PART I. 8 PAGES.

THE ST. LOUIS REPUBLIC.

TO-DAY'S REPUBLIC Is Printed in TWO PARTS.

NINETY-SEVENTH YEAR. WEDNESDAY, MORNING, DECEMBER 7, 1904. PRICE { In St. Louis, One Cent. Outside St. Louis, Two Cents. On Trains, Three Cents.

GARRISON LOSES 3,000 TRYING TO RECAPTURE FORT

General Stoessel's Forces at Port Arthur Sustain Tremendous Blow Without Gaining Any Result.

RUSSIAN SQUADRON RIDDLED.

Guns on 203-Meter Hill Pour Destructive Hail Upon Battleships Cooped Up in the Harbor.

JAPANESE CRUISER IS SUNK.

Adsuma, Carrying 482 Men, Strikes a Mine in Liaotie Channel and Goes to Bottom Immediately.

BULLETIN.

Tokio, Dec. 7, 11 a. m.—As a result of the continuous bombardment by the Japanese of Port Arthur, the besiegers, by using 203-Meter Hill as an observation point, have discovered that one of the Russian battleships in the harbor has a heavy list. Owing to the fog, the vessel is not clearly discernible, but it could be seen that the damaged warship was a battleship.

SPECIAL BY CABLE.

Tokio, Dec. 6.—General Stoessel has lost 3,000 men in the last few days in his repeated attempts to capture 203-Meter Hill, now held by the Japanese. General Nogi is increasing his defenses, and thus far has repulsed every assault, inflicting heavy losses on the enemy. Observations indicate that the garrison is feeling the shortage of men, and this, it is expected, will end the siege much sooner than otherwise.

Reports from the Japanese headquarters show that they are making favorable progress in the works against Tungshu Mountain and the forts to the eastward. All indications point to an early general assault, though the date is kept secret.

The successful bombardment of the Russian fleet in the harbor at Port Arthur is cited as proof of the ability of the Japanese to mount and maintain siege guns on 203-Meter Hill. The damage already inflicted upon the Russian squadron is evidence sufficient to show that it must dash for the open sea or be shot to pieces.

GENERAL NOGI REPORTS RIDDLING RUSSIAN FLEET.

In the official report of the bombardment Saturday, General Nogi says: "The Pobieda (battleship) was struck six times; a vessel of the Retvizan (battleship) type was hit eight times and on other ships sixteen shells took effect.

"On Monday, following the same plan, the Pobieda was hit seven times, the Poltava (battleship), eleven times and the Retvizan eleven times. At about 3 in the afternoon one of our shells struck a magazine south of Petya Mountain, causing a heavy explosion. The conflagration which followed was not extinguished for two hours.

"The same day our heavy guns were directed at the enemy's ships. The Peresviet (battleship) was struck twice, and two more shells were lodged in other ships. A vessel of the Poltava type was observed to be on fire for one hour, sending up a great volume of smoke.

"The attacking operations against the Sungshu Mountain forts eastward are carried on day and night. Two 36-millimeter quick firers were captured Sunday in a half-moon fort defending a counterscarp on Rihlung Mountain."

JAPANESE CRUISER SUNK BY A MINE.

A steamer arriving at Vladivostok reports that the Japanese armored cruiser Adsuma, carrying 482 men, was blown up on a Russian mine north of the Miaotao Islands. These islands are in the Liaotie Channel, between the Kwantung peninsula, on which Port Arthur is situated, and the Shantung promontory.

The Adsuma is said to have sunk almost immediately after striking the mine. It is not known whether any of the crew were saved.

SUSPECT ATTEMPT ON LIFE OF GENERAL KUROPATKIN.

St. Petersburg, Dec. 6.—A curious dispatch has been received from a correspondent at General Kuropatkin's headquarters about the arrest of a Chinaman who was found in possession of 500 feet of fuse used in detonating high explosives. The telegram speaks of the necessity for providing a larger bodyguard for General Kuropatkin.

The wording of the dispatch generally leads to the inference that an attempt made on the Commander in Chief's life has been foiled. No conformation of the report is obtainable here.

WARNS THE REICHSTAG OF THE "YELLOW PERIL."

