

# The Vicksburg Herald

Sunday Morning, December 16.

SENATOR EUSTIS is looking after the North Louisiana postal routes.

GOVERNOR CULLOM, who has visited them, thinks the jetties at the mouth of the Mississippi river are a success.

THE Mobile Register thinks Humphreys, who released Patterson on habeas corpus, is little better than an idiot.

A MAJORITY of our State exchanges think that a Constitutional Convention at this time would be too expensive a luxury.

CAPT. HARRIS BARNESDALE, one of the proprietors of the well-known and powerful Jackson Clarion, made us a pleasant call yesterday.

If Vicksburg does not wake up and look to her interests she will soon find herself hemmed in by narrow-gauge railways that will feed other points.

THE Courier-Journal says Conkling chuckles over his Democratic allies. Yes, and so soon as he, with their aid, whips in Hayes, he will turn to and do his level best to lick the Democratic party.

We think it probable that General Chalmers will visit our city during the recess of Congress for the holidays. We hope that the harbor report he needs will be ready by the time he returns to Washington.

If our city will try once more to have the Deer Creek road built she can succeed. The Deer Creek people prefer to connect with Vicksburg, for after they connect with us, communication with the balance of the world is easy without loss of time.

The President is reported very angry because his New York nominations were defeated by Conkling et al. His anger amounts to nothing as far as party is concerned. They all fall into the ranks when the party lash comes down. Mr. Conkling's success was the defeat of the Democratic party, and Democrats are responsible for it.

GOVERNOR HUBBARD, of Texas, telegraphs to the President for troops to aid him in quelling some Mexicans that are raiding on the Rio Grande. This matter can be easily settled without war if our Government is anxious to do it. But is our Government anxious for peace with Mexico? We do not believe so. We firmly believe that Hayes wants war, and that the Texas fellows are co-operating with him to get it.

It comes the South can stand it, for it will make things lively and give the old Confederates a chance to do some fighting under the old flag.

We understand that one of our leading merchants has sent on for a quantity of cut and three cent pieces, with the intention of putting them in circulation in our city. This is a movement in the right direction. There are many articles that do not cost as much as five cents, and many of the prices of which do not fall on the multiple of five cents—some articles cost, for example, six cents. This merchant proposes to sell for the exact price in cents in all cases.

A person buying six cents' worth, if he hands a dime in payment, will get back four cents. In the thousands of transactions occurring daily in our city, these small savings will amount to an important sum. Many Southern cities have already introduced these small coins, with good results.

Mr. J. G. HOLLAND, in his story of "Seven Oaks," originated a plan for detecting forgery that promises to play an important part in all such cases in the future.

## Leithargic Vicksburg.

By the first day of February, 1878, a railroad from Greenville to Stoneville, on Deer Creek, in Washington county, will be finished. The iron is now being laid, an engine is running on a portion of the track, and much more of the road-bed is ready for the iron. At a meeting held in Greenville the sum of fifty thousand dollars was voted to this road with but one dissenting voice. After the road shall have been completed to Deer Creek, all acquainted with the topography of that level country, know it is but a small matter to extend it down the Creek as far as the Company choose. It is only a matter of a little ditch on each side of the road-bed and the cross-ties, and the track is ready for the iron. The Company propose to extend this road to Rolling Fork, and for all we know to the contrary, to a point near the mouth of Deer Creek on the Yazoo river. But suppose that they shall stop it at Rolling Fork. The southern terminus will then be so near this city that a cannon fired at the depot could be heard here. This road will rob Vicksburg of her very richest trade.

The Natchez, Jackson, and Columbus Railroad, is slowly, but surely being constructed through the section of country just east of the Big Black river. It now extends about six miles this side of Fayette, and in a few months it will be completed to the rich Bayou Pierre country. When both these roads are completed, Vicksburg will feel the effects so terribly that she will wonder that she stood all the day idle, while others reaped out their hands and grasped trade that ought to come to her.

