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THE ST. LOUIS REPUBLIC.

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NINETY-EIGHTH YEAR. FRIDAY MORNING, SEPTEMBER 22, 1905. PRICE {In St. Louis, One Cent. Outside St. Louis, Two Cents. On Trains, Three Cents.

SUMMARY OF The St. Louis Republic

Friday, September 22, 1905.

THE WEATHER.

FAIR TO-DAY. A.M.

For St. Louis and Vicinity—Fair to-day, with moderate temperature; winds generally southerly. 6—61
8—65
9—68
For Missouri—Fair to-day and Saturday. 10—73
11—75
Yesterday's Conditions. M.
Weather: Clear throughout the day. Temperature: Maximum, 82 at 3 o'clock; minimum, 63 degrees. Wind: Direction, south in the morning, southeast in the afternoon; maximum velocity, ten miles per hour. Precipitation: None. Humidity: At 7 a. m., 72; at 7 p. m., 51. Barometer: At 7 a. m., 29.72; at 7 p. m., 29.86. Stage of the river, 20.2 feet at 7 a. m. 12—77
P.M.
1—78
2—79
3—81
4—83
5—81
6—80
9—77
12—70
Sun rises 5:47; sun sets 5:59; length of day, 12:12. Moon rises 11:54; new moon, September 28; first quarter, October 5; full moon, October 12. A.M.
3—67

Washington, Sept. 21.—Forecast for Friday and Saturday:

Indiana and Illinois—Fair Friday and Saturday; fresh west winds.

Iowa—Fair Friday and Saturday.

Eastern Texas—Fair Friday and Saturday; light south winds.

Nebraska and Kansas—Fair Friday and Saturday.

Arkansas, Oklahoma, Indian Territory and Western Texas—Fair Friday and Saturday.

WANT ADS

On Pages 10 and 11. Birth, Marriage and Burial Records and New Corporations on Page 10. Death Notices on Page 7. Vessel Movements on Page 2

FEATURES OF TO-DAY'S NEWS.

1. Grand Jury After Millionaires.
New York Insurance Investigation.
Folk Says He's Not a Saint.
Serven Escapes From Asylum.
Ends Life in Hotel Beers.
Agents Agree on Compromise.
Acrobats Are Injured.
2. Reforms in Campaign Methods.
To Report Insurance Company.
3. Flood Situation in Missouri.
Packers Show White Feather?
Folk Answers W. C. T. U.
Missouri's Fame in West.
4. Changing St. Nicholas Hotel.
Medal for Life Saver.
5. Lawyers Clash in Court.
Autos Collide in Forest Park.
7. News of the Railroads.
Says He Fired Shot at Him.
12. Lived With Bullet in Head.
Verdict Withheld in Lagler Case.
14. Improvement in State Yield.
No Changes in Federal Work.
Graft Reform Great Issue.
Five Killed in Train Wreck.
Pastor's Proposition Refused.

FOREIGN.

M. Plancon arrives in St. Petersburg with a copy of the peace treaty. The Czar is expected back from his yachting trip today. PAGE 11.

WASHINGTON.

President Roosevelt will ask Congress to enact a law to reform election campaign methods by prohibiting corporation contributions. PAGE 2.

Swift & Co.'s proposition to kill only tuberculous hogs from food products is regarded as a plea for Government leniency in the prosecutions pending. PAGE 2.

LOCAL AND SUBURBAN.

Republican officeholders will not be disturbed, regardless of rule of the "clean-ers." PAGE 10.

Many pedestrians are attracted by the changes being made in the St. Nicholas Hotel building. PAGE 4.

Former Governor Dockery talks on the need of Democratic unity in next campaign. PAGE 10.

City Attorney Anderson and Harry Walsh came to blows in the trial of a case in Judge Tracy's court. PAGE 3.

Grand Jury has subpoenaed thirty millionaires to explain their personal-tax returns. PAGE 1.

Citizens of South St. Louis plan a medal for Hattie Neuhe, who saved family from death in fire. PAGE 4.

Governor Folk responds to messages sent to him by the W. C. T. U. PAGE 3.

