



THE OMAHA DAILY BEE

THE WEATHER. Unsettled

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HUNS' PARIS RUSH STOPPED

BOMBING BEGUN BY U. S. IN AIR

Americans Return Safely From Two Expeditions in Which Many Bombs Dropped on Enemy Positions.

With the American Army in France, June 14.—The first American bombing squadron to operate behind the front, successfully raided the Domgy-Baroncourt railway at a point northwest of Briery late Wednesday, dropping many bombs.

It is believed that several direct hits were made by the five planes participating.

A large number of German Albatross machines attacked the bombers after they had performed their mission and were returning home. Three of the Albatrosses attempted to cut out two of the American bombers, but themselves were attacked by other American planes. The fight continued until the machines reached the battle line, when the Germans retired.

Shelled By Batteries. All the American aviators returned safely, though they had been heavily shelled by anti-aircraft batteries.

A second excursion of American bombing planes was made late this afternoon behind the German lines. All returned safely notwithstanding anti-aircraft fire and after repulsing the attacks of two German airplanes.

Five American machines launched 79 bombs weighing two kilos each, on the railway station and adjoining buildings at Contlans.

General Pershing's Report. Washington, June 14.—Details of the American aircraft bombing expedition over the enemy lines were reported by General Pershing to-night, in an addition to yesterday's communique. Five planes carrying out the attack dropped 80 bombs and returned safely after fighting off three German pursuit machines.

Bombing expedition, reported in communique June 13, was executed by five of our planes. Eighty bombs were dropped. One was observed in a warehouse at the station. Poor visibility prevented effect of others being ascertained, but our aviators believe that all dropped in area where they are likely to have produced useful effect. Our planes were attacked by three German pursuit machines, but all returned safely.

Baroncourt lies about 46 miles northeast of Verdun. It is possible that Domgy is a mutilated spelling of Domremy, a village on the railroad near Baroncourt.

Submarine Bases Raided. London, June 14.—The admiralty today issued the following official statement on naval aerial operations during the period of June 10-12, the operations of our air force contingents have been attended by unfavorable weather. Bombing operations were carried out during the day and the night time against Zebruggue, the Bruges docks and the Ostend docks. In all 18 tons of bombs were dropped. Two hits were observed on the mole and bursts on the sea-plane shed at Zebruggue and at Bruges. Hits also were observed at the Bruguese works and bursts were observed at the Bassin De La Marine and the Gare Maritime. Ostend. One enemy craft was destroyed. One of our machines is missing."

The Weather For Nebraska—Partly cloudy Saturday and Sunday; cooler Sunday. Temperatures at Omaha Yesterday.

Table with weather data for Omaha, including temperatures at various times and comparative local records.

SON OF OIL KING CHEERS WITH BOYS AT FT. OMAHA



JOHN D. ROCKEFELLER, JR.

ARMED SHIP ATTACKED BY HUN RAIDER

U-Boat Fires Upon British Steamer Off Virginia Coast, But Keeps Out of Its Guns' Range.

An Atlantic Port, June 14.—A story of an all-day fight yesterday with a German submarine off the Virginia coast was brought here today by Captain George Aitken of the British steamship Author. He said the raider gave up the chase 70 miles from the Virginia Capes, apparently fearing to brave the coast patrol.

U-boat Captain Identified. New York, June 14.—The commander of the U-151, one of the German submarines which have been operating off the American Atlantic coast, has been identified as Captain Neustadt, and he served five years as a gunner's mate in the United States navy, according to affidavits of officers and sailors on the schooner Hattie B. Dunn, Edna and Hauppauge, victims of the submarine.

Submarine Camouflaged. An Atlantic Port, June 14.—At least one of the German submarines operating off the American coast is camouflaged so as to present at a distance the appearance of an ordinary freighter, according to Captain Bratland, master of the Norwegian steamer Vinland, one of the raider's victims.

Addresses Soldiers at "Y" Hut and Florence Field; "Mixes" With Men and Comes Down Town for a Soda.

Leaning against a tent pole, with his coat off and his soft collar slightly wilted from perspiration, the son and heir of the richest man in the world last night delivered to two large audiences of soldiers at Fort Omaha and Florence field two simple and straightforward talks on applied Christianity.

Cheer From John D. Jr. "Three cheers and a tiger for John D. Rockefeller," shouted some one in the Young Men's Christian association hut at Fort Omaha at the conclusion of the talk. And they were given, again and again, with a right good will.

And then Dean Ringer, commissioner of police, called for another cheer for Mr. Rockefeller. When it was given, "What's the matter with Dean Ringer?" called the slightly hoarse voice of the visiting speaker. He was sweating also, in the middle of a crowd of khaki-clad soldiers, and waving his arms.