The Vicksburg and Memphis road is possessed of valuable franchises. The citizens of Sharkey and Washington counties will gladly co-operate with Vicksburg to connect themselves with us by a railroad, but we are doing nothing. It is no exaggeration to say that if Vicksburg had a narrow gauge road tapping the Big Black and Bayou Pierre country, and one tapping the Deer Creek country, that every foot of real estate in this city would double in value. Such a road tapping Deer Creek would bring us just double the cotton, yes, four times as much cotton as we now get from that section. That means four times as much trade. Such a road crossing Big Black and ending in the valley of the Bayou Pierre, would bring us equally as much trade.

We are discussing this question only as it bears directly on the interest of the citizens of those sections, and on the interest of Vicksburg. We do not appeal to the spirit of progress and all that; we appeal to the interest of those who will be benefited.

Is it practicable to build these roads? We say it is. But, say the growlers and do-nothings, we have voted large sums to these roads and have not received one dollar's worth of benefit. This is so, but it does not shake our confidence in our ability to secure both these lines of road if we go at it with a will. We want for Vicksburg tap roads. We don't care to have long, costly roads that will build up other points. Such roads as will fully answer our purpose can be constructed for five thousand dollars a mile. A narrow gauge road was built in Virginia recently that only cost \$3,333 a mile, and it is now paying a yearly dividend of 18 per cent. The Natchez road is being built for \$5,000 a mile. The little road between Grand Gulf and Port Gibson pays an immense annual dividend. The narrow gauges spoken of above would also pay well. Now, can these roads be built without Vicksburg taking any risk if the attempt to build is made and fails? We are informed by men we believe able to build them, that they can. In other words, we understand parties are ready to build these roads, if Vicksburg and the counties interested will guarantee to do certain things after the roads shall have been completed. This should satisfy our most cautious citizens. If Vicksburg will guarantee to give \$50,000 on the completion of the road to Rolling Fork, and Sharkey county will agree to do the same, the Deer Creek road can be built within a year, and it can be extended farther into the interior on the same terms. If our city will agree to give \$50,000 on the completion of a road to the valley of Bayou Pierre, a road can be built across Big Black. And if both these roads were completed we believe our trade would be doubled, and that our property would be at least twice as valuable as it is now.

This is the plan that men in our midst who mean business are now talking of. No cure, no pay. Vicksburg will not, and ought not, to vote thousands of dollars in bonds to incomplete enterprises, but she can, and ought to, agree to help pay for enterprises on

completion that will add so vastly to her wealth and prosperity. We need these two short, cheap tap roads, and we need them badly.

### ODDS AND ENDS.

**THE RIGHT KING.**—Mr. Matthews' silver resolution.—[Jackson Clarion.

**ANOTHER COIN ISSUE.**—The Penny of our Parents is growing in popularity daily.

Three negroes are to be hanged next Friday at Kosciusco for murder.—[Kemper Herald.

A CLOUD no bigger than a grandmother's hand, frequently hangs over a small boy's life.

EVIDENTLY the holders of Tennessee bonds are preparing to roast lower.—[Memphis Avalanche.

The mother-in-law will talk. In fact, her chin usually works like a piece of machinery.

A FAT ANGEL.—When Senator David Davis becomes an angel of what use will one pair of wings be to him?

IT WAS SULLIVAN.—A Western editor returned a tailor's bill, endorsed, "Declined; handwriting illegible."

At this season of the year, a woman ought to get enough money from her husband to make him a present, even if the selfish thing thinks nothing of her.

**ALARMED.**—New England is alarmed at the increase of cotton mills in the South. She will be more alarmed at the way silver will again become money.—[Cincinnati Enquirer.

**HE WAS KIND.**—It is frequently said that if grand old Lincoln had lived he would have made advances toward the South. Of course he would, and for the good of the South, too.—[New York Herald.

