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--DEALERS IN--

### General Merchandise.

### Dupuyer Montana.

#### CLOTHING.

Ready Made Suits  
Suitsto order.  
Underwear. Shirts.  
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Overshoes Ladies and  
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#### Stock Poisoning Plants.

The department of agriculture has issued a preliminary report on the stock-poisoning plants of Montana, by V. K. Chesnut and E. V. Wilcox. Mr. Wilcox was in Dupuyer last summer gathering specimens. The report is full of valuable information, from which we cull the following:

The stockmen have no general, simple and reliable rule for selecting antidotes or for the application of remedial measures. This deficiency may be supplied to a large extent by adopting the regular use of a permanganate of potash solution which is a very effective antidote in some cases of poisoning by plants and chemical compounds of plants.

Equal weights of permanganate of potash and sulphate of aluminium is prescribed as a remedy for poisoning. It is important that all the mixture should be in solution, as the solid particles may kill the animal.

The most important poisonous species of plants are death camas, also known as poisonous camas, lobelia, squirrel food, wild onion, poison sego, lily and misery grass. It is a smooth, simple, stemmed perennial, with a coated, onion-like bulb, narrow, linear leaves and a short, terminal cluster of yellowish green flowers.

It grows everywhere in Montana in moderately moist places on open ranges and is found in South Dakota, Nebraska, Utah and California. Other dangerous plants are larkspur, lupines, the water hemlock, the white lico, ergot, cow cockle and showy milk weed.

The majority of plants that are especially dangerous during the wet months of May and June are so far advanced by the time the sheep are taken to the mountain ranges, that they are not eaten. The smaller species of larkspur and "death camas" are so dry and shriveled by the middle of July that they are unpalatable to any animal.

The water hemlock does not grow so abundantly in the mountains as along the small streams and irrigating ditches of the plains and becomes so large and coarse by the time mentioned that it is scarcely ever eaten by sheep.

The tall larkspur, so far as the experts from the agricultural department observed, does not grow on the plains in any part of Montana, and is too coarse to be eaten by sheep during the season from July and October.

The sheep owners have found by experience that these mountain ranges which are so dangerous for sheep during the early summer, are quite safe from July to September, inclusive. The safety of the mountain ranges, however, is somewhat affected by the presence of species of lupines. These plants are poisonous during certain stages and especially when containing ripe seeds.

Sheep seldom eat lupine on the range during mid-summer. If however, they eat it when the seeds are ripe, it invariably causes disaster. After the early fall frost the pods rapidly open and the seeds fall upon the ground. After that period the plants may be eaten with impunity by sheep or other animals.

Where salt is wanting stock more readily eat noxious plants than when they are receiving it regularly in suitable quantities."

#### "Froggy's" Report.

Some old-timers were moved to reminiscences by the note in The Tribune a few days ago about "Froggy's" stealing Charley Sheridan's grave, and John Harris, of the Benton & St. Louis Cattle Co., said that it was not "Froggy"; it was himself. A man had committed suicide on upper Highwood and Mr. Harris brought the body in for burial. He found old Charley's grave too strong a temptation to resist. Speaking of Froggy brought up the subject of his famous report to Henry Kennerly, which was a never-failing just 25 years ago. Froggy took up the first ranch on Pend d'Oreille coulee, the place now owned by J. W. Gladden and where Lucille post-office is located. It is on the "whisky trail" as the road from Benton to Wnoop-up was called, and its owner made a rather precarious and peculiar living without crops or stock. Before that, however, he had worked for and with most of the old time traders, and Henry Kennerly left him in charge of a little trading post on lower Badger creek on the Piegat reserve, while he was in Helena on business, and gave Froggy instructions to let him know every occurrence of importance, including crop prospects. Mr. Kennerly got the following letter in a couple of weeks, and I believe it subsequently became part of the records of the federal court:

"Hon Henry Kennerly, Esquire: Dear Hank—An Indian called Bull's Back Fat came here yesterday. He said he was a chief. I shot him. He is dead. The potatoes are looking fine. I will make some more whisky tomorrow. Respectfully, Froggy."—G. F. Tribune.