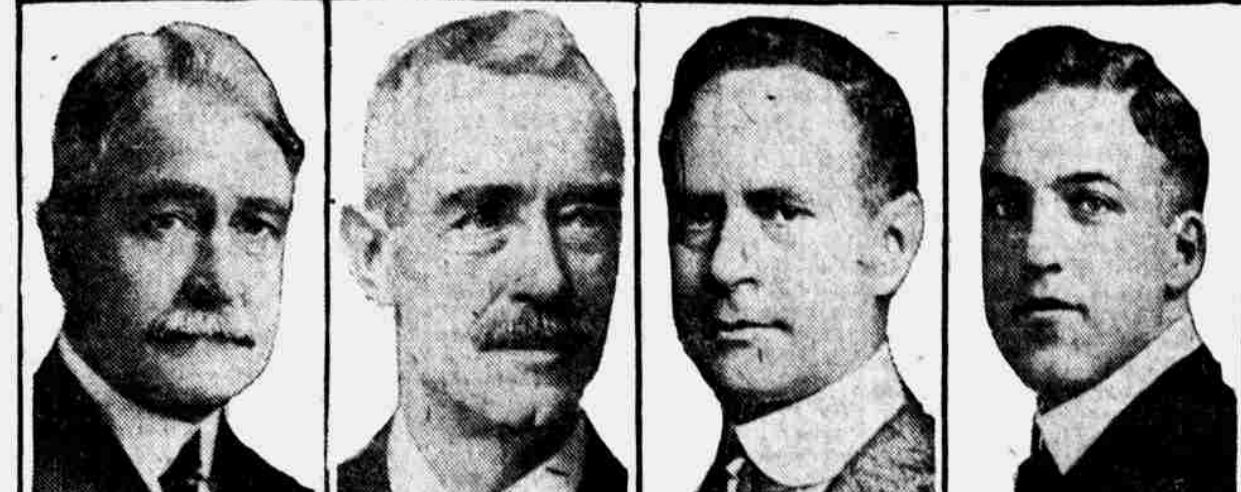
Mr. Rockefeller was once manager of a foot ball team at Brown university and he knows how to cheer, so the honors for the police commissioner came with a will. Visits Balloon School. Mr. Rockefeller arrived in the city late Friday afternoon and was taken at once to the Hotel Fontenelle. After a short rest at his suite at the hotel, he and Mrs. Rockefeller were taken on an automobile trip about the city in the automobile of Dr. Palmer Findley, newly-elected member of the board of directors of the Omaha Young Men's Christian association.

The party stopped at Fort Omaha and Mr. Rockefeller was shown through-out the camp and was the first hand information as to how Uncle Sam is training the balloon section of the signal corps. At 8:15 o'clock he addressed a crowd of soldiers which packed the Young Men's Christian association hut at Fort Omaha almost to suffocation. But every man listened attentively.

"We civilians want you men in khaki to understand that we look up to you fellows. You soldiers must never forget that you are representing 100,000,000 Americans. You tower over us and shoulders above the rest of us. We may be giving up much, a good part of our time, some of us, but you men are giving up all your time. Make Great Risk. "We may be giving up our jobs for two or three days a week to aid in the work, but you fellows have given up your jobs for the duration of the war. And when you have done that you are just at the beginning of your sacrifice, for you are going abroad to risk your lives. So I am proud to be able to look up to a man who wears the khaki."

Mr. Rockefeller then spoke of the great crisis which arises in a soldier's life when he goes abroad away from the home ties which have kept him straight morally. He spoke of the new spirit which has come over (Continued on Page Five, Col. Two.)

Live Wires Who Are at the Helm of Public Affairs of Omaha Chamber of Commerce



Left to right, top row: C. C. George, president; J. M. Gillen, manager of new industries bureau; R. H. Manley, commissioner; C. E. Childs, manager of traffic bureau; Bottom row, W. A. Ellis, assistant commissioner; J. W. Gamble, chairman of executive committee; Arthur C. Thomas, manager of publicity bureau.

HUN OFFENSIVE AGAIN BROUGHT TO STANDSTILL

Lull Presages More Violent Storm of Attack on Allied Lines, Military Opinion at Washington.

(By Associated Press.) Washington, June 14.—The German offensive has been brought to a standstill, for the present at least, according to the view of French military observers as expressed in an official dispatch received today from Paris.

