

The Infants' Wear Section Sacques—Wrappers—Kimonos

Infants' Sacques— Crochet and knitted; white, white trimmed with pink or blue— 65c, 75c, \$1.00 to \$2.50. Infants' Sacques— Of crepe de chine or silk—kimono or set-in sleeves; hand embroidered; dainty colors and white—\$1.75, \$2.00, \$2.50 to \$6.00.

Beautiful New Autumn and Roman Stripe Plaids, 50c to \$2.50 a Yard. Fibre Silk Hose A very successful style of fibre silk hose with lisle tops, 35c a pair.

The Famous Dix Make House Dresses, Maids' and Nurses' Uniforms

We carry a very large stock of these well-known garments, which are unquestionably the best made. In fast colored percale and gingham. Priced from \$1.25 to \$4.00.

Basement. Thompson Belden & Co. BOWLING AND SIXTEENTH STREETS

ALLIES GAIN IN WEST, MEET DELAY IN EAST

More Than Holding Their Own Along Franco-Belgian Border, Say Officials.

RUSSIA POSTPONES INVASION

Compelled, Like Germany, to Sacrifice Fruits of Victory by Sending Reinforcements to Another Part of Front.

LONDON, Oct. 15.—The gloom which has enveloped England since the fall of Antwerp has been somewhat lightened by the news contained in official communications that the allies are more than holding their own in the furious fighting along the Franco-Belgian border; but this feeling of elation has been tempered by the growing realization that the Russian invasion of Silesia, which was believed to be imminent, must be postponed indefinitely pending the outcome of the battle in Russian Poland.

Russia in the east seems to have been compelled to follow the steps of the allies in the west and sacrifice the fruits of victory by sending reinforcements to another part of the long battle front. The resumption of the Austro-German offensive in Galicia was an outcome of the action of Russia in sending heavy reinforcements to the Niemen river, evidently under the impression that the German invasion of the Suwalki district was a real menace and not merely a diverting movement.

Przemysl Still Invested.

The withdrawal of Russian forces (Continued from Page One.)

from western Galicia, however, is regarded here to be not as complete as first reported, for Vienna, admits that Przemysl is still invested on one side, while Petrograd reports that the portion of this fortress has been invaded by disease and is on the point of capitulation.

Other dispatches from the Russian capital refer to activity along the Vistula river, where several attacks are said to have been repulsed, and declare that the great battle probably is now under way unless the Austro-German advance has been hampered by bad weather.

Some idea of the fierceness of the fighting in western France can be gained from the fact that the town of Roys, now in possession of the allies, has been taken and retaken no less than twelve times. There is no question in the minds of British observers but that the German army is making desperate efforts to reach the channel coast and that the allies are no less determined to prevent such an extension of the battle line.

England Anticipating Invasion.

England already is speculating on the possibility of a German raid, which could only become possible if the Germans are successful in gaining a base on the coast opposite the narrow part of the English channel. The Germans are reported as having been turned out of that corner of French territory which juts into Belgium, and having retired, are said to be strongly entrenched. This report declares that the Germans intended to dash on Calais coincidentally with the attack on Antwerp, but their efforts in that direction appear to have been checked.

Berlin reports the occupation of Lille, but declares that other than this there is nothing new to report on the western front. According to dispatches reaching London typhus has shown itself among the German troops along the western front and rumors of the outbreak of various other diseases are increasing. England is taking note of these reports by sending to the front from the most important medical men as an advisory body to cooperate with the regular medical staff in the prevention of epidemics.

WHOLE TRAINLOAD OF CHRISTMAS JOY

(Continued from Page One.)

of a Rider Haggard to be convinced of the joy the gifts will bring to the little hungry hearts and outstretched hands of the little children of the nations now at war.

When we think of how the men in the trenches or on the open field do not know just what it all is for, what can be the mood of an innocent child, think of the fear, dread, desolation and dead bodies it looks upon in escaping from one town to another to avoid death by being shelled or burned?