#### Outlaws of Alaska.

Tacoma, Wash, Special, May 2.—Of all the sections of the Far North of which but little is known "The Black Hole of Alaska" is the best illustration. The government has plans for exploiting the district this year, but if the attempt is made there will be little reported for a year at least and probably longer. Wm. C. Lambert, who is now stopping here, during a stay of three years in Alaska, made an attempt with a party of miners to explore the region. The party left St. Michaels and after months of trial returned to Nome willing to quit Alaska.

"We succeeded in getting farther north than the Pilgrim river," said Mr. Lambert in telling the story, "and from the Indians we met on the way and at Pilgrim river we learned that if we were able to get into the interior we would find a very rich country. The natives, however, knew very little of the district for the reason it is considered too hard for them to enter.

"It is generally supposed and has been ever since gold was first discovered in Alaska that the richest of the whole country is the Black Hole. The section receives its name from the fact that it is infested with the toughest kind of nor-

tals that ever graced the earth. For the greater part they are escaped exiles from Russia, or from the penal camps in Siberia. Many years ago they began to go to the district and according to the history of the section obtainable in the North, they were there long before the time Russia sold the territory to the United States. So far as known the Russian government has never made any attempt to capture the escaped prisoners, as the rigors of the region and the desperate character of the men would have made such an undertaking more hazardous than profitable.

The country approaching the district is the most mountainous that I have yet found in my travels in Alaska. The weather is so cold that no white man I have seen successfully at tempted to cross the bleak mountains. The rigors and cold were too much for our party. There are very few Indian settlements as you approach the district, and when you are once within its boundaries there are none at all. The people are a cut-throat class and have no law other than that which they consider just between themselves. By the Indians we were told the Russians would put us to death as soon as they met us. We continued our travels until it meant simply death to go forward with our limited supplies and in the face of the difficulties ahead of us. Should the government attempt to send an expedition into the country this summer, it is my opinion it will fail. I believe it will be years before the district is explored, and when it is done it will be necessary to send a branch of the militia there. There have been reports of great gold-bearing creeks in the country, but as yet these lack confirmation. There is no man living that can appreciate that section of Alaska unless he has been there."

#### Burd Refuses to Pay.

An answer to the complaint in the case of the Conrad National Bank vs Levi J. Burd, an Indian, was filed with the clerk of the district court today. Burd among other things claims that he does not owe the amount claimed by the bank, or any other amount, as he has never received the total consideration for which he made the note to Haggerty. Burd negotiated for 80 head of cattle, agreeing to pay \$1,600 for the same. He alleges that he has never received but 40 head and for these he has a credit of \$800 and an additional credit of \$125. The note he claims through his attorneys was non-negotiable and the Conrad bank had full knowledge of its conditions when it received the note.—Kaispell Bee.

Bilio-ness is a condition characterized by a disturbance of the digestive organs. The stomach is debilitated, the liver torpid, the bowels constipated. There is a loathing of food, pains in the bowels, dizziness, coated tongue and vomiting, first of the undigested or partly digested food, and then of bile. Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets allay the disturbances of the stomach and create a healthy appetite. They also tone up the liver to a healthy action and regulate the bowels. Try them and you are certain to be much pleased with the result. For sale by Thos. B. Magee.

#### An Extensive Stock Raiser Tells How to Cure Scours in Calves.

Wm. Abbott, of Tyndall, S. Dak., quite an extensive stock raiser, has for a number of years used Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy for scours in calves and says he has never known it to fail. He gives a teaspoonful in water as directed on the bottle for an adult man, after each operation of the bowels more than natural. Usually one dose is sufficient. For sale by Thos. B. Magee.

#### Beware of a Cough.

A cough is not a disease but a symptom. Consumption and bronchitis, which are the most dangerous and fatal diseases, have for their first indication a persistent cough, and if properly treated as soon as this cough appears are easily cured. Chamberlain's Cough Remedy has proven wonderfully successful, and gained its wide reputation and extensive sale by its success in curing the diseases which cause coughing. If it is not beneficial it will not cost you a cent. For sale by Thos. B. Magee.

#### NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

United States Land Office, Helena, Montana, April 27, 1901.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim and that said proof will be made before Geo. W. Magee, U. S. Com'r at Dupuyer, Mont. on June 8, 1901, viz:

SOLOMON SALOIS.  
For H E No. 7493 for the sw 1/4 ne 1/4, ne 1/4 sw 1/4 and nw 1/4 sec. 4, tp 27 n., r. 8 w.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz:

Lewis T. Hager, Moses Jones, Carl Harris, Joseph Henderson, of Dupuyer, Mont.

GEORGE D. GREENE, Register.

First publication May 2, 1901.

#### DESERT LAND FINAL PROOF.—NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

United States Land Office, Helena, Mont., April 24, 1901.

Notice is hereby given that Agnes A. Lipincott of Great Falls, Mont., has filed notice of intention to make proof on her desert-land claim No. 5982, for the lot 1 sec. 30, lot 4, sec 4, ne 1/4, ne 1/4, ne 1/4, w 2 ne 1/4 sec. 19 and sw 1/4 sec. 18, tp. 29 n., r. 6 w; also that Lillian L. Fuller of Great Falls, Mont. has filed notice of intention to make proof on her desert-land claim No. 5979, for the sw 1/4, w 2 sec, ne 1/4 sec. 9, n 2 sw 1/4, ne 1/4 and sw 1/4 ne 1/4 sec. 10, tp. 29 n., r. 6 w; also that Sarah H. Lemon of Great Falls, Mont. has filed notice of intention to make proof on her desert-land claim No. 5978, for the se 1/4 ne 1/4, n 2 ne 1/4 sec. 19, w 2 sec. 3, w 2 sw 1/4, ne 1/4 sec. 2, tp. 29 n., r. 6 w. before M. S. Darling, U. S. Com'r at Pondera, Mont. on Saturday, the 15th day of June 1901.

They name the following witnesses to prove the complete irrigation and reclamation of said land

F. M. Chamberlain, Edward Tanner, James Ritchie, of Dupuyer Mont., Walter Mathews of Choteau, Mont.

GEORGE D. GREENE, Register.

First publication May 2, 1901.

Try the new remedy for costiveness, Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets. Every box guaranteed. Price, 25 cents. For sale by Thos. B. Magee.

J. B. McCULLOM,



Expert Optician and Eye Specialist.  
Graduate of the Chicago Ophthalmic College. 22 years experience in refraction.  
Glasses correctly fitted for all defects of the eyes known to the profession, Granulated sore eyes cured by a painless method. Free examinations.  
Office 509 2nd Avenue South, 2 blocks south of Hotel; Grand GREAT, FALLS, Mont.

J. G. BAIR,

Attorney.

Choteau, — — Montana.

WALTER MATHEWS

County Surveyor and U. S. Commissioner.

Land's Surveyed.  
... Filings and Final Proofs....  
Choteau, — — Montana.

Dr. EARL STRAIN,  
OCULIST AND AURIST.

317 First Ave. North, GREAT FALLS.  
office hours: 1 p m to 4 p m.

J. E. ERICKSON,

Attorney-at-Law.

Choteau, — — Montana.

GEO. W. MAGEE,

United States Commissioner and Notary Public.

Land Filings and Proofs....  
... Mortgages, Conveyances, Etc., Etc.,  
Dupuyer, — — Montana.

DR. T. BROOKS,

Successor to WAMSLEY & BROOKS.

Physician and Surgeon.

Choteau, — — Montana.

JNO. A. CLAYTON,

Tonsorial Artist.

Hair Cutting, Shaving, Shampooing.  
Hot and Cold Baths.

Dupuyer, — — Montana.

James Sulgrove

Attorney and Counselor-at-Law,  
Notary Public, County Attorney.

CHOTEAU, MONTANA.

F. D. ANGERMEIER'S

New Barber Shop.

When in need of a First-Class Shave or an Up-to-Date hair cut give him a Call. Shop near the Dupuyer Drug Store.

Dupuyer, — — Montana.

Buck Herd.

I am now prepared to run a buck herd for the coming season, good range well watered, plenty of shed room, and will feed hay if necessary.

CHAS MUSTARD,  
Dupuyer.

Parties desiring to rent rooms should call upon Perry Aspling who has four rooms to rent in the Hardy England residence.