**THE WEAKEST THING.**—The New York Times devotes a column to "the weakest points in the President's position." The weakest thing about it is the man who occupies it.—[St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

At a late meeting of the Tennessee Historical Society the name Sewanee was translated "Mother Mountain." Sequatchie, "Hog Valley." Chicamauga, "The River of Death" and Tennessee, "Tranquil Water."

**IF SHE CAN'T SEE THEM.**—A woman with sore eyes can't appreciate her church privileges. What difference does it make to the poor blinded creature how many new bonnets there may be in the house, if she can't see one of them?—[St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

**WALL STREET PARAMOUNT.**—The people can expect nothing from this Administration for the present but a continuance in the policy of the Wall street wreckers and sharks; but before a year elapses Mr. Hayes will dance to different music.—[Pittsburg Post.

**AN APPROPRIATE SEAT.**—Harlan, the second-rate Kentucky lawyer, who has intrigued himself into a seat on the Supreme Bench of the United States, was sworn in with great solemnity on yesterday, and appropriately took a seat next below Joe Bradley.—[Chicago Times.

**SORRY THEY DID IT.**—The Republicans who elevated the President to his present position still think that Republican principles are safer in their own charge than in charge of the Democrats, and respectfully remind him that the time may come when he will wish he had listened to their counsel and accepted their aid.—[Inter-Ocean.

**HIT IT AGAIN.**—Every man, woman and child in this country who buys a pair of boots or shoes is helping to pay the unreasonable tax of \$15,000,000, the value of the enhanced cost of these articles through the so-called protective tariff. The tariff not only fails to protect the people, but swindles them out of their money. It should be revised.—[Courier-Journal.

### The Fire Last Night.

About 1 o'clock this morning an alarm of fire was sounded and Jones's Hall, an immense old frame rookery, was discovered to be in flames. It burned like tinder and was soon destroyed, but in the meantime set fire to Mr. Reis's fine residence, north-east corner of Jackson and Cherry, which was past saving by the time the engines got water. From Mr. Reis's house the fire communicated to the residence of Mr. Sinsheimer, south of Reis's, on Cherry, owned by Dr. John R. Hicks, and at this writing, (2 o'clock) there appears to be no prospect of saving it. Mr. Reis had insurance to the amount of \$2,500 on the building, which is valued at about \$5,000. Mr. L. Hirsch, who occupied a portion of Mr. Reis's house, had \$1,500 insurance on his furniture. Nearly all the furniture was taken out of the building, but in a damaged condition. Dr. Hicks's house is valued at about \$5,000. We could not ascertain the latter's insurance. The origin of the fire is unknown. The front room of Jones's Hall was occupied by a negro barber-shop, but we believe no one was in the building when the fire was discovered. The coals of fire fell so thickly on the roofs of the houses in the neighborhood that it was with great difficulty the fire was prevented from spreading over a much greater space. The Main street public school-house caught fire in three places, as did the Brungard house, corner Main and Monroe streets, and the large residence of Mrs. Dr. Crump, corner Jackson and Cherry streets, but the fire was extinguished after burning small holes in the roofs.

### TROUBLE IN EL PASO.

**Fight Between Texas Troops and Mexicans.**—Governor Hubbard Applies for National Assistance to Overcome the Mexicans.

**EL PASO, TEXAS, Dec. 15.**—A News special reports that the El Paso troubles have broken out anew, and that fighting between the State troops and Mexicans has been going on for two days. The following dispatch was received by the Governor from the sheriff of El Paso county: "There was fighting all day yesterday at San Elizario, between the State troops and the Mexicans, on both sides of the river. (Signed) 'CHAS. KEMPER.'" The Governor sent the following dispatch to President Hayes: "I am officially informed that citizens of Mexico, in connection with citizens of El Paso county, Texas, of Mexican birth, were fighting all day yesterday, in Texas, with a detachment of State troops, who were acting under civil authority. The Mexican force being too strong to be repelled by the Texas troops, and it being impossible to raise a civil posse from the citizens, who are nearly all of Mexican blood and sympathy, and having no reinforcements within 700 miles. I ask the aid of such United States troops as may be necessary for the sake of justice, to repel this invasion of our territory, I have the honor to be your obedient servant. (Signed) 'K. B. HUBBARD, Governor of Texas.'" The latest dispatches from El Paso report five rangers and a merchant, named Ellis, killed by the Mexicans yesterday. The State troops are entrenched at San Elizario, surrounded by a mob of several hundred Mexicans, from both sides of the river. The Governor has telegraphed orders to recruit men from the nearest points in Texas and New Mexico, to aid the State troops.

