

BUTLER WEEKLY TIMES

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J. D. ALLEN & Co., Proprietors,

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BUTLER MISSOURI

WEDNESDAY, APR 15, 1885.

It looks as if the British Lion will tuck its tail between its legs and scoot for its native jungle, scared by the growl of the northern bear.

Since war has been declared off in the old country, grain has taken a tumble and the bears are decidedly on top, the bulls being lost in the the labyrinth of their dreams of futures.

The TIMES advises the people of Walnut to keep cool, even after grading commences east of Pleasanton. A grade is not a railroad, as the people of Bates county know to their sorrow.

Recent dispatches state that the officers of the Columbian government selected too of the ringleaders of the rebel prisoners confined at Colon, and placing them on a steamer, carried them out in the bay, where they were thrown overboard and drowned.

The democratic administration creates consternation among the clerks at Washington by demanding a fair day's work for a fair day's wages. When it becomes generally known that ten hour's work is expected of the government employe we can all settle down to replanting our winter wheat with much greater satisfaction.

Colonel Tom Saffold said yesterday: "I was talking with General Toombs the other day, and he said: 'Saffold, the greatest vice to which the human family is addicted is gambling, and yet do you know there isn't a word in the Bible in condemnation of it. There is nothing in the ten commandments, nothing in the sermon on the mount, nothing anywhere in the Bible against this passion that leads to more sin than almost any other.'"

The Irish dynamiters have a new scheme of revenge. They are going to repay France for expelling the Fenians by blowing up the Suez Canal. This is a capital idea, for it snipes two enemies at once: but before the patriots undertake the expense of a journey to Africa to destroy a tide-water canal, suppose they first try to blow up the Thames or the St. Lawrence, just to see how much dynamite will be required.—Globe Democrat.

The St. Louis papers are all greatly agitated over the finding of the body of C. A. Preller, a wealthy young Englishman, in a trunk in the Southern hotel in that city. The suspicion rests upon a young physician by the name of Maxwell. Preller's room-mate, who disappeared about the time of Preller's death. The body was badly decomposed when found, and a card was in the trunk bearing the inscription, "So perish all traitors to the great cause." The case is shrouded in a deep mystery.

The press and people almost universally commend the wisdom and foresight in Gov. Marmaduke in refusing to convene a special session of the legislature to consider the cattle plague. At that time it was considered that private subscriptions would be sufficient to accomplish the desired purpose. The plague, however, continues with unabated fury and it is considered by those best posted in the matter to be impossible to stop its ravage in this manner, hence there is a general demand from all over the State for legislative interference and the Governor will be strongly petitioned to reconsider his decision and convene the legislature at an early date.

EMPORIA ROAD.

The people of Walnut are greatly encouraged in the prospect of the Emporia road being built to that town the coming summer. The signs are all very favorable, and it looks very much as if the road will be pushed ahead through Bates county and strike that town in its route, though a good many believe that should the road be built it will go north of Walnut creek, leaving the present town site of Foster a mile or two to the south, as this route would require far less grading, for, in fact, it is almost a natural grade. Be this as it may be, it behooves the people of that section to keep cool heads and not get excited, even after work is begun on the road west of Pleasanton. Remember there is many a slip 'twixt the cup and the lip, and a burnt child generally shuns the fire. The coal in Walnut and New Home townships will, of itself, eventually bring railroads through that section of the country, but whether it will be this year or the next, time alone can tell. By getting excited and enthused last year, after grading had begun, caused many a poor fellow to lose his all and others to be financially crippled. If it is to the company's interest to run this road through the town of Foster, they will do it, but if not, they will go wherever their best interests lie. We earnestly hope that the people over there may secure the long hoped for outlet, and we believe they will, but we have no information on which to base such a belief, and it would be fool hardy in the extreme for men to invest money there until they are assured, without a shadow of a doubt, that the road will be built. To buy land in that section would be different, for it is only a question of time when all of that land will be valuable. As for the people of Butler, there is not a shadow of a doubt but that when the time comes for them to act, they will not let the railroad miss Butler for want of a few thousand dollars. Our business men and citizens generally have never failed to do their part when a fair proposition has been offered.

FAIR PLAY.

In reviewing the actions of the judges and clerks of the north ward in our recent city election, the TIMES last week tried to do all parties justice and gave the plain, unvarnished truths, the gifted (?) editor of that would-be sensational sheet, the Republican, to the contrary notwithstanding. We want to see right and justice done in this matter. If Morgan was elected fairly and squarely by the suffrages of the people, we say that he should be installed in the office; but, on the other hand, if Dickerson received a majority of the legal votes cast at that election, and we believe he did, we affirm that the board did right in swearing him in, and we uphold them in that course in spite of the howling and kicking of the disappointed radicals and their organs, who are trying to make capital out of the whole affair. The democratic papers have been conservative in their course and showed a disposition of fairness, as have the whole democratic party, which the republicans can make no pretensions of. They have been radical in the extreme, and while they denounce the democratic judges for thwarting their pet schemes, declare that they will have Morgan or nobody. They will rule or ruin. Now the facts are that the Foxs not only voted in the absence of the enrolling judge, but were held around the polls for over an hour waiting for this convenient opportunity, knowing full well that their votes would be challenged. How does that savor of their boasted fairness? The whole proceedings of the county clerk, who issued the certificate of election to Dickerson, and the town board who swore him in and had him regularly installed as city marshal, have been legal, and yet Morgan is encouraged in his braggadocio conduct of insisting on wearing the star of that office and parading the streets, claiming to be the true marshal, to the ridicule of every sensible person.

General Grant is much improved in health and the hope is entertained by his physicians that he will recover.