The present lull on the battle front in France only presages a new and more violent storm of attack on the allied lines in military opinion here. Belief has never wavered among the majority of officers here that the real purpose of the German general staff has been from the first to cut the allied armies apart by a drive that would carry them to the channel, that, arrived at that goal, massed attacks would be hurled against the northern sector for the purpose of destroying the British army, while a strong defense was maintained against the French to the south. The thrusts at Paris have been looked upon as well planned and executed feints designed to weaken the Amiens front before the final effort should be made there.

American Aid Comes Swiftly. Some observers believe further efforts are to be expected to flatten out the Compiègne salient completely before the main attack is resumed. If so, they argue, the next front of activity will come along the front of the Compiègne salient where the fighting has just passed momentarily.

Other observers are almost convinced, however, that the situation not only permits, but demands, that the enemy's main attack be pressed without delay, as American aid is coming forward more swiftly than the Germans possibly could have estimated would be the case. According to official announcements, approximately half a million American soldiers have landed in France since the German drive began. One element of General Pershing's mobile force, by direction of General Foch, guards the way at the apex of the whole German wedge near Montdidier. Cantigny, recently recaptured from the Germans by these forces, is very close to the point of maximum penetration achieved by the enemy in nearly three months' desperate fighting.

Stiffen Allied Line. Members of the house military committee at their weekly war department conference today were told the stream of Americans steadily moving to the front had resulted in a noticeable stiffening of the whole allied line. The Germans, it was said, apparently had encountered greater numerical strength than they expected to oppose their third great drive, and had suffered heavier losses than they probably had anticipated.

Men Married Since Draft Law Was Passed Decried Not Exempt Washington, June 14.—Marriage since the enactment of the selective draft law no longer will be accepted as cause for exemption from military service except in the cases of men who have become of age since June 5, 1917, who may be exempted if they married before January 15, 1918 the date on which the joint resolution requiring their registration was introduced in congress. Drastic amendments to the draft regulations were announced by Provost Marshal-General Crowder, under which local boards are required to reclassify all cases involving such marriages. Dependency claims on account of children of such marriages will be allowed where children are "born or unborn before June 9, 1918."

HOLD QUARTER CENTENNIAL OMAHA CHAMBER COMMERCE

Former Heads of Organization Here to Help Local Men Celebrate Accomplishments of Twenty-Five Years Past; Toast Drunk to President Wilson and Successful Outcome of War.

Four hundred members of the Omaha Chamber of Commerce gathered last night at a banquet in the dining room of the chamber to commemorate the 25th anniversary of its organization. Twelve former presidents of the chamber were among those at the speakers' table. One of these, J. E. Baum, had come from New York City for the occasion. He commemorated the day further by presenting to the chamber a bronze tablet bearing that finest bit of literature in the English language, "Lincoln's Gettysburg Speech." John L. Kennedy made the presentation address and Howard H. Baldrige the address of acceptance.

U. S. TROOPS WILL MOVE TO FRANCE IN STEADY STREAM

Washington, June 14.—The purpose of the United States to send men and materials to France until "any temporary inequality of force is entirely overcome," was reiterated by President Wilson today in replying to a message from President Poincaré on the anniversary of the landing of the first American troops in Europe. The president's cablegram said: "I am sure I am expressing the feeling of the people of the United States when I say that it is their fixed and unalterable purpose to send men and materials in steady and increasing volume until any temporary inequality of force is entirely overcome and the forces of freedom made overwhelming, for they are convinced that it is only by victory that peace can be achieved and the world's affairs settled upon a basis of enduring justice and right."

EIGHT BIG GERMAN VESSELS INTERNED AT CALLAO, PERU

Washington, June 14.—There are eight German vessels interned at Callao, with a capacity of slightly less than 50,000 deadweight tons. They include several large steamers with passenger accommodations, formerly plying between San Francisco and West Coast South American ports and German ports.

When Peru broke relations with Germany, the Peruvian congress gave the president authority to utilize the German ships, if the national necessity demanded it. Officials here today thought the German ships had been seized under authority of that law.

TO HOLD DUNDEE STREET PROGRAM AGAIN TONIGHT

So successful was the patriotic street dance and carnival given by the Dundee Woman's Patriotic club on Douglas street, between Forty-eighth and Forty-ninth streets Thursday and Friday nights, that it has been decided to hold the event again tonight.

Canny Andy Loses Bet When He Stocks Up on Wearing Apparel

Andy Jensen of the city engineering department, during the last 52 months stocked up with shoes and clothing, anticipating higher prices and believing it would be a long time before he should be called in the selective draft. A few months ago he bought six pairs of shoes at a sale. He is among the contingent that will leave Omaha on June 24 and he is busy trying to sell his surplus stock of furnishings to city hall friends.

ALLIES ON WATCH FOR NEW BLOW

Attacks Near Arras or in Scarpe or Marne Sectors Presaged by Violent German Bombardments.