Albert Kratky was arrested, charged with firing a shot at Albert Schmieck in the office of the Standard Bagging Company. PAGE 7.

Coroner Koch of St. Louis County withholds verdict upon death of material-man. PAGE 12.

Hamilton Avenue Christian Church refused pastor's proposition to raise salary or allow him to practice law. PAGE 10.

Henry Sapp of Edwardsville, who was shot ten days ago in the eyes of the town, died yesterday. PAGE 12.

Acrobats at Belleville street fair are injured in full view of crowd. PAGE 1.

Young woman obtains allowance of $10 in Probate Court for nursing fiance during his last illness. PAGE 1.

A cadet at the Hotel Beers committed suicide by taking morphine. PAGE 2.

Ramsey supposed to have some strong support in contest against Gould suit of Little Kanawha. PAGE 7.

City health officials will disregard Illinois protests about inspections. PAGE 4.

GENERAL DOMESTIC.

The National Harvester Company and other big corporations are said to be planning establishment of subsidiary factories in Europe. PAGE 1.

Vice President Perkins of the New York Life Insurance Company makes further interesting statements about the conduct of the company's affairs. PAGE 1.

Daughters of Confederacy raise $300 to erect monument at Higginsville. PAGE 3.

Emil Serven, who killed a St. Louis saloonkeeper, and Bill Dooley, the St. Francis County feudist, escape from the Farmington asylum and elude their pursuers. PAGE 1.

Five were killed and several injured in wreck in Pennsylvania. PAGE 14.

Illinois officials are to investigate the workings and the officers of the Western Indemnity Life Company. PAGE 2.

Admiral Dewey says Russo-Japanese War has proved efficiency of heavy battleships and big guns. PAGE 3.

Conditions in the flooded district of Central Missouri is becoming normal and railway traffic is being resumed. PAGE 3.

George Benham of St. Louis is elected first vice president of the underwriters' association. PAGE 1.

RAILROADS.

St. Louis's natural advantages as a grain center expounded before the Interstate Commerce Commission. PAGE 7.

SPORT NEWS.

Browns beat the Boston team by score of 5 to 3. PAGE 8.

Britton here to play St. Louis football players. PAGE 6.

PRESIDENT HARPER'S FRIENDS FEAR HE WILL NEVER LEAVE HIS BED

PRESIDENT HARPER OF CHICAGO UNIVERSITY.

REPUBLIC SPECIAL.

Chicago, Sept. 21.—Although the attending physicians do not admit it, there are persistent rumors in University of Chicago circles that Doctor William R. Harper has suffered a serious relapse.

Members of the family are hastening to Chicago, and the gravest fears are felt in the university over the turn of affairs since the return of Doctor Harper from Battle Creek, Mich.

The operation performed last Sunday has afforded relief, but it is not believed it will result in anything like permanent help.

President Harper's friends fear he will never leave his bed.

TRUSTS TO MOVE ACROSS THE OCEAN

Propose to Establish Subsidiary Factories in European Capitals.

HARVESTER COMPANY IN LEAD.

Uncertainty as to Tariff Conditions and Fear of Retaliatory Moves Abroad Cause of New Plan.

REPUBLIC SPECIAL.

Chicago, Sept. 21.—Representatives of the International Harvester Company have secured options on sites in Southern Sweden with a view to building factories from which the trade of Northern Europe can be supplied.

The work being done in Sweden, it is announced by General Manager Funk of the harvester corporation, is being duplicated in other European capitals.

Uncertainty as to American tariff conditions, with the possibility of retaliatory tariffs against American manufacturers being generally adopted abroad, is given as the reason for planning subsidiary factories in Europe. Other big American industrial establishments, it is said, are to follow the lead of the harvester combine.

"Conditions in the United States are such," said Mr. Funk today, "that the International Harvester Company has been forced to protect its interests in Europe, and is planning the possible erection of a plant in Sweden. I may say there is a possibility, though at present remote, that the company will build plants in all the European countries."

WIFE AT HOSPITAL; HUSBAND DETAINED

Mrs. Mary Elliott, Said to Be Suffering From Strychnine Poisoning, Claims That Her Spouse Was in League With a Rival.