And how comforting to soon find a dear dollie or a train of cars from some little friend in America to press against its little breast and try to forget.

But what is the thoughts of the mother, especially in Belgium? Is not food the pressing need just at this moment? Their little hungry souls can wait till Christmas for the toys, but not the little hungry bodies. Let us satisfy the hunger of the bodies first so the toys can be appreciated better. A doll that could not be eaten would bring the joy that a loaf of bread would, so if every one of a kind heart would send a pound of food, canned or otherwise, we could not fail of a blessing from the Real Giver of all good gifts.

Cannot someone who has influence consider this and see if it cannot be done? While it would be a more commonplace gift, it would be more substantial and "fillin'" for present need. Yours, truly, ELIZABETH BOWEN.

Idea of the Christmas Ship.

But the idea of the Christmas Ship was to take charge of something that would be otherwise neglected. The Red Cross is looking after the work of relief in a general way, and many national societies are doing whatever can be done to provide for the creature wants, to feed the bodies of the little ones. Many will suffer and suffer terribly from the effects of the war. Starvation and cold will waste the bodies of thousands, but this will not be because no effort is being made to take care of them. The very best of organization is devoted to that work, and the Christmas Ship organization merely to supplement the main effort, and make provision for the holiday joy for the little folks as far as possible. In aiding the Christmas Ship, the main work of providing food and raiment and shelter for the thousands who are made homeless, and relief for those who are distressed in other ways by the war is not to be neglected.

Among other communications which were received yesterday was one enclosing \$5, contributed by Lee Otilia, Phyllis and Hortense Ruth Scherman of Fremont. In The Sunday Bee a regrettable mistake was made in acknowledging the receipt of \$5 from Esther and Henry H. Campbell; their postoffice address was given as Omaha, when it should have been Gosawk, Neb.

Harvard Board Must Choose Between Munsterberg and \$10,000,000 Legacy

CAMBRIDGE, Mass., Oct. 15.—Hugh Munsterberg, professor of psychology at Harvard university, tonight said that he had offered his resignation to President Lowell. This action is the result of a letter sent by Major Clarence Weiner of London to the overseers of the college to the effect that he would change a will by which Harvard would receive \$10,000,000 unless Prof. Munsterberg were dismissed from the faculty.

"Unwarranted pro-German utterances" by the famous psychologist, in connection with the war, were given by Major Weiner as the reason for his attitude. "I sent my resignation to President Lowell so that there might be no embarrassment in the matter and that the faculty might be left free to act without having to consider my feelings" said Prof. Munsterberg.

The Harvard corporation is expected to take up Major Weiner's letter and Prof. Munsterberg's resignation next week. Major Weiner, a member of the class of 1900 at Harvard, is the proprietor of the Weiner News agency, Strand, London. He was born in Philadelphia in 1878. He attended Harvard one year, going to Cuba in 1892. During the next year he was on the staff of General Frederick D. Grant, in Porto Rico. In 1899 he went to South Africa as a war correspondent. Subsequently he saw stirring service there and organized a band of scouts. He was eight times wounded in South Africa. Major Weiner has been reported to be immensely wealthy.

GERMAN TROOPS QUIT BELGIUM TO MOVE ON FRANCE

(Continued from Page One.)

cerning the progress of the war was given out in Berlin today as follows: "German troops in Belgium are now marching in part towards Ostend and in part in a southwesterly direction toward the French border. The headquarters of Emperor William has been moved further into France."

"The Russian armored cruiser Pallada, of 8,000 tons, built in 1906, has been torpedoed by a German submarine at the entrance to the Gulf of Finland. The torpedo launched by the submarine caused an explosion on board the cruiser and the Pallada and its entire crew of 600 men went straight to the bottom.

"There has been heavy fighting in France east of Soissons and the Argonne. The French official reports about successes in the Woerwa district are untrue. The Germans nowhere have lost ground. Etain, twelve miles to the east of Verdun, is in German hands. French attacks against our position near St. Mihiel have been repulsed.