The attempted drive by the armies of the German crown prince towards Paris seems definitely to have been checked. With thousands of their men having been fed to the guns on the Montdidier-Noyon and Soissons-Villers Cotterets sectors in the mad rush to pierce the allied lines in these regions and thus gain a fairway to the French capital, the maneuvers of the German commanders apparently have brought to the German arms nothing more than the obliteration of a few unimportant positions southwest of Soissons near the outskirts of the Villers Cotterets forest.

Friday, the sixth day of the offensive between Noyon and Montdidier witnessed only small local actions. Less than three days was required by the allies to bring the enemy to a virtual halt south of the Aisne.

Main Effort Calmly Awaited. The feeling still prevails in military circles in France that the main effort of the Germans has not yet been launched, and speculation is rife as to when it will come and what the general objective will be—whether Paris or the channel ports. It is known that the enemy still has large effective reserves available behind the lines, thousands of them brought from the Russian front.

The armies of General Foch, however, everywhere are watchful and of such strength and good morale as to lead to the belief that no matter where the enemy chooses to oppose them, they will be able to give a splendid account of themselves. Seemingly it is not probable that Field Marshal Haig's forces will be asked again to measure their strength against the Germans in the Scarpe sector or before both positions, may be chosen by the Germans as the theater. In both these sectors the German guns again are working with the violence that generally presages an attack.

American Lines Under Fire. In the Marne sector there is almost continuous artillery activity in the region of Chateau Thierry, where Americans are fighting beside the French. On the other sectors of the front comparative quiet prevails. American, British and French continue to carry out aerial operations above and behind the enemy lines. American aviators have participated in the bombing assaults and returned safely to their stations, although they were heavily shelled by anti-aircraft batteries.

As yet the Austrians have failed to start their expected offensive against the Italians. British casualties reported during the week ending Friday aggregated 34,171. Of this number 4,447 men were killed.

Mrs. August C. Harte Dead; Lived 50 Years in Omaha Mrs. August C. Harte died Friday, aged 51 years. She was 50 years a resident of Omaha. Besides her husband, A. C. Harte, ex-county commissioner, she is survived by two daughters, aged 13 and 16, her mother, Mrs. John G. Brandt, one sister, Mrs. John Drexel and two brothers, John and William Brandt, all residents of Omaha.

Funeral services will be held Sunday afternoon at 3 o'clock at the residence, 2526 South Tenth street, Rev. Dr. O. D. Baltz officiating. Interment in Forest Lawn cemetery.

Hungry Russians Shot Down With Machine Guns London, June 14.—A dispatch to the Exchange Telegraph from Moscow says food riots occurred at Kineshma, in the government of Kostroma, where a crowd of 20,000 persons besieged the soviet offices. Machine guns were used to disperse the crowd, a number of persons being killed or wounded.

Judge J. Otis Humphrey Succumbs to Paralysis Springfield, Ill., June 14.—Judge John J. Otis Humphrey, many years judge of the federal court of this district, died here tonight, after being in a critical condition for three weeks. An operation brought on a stroke of paralysis. Asks \$25,000 Damages. Myrtle Klepser is suing Fred Brown in district court for \$25,000 damages. Miss Klepser charges that Brown assaulted her September 16, 1917, and caused injury to her health.

Bee Sunday Features

Stories of Omaha and Nebraska are interestingly told in tomorrow's Bee—the premier Sunday newspaper in this section of America. Last Sunday's edition was a "hum-dinger," to use the vernacular. Tomorrow's will be even better. MUNICIPAL GOLF—Cartoonist Powell "bulls" a nifty bunch of pictures in a local satire. Omaha becoming real cosmopolitan. THE UNIFORMED LIFT—Fifty-three nattily garbed Omaha women release 53 men that they may go to war. How and why. By a new writer. TOM JOHNSON'S CHERRIES—Know Tom? The boys at Florence field do. Indeed, it is Tom that makes life more pleasant for them in a most unusual way. A DISCIPLE OF ISAAK WALTON—An Omaha man owns a collie that is a fisher-dog—catches two-pound bass. Some fish story with a splash of local color. HERE COMES THE JUNK MAN—Do you know what the junk man means to Omaha? Three millions of dollars annually. Here's a man who is helping Uncle Sam do things. Half a page of pictures. WOMEN IN WARTIME—Another consignment of illustrated features by a galaxy of Omaha women writers. The most widely read woman's section in the west. These are a baker's half-dozen of more than a score of splendid features of exceptional interest and entertainment in tomorrow's Bee. The Sunday Bee is one of the Sunday Essentials—Don't miss it.