**TURKEY'S APPEAL.**  
**Circular of the Porte to the European Powers, for Mediation—An Eloquent and Able Statement.**

**CONSTANTINOPLE, Dec. 15.**—A Constantinople dispatch to the Telegraph says the circular note dispatched by the Porte to the signatories of the treaty of 1871, commences by the statement that the origin of the present important events is perfectly known. The Imperial Government is conscious of having done nothing to provoke war; has done everything to avoid it, and waits only for a reasonable basis for a more aggressive campaign. The Porte has shown a desire for improvement by reorganizing the judicial system, and devising reforms without distinction of religion, according to a Constitution which had every where been well received. Partial reform is of no avail; the adoption of improvement in one part of the empire would only be a premium to other communities to revolt. Any doubt as to the execution of these reforms should disappear before the solemn declarations of the Porte now makes. A state of war simply retards such reforms, killing industry and ruining financial reorganization. Independent of these arrangements for reform, what reason can there be for continuing the war? Russia has declared she is not animated by a spirit of conquest; military honor on both sides must be abundantly satisfied; what objection here to prolonging contest ruinous to the country? The moment has arrived for the belligerent Powers to accept peace without affecting their dignity. Europe might now usefully interpose her good offices, since the Porte is ready to come to terms. The country is weary of its resources, and is still prepared to fight in its own defense; it is ready, moreover, to sacrifice all for the independence and integrity of fatherland, but the Porte is desirous to stop further effusion of blood, and therefore appeals to the feelings of justice which must animate the Great Powers, hoping they will receive these overtures favorably.

**The Feeling at Washington in Regard to the El Paso Row—It is Considered only a Local Affair—Steps for the Protection of American Citizens.**

**WASHINGTON, Dec. 15.**—The news of the troubles in El Paso county, Texas, and the telegram of Gov. Hubbard to the President calling for assistance from the United States for the purpose of silencing invasion of Texas territory by Mexican forces, caused some excitement, but the advice of our Government do not warrant the impression that any difficulties other than merely local troubles have presented themselves. There is no idea whatever that the Mexican Government is making any possible demand, so far as it can be learned, the unfriendly movements are of the same nature as those made to subject attention from the War Department some months ago. The Government does not consider that the troubles reported to-day are in any degree international. The dispatches were, however, promptly referred to the Secretary of War, who, after consultation with Gen. Sherman, gave directions for the mustering of our forces in Texas in such positions as to give whatever aid may be necessary to prevent assaults upon American citizens or their property.

**Executive Session—Confirmations.**

**WASHINGTON, Dec. 14.**—In Executive session considerable time was devoted to the nomination of E. F. Wade to be Collector of Internal Revenue of the Third District of Georgia. Senators Gordon and Hill opposed its confirmation on the ground that Wade would not be acceptable to the people of Georgia. They thought that a Republican acceptable to the people, should have been appointed. The nomination after some discussion, was confirmed by a strict party vote.

There was also some opposition to the confirmation of C. H. Baldwin to be Collector of Customs at Charleston, South Carolina, vice Worthington, and on Messrs. Lee and McLane, both of Ohio, nominated respectively for the Consularship at Frankfurt, and the Consularship of Nassau, but they were all three confirmed by a large majority.

