

# F. P. Gale

# THE KENNA RECORD

Vol. 4.

Kenna, Chaves County, New Mexico, Friday,

June 3, 1910.

Number 20

J. P. STONE, President      G. T. LITTLEFIELD, Vice President  
W. B. SCOTT, Cashier

## The Kenna Bank & Trust Co. OF KENNA, N. M.

The depositors in this Bank are secured by the laws of this Territory to the extent of \$30,000.00.

Our officers are bonded and we carry burglary insurance. Every safeguard of modern Banking protects you. Come in and see us.

The Kenna Bank & Trust Co.

### THE CIMARRON VALLEY FARMER.

Well, friend, we will now take up the mule subject, and this copy of The Mail is worth \$50 to any man. It costs you about 2 cents so there's \$49.98 clear profit. Ain't you happy?

As I said in town Saturday, some people in Payne county think it difficult to break a mule, but they are just afraid, that's all. If you had had as many rides over the saw-buck on a mule's pass as the Cimarron Valley Farmer had in his days you could reflect now in stead of looking forward. In other words, you should look behind when you are near a donkey—there's where 90 per cent of the action comes from. The first thing to do is to gain the mule's confidence and respect, and study his disposition. This can be done best by turning him into the barn yard and with a good field glass study him from the top of the stable roof. You are more apt to be unobserved if up above the danger line and are safer. Should the wind blow hard, tie yourself to the roof. After the mule is tied in the stable and the door is shut you can come down and eat. In this study you should throw aside your prejudices and view the animal with calmness, patience, impartiality and non-partisanship. In about one week you will have enough courage stored up to form a better acquaintance with him. It is well to do this by pushing a load of hay ahead of you and have your wife to watch and tell you when to get under the wagon. After a while the mule will get so that he will eat hay out of the wagon and then you can sing to him from a distance and study the angle of his hind legs by standing a looking glass against the barn in the back of him. Do this while the mule is still absent. After you have got so you can memorize the wrinkles on his hoofs, corner the mule somewhere. The well is the best or the cistern will do if there is water in it. Get a halter on him and pull out with a well derrick. If he has not been in more than a week he will be all right to leave alone in an hour or two, when you can retire and rest a few hours and contemplate. Feed the