Berlin, Dec. 6.—In the Reichstag to-day Herr Lieberman von Sonnenberg (Conservative) expressed regret at the enthusiasm of the Germans for Japan. He said race consciousness should be awakened.

"We are white. They are yellow," the speaker added.

"All the European peoples must stand together against the 'yellow peril.'"

The Socialists and Radicals laughed at this remark.

"The Russians," continued Von Sonnenberg, "are defending against Japan the most sacred possessions of Europe. They are fighting a common yellow enemy."

This statement caused renewed laughter and some Socialist shouted: "They don't fire on defenseless fishermen."

Herr von Sonnenberg added: "If the Japanese conquer, their next object will be Kiao-Chau (the German port in China), as German Japanese officers have already advanced."

SUMMARY OF The St. Louis Republic.

Wednesday, December 7.

GRAIN CLOSED: ST. LOUIS—DEC. WHEAT, $1.16⅞ N.; DEC. CORN, 42⅝C BID.

CHICAGO—DEC. WHEAT, $1.16¼; DEC. CORN, 46@46⅛C ASKED.

THE WEATHER—

Oklahoma and Indian Territory—Fair Wednesday and Thursday.

Eastern Texas—Fair Wednesday and Thursday; light northwest winds, becoming variable.

Arkansas—Fair Wednesday and Thursday.

Indiana and Illinois—Fair Wednesday and Thursday; fresh westerly winds.

Missouri, Western Texas, Nebraska, Kansas and Iowa—Fair Wednesday and Thursday.

For St. Louis and Vicinity—Fair today, with no decided change in temperature.

BUSINESS.

Yesterday's bank clearings were $11,772,060; balances $1,040,453. Local discount rates were between 4½ and 8 per cent. Domestic exchange was quoted as follows: New York, 45c prem. bid, 55c prem. asked; Chicago, 25c prem. bid, 35c prem. asked; Cincinnati, Louisville and New Orleans, par bid, 10c prem. asked.

Wheat closed lower at $1.13⅝@1.14 bid May; $1.16 nominal No. 2 red. Corn closed lower at 42⅝c bid May; 45@46c No. 2 mixed. Oats closed at 21½c May; 22@22½c No. 2 mixed.

Spot cotton was nominally ⅛c lower in the local market.

"WANT" PAGES, 4 AND 5, PART 2.

WASHINGTON NEWS.

Missouri members of Congress are hopeful of securing appropriations for new public buildings and river improvements in the State. PAGE 2, PART 1.

Major William Warner formally announces his candidacy for the Senate to succeed Cockrell. PAGE 3, PART 1.

Senator Platt will introduce to-day a bill providing for the reduction of Southern representation in Congress. PAGE 2, PART 1.

The President almost entirely ignored isthmian canal matters in his message, because the imperative changes that are to be made in the government of the canal zone are not yet clearly outlined. PAGE 2, PART 1.

THE EASTERN WAR.

Tokio learns that General Stoessel loses 3,000 men in futile attempts to recapture 203-Meter Hill, from which the Japanese siege guns have riddled the Russian squadron, bottled up in the harbor. The garrison is reported suffering from the shortage of men. The Japanese armored cruiser, carrying 482 men, is reported sunk on Russian mine. PAGE 1, PART 1

Emperor of Japan writes three poems on the war. PAGE 1, PART 1.

LOCAL AND SUBURBAN.

A public hearing on the question of revising the building code of St. Louis will be held in the Council chamber Friday. PAGE 8, PART 2.

Editor E. H. Butler, former president New York State Electoral College, says selection of William H. Thompson to the United States Senate is the logical solution of contest for Senator Cockrell's seat. PAGE 8, PART 2.

Railway Notes — At the second day's hearing on the "uniform bill of lading," before the Interstate Commerce Commission, F. J. Firth testified. PAGE 7, PART 1.

The Instruction Committee of the Board of Education recommends the shortening of the writing periods in kindergarten classes to save the eyes of the children. PAGE 7, PART 1.

Attorney General Hamlin says that the poolrooms in Madison can be suppressed in ten days if the State's Attorney and county officers will enforce the provisions of the law. PAGE 8, PART 1.