"The war booty in Antwerp cannot yet be estimated. Twenty-six thousand Belgians and 2,000 Englishmen have been interned in Holland. In the harbor of Antwerp we found thirty-two German steamers, the boilers of which apparently had been disabled.

"Russian forces have been defeated near Schirwindt, (in East Prussia, nineteen miles to the east of Gumbinnen), with a loss of 1,500 prisoners and twenty cannon. German troops have repulsed the Russian south of Warsaw and hold southern Poland as far as the Vistula river.

Priests as Soldiers. "Emperor William, acting on a petition handed him by Cardinal Hartmann of Cologne, has ordered that French Catholic priests among the prisoners in Germany, who entered the French ranks as common soldiers, shall be treated in Germany in the same manner as are French officers. "It is reported here from Meftin that German torpedo boat destroyers discovered six vessels of Norwegian, Swedish and Danish nationality, loaded with goods and provisions destined for London and Grimby and also for Russia. All were taken into Swinemunde."

PETROGRAD AND BERLIN SEE GAIN

(Continued from Page One.)

tified positions along the line of Stry, Sambor and Medyka, which now are being attacked by the Austrians. The line is supposed to keep in check the direct Austrian advance from Przemysl toward Lemberg.

LONDON, Oct. 15.—Reuter's Telegram company has received from Amsterdam the following official statement issued in Vienna at noon Wednesday: "The general staff says that the Russians have occupied fortified positions on the line of Stry, Sambor and Medyka, in Galicia.

Austrians Attack New Positions. "The Austrians are now attacking the positions. "In the Carpathians the Austrians occupied Torony after four days of fighting and pursued the enemy in the direction of Wyakow. Smaller successful skirmishes have taken place in the Visao valley."

All the Russian attacks on this side have been repulsed and the Russians forced back across the frontier. It is estimated that from six to eight army corps are along the frontier from Schirwindt to point opposite Lyck (East Prussia). The Russians attack mostly at night, but are always repulsed with severe losses. There is no reason to fear that East Prussia is in any way endangered."

Reports Germans Throw Back. "I hear that the enemy approached to within ten miles of Warsaw, but were thrown back to a distance of thirty miles," says the Times Petrograd correspondent.

The fall of Przemysl is imminent. The Russian there is badly decimated by cholera. Private advices say that the main forces already have been taken by the Russians.

"There is no change in the situation in East Prussia. Ground prevails for the belief that in the forward movement of the Austro-German forces which commenced September 27, General von Hindenburg commands the center. King Ludwig of Bavaria the Cascochovo admiralty and the Austrian General Dankl the Austro-Germans constituting the cover for the right flank of the center, while the supreme command of all the Austro-German troops is in the hands of the German general staff."

Steamers Seized. Athens newspapers assert that the Russian fleet in the Black Sea has seized two German steamers loaded with cereals bound for Galats from Kustendje, Romania.

GERMAN LOSSES AT ARRAS—TWELVE THOUSAND MEN

PARIS, Oct. 15.—The newspaper France Democrat declares today that when the Germans were defeated at Arras they lost from 12,000 to 15,000 men, who were surrounded by the French in marshes.

Rain at Lexington. LEXINGTON, Ky., Oct. 15.—Rain in Lexington today, with the program for the meeting of the Kentucky Horse

STEAMER FROM COLON SINKS IN COLLISION

Freighter Iowan Smashes Into Fruiter at Entrance to Ambrose Channel.

WIRELESS BRINGS ASSISTANCE

Observers Believe All of Hundred Passengers Aboard Were Taken Off Safely Before Ship Went Down.

NEW YORK, Oct. 15.—The steamer Metapan, entering Ambrose channel, collided this afternoon with the steamer Iowan. The Metapan began to send out "S. O. S." signals at once. Within a few minutes it reported that it was sinking.

Its boats were hastily lowered. Several steamers, among them the Monterey and the Camino, hurried to the stricken vessel.