The nomination of Sam. B. McLin, formerly member of the Florida Returning Board, to be Associate Justice of the Supreme Court of New Mexico, was reported unfavorably from the Judiciary Committee, and was rejected in Executive session, without division. Senator Canover is reported as most earnest in opposition to this appointment, as one unfit to be made.

Women dispute about other matters, but all agree on the merits of DODDLEY'S YEAST POWDER as *par excellence* the best of all. Grocers throughout the country keep it, and find it gives supreme satisfaction. By using it the housewife is sure of delicious bread, rusk, rolls, biscuits, buckwheat cakes and all the delicacies made from flour.

**To Make the Toilet Complete.** Use Dr. Price's Aromatic Toilet Soap or his Ylang-Ylang, which have the charming odor of dainty buds. Insist upon having Dr. Price's Unique Perfumes—do not be urged to use any other—and we know that you will be delighted.

### CONGRESSIONAL.

**HOUSE.**  
**WASHINGTON RESOLUTION FORGOTTEN.**

**WASHINGTON, Dec. 15.**—The effort on the part of the Democrats to secure action on the resolution for a wholesale investigation of the Departments, was stubbornly resisted on the part of the Republicans until 12 o'clock, when, on motion of Mills, of Texas, the subject was postponed to the 19th of January next.

**MEXICAN BORDER TROUBLES.**

Leave was given to the Committee on Foreign Affairs, and the Committee on Military Affairs, to continue the investigation of the Mexican border troubles during the recess.

Adjourned till the 16th of January.

**MESSAGE.**  
Mr. Paddock, of Nebraska, inquired if it would be any alleviation of the agreement of yesterday for the Senate to proceed to the consideration of Executive business. This matter would be a violation. Mr. Sherman thinks so too.

The motion for an Executive session was not made.

**SETTLEMENT OF THE MISUNDERSTANDING BETWEEN CONKLING AND GORDON.**

Mr. Thurman said there was a matter which he was authorized to state would be brought to the attention of the Senate. He, therefore, asked that the doors be closed during the discussion of such motion the doors shall remain closed.

This motion was submitted for the purpose of considering the difficulty between Messrs. Conkling and Gordon in the Executive session of yesterday, and after the doors were reopened, the following paper was read in public:

**THE RESOLUTIONS OF RECONCILIATION.**

During the secret session Mr. Hamilton offered the following, which was unanimously agreed to:

"Whereas, A misunderstanding having arisen between the Hon. Messrs. Conkling and the Hon. John B. Gordon, in the course of the Executive proceedings of the Senate of yesterday, and a mutual understanding having been arrived at, as set out in the following paper, it is understood that said paper be entered at large on the journal of the Senate:

"During the Executive session of the Senate held yesterday, words were uttered which were misconstrued by Messrs. Conkling which were mutually agreed to be unkind and offensive. Reports of the incident appearing in the papers which are inaccurate and unjust to both, upon a careful inquiry as to what was said by each, and what was understood to be said by the other, it is certain that the first offensive words were inspired by honest misunderstanding of what had been innocently said by the other speaker; one harsh remark provoked another as too often happens, but all that was offensive was the outgrowth of a mistake. Since such was the fact we are of opinion it is due to the Senate and to the speakers that whatever was said to be understood in the remarks of either should be treated as never uttered, and we are now authorized to state as mutually and simultaneously withdrawn. (Signed) B. HAMILIN, M. W. RAMSON, T. O. HOWARD, J. R. McDONALD."

**BUTLER'S RESOLUTION FOR INVESTIGATING HIMSELF.**

After some unimportant business Mr. Butler, of South Carolina, submitted the following:

That the Committee on Privileges and Elections are hereby instructed to inquire at once and report as soon as may be, any threats, promises or arrangements respecting existing or contemplated accusations or criminal prosecutions against any Senator, or if any other corrupt or otherwise unlawful means have been in any manner used or put in operation directly or indirectly by M. C. Butler, one of the Senators from South Carolina, or by any other Senator or other person, for the purpose of influencing the votes of Senators on the question of discharging said Committee from the consideration of said M. C. Butler's credentials, or the other question at the late session of any Senate, and that said Committee have power to send for persons and papers, and to sit during the sitting of the Senate.