Doctor James Stewart, member elect from Warren County, declares that since he learned R. C. Kerens "has given substantial aid throughout the campaign" he is for Kerens for Senator. PAGE 3, PART 1.

Doctor Theodore Lewald declares National Commission has no jurisdiction in making awards. PAGE 1, PART 1.

A thief by hiding his hand under the sleeve of another woman's cloak stole a diamond valued at $200 from Mrs. J. R. Johnson's ear on a street car. PAGE 1, PART 1.

President Francis says the reports of a "triumphal tour" are premature. PAGE 1, PART 1.

GENERAL DOMESTIC.

Five persons, one of them a woman, are convicted at Portland, Ore., of a conspiracy to defraud the Government of public lands. PAGE 4, PART 1.

Trinity Church of New York forbids its pastors to marry any divorced persons and forbids the use of any of its chapels for such a wedding. PAGE 4, PART 1.

The shipment of coal is resumed at Zeigler, Ill., under military protection. PAGE 4, PART 1.

Seven of the twelve men who will try Nan Patterson on the charge of murder are selected. PAGE 5, PART 1.

The expected conference of Federal officials with Carnegie as to the Chadwick affair fails to take place. Numerous other conferences are held in New York, but their details are not made public. PAGE 2, PART 1.

Thomas K. Niedringhaus, in New York City, declares that the story of a $25,000 campaign contribution from the Republican National Committee to carry Missouri is absolutely untrue. PAGE 3, PART 1.

SPORTING NEWS.

Van Ness, a strongly touted good thing from the Schorr stable, won at New Orleans by virtue of getting the good going in the outside "path." PAGE 3, PART 2.

Abe Attell will depend on foot work to score over Tommy Feltz. PAGE 3, PART 2.

Jungle Imp. and King's Trophy won their races at New Orleans. PAGE 3, PART 2.

American League will hold its annual meeting at Chicago this afternoon. PAGE 3, PART 2.

Ed Corrigan says Western Jockey Club is making mistake in its treatment of unrecognized tracks. PAGE 3, PART 2.

MOVEMENTS OF OCEAN VESSELS.

New York, Dec. 6.—Arrived: Liguria, Neckar. Sailed: Armenian, Konigen Luise, Neapolitan Prince.

Liverpool, Dec. 6.—Arrived: Ionian.

Genoa, Dec. 1.—Arrived: Phoenicia.

Christiania, Dec. 2.—Sailed: United States.

Hamburg, Dec. 2.—Arrived: Tolmea.

Sydney, New South Wales, Dec. 6.—Arrived (previously): Sierra.

Brisbane, Dec. 5.—Arrived (previously): Miowera.

Antwerp, Dec. 6.—Arrived: Kroonland.

Glasgow, Dec. 6.—Arrived: Numidian.

M'LEOD WILL NOT GO ON THE BOARD

Original Folk Man Cannot Find Time for Management of Police.

SAYS ANSWER IS FINAL.

A. C. Stewart, E. S. Lewis and Wallace Simmons Are Mentioned as Possible Members.

Governor-elect Folk has not made up a "slate" of appointments. The only forecast that has had a positive ring has involved Nelson W. McLeod, an original Folk man, as the head of the Police Board. This rumor reached its end last night, however, when Mr. MceLod authorized a statement to the effect that he cannot possibly make the business sacrifice necessary to a proper attention to police affairs.

Governor-elect Joseph W. Folk said yesterday afternoon that he would not announce any appointments until he had taken the oath of office in Jefferson City.

He insists that no slate has been prepared and that publications heretofore made purporting to give the list of his appointments have been without foundation.

However, among the close friends of Mr. Folk gossip regarding the personnel of some of his appointments has been gradually getting more and more definite during the past few days. For instance, it may be said that the indications point to the selection of the Police Board from among E. C. Simmons, Wallace D. Simmons, E. S. Lewis, A. C. Stewart and A. C. Maroney. Mr. McLeod having definitely decided to keep out.