Charging that she had been poisoned in the interests of a rival for the affections of her husband, Mrs. Mary Elliott was taken to the City Dispensary about 1:30 this morning suffering from what the physicians diagnosed as strychnine symptoms.

According to her story, she had been separated from her husband for some time, and while she lived at her home, No. 304 South Third, he had removed to an address she gave as No. 1309 High street.

She stated that he sent for her yesterday and that he took her to a restaurant where a woman works, who, Mrs. Elliott believes, is a rival for her place in her husband's affections. At this restaurant, she states, she received a cup of coffee which she believes contained some poison.

Soon after her return to her house she was stricken with violent pains in the stomach. She was sent to the Dispensary and was pumped out. Her condition was pronounced serious.

Her husband was arrested and locked up in the Fourth District Station. He gave his name as Joseph H. Elliott, and his address as the High street number.

At an early hour this morning the police were still searching for the restaurant keeper's daughter, whose name is mentioned in the case.

STRANGER ENDS LIFE AT HOTEL BEERS

Man Who Registers as "R. L. Brown, Boston," Commits Suicide With Morphine.

ONLY ONE CLEW TO IDTENTITY.

Trade Labels Torn From Clothing and His Eyeglasses—Was Without Baggage.

DESCRIPTION OF THE UNIDENTIFIED SUICIDE.

The man who took morphine in Beers Hotel and died last night in the City Hospital was about 45 years old, apparently, and weighed about 200 pounds.

He was five feet eight inches in height, of light but florid complexion, smooth-faced, with dark-brown hair and blue eyes.

He had a Hunting-case watch, No. 60729, with works numbered 7067. The only possible means of identification he did not destroy was on his bootstraps, which bore the name and address, "Bagley, 421 Felix street, St. Joseph, Mo."

A man who registered in Hotel Beers, Grand and Olive, at 8 o'clock Wednesday night as "R. L. Brown, Boston," died in the City Hospital last night as the result of taking morphine.

"I have no baggage, but know the usual hotel rules," he said to Night Clerk G. S. Watts, and forthwith paid in advance for one night.

Repairing to room No. 121, to which he was assigned, he stayed there a few minutes and then came down into the lobby, smoking a cigar. He went out, and the night clerk did not see him return.

At noon yesterday Day Clerk L. H. Adair, upon the statement of a chambermaid that she could not get into No. 121, gained entrance by means of a fire escape, through a window, and found the man undressed, in bed and unconscious. Beside the bed was a bottle partly filled with morphine.

Doctor Spencer Graves of Lindell boulevard was summoned and attended the man until Patrolman Obermiller took him to the City Hospital.

The police say the man took more precautions to keep his identity unknown than any suicide they ever heard of. His clothing was neatly folded and placed in a chair, and every mark that might be used as in the way of identification was destroyed. Even the name of the optician who furnished him with nose glasses was scratched from the glasses case.

"Brown" was of medium height and build, with light complexion, florid and smooth-faced, and was fairly well dressed. He appeared to be 45 years old.

POLICE AID FLOOD VICTIMS.

Mother and Seven Children Sleep in Carondelet Station.

Mrs. Elizabeth Van Ider, 36 years old, living at No. 3317 Polk street, reported to the Carondelet Police Station last night that her home is surrounded by the flood.

She has seven children, ranging in age from 2 to 18 years, and two of them are sick. The police sheltered the mother and her family over night.

GRAND JURY ASKS MILLIONAIRES TO EXPLAIN RETURNS

Thirty St. Louis Men of Combined Wealth of $50,000,000 Subpœnaed to Testify Concerning Taxes.

TWENTY TO APPEAR TO-DAY.

R. C. Kerens and Charles Lemp Said to Be Among Witnesses Who Are on List.

ONE JUST MAN IS FOUND.

Witnesses Will Be Examined as to Their Statements on Personal Wealth by Circuit Attorney Sager.

Thirty men, whose combined wealth is estimated to aggregate at least $50,000,000, are wanted by the Grand Jury to testify to the assessments on their personal taxes.

The subpoenas were given to the Sheriff for service yesterday morning, and it is understood that about twenty have been served to appear this afternoon in the Grand Jury room.

