feel justified yet in issuing a prediction for the conditions on the opening day of the Fair, he has gone as far as possible in making the following forecast for both to-day and to-morrow. "Fair Thursday and Friday; no decided change in temperature; fresh northerly winds, becoming variable."

Mr. Bowie makes this prediction on the fact that an extensive area of high pressure has its crest over Lake Superior and extends thence southward over the central valleys to the Gulf.

There is an area of good weather from Ohio to the Rocky Mountains up on which to draw, so that fair weather is indicated for St. Louis for Friday and Saturday.

Frederick Foster Acquitted.

Frederick Foster, also known as Frederick Foscula, was discharged yesterday in his trial in the Court of Criminal Correction on a charge of grand larceny. He was accused of having borrowed $73 from Christopher Schawacker, giving as security a stone said to be a diamond, but which proved to be an imitation. Foster did not have a lawyer, but handled his case himself, and proved a very capable talker. He said that he did not make the representations, but that they were made by the woman who accompanied him to St. Louis.

FURNISHED HOUSES STILL IN DEMAND FOR THE FAIR.

Business Is Active, but Prices Are Not as High as They Formerly Were.

Leasing furnished houses continues to be active with several of the agents, although less fancy prices are being secured than earlier in the season. Owing to the near approach of the opening of the Fair and the fact that many desirable houses are still on the market, owners are disposed to make concessions as to terms.

The following homes have been leased during the past week by Bradley & Quinette:

No. 4036 Delmar avenue, the large double residence of the Misses Thompson, was leased for seven months to Mrs. Francis Capps of Terrell, Tex.

No. 4063 Delmar avenue, the home of Doctor L. M. Ottofy, for three months to Mrs. A. Scott of Washington.

No. 5541 Cates avenue, leased for eight months for Mrs. W. C. Garrison to I. Nagashima, manager for a firm of Japanese importers located at Atlantic City, N. J.

No. 318 North Newstead avenue, the residence of Doctor J. W. Day, has also been leased to Japanese. This makes the fourth lease by this firm to Japanese in the last month.

Bad weather had a depressing effect on real estate business for the first half of the week, but yesterday's sunshine brought out buyers, giving promise of good business.

The Weisels-Gerhart Real Estate Company yesterday sold for the Schuchmann Realty Company the property at the southwest corner of Delmar and Walton avenues. The ground fronts 85 feet on Delmar and 135 feet on Walton, and sold for $14,250. The erection of a handsome block of steam-heated stores and flats is planned.

Bradley & Quinette have sold for account of the Misses Kate A., N. A. and Josie Nolan to George Griffiths, of the Griffiths Iron Company, for $5,500, the nine-room brick residence No. 5148 Kensington avenue, lot 25x175. Mr. Griffiths will occupy it as a home.

The same firm also sold for Matthew Goff No. 4334 Evans avenue, lot 22x153, a nine-room, brick residence, to J. Frank for $3,850.

The M. B. O'Reilly Realty and Investment Company have sold for Laura Phillipi et al. No. 5959 Horton place, lot 25x150, an eight-room house, to Mrs. Annie McPheters, for $3,700.

Resolutions of condolence have been prepared by the Real Estate Exchange relative to the death of Martin S. Brennan, who died last week. Mr. Brennan was a member of the exchange and was for many years a Deputy City Assessor.

Real Estate Transfers.

ACCOMAC—25 ft., n. s., bet. Oregan and Nebraska, city block 1256; Wm. H. Scheer and wife to Blanche Mrazek—w. d. 1

ACCOMAC—25 ft., n. s., bet. Oregon and Nebraska, city block 1256; Lawrence W. Mrazek and wife to William H. Scheer—w. d. 1

BALDWIN—25 ft., w. s., bet. Montgomery and Benton, city block 1898; Thos. Kelly and wife, by trustee, to International Real Estate and Improvement Company—trustee's d. 50

COPELIN—40 ft., n. s., bet. Compton and Louisiana, city block 1209; Julius Pitzman, trustee, to Concordia Assoc—w. d. 1,880