It is an open secret that Mr. Folk has long wished Mr. McLeod to be president of the new board. It is also an open secret that business matters have been so pressing that Mr. McLeod has said from the beginning that he would be unable to accept the honor. Added to this is the further fact that, like Robert H. Kern, also a member of the Folk campaign Executive Committee, he announced before the election that he would not accept an appointment.

DEEMS TALK UNWISE.

Mr. McLeod said last night, regarding the gossip concerning his appointment: "Whatever has been said about my connection with the new board has been most complimentary to me. I feel, however, that a discussion of the subject at this time would be unwise. I am willing to say, however, that in the probable event that I shall have no connection with the next State administration, I shall always stand ready to do all in my power, in a personal way, to further the development of the idea that has gained such headway in Missouri. Anything on the subject of Mr. Folk's intentions in the matter of appointments cannot, of course, come from me, since I am merely an interested lookeron."

A. C. Steward is also discussed for the presidency of the board. He has been associated with the Folk movement from its inception and is a friend of Mr. McLeod. He is a member of the law firm of Stewart, Cunningham & Eliot and counsel for the St. Louis Union Trust Company.

Both E. C. Simmons and his son, Wallace D. Simmons, are discussed as probable appointees. It is said that the father is averse to serving on the board. Wallace D. Simmons is president of the Simmons Hardware Company.

E. S. Lewis, who was treasurer of the Folk campaign, is also discussed, and his friends are counting upon him as one of the new members of the board. A. C. Maroney, at present Assistant Circuit Attorney, is mentioned for the Police Board, as well as for the Board of Election Commissioners.

MAY BE FOUR VACANCIES.

There will be three vacancies on the board, and possibly four. The terms of William G. Frye and T. R. Ballard will expire, and it is said that Richard Hanlon probably will resign the first of the year. Possibly Anudrew Blong may follow, although he has not said that he would.

Friends of Congressman W. D. Vandiver, as has been previously announced, expect that he will be the State Coal Oil Inspector, to succeed William J. Flynn. Absolutely no person has been selected for Excise Commissioner, despite all reports to the contrary, and the place is open.

For Election Commissioner, besides Mr. Maroney, the names of Judge R. E. Rombauer and John F. Shepley are most prominently mentioned. Mr. Shepley is one of the best-known citizens of St. Louis, and has always been active in public work. Judge Rombauer is attorney for the School Board, and was formerly on the Court of Appeals bench.

Friends of Harry B. Hawes assert that he will work in entire harmony with the new Police Board; that the fight against Butlerism in this city will be continued from now until the spring election, and a clean city ticket will be nominated for the suffrage of the citizens.

COTTON SLUMP MAY SETTLE FALL RIVER MILLS STRIKE.

Laborers Contend That Manufacturers Cannot Longer Afford to Lose Business.

REPUBLIC SPECIAL.

Fall River, Mass., Dec. 6.—The sudden slump in cotton, which has been the sensation of the local market for the past few days, during which the price of the raw material dropped from 9.40 cents to the present figure of 8, has caused widespread comment among both manufacturers and labor leaders, and no end of speculation as to its affect on the local strike situation.

The labor leaders, who all along have expressed entire confidence in ultimate victory, are now surer than ever that the manufacturers must yield within a few days. They are satisfied that the manufacturers are greatly disturbed, and that it is only a question of time before they will grant the demands of the strikers.

James Tansey, president of the Textile Council, says that if the mill men live up to their statements they must concede that under the present conditions they are able to pay the old rate of wages at least.

THREE NEW MISSOURI CONGRESSMEN WHO WILL GO TO WASHINGTON SOON

CASSIUS M. SHARTEL
Of Neosho, who defeated Congressman Benton in the Fifteenth District.

EDGAR C. ELLIS
Of Kansas City, who defeated Congressman Cowherd in the Fifth District.

MARION E. RHODES
Of Washington County, who defeated Congressman Robb in the Thirteenth District.

COMMISSION HAS NO JURISDICTION

—DOCTOR LEWALD.

Calls Attention to Act of Congress Making Jury International.

GIVES IT SOLE AUTHORITY.

Says Germany Would Not Have Exhibited if Findings Were to Be Revised by National Commission.