The Metapan is a United Fruit company steamer and sailed from Colon October 8 for this port. It usually carries from 75 to 100 passengers.

The British cruiser Lancaster, patrolling the entrance to the harbor near by, and the United States revenue cutter Seneca received the wireless message for help and went to the Metapan's assistance.

The Iowan is a large freighter of the American Hawaiian line. It was bound for San Francisco. The Metapan's position was just inside the first outer buoy of Ambrose channel.

As far as observers from the shore could see, all passengers and crews were rescued.

The Sandy Hook life savers left the Hook in their large power lifeboats to go to the aid of the sinking ship.

At 4 o'clock, an hour after the collision, the Metapan's lower decks were awash and only its upper cabins showed above the water. It apparently was resting on the bottom.

DEATH RECORD

H. Morris. BRADSHAW, Neb., Oct. 15.—(Special Telegram)—H. Morris, proprietor of the hotel at this place was found dead this afternoon. The attending physician pronounced the cause of death apoplexy. He was past 80 years old and leaves a widow, three sons and three daughters, all grown and living.

Moderate Price Tailoring

Made by us means first class clothing made to your measure and guaranteed perfect in workmanship, fit and style. We make good suits and overcoats \$21.00 to \$45.00. Let your next order for clothing be made by us.

MacCarthy-Wilson Tailoring Co. 304-306 South 16th Street.

ARGENTINE WARSHIP BUILT IN "S" TO HAVE ITS TRIAL

PHILADELPHIA, Oct. 15.—The Argentine battleship Moreno, built by the New York Shipbuilding company at Camden, N. J., left here today for its official trial at Rockland, Me. In addition to the crew of 500 there are aboard about 150 Argentine naval officers.

Service with us includes everything which might be helpful to the bereaved.

Very many of the things we do are extras, of course, but we make no charge for them. You know in advance just what a funeral will cost.

Leo A. Hoffmann EXPERT EMBALMERS & FUNERAL DIRECTORS 24th and Dodge Phone Doug. 3901

NEXT MONDAY OCTOBER 19 BEGINS THAT BIG SALE OF

Blankets and Comforters AT ABOUT 50c ON THE DOLLAR

Another BIG SALE Next Monday 2 CARLOADS OF LINOLEUM AND FLOOR OILCLOTH AT 1/2 REGULAR ABOUT 1/2 PRICE

BRANDEIS STORES Watch Sunday's Papers

See Show Cases in Douglas St. Entrance

BRANDEIS

Twentieth Century Farmer OMAHA The Missouri Valley's greatest farm paper 110,000 copies weekly

TALK TO FLITTON ABOUT YOUR EYES

If You Neglect Your Scalp Your Hair Will Fall



Cuticura Soap Shampoos

Preceded by light touches of Cuticura Ointment applied by the end of finger to the scalp skin will soften and remove patches of dandruff, allay itching or irritation and quickly promote hair-growing conditions. Special directions accompany each cake.

Samples Free by Mail

BUSINESS IS GOOD. In September, 1914, THE MIDWEST LIFE sold more life insurance than in any one of the nine Septembers in which it has been doing business. It expects to sell more insurance in October than it did last October.

Nebraska has just finished sowing the biggest wheat crop it has ever sowed. Wheat is bound to bring a good price for at least another year. In about two weeks Nebraska will commence gathering in a very large crop which will bring a good round price per bushel. The outlook for a general revival of business in Nebraska is excellent. That is what we think and hope you do too. Buy your insurance in

THE MIDWEST LIFE

N. Z. SNELL, PRESIDENT A NEBRASKA STOCK COMPANY SELLING NON-PARTICIPATING LIFE INSURANCE ONLY FIRST NATIONAL BANK BUILDING, LINCOLN. OMAHA AGENCY CITY NATIONAL BANK BUILDING GENERAL AGENTS: GEORGE CROCKER, F. A. PIRNEY AND E. L. KIPSCHEIN

IF THE BABY IS CUTTING TEETH USE Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup

A SPLENDID REGULATOR PURELY VEGETABLE—NOT NARCOTIC

7% ON YOUR MONEY

GUARANTEED HOME BUILDERS—INC. OMAHA

Stadium Speedway Saturday and Sunday FLYING MACHINE

MOTORCYCLE AND SEVEN OTHER RACES. STARTS AT 2 O'CLOCK P. M. Admission 50c; Children 25c. EAST OMAHA Race Cars at 14th and Fairway.