Special boodle investigations several times brought rich men before the Grand Jury, and the investigation of the James L. Blair case caused the representation of much wealth in the Grand Jury rooms, but the tax investigation will break all records as to rich witnesses.

On the list are two men who have frequently been estimated to be worth $10,000,000 or $15,000,000. One of these is Richard C. Kerens, recent candidate for United States Senator and at one time a leader in the Republican party.

The name of Charles Lemp, brewer, is among those on the list, and J. C. Davis is included. Further than these, the names of the witnesses have been carefully guarded and the others who are to appear are not known.

It is said, however, that these men, like many other citizens of wealth, have always left the matter of personal tax returns to the Assessor. When the list is left with them they sign it and then instruct the Assessor or Deputy Assessor to fill it out as he sees fit.

In this way, it is said the Grand Jury has discovered, many wealthy persons claim that they are not to blame if their assessments are too low.

One prominent money-lender is included. He is believed by the Grand Jury to have much more ready cash at all times than his last personal property return shows. He will be asked to explain.

The License Commissioner's records have been carefully examined and then compared with the personal property returns made by several large merchants, and some of these are wanted by the Grand Jury to explain the difference.

It is understood that the Grand Jury has run across the name of a jurist whose personal return indicates nearer what he is worth than any other man in the city. A well-known lawyer, the Grand Jury believes, took great pains to put his personal property down at a fair value.

Circuit Attorney Sager and Assistant Circuit Attorney Johnson will examine the witnesses and the Grand Jurors will also take a hand at propounding questions in cases where they have reason to suspect that the fair value is not given and that all personal property is not listed.

GIRL GETS $60 FOR NURSING FIANCE.

Miss Freida Knobler's Claim of $220 for Caring for E. R. Wagner, Who Has Died, Is Cut Down by the Court.

Miss Frieda M. Knobler of No. 1828 South Twelfth street obtained an allowance of $60 in the Probate Court yesterday against the estate of Eugene R. Wagner, to whom she was engaged to be married, for nursing him during his last illness.

She claimed $220 for services during fifty-five days prior to January 20 last, when he died.

He lived with his mother and stepfather, Mr. and Mrs. Henry Schechter of No. 1927 Wyoming street. She is 22 years old and he was one or two years older. His life was insured for $1,000, payable to his estate. His stepfather was appointed administrator to collect the insurance.

Miss Knobler was represented by Attorneys Paxson and Clark. It developed that she had received $50. Mr. Paxson, who tried the case, said the $50 was given to her by Mrs. Schechter on the day of her son's death, to purchase a mourning suit, and that the money was spent for that purpose.

Wagner, the attorney said, died of pneumonia after an illness of two months.

E. G. LEWIS TRANSFERS A BIG LAND TRACT.

Head of Publishing Firm Turns Over to Realty Concern 46,000 Front Feet Valued at $1,000,000.

The tract of ground containing 46,000 front feet, valued at $1,000,000, and owned by the University Heights Realty and Development Company, of which concern E. G. Lewis is president and secretary, was transferred to the Holbrook-Blackwelder Real Estate Company yesterday.

While the real estate company does not hold any claim on the property, it will dispose of the ground for the concern which is headed by E. G. Lewis. The tract is to be divided into lots and will likely be sold at auction.

The sale of the property, it is said, will be with a view to settling up the matters of the People's United States Bank, which is now in the hands of a receiver.

The property is located west of the Woman's Magazine building, and is said to be valued at more than a million dollars. It was understood, some weeks ago, that the property was to be disposed of, but at that time it was expected that E. G. Lewis would personally supervise its disposal.

JOINT ACCOUNTS PERMIT BANKERS TO GET PROFITS BELONGING TO N. Y. LIFE

Vice President Perkins, Morgan's Partner, Explains How Company Put Up All the Money and Lost Half of the Gain—Evidences of "Wash" Sales Are Produced—Certain Banking Institutions Favored by Great Privileges.

RECORDS OF THE COMPANY TRIP UP WITNESS

REPUBLIC SPECIAL.