ELEVENTH—21 ft., e. s., being 1408 South Eleventh, city block 461; Mary Roberts to Hugo Carnot—w. d. 2,000

ELEVENTH—75 ft. 3½ in., e. s., n. c. cor. Branch, city block 2547; Byron Nugent and wife to Chas. Hoertz—w. d. 5

FINNEY—25 ft., n. s., bet. Whittier and Pendleton, city block 3746; Emma D. Richardson to George W. Hood—w. d. 3,220

FLORA—50 ft., s. s., bet. Spring and Vandeventer, city block 2117; Ernest Lucas to Emilie Barthels—w. d. 3,500

FOUNTAIN—30 ft., s. s., bet. Euclid and Auburt, city block 3764; James A. Logwood and wife to Anna D. Ross—w. d. 6,500

FYLER—50 ft., s. s., bet. Ivanhoe and Jamieson, city block 4722; Edward McNulty and wife, by tr., to International R. E. and Imp. Co.—tr's d. 300

FYLER—50 ft., s. s., bet. Ivanhoe and Jamieson, city block 4722; James F. Cochran, by trustee, to International Real Estate and Improvement Co.—tr's d. 300

HANCOCK—50 ft., s. s., bet. Jamieson and McCausland, city block 4775; 50 ft., n. s. Elizabeth, east of Clifton, city block 4641; Mary M. Heidel to Charles J. Stueckemann—qtc. d. 500

INDIANA—25 ft. 11½ in., w. s., bet. Crittenden and Arsenal, city block 1990; Amelia Heckel to Lena M. Kurz—w. d. 4,425

KANSAS—28 ft., n. s., bet. Water and Broadway, city block 2948; Joseph Debigare to Maria Prudot et al.—w. d. 1

LANSDOWNE—100 ft., s. s., bet. River des Peres and city limits, city block 5631; August Essig and wife to Henry Voges—w. d. 1,900

LENOX—50 ft., s. s., being 4629 Lenox, city block 5397; Royal Investment Co. to James E. Smith—w. d. 22,500

McPHERSON—100 ft., n. s., being 4041 to 4047 McPherson, city block 5923; Henry M. Blossom, Sr., to James Gunn—w. d. 4,500

MINNESOTA—45 ft., w. s., bet. Kansas and Soper, city block 2971; Joseph Debigare to Joseph J. Debigare, Jr., and wife (subject to life estate)—w. d. 1

NATURAL BRIDGE—25 ft., s. s., bet. Clay and Clarence, city block 4441; Emma Herklotz and husband to Oscar L. Howard—w. d. 900

ROOSEVELT—1324 ft. 6 in., s. s., bet. Clara and Goodfellow, city block 5243; also 1125 ft. 10¾ in. n. s. Roosevelt place, bet. Clara and Goodfellow, city block 5244; Ida M. Humpert to the Gilt-Edge R. E. and Inv. Co.—w. d. 10

SMILEY—30 ft., s. s., bet. Ivanhoe and Jamieson, city block 4682; Max Berger and wife, by tr., to Henry J. Kroger—tr's d. 2,900

SULLIVAN—30 ft., s. s., being No. 3264 Sullivan, city block 5187; Lindell Real Estate Company to Charles W. Blankenstein and wife—w. d. 5,000

TENTH—42 ft. 4½ in., w. s., being No. 6111 South Tenth, city block 2932; John Widmer and wife to Alzie Perry—qtc. d. 1

TWENTY-SECOND—25 ft., w. s., bet. Angelica and Newhouse, city block 2301; John W. Overstreet and wife to Henry Bredeck—w. d. 3,800

WASHINGTON—35 ft., n. s., being No. 1927 Washington, city block 3757; Jacob P. Well to Willard Bartlett—w. d. 11,000

WESTMINSTER—50 ft., n. s., being No. 5699 Westminster, city block 3951B; Wilbard Realty Company to Robert R. Hammond—w. d. 17,500

Building Permits.

Ernest J. Hess, two-story bricks at Nos. 3506-3508 Nebraska; $3,500 each.