U. S. MARINE BAND MATINEE and EVENING OCT. 17TH AUDITORIUM

"THE PRESIDENT'S OWN" Box Office Now Open. General Admission 50c. Box Seats \$1.50. Children 25c.

BRANDEIS CONAN'S 7 KEYS TO BEST PLAY BALDPATE

Prices—Mat. 25c-\$1.50; Evg. 50c-\$2. TWO NIGHTS—Oct. 19-20. Special Dollar Matinee Tuesday. "Mascot Gals" Wonderful Play "THE POOR LITTLE RICH GIRL"

BOYD'S THEATER Telephone Doug. 1915.

Opens Saturday—"Oct. 17, with Eva Lang-Charles Miller and their New York Company. In "BOUGHT AND PAID FOR."

"OMAHA'S FUN CENTER" Gayety Daily Mat. 15-25-50c. Evg. 15-25-50-75c.

ALL HONEYMOON GIRLS Burlesque With Phil Ott, Alton Laar and a notable cast. As late of Gorgonzola, Fun and Music surrounded by girls. Beauty Chorus of Honeymooning Brides. LADIES' DANCE MAT, WEEK DANCE, Sunday and Week—"Gle of the Mollis Blues."

ADVANCED VAUDEVILLE

This week: ANN TUCKER & Co.; Edmond Hayes & Co.; McKay & Arline; Gardiner Trio; Hilda Thomas and Lou Hall; Ward, Hill & Ward; John Geiger; Robinson Travel Weekly.

HIPP THEATRE 16TH AND

Last Time Today—Robert McSworth in "TURNING DAYLIGHT" Begins at 10, 11:30, 1, 2:30, 4, 5:30, 7, 8:15, 9:30.

GLAD HAND-OUT FOR BROWN

Former Senator Receives Warm Welcome on Visit East.

APPEARS FOR INDIAN HEIRS

Congressman Lobeck Has Arranged for Financial Relief to Be Sent to Morris Steinberg in Palestine.

(From a Staff Correspondent.) WASHINGTON, Oct. 15.—(Special Telegram)—"Popularity is fleeting," said a New England philosopher of the Emerson school in an essay on "Time's Revenge" but it was not shown to be even half way true when Morris Brown of Nebraska, appeared on the floor of the senate chamber today.

He was welcomed like a long lost brother, democrats and republicans vying with one another in greeting the ex-senator and telling him how well he looked, what a pleasure it must be to be out of public office and to do as you darned pleased without answering roll calls, etc., etc.

For Winnebago Heirs. Senator Brown said he was here to appear in the district court in the case of Tebbell and others in an endeavor to maintain the secretary of the interior to do his duty in partition of certain rents in the Winnebago reservation in Nebraska. He said Secretary Lane was undertaking an adoption decree entered by the courts of Nebraska in 1904, involving the heirship to valuable lands in the reservation above referred to and he was here to represent the adopted children and to see that the rents accruing from the property were properly distributed over and against other claimants.

Senator Brown will remain in Washington until after the American Bar association meeting, which will convene here next Tuesday.

Relief for Steinberg.

Assistant Secretary Peters of the Treasury department today advised Congressman Lobeck that the relief of Morris Steinberg, who is now in Staffed, Palestine, and sent to him by Joseph Steinberg of Omaha, could be deposited in the treasury and that every effort would be made by the government to find the beneficiary.

Accordingly Mr. Lobeck deposited \$200 with the treasury officials, who in turn cabled the Exchange bank in Alexandria, Egypt, to transfer to the officers of the North Carolina now in that vicinity, to find and deliver Morris Steinberg the amount.