New York, Sept. 21.—After a futile effort had been made by the insurance investigators' counsel to elicit any information from "Judge" Andrew Hamilton's secretary as to moneys paid to the "Judge" by the New York Life Insurance Company, George W. Perkins was recalled to the witness stand this morning and continued to monopolize the attention of the committeemen long into the afternoon.

Mr. Perkins's time was mostly taken up by explaining the "joint accounts" of the New York Life. One by one he outlined their beginning, progress and settlement, showing how the insurance company in each case put up the money for floating a block of securities, and then gave at least half the profits to the other partner, a banker or banking firm.

It developed during the day that the New York Life has been a heavy purchaser of bonds and securities of J. Pierpont Morgan & Co. It was shown in a list of purchases made by the New York Life on December 21, 1902, three blocks of bonds aggregating nearly $4,000,000 were bought of the Morgan company. Mr. Perkins, Morgan's partner, was asked if there was any authority for this purchase, and a search of the books of the company showed that there had not been any.

On February 16, 1903, $2,000,000 of these bonds was sold to the Morgan Company at the same price at which they had been bought.

EVIDENCE OF "WASH" SALES IS PRODUCED.

There was also a record produced of an $800,000 sale of the navigation syndicate certificates to Morgan's company on December 31, 1904. This was shown to be a "wash" sale only, made to reduce the holdings of the New York Life in that particular security, so that the company could make a better showing in its report.

On January 2, 1905, two days later, Mr. Perkins bought back these certificates from Morgan's company at the same price at which they had been sold, plus two days' interest, amounting to $266, which the New York Life paid Morgan & Co. rather than admit to the insurance department that it had these securities.

The story of the New York Life making itself agreeable to certain favored banking-houses came out in detail to-day, Mr. Perkins helping in the task of revealing queer joint accounts by which certain bankers made enormous sums out of the philanthropic and generous insurance company.

Mr. Perkins was not so fluent as he was last week. He tried to appear frank and open, but he was confronted with a very disagreeable situation, and sometimes he had to resort to the fencing methods of John A. McCall.

WITNESS TAKES ISSUE WITH HIS COMPANIONS' RECORDS.

He took issue with the records of his own company in one instance. Mr. Hughes, chief inquisitor for the insurance committee, held before Mr. Perkins's eyes the minutes of the New York Life Finance Committee as a proof that a certain statement by Perkins was all wrong. Mr. Perkins had been trying to explain why the New York Life went into a joint account to buy $3,000,000 Long Island Railroad bonds, when the same bonds had been offered direct. He admitted that the company had gone into a joint account with W. E. Fanshawe, had put up all the money, and had given Fanshawe nearly all the profit.

"We did that because Mr. Fanshawe discovered this business, and brought it to us," said Mr. Perkins.

"But you, yourself, reported to your Finance Committee that these bonds were offered the company by Kuhn, Loeb & Co.," declared Mr. Hughes, holding up the minutes for Perkins to see.

"That must be an error," responded Perkins. "I know Mr. Fanshawe brought us the business."

The minutes gave record proof that the company had an opportunity to buy the bonds direct from Kuhn, Loeb & Co., the syndicate managers, and that the company did not embrace this opportunity, but, on motion of Chairman Perkins, went into joint account with Fanshawe. The minutes struck a rude blow at Mr. Perkins's assertion that the company had to go into joint accounts and syndicates in order to invest money.

COMPANY PUT UP MONEY FOR NEARLY ALL TRANSACTIONS.

W. S. Fanshawe was the most popular of Wall street bankers with the New York Life. Fanshawe bought bonds from J. P. Morgan & Co. and Perkins as Morgan's partner. Fanshawe sold bonds to the New York Life. Fanshawe profited through joint account with the New York Life, but the insurance company had to put up all the money.

There was a little testimony to-day concerning the dual act where Perkins, acting as Morgan's partner, bought securities from Perkins as vice president and chairman of the Finance Committee of the New York Life, and then turned around and sold the same securities back to himself.

The developments from Perkins's testimony were on the same line as the revelations of joint accounts last week. Usually a joint account was profitable, especially to the partner of the New York Life. Mr. Hughes could not make Mr. Perkins admit that the company could have made much more money by keeping out of joint accounts and reserving all profits for policy holders.