Mr. Cameron objected and the resolution went over.

### Fideline.

**NEW YORK, Dec. 15.**—Henry H. Rogers suspended yesterday. Liabilities \$145,000. Assets \$94,000.

**The French Budget.**

**PARIS, Dec. 15.**—The Chamber of Deputies will to-day vote four direct taxes and two months of the Budget.

**Sentence of a Lord Swindler.**

**GALVESTON, Dec. 15.**—Ham, the Kansas City land swindler, has been sentenced to ten years in the Penitentiary at Austin.

**Agents for the Louisiana Grangers.**

**NEW ORLEANS, Dec. 15.**—The State Grange of Louisiana elected W. S. Coomes & Co. agents in this city for the Patron of Husbandry.

**The Russians Don't Want Reinforcements.**

**LONDON, Dec. 14.**—The Berlin correspondent asserts: "Further Russian reinforcements have been countermanded, the Czar believing that the present army is sufficient."

**The Paris Exposition.**

**WASHINGTON, Dec. 15.**—The President approved the Paris Exposition bill. Commissioner General McCormick will start in March, spending his time meanwhile partly here and in New York in the transaction of duties connected with the Exposition.

**Russian Programme.**

**LONDON, Dec. 14.**—The Berlin correspondent of the Times, says the Russians expect to cross the Balkans, in force, after which they will be ready to open negotiations. If negotiations are successful, the result will be a communication to the signatory Powers.

**Bill to Refund the Cotton Tax.**

**WASHINGTON, Dec. 15.**—The bill to refund the cotton tax was referred to a sub-committee, of which Hon. H. H. Harris, of Ga., is Chairman. There are twelve millions of this tax due the State of Georgia. This question will be thoroughly examined by the Committee.

**Hanging in Louisiana—The Output Assesses His Innocence.**

**NEW ORLEANS, Dec. 15.**—James McCallenden, colored, was hung at Bayou, yesterday, in the presence of two thousand persons, for murdering C. M. Evans, a year ago. McCallenden asserted his innocence to the last, charging others with the murder.

**Insurrection in Crete.**

**LONDON, Dec. 14.**—A telegram from Athens announces that an insurrection has broken out in the Province of ARYZTE, Crete. The Turkish families and inhabitants of other provinces have sought refuge in the fortress. The Governor of Crete has sent troops to suppress the insurrection.

**LORD & TAYLOR, NEW YORK.**

WE INFORM THE LADIES OF VICKSBURG THAT OUR MAIL, AND EXPRESS DEPARTMENT IS NOW SO THOROUGHLY ORGANIZED, THEY CAN DO THEIR SHOPPING IN NEW YORK WITHOUT THE EXPENSE OF TRAVELING THENCE. WE HAVE LARGE PLAYS OF FINE GOODS WITH PRICES PLAINLY MARKED, AND CATALOGUES OF LADIES' WAISTED, AND CHILDREN'S FURNISHING GOODS BY MAIL. TO APPLICATION FOR OUR CATALOGUES. PLEASE ADDRESS, FREE OF CHARGE, AND IF YOU PREFER, PRINT CLEARLY THE KIND OF GOODS WANTED. WE SEND A FREE AND COMPLETE CATALOGUE TO THE SELECTION OF GARMENTS THAT WILL GIVE SATISFACTION, AND IT IS ONLY NECESSARY TO GIVE THE PROPER MEASUREMENTS TO INSURE SUCCESS.

**OUR IMPORTATIONS**

OF THIS SEASON GIVE US AN UNEQUALLED STOCK

BLACK SILKS, handsome and durable, all widths, \$1.00 to \$2.00. THE GREAT AMERICAN INDUSTRY.—

TIE SILKS, \$2.00, \$1.50, and \$1.00.