Lobeck has been almost worried sick over his inability to get the treasury officials to act on this case, but other applications of a similar character brought a climax and the government has agreed to find and assist Americans who are marooned in Palestine, Egypt or Turkey.

C. & N. W. Re-elects Chiefs.

CHICAGO, Oct. 15.—The old directors of the Chicago & Northwestern Railway company were re-elected at a meeting of stockholders held here today. The directors subsequently elected Arthur S. Pierce of New York treasurer to fill the vacancy caused by the death of M. E. Van Zandt.

Found Guilty of Embezzlement.

JERSEYVILLE, Ill., Oct. 15.—Edgar M. Davis, an insurance man of Los Angeles, Cal., was found guilty here today of embezzling \$40,000 from the estate of his mother-in-law, Mrs. Annie Cross, Davis was trustee of the estate.

Holds Up Bank.

KENNETT, Ark., Oct. 15.—An unidentified man today held up the cashier of the Bank of Kennett, secured \$2,000 and escaped on horseback. Forces immediately started in pursuit of the robber.

GERMAN AVIATOR HIDES IN CLOUDS FROM AERIAL FOE

(Continued from Page One.)

Important change has been effected in their disposition in spite of the enemy's repeated counter attacks. These have been directed principally against one portion of the position won by us, but in spite of the lavish expenditure of life they have not so far succeeded in driving us back.

Deliberately Selected. "The situation of the works in the German front line as a whole has been a matter of deliberate selection, for they have had the advantage of previous reconnaissance, being first in the field.

"Behind the front they now have several lines prepared for a step-by-step defense. Another point is the evident indifference displayed to the provision of an extended field of frontal rifle fire, which is generally accepted as being one of the great requirements of a defensive position."

"It is still desirable if it can be obtained without the usually accompanying drawback of exposure to the direct fire of hostile artillery, but experience has shown that a short field of fire is sufficient to beat back infantry assaults of the enemy and by giving up direct fire at long or medium ranges and placing our trenches on the reverse slope of a hill or behind the crest, it is in many places possible to gain shelter from the frontal fire of the German guns.

Lack Distant Field of Fire. "Many of the front trenches of the Germans equally lack a distant field of fire, but if lost they would be rendered untenable by the fact they would be exposed to a fire from the German guns in the rear and to cross rifle fire from neighboring works.

The extent to which cross fire of all kinds is employed is remarkable. Many localities and areas along the Aisne not swept from the works directly in front of them are rendered untenable by rifle fire from neighboring fields or by that of guns that are out of sight.

There is a perpetual triangular duel. A's infantry can see nothing to shoot at but are under fire from B's guns. The action of B's guns then brings on them the attention of some of A's artillery waiting for a target, the latter being in their turn assailed by other batteries. And so it goes on. In a wooded country, in spite of aeroplanes and balloons smokeless powder has made the localization and identification of targets a matter of supreme difficulty."

Ship Brings 2,000 Ostend Refugees

FULFORD, Oct. 15.—(Via London.)—The Kenilworth, one of the last four steamships to leave Ostend, arrived today, bringing 2,000 refugees. Among them were some Belgian soldiers and, as they were not wounded, the inference was that the Belgians considered the taking of Ostend by the Germans inevitable, and so caused the removal of every one who otherwise would be likely to be taken prisoner.

All regular communication across the channel to Ostend has now been stopped. Three other vessels, which sailed from Ostend with the Kenilworth, have not yet arrived.

Another small steamer, reaching here today from Ostend by way of Calais, reported that the residents of Calais were in almost as much of a panic as the people of Ostend, apparently believing that the Germans would soon be upon them.

Chancellor Arrives in Brussels. BERLIN, Oct. 15.—(By Wireless to Sayville, L. I.)—Dr. von Bethmann-Hollweg, the imperial chancellor, accompanied by his suite arrived in Brussels at noon of