In detailing the method of "joint" operations, Mr. Perkins said:

"On February 11, 1903, a joint account with Parson, Leach & Co. netted the New York Life $22,005.07. Bonds to nominal value of $1,100,000 were purchased by the New York Life for the joint account, marketed by Parson, Leach & Co., and the profits divided."

"Do I understand," said Mr. Hughes, "Parson, Leach & Co. did not put up any of the money?"

"Another way of putting it," replied Mr. Perkins. "They did all the work and we furnished the money."

"We received the money for our bonds and divided the profits."

"What is the work they did?"

"They called our attention to the bonds

Continued on Page Two.

ST. LOUIS MAN ELECTED BY INSURANCE AGENTS.

GEORGE BENHAM,
Of St. Louis, elected first vice president of the National Association of Life Underwriters.

AGENTS AGREE ON A COMPROMISE

Threatened Split Over the Raleigh Resolution Is Averted by Concessions.

NEXT MEETING IN ST. LOUIS.

George Benham of Missouri's Metropolis Is Elected Vice President of the Organization.

Hartford, Conn., Sept. 21.—Harmony prevailed this morning at the third day's session of the National Association of Life Underwriters, and the threatened split over the adoption of the resolution presented Tuesday by Delegate J. J. Raleigh of St. Louis, denouncing misconduct in insurance circles was averted. A compromise resolution was adopted.

The report of the Nominating Committee was adopted, and the following declared officers of the association: President, C. W. Scovell, Pittsburg; first vice president, George Benham, St. Louis; second vice president, F. E. McMullen, New York; third vice president, Colonel Robert Sholden, Atlanta, Ga.; secretary, Ernest J. Clark, Baltimore; treasurer, Eli D. Weeks, Litchfield.

The next annual convention will be held at St. Louis, the date to be determined by the Executive Committee.

The resolution recommends full publicity in relation to all insurance operations.

It was as follows:

"Resolved, That the National Association of Life Underwriters record the fact that the funds of the policy holders in life insurance companies of America have during the last half-century been administered with a fidelity, integrity and ability which recent events have but served to emphasize; and be it further

"Resolved, That for the best interests of the policy holders, and the companies, both of which in a special sense are committed to us, the association suggests full and free publicity of all the operations of the life insurance companies, as best calculated to minimize future opportunities for evil, and to retain the confidence of the public in the best and what will surely grow to be the greatest system of organized beneficence in the world—the business of life insurance."

ACROBATS INJURED IN VIEW OF CROWD.

Two Serious Accidents to Man and Woman Performers Mark the Closing Day of the Belleville Street Fair.

The Street Fair at Belleville, Ill., closed last night with two serious accidents which nearly resulted in the instant death of Mme. DeMona and Harry Russell.

The net which is supposed to catch the bait in which the female performer rolls down the track after twice looping the loop broke, precipitating her to the ground a distance of ten feet.

When picked up she was unconscious and was hurried off to her boarding-house while the spectators looked on in terror.

Russell, who is the trick bicycle rider and who loops the loop twice in succession and then jumps a high gap, fell off the wheel as it went over the chasm, falling on his head. He was also picked up unconscious and taken to his boarding-house, where his injuries are considered serious.

The spectators had hardly recovered from the shock of the first accident when Russell fell, and after the women who witnessed both events were revived the crowd went home.

Madame DeMona is said to have suffered internal injuries, and her condition is considered serious. Physicians were unable to determine either of the victims' condition last night.

MURDERERS ESCAPE FROM MANIAC WARD AT FARMINGTON, MO.

Emil Serven and Bill Dooley Pick Lock, Flee to Woods and Elude a Lare Posse of Pursuers.

SEARCH CONTINUED AT NIGHT.

Friends of the Fugitives Are Believed to Have Given Aid to Them—May Now Be Hiding in the Ozark Foothills.

THIRD ATTEMPT FOR SERVEN.

Companion of Man Who Killed St. Louis Saloonkeeper Is Feudist Recently Captured After a Long Search.

REPUBLIC SPECIAL.