Doctor Theodor Lewald, Commissioner General to the World's Fair from Germany, and first vice president of the Superior Jury of Awards, has taken issue with the contention of the National Commission of final jurisdiction in the matter of awards made by that jury.

When asked yesterday if he had seen the letter of President Carter to Major Pangborn, outlining the claims of the National Commission, and for his opinion of its merits, Doctor Lewald made the following statement:

"Of course, I read the letter of President Carter and the statement made by President Francis. I fully share the standpoint as expressed in this statement, but would, however, like to draw attention to one very important point in particular.

"In the act of Congress it is stated expressly that the Exposition shall be international in character, and the rules and regulations state explicitly that the jury shall be international. In accordance with this the representatives of foreign nations have been members of the Group Jury, the Department Jury, the Superior Jury and the Committee of Five.

"It would, therefore, be irreconcilable with the international character of the Exposition were a corporation, be it the National Commission or the Exposition Company, which are not international corporations, in any way to interfere with the distribution of the awards.

JURY MADE GERMANY'S AWARDS.

"There is no doubt that the Imperial Government of Germany would never have permitted Germany's participation in the competition had there been the slightest possibility that the findings of the International Jury could be changed by any corporation that was not an international one.

"As the Committee of Five has definitely determined all of the German awards, I have already had the list published in the Official Journal of the German Government.

"I have participated in the meetings of the jury from the first day. The number of Germany's representatives was seventy-two. Among them were men who are the most prominent and ablest experts in their respective field of knowledge, and a number of them had already served as jurors at former international expositions.

"They informed me of one accord, and I have already previously taken occasion to voice their remarks, that the fullest appreciation was due the work of the jury at this Exposition. The same was said of the integrity, impartiality, expertness, earnestness and devotion to duty shown by the jurors in all the various instances.

"The awards gained in St. Louis are not in the slightest way inferior to those gained at any other exposition.

PANGBORN ADDRESSES CARTER.

In answer to the letter of President Carter of the National Commission of December 1, a copy of which was given out for publication from the offices of the National Commission, Major J. G. Pangborn, president of the United Exhibitors' Association, yesterday addressed a letter to President Carter.

Major Pangborn claims that up to the moment that the letter was written there had been no intimation to the association of which he is president, nor to himself, of any dissatisfaction on the part of any exhibitor with the awards nor the treatment accorded exhibitors either by the juries or the Exposition.

Major Pangborn's letter follows:

Dec. 6, 1904.—Honorable Thomas H. Carter, President National Commission, Louisiana Purchase Exposition, St. Louis, Mo.: Dear Sir—I beg to acknowledge receipt of your letter of 1st inst., in which you acquaint me with the reasons that have led your commission to delay approval and publication of awards.

Owing to absence from my office, I have only had opportunity to read your letter this morning, although I had previously read it in the morning papers.

As the president of the United Exhibitors'

Continued on Page Two.

EMPEROR OF JAPAN WRITES THREE POEMS ON THE WAR

REPUBLIC SPECIAL.

New York, Dec. 6.—The following translations of poems by his Majesty, the originals of which appeared in the Kokumin Shimbun for November 7, 1904, seem to have been composed at different periods.

No. 1 evidently was written before the war, when the Emperor saw himself surrounded by ominous signs of a coming conflict.

No. 2 dates from the actual commencement of the war, when all peaceable means had been exhausted and the declaration of war had become inevitable.

No. 3 is what we see in Japan to-day.

The poems will appear in the Independent of December 8.

THREE POEMS.

BY MUTSUHITO, EMPEROR OF JAPAN.

I.

My heart's at peace with all, and fain would I
Live, as I love, in lifelong amity;
And yet the storm-clouds lower, the rising wind
Stirs up the waves; the elemental strife,
Wages around, I do not understand
Why this should be.

II.

'Tis surely not our fault. We sought to be sincere in deed and word;
We have exhausted every means to press
A clear and truthful case, but all in vain.
Now may the God that sees the hearts of men
Approve of what we do!

III.

They're at the front,
Our brave young men; and now the middle-aged
Are shouldering their arms; and in the fields
The old men gather in the abundant rice,
Low stooping o'er the sheaves; all ages vie
In cheerful self-devotion to the land.

Kyoto, Japan.

DIAMOND STOLEN FROM WOMAN'S EAR

Large Sleeve on Cloak Worn by Another Lady Hides Thief's Hand.

ROBBERY ON A STREET CAR.

Mrs. J. R. Johnson of Dallas, Tex., the Victim of the Daring Theft—Gem Worth $200.

Working under the voluminous folds of a fashionable woman's sleeve in a crowded Market street car coming in from the World's Fair grounds, thieves took a $200 diamond from the ear of Mrs. J. R. Johnson of Dallas, Tex., Friday evening. Detectives were put to work on the case yesterday.

Mrs. Johnson was a prominent exhibitor in the Horticulture building at the Fair. She says that just before boarding the car she felt her ears, as had been her custom after passing through a crowd, to see if the diamonds were there.

Standing in the aisle near her were several persons, among whom was a lady who was formerly connected with the Montana building. On account of the lurching of the car, Mrs. Johnson says repeatedly the lady was brushed against her. She wore a handsome cloak, the sleeves of which were quite full. She held to a strap, which brought the sleeves close to the side of Mrs. Johnson's head.

"I firmly believe," said Mrs. Johnson yesterday, "that two thieves occupied a seat just behind me, and that they noticed the lady's sleeves brushing against my neck. Under this cover I think they secured the missing earring. The other was unfastened, but doubtless they did not have time to extract it."

Mrs. Johnson says she was on Market street car No. 2221, and that she called the conductor and informed him that she had been robbed. At this time the car was west of King's highway.

She states that she received no assistance and was told that she should be more careful. In the confusion resulting from her declaration that she had lost the gem, and while searching the car seat and floor, one of the men disappeared. When King's highway was reached the other suspect got off.

Mrs. Johnson declined to give the name of the Montana woman, but as soon as the car approached Twelfth street she informed detectives of the occurrence. She was prominent as an exhibitor at the Exposition, and is now engaged in shipping her fruit and nursery specimens back to Texas. She is boarding at No. 3710 Locust street.

The earring was attached to Mrs. Johnson's ear by means of one of the old-fashioned fastenings. Working with his hand secreted beneath the large sleeve of the Montana woman's cloak, it is believed the thief unfastened the hook and then, taking advantage of the jostling of the car, removed the diamond gradually.

The police say it was one of the most daring thefts committed in St. Louis in some time, and that it was one of the first robberies of the kind ever reported in the city.

ORDERED TRAIN BY TELEPHONE

Special Arrives From Kansas City, Where $300 Had Been Left at Hotel in Payment.

A special train, which had been ordered by telephone in Kansas City, and $300 left at one of the hotels in payment for its use, arrived at Union Station yesterday morning at 8:45 o'clock. The run from Kansas City had been made in six hours and fifteen minutes.

Aboard was a party of officials of the Philadelphia Gas Company, who departed later over the Vandalia for the East. It was not until St. Louis was reached, however, that the identity of the passenger was ascertained.

When E. S. Jewett, city agent of the Missouri Pacific, arrived at his home in Kansas City at 1:30 o'clock yesterday morning, he found a telephone call awaiting him. He called the number and the following conversation is said to have taken place:

"My name is Clark and I want a special train to St. Louis. Must be there before 10 o'clock in the morning."

"Put up $300 with the clerk at the Coates House and I will order the train," Mr. Jewitt is credited with having said.

The party immediately left the hotel and by the time they reached the Union Depot an engine, baggage car and coach were awaiting them. The start was made at 1:20 o'clock, as second section of No. 19, and fast schedule was maintained, the special reaching St. Louis more than an hour ahead of the time set as the limit.

BURNED IN ATTEMPT TO SAVE MOTHER FROM FLAMES.

Timely Arrival of Husband Prevents the Death of Mrs. John T. Fleming From Fire.

Despite the heoric efforts of her daughter Mary, Mrs. John T. Fleming probably was fatally burned in her home, No. 2208 O'Fallon street yesterday afternoon. Miss Fleming also sustained severe burns about the hands in attempting to beat out the flames which enveloped her mother's clothing.

Mrs. Fleming was preparing dinner over a coal stove when a pan of grease suddenly boiled over. Some of the blazing grease spattered onto her apron, which caught fire.

Her screams immediately brought her daughter to her side. Miss Fleming attempted to beat out the flames with her hands, but probably would have been unable to save her mother but for the arrival of her father, who wrapped Mrs. Fleming in a rug and extinguished the flames.

LIQUID METALS USED AS REMEDY FOR PNEUMONIA

Solution Containing Gold, Silver, Platinum and Other Metals Injected Hypodermically.

DISCOVERY OF FRENCHMAN.

Doctor Albert Robin's Sensational Theory May Cause Revolution in Science of Medicine.

CURE IN NEARLY EVERY CASE.

Only One Out of Fourteen Patients Failed to Respond to the Treatment—"Metallic Ferments" Is the Name Applied to New Find.

SPECIAL BY CABLE.

Paris, Dec. 6.—(Copyright, 1904.)—A sensational communication was made to the Academie de Medicine to-day by Doctor Albert Robin, who reported his discovery of the fact that certain metals, such as gold and silver, very finely subdivided and employed in infinitesimal doses exercise a considerable effect on the vital phenomena.

Reduction of the metals to the desired state is obtained by their electrical dissolution in water. The metal so treated acquires the property of developing a force similar to that of a ferment. This peculiarity of the phenomenon has led Doctor Robin to use the term "metallic ferment" in reporting his discovery.

His metallic ferments are employed in cases of pneumonia in hypodermic injections of from five to ten cubic centimeters of solution, containing from .005 to .2 of a milligramme of gold, silver, platinum and so forth, produced a brusque defervescence of the malady in six cases out of ten before the seventh day.

Thirteen cures were obtained in fourteen cases thus treated. There is a complete similarity between the natural favorable crisis in pneumonia and that produced by metallic ferments. These ferments, therefore, are capable of producing, aiding or hastening this natural favorable crisis.

After one or two injections the temperature falls suddenly, almost always in a definite manner. The employment of these metallic ferments does not constitute the complete treatment of pneumonia, for complications and the predominance of certain symptoms necessitate accessory therapeutics, but great progress would appear to be made by their use in the treatment of this frequent and serious malady.

NO WORLD'S TOUR FOR THE PRESENT

Forest Park Must Be Cleared Before He Departs, Says President Francis.

Reports of a "triumphal tour" around the world for President Francis are pronounced premature by the immediate object of the rumors.

They have their source, he says, in such interchange of compliments which ordinarily take place between the host and his guests at the moment of the departure of the latter.

"I have made no plans for such a trip," said President Francis yesterday in discussing his reported intention to swing round the globe early next year.

"Of course, it is not impossible or improbable that I may sometime take a trip around the world, but at present any contemplation of the journey is necessarily very hazy.

"I expect to be very busy for some months to come with the affairs of the Exposition. After the exhibits have been reshipped and the buildings razed from the Exposition site, the World's Fair management has yet before it the great task of the restoration of that part of Forest Park included in the Fair site.

"I expect and hope to give that important work some of my attention and to see the work of restoring the park safely launched. Then I hope to be able to give my private business some attention, which I have not been able to do during the six years in which I have been interested in the work of the World's Fair.

"In parting with Foreign Commissioners I have said that I hoped to meet them again in their own countries, and hence, I suppose, the origin of the report that I would tour the world soon after the close of the Fair."

TANSEY SUCCEEDS JENKINS.

Dockery Fills Vacancies on State Board of Arbitration.

REPUBLIC SPECIAL.

Jefferson City, Mo., Dec. 6.—Governor Dockery to-day made the following appointments: G. D. Kennedy, Coal Oil Inspector of Brunswick, Mo.; T. A. Bryan, of Ste. Genevieve, School Commissioner of Ste. Genevieve County, vice W. L. Morton, resigned; Ed P. Caruthers of Kennett, member of the Board of Regents of the Cape Girardeau Normal School, vice T. B. Ruly, resigned; J. B. Thomas of Albany, member of the State Board of Arbitration, vice E. S. Garver, resigned; George J. Tansey of St. Louis, member of the same board, to succeed Tom Jenkins, resigned.