PLAIN CLOTHS, \$2.00, \$1.50, and \$1.00, some as quality as low as 75c per yard, and at \$1.00, some as quality as last season at \$1.25.

Fancy Brocades and Damask Figures of the new Paris shades, from \$2.00 upward. Trimming Satins at \$1.00, worth \$1.25.

THE PRICES AT WHICH WE OFFER OUR SILKS ARE ONE-QUARTER TO ONE-THIRD LESS THAN LAST SEASON.

**NOVELTIES IN DRESS GOODS**

Give a richer display of colorings and brilliant effects than ever before. We are receiving by every European steamer fresh additions to our stock.

The mixed COTTON CLOTHS range in price from 50c. a yard to \$2.00, and on low-priced DRESS GOODS, from 10c. a yard up, many of them being as effective as the heavier fabrics.

**SHAWLS, MANTLES AND WRAPS**

India Velvets Cashmere Shawls from \$100.00 up. India Filled Coats at \$20.00 and up.

Real Decors, Cheviots and Striped India Shawls, new designs, from \$10.00 upward. Also, full lines British, French and German Shawls, in beautiful new styles, of the best and most reliable manufacturers. Paris Mantles and Cloaks of the latest modes from \$15.00 up, and Merino from \$5.00.

**Ladies' and Children's Suits and Fine Under Clothing.**

These departments embrace everything pertaining to Female Costume, suited to all ages and circumstances. For full particulars see catalogue.

**HOSIERY.**

Ladies', Misses' and Children's Hosiery from \$1.50 a dozen up to the choicest and most delicate and prettiest designs in Hosiery are represented in our stock in Silk, Cotton and Merino.

"A thing of beauty is a joy forever." and beautiful stockings are now considered an indispensable part of female attire.

**GLOVES.**

Kid, Silk, Lace Thread and Merino Gloves of the new colors and shapes, in great variety.

Lord & Taylor's Kid Gloves, 8 buttons, warranted, at \$1.00 per pair; price last season \$1.25.

**ALSO.**

Lace, Cambric, Linen and Silk Handkerchiefs, and beautiful Neckties, all prices from 25c. upward, and all kinds Dress Trimmings to match our goods.

**MOURNING DEPARTMENT.**

French and English Crepes, Grenadines and Organdies, Bombazines, Henriettes, \$1.00 up. French Cashmere, 50c. up. Marcellite Cloth, Serges, Australian Crepes and other desirable fabrics at very low prices.

We make up full suits of MOURNING from measure, at short notice. Mourning Jewellery, and all small articles of Mourning in variety.

**DOMESTIC AND HOUSEKEEPING GOODS.**

Sheetings, Pillow Cases, Blankets, Quills, Comforters, Flannels, and, in fact, every article required in this line, as always sold at manufacturer's price.

White Goods and Linens, from the finest White Cambric to the best Linen Damask of all grades and qualities, and at satisfactory prices.

**FURS.**

Alaska Seal Sacks, from \$25.00 up.

Alaska Seal Mitts, from \$3.00 up.

Alaska Seal Hose, from \$2.00 up.

Blank Mitts and Boots, from \$1.25 a set, upward.

Six Fur-lined Garments, from \$20.00.

Alaska Seal Suits, from \$10.00.

A good suit of Furs as low as \$5.00.

Our Goods are all first-class. We make a point to fill orders exactly and to the interest of purchasers. We guarantee all purchases to be satisfactory to buyers, and stand ready to remedy all errors. We believe, and are convinced that a first trial will insure us the regular customer hereafter.

All orders for Goods to be accompanied by the money, or where parties with Goods will be sent by Express, C. O. D. Where the remittance is too large, we always return the difference.

**Broadway and Twentieth St. Grand, Chrystie and Forsyth Sts. NEW YORK.**

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