Farmington, Mo., Sept. 21.—William Dooley, feudist and slayer of two men, and Emil Merl Serven, murderer of Charles Bonnetti, who ran a saloon at No. 724 North Ninth street, St. Louis, escaped at 6 o'clock this morning from a detention room at State Hospital for the Insane No. 4, in this city, by picking a lock, and up to a late hour to-night have not been found, although fifty men spent the entire day searching the St. Francis River bottoms and the foothills of the Ozarks.

Sheriff Croke, with a picked posse of a dozen men, is continuing the search, and every effort will be made to capture the two men, who are regarded by the hospital authorities as being very desperate.

The escape was made during the breakfast hour, and the other inmates had been safely conveyed to the dining-room.

ALL TRACK LOST ON BANKS OF ST. FRANCIS RIVER.

From De Lassus the men were followed to the St. Francis River, several hundred yards beyond, but here all trace was lost.

It is believed by the authorities that friends of Serven, who says that his home is at Pekin, Ill., were notified that he would attempt to escape and were on hand to aid in spiriting him away. It is also believed that several of Dooley's friends had a hand in the escape.

During the day guards were posted along the river banks and men were dispatched up and down the stream in an effort to discover the trail which ended abruptly at the east side of the river.

THINK FUGITIVES HIDDEN IN FORESTS OF OZARKS.

No sign of the fugitives could be discovered, however, and the posses spread out over the adjoining territory, confident that Dooley had led Serven, and probably some of the friends of both, to the heavy forests in the Ozarks lying south of Doe Run, where Dooley spent several months without detection after he had killed William Harris on a train at Rock Springs, a small station near Doe Run several years ago.

To-night the Sheriff's posse is scouring this large tract of timber, but it is believed that the men will not be found until a desperate search has been made.

Both men are under indictment for murder in the first degree. The St. Louis Grand Jury returned a true bill against Serven, but he was never brought to trial, as he was adjudged insane.

Since his incarceration in the asylum Serven has escaped three times. He was captured the first two times. His success in escaping to-day is attributed to the cunning of Dooley, who is familiar with every bit of woods in St. Francois County and who for more than a year outwitted the entire peace force of St. Francois County and the Pinkerton agency of St. Louis.

Serven walked into Charles Bonetti's saloon in St. Louis on the afternoon of July 24, 1904, and deliberately shot Bonetti.

After the killing Serven laughed and declared that he had come to St. Louis from Pekin, purposely to kill Bonetti. He said that several other persons in St. Louis were to be killed for the same reason, but he declared he would not tell why he did it.

The prisoner was again turned over to the asylum authorities. Several weeks ago he escaped from the institution, but was caught in a cornfield.

Dooley has been an inmate of the asylum about three months. While awaiting trial on the charge of murdering William Harris, Dooley was incarcerated in the St. Louis jail, it being feared that his friends would make an attempt to rescue him from the Farmington jail.

During his imprisonment in St. Louis the guards at the jail became convinced that he was insane, and his attorneys asked the St. Francois County Court that he be adjudged insane.

Several guards from the St. Louis jail testified to his queer actions, and it was largely upon their testimony that Dooley was declared mentally unsound and placed in the asylum.

GOVERNOR FOLK SAYS HE IS NOT A SAINT.

Declares, in Speech at Denver, That Neither He Nor Any Other Man Can Make Missouri a Prohibition State.

REPUBLIC SPECIAL.

Denver, Colo., Sept. 21.—"Grafters are the easiest people in the world to whip," said Governor Joe Folk of Missouri at a Chamber of Commerce reception this morning.

Governor Folk did not make the statement, "I take a drink when I please," attributed to him.

In contradicting the statement of Mrs. Carrie Lee Carter Stokes, chairman of the Kansas W. C. T. U. Convention, that Governor Folk was leaning to the Prohibition idea, the latter said:

"I am no saint. I know that better than any people in Kansas can know it. My constituents in Missouri know that I never make any pretensions of being a saint.

"Those women in Kansas ought to know that no one can make right the corruptions of the world in one day or even in a lifetime. I will enforce the Sunday closing laws and close up many of the saloons in Missouri altogether, but to close them up for all time rests more with the people than with me. I have not made a Prohibition State out of Missouri. I cannot, nor can any other man."