D. Rosentreter, four-story store at No. 1401 Washington; $8,000.

D. Rosentreter, one-story brick stores at Nos. 2101 to 2107 Newstead; $4,000.

Isaac Jones, two-story temporary frame hotel at No. 6735 Clayton; $6,000.

Patrolman Slightly Injured.

Patrolman E. V. Etling of the Eighth District sustained a cut on his hand and numerous bruises yesterday when eastbound Market street car struck a one-horse wagon owned by the Backus Heater Company of No. 1011 Olive street. Both car and wagon were slightly damaged.

OUR PATTERN DEPARTMENT

10 Cents—All Patterns—10 Cents.

Ladies' Crepe de Chine Gown, Consisting of Ladies' Shirred Waist, with Drop Yoke, No. 9280, and Ladies' Shirred Skirt, Lengthened with a Full Flounce, No. 9283.—Crepe de Chine, in the palest shade of yellow, is here tastefully combined with Irish crochet lace and yellow panne. The costume is made over a taffeta foundation.

9280—LADIES' SHIRRED WAIST WITH DROP YOKE.
9283—LADIES' SHIRRED SKIRT.
Waist, 32, 34, 36, 38 and 40 inch bust.
Skirt, 22, 24, 26, 28 and 30 inch waist.

A glove-fitted, feather-boned lining closes in the center back. Full fronts and backs are gathered at the upper edge and arranged on the lining at a round-yoke depth. A double row of shirring extends around the waist, following the outline of the drop yoke. Below the shirring, the waist blouses over a deep draped girdle of yellow panne. The pattern is provided for the girdle.

A transparent lace collar completes the neck. A fancy drop yoke is included in the neck seam and extends over the shoulders in a becoming manner. Full puff sleeves are shirred in a series of shallow puffs that reach below the elbow. Deep ruffles of lace fall from the sleeves.

The upper portion of the skirt is of circular shaping, shirred at the waist to form a shallow yoke. The crepe de Chine hangs softly from the yoke, but is not very wide at the knee, where the upper portion terminates.

To this circular skirt is attached a very full flounce, which has a deep heading and three rows of shirring at the top. It falls in long, graceful lines to the floor, touching in front and training gracefully at the back. A broad band of lace is used for food trimming.

If preferred, the flounce may be made without the heading, and only gathered at the top, instead of being shirred. The upper part of the skirt may be arranged full on the belt, in place of shirred, if the wearer's hips are small.

Costumes in this mode are developed in eolienne, crepe meteor, voile, veiling, Lansdowne, foulard, satin liberty and any of the soft summer fabrics that come in such a large variety of colors and designs. Lace is the favorite trimming, although all-over chiffon embroidery or tucked mousseline is also used.

To make the waist in the medium size will require two and one-quarter yards of material 44 inches wide, with three-quarters yard of lace and one yard of velvet. The pattern, No. 9280, is cut in sizes for a 32, 34, 36, 38 and 40 inch bust measure.

To make the skirt in the medium size will require six and one-quarter yards of material 44 inches wide. The pattern, No. 9283, is cut in sizes for a 22, 24, 26, 28 and 30 inch waist measure.

The Republic's Order Blank for Above Patterns.

Be sure and fill in your correct post-office address.

Send 10 cents (one silver dime) to The Republic Pattern Department, Republic building, and inclose this blank, properly filled out with your name, address and bust or waist measure for each pattern ordered. If both patterns are wanted, send 20 cents.

No. 9280. Ladies' Waist. Price 10 cents.
Bust measure.....Inches.

No. 9283. Ladies' Skirt. Price 10 cents.
Waist measure .....Inches.

Name .....

Post Office.....

Street and No.....State.....

CRASHED INTO PLATE GLASS.

Stranger Thought That He Was Entering Hotel Doorway.

A stranger, who thought that he was walking through an open doorway, crashed through a $100 pane of glass at the mammoth hotel, corner of Twelfth and Olive streets, last evening shortly after dusk. The crash was heard for a block, and everyone in the corridor of the hotel was frightened by the noise.

The stranger escaped unhurt and made profuse apologies to the hotel management for his mistake. The big panes of glass run down to the sidewalk and often deceive the unwary.