GOV. J. S. MARMADUKE.

The American citizen is censorious or nothing. He visits a man into an idol, and then for some fancied error, he denounces him as an infinitesimal fragment. But yesterday Governor Marmaduke was a hero in the eyes of the ultra-democratic to-day, and a traitor to-day, simply because he did not do as a mother's teeth would have him do. It is a good thing that the lady's indignation is so general, for after an impartial trial pronounced him guilty, a judge had solemnly sentenced him to hang for the tigerish propensities of a severe opponent, the man was growing over the excitement of an impending execution regardless of the fact that death is no punishment—simply the paying of a debt that is inevitable to him—when their passion was a white heat, because he had used his great prerogative, and duty to resign. As a last resort, backed by a strong petition, an appeal was made to the Governor, and with a heart lacerated by the death of his mother and other relatives, the strong man bowed before a mother's tearful appeals; all she asked was the life of her boy—the sunny haired child that had lain on her breast in the days that had gone by in a gleam of hope, and the better nature of the man was touched, the softer feelings of humanity triumphed over the cold callousness of law; he had just lost the sting of death, he had just seen a beautiful historic field, and he knew that a mother's love would cheer him—her devotion, she would soothe his pain, and would knead a mother's heart with boy—his life, his boy should live, though never more would he be permitted to struggle against the busy hands of men, but a prisoner for life. For this reason men in Henry county have asked John S. Marmaduke to resign. Such an act will endow him to the heart of many a mother, and it is regretted, as all men may wish it at least on the side of mercy. Let the men of Henry county, chivalrous as we know them to be, think calmly of this matter and they will come to the sage conclusion that in their haste to condemn the Governor, their motive partook more of the spirit of vindictiveness than that of charity.—Richmond Conservator.

Sunday School Convention.

The convention of the State Sunday School Association will be held at Warrensburg, Mo., commencing Tuesday, May 5th, 1885, to continue three days.

Every Sunday school district in the State should be represented by its delegates at this convention, as in any matters of vital interest to the Sunday school cause will be discussed by our representative Sunday school men and our ablest and most prominent divines. A full program will be furnished at an early date.

Delegates will pay full fare on railroads going to Warrensburg, and a certificate will be given to them while they are at the convention, which will entitle them to a return ticket at one cent per mile.

Ample accommodations are promised us by the various churches of Warrensburg.

Delegates will please send their names to S. M. Fitch, Warrensburg, Mo., Chairman Entertainment committee.

Colorado, Tex., April 15.—Col. A. W. Dunn, President of the Colorado Bank, and family arrived home to day from a three months' visit to San Antonio. Col. Dunn, while absent, visited his cattle ranch in old Mexico; also the Independence ranch, on the Lower Pecos, in which he is a large stockholder. He reports cattle in Mexico and on the Pecos in good condition, and says the losses through the winter are very small.

Cattle buyers are here from Kansas City, who are bidding for spring shipments of beef. As yet no figures have been agreed upon and no contracts closed. Buyers from St. Louis and Chicago are here, and liberal advancements are being offered on spring shipments of beef.

COMPROMISE PROPOSITION.

It is a well known fact that the proposition to build a road from Pleasanton to Walnut was a compromise proposition.

The proposition was made by the citizens of Walnut, and was a compromise proposition, as it was a concession to the citizens of Pleasanton.

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SPRING STOCK. NOW COMPLETE AT. MAX WEINER'S, EAST SIDE OF THE PUBLIC SQUARE. My stock this season of BOOTS AND SHOES, Rubbers and Slippers. Has never been so complete my goods are superior in quality make and style. MY PRICES ARE THE Lowest in Town.

BUTLER ELEVATORS. Having leased the Butler Elevators for a term of years, W.M. WILSON Desires to announce to the farmers of Bates county, that he will pay the Highest Market Price For grain and seeds of all kinds, Castor Beans and Flax Seed to Loan. This evening Col. E. C. Boudinot of the Indian territory was united in marriage to Miss Minear, formerly of California. The ceremony, which was private, took place at the mansion formerly occupied by Col. Robert Ingersoll, after which the bride and groom left for St. Louis and Fayetteville, Ark., at which latter place Col. Boudinot will locate in the practice of law. Commissioner Black is making many reformatoms in the pension bureau, being determined that the office shall not any longer be subjected by dead-beats who are able but refuse to pay their debts. He recently issued an order to this effect and as a sequence the sum of \$20 per month is being retained from the salary of Captain Alexander R. Banks, formerly of Lawrence, Kas., who is now the supervising examiner of pensions at St. Louis, to be applied in liquidating a bill for board and a poor widow lady, incurred some years ago when he was clerk to the senate pensions committee. M. W. DUNHAM Wayne, Du Page Co., Illinois. HAS IMPORTED FROM FRANCE Ferchere Horses valued at \$5,000.00. 75 PER CENT OF ALL HORSES Sold by the Auctioneers of this State EVER IMPORTED TO AMERICA. STOCK OF HARDS: 150 Imported Bird Nets, 250 Imported Scales, Old enough for service. 100 COLTS, Two years old, which I have imported from France and are now on hand. Respecting the price accepted by the original importer, however, without regard to the price paid by the original importer, they should be valued only as grain. I will sell my stock at 75 per cent of the original price unless I am convinced by the original importer that the price offered is not sufficient to cover the cost of the goods. The 75 per cent will be paid by the original importer of the goods and the balance of the 25 per cent will be paid by the original importer of the goods. All persons knowing themselves indebted to the said firm will please come forward and settle their accounts either by cash or note without further notice, March 15th, 1885. JOHN PHARIS, W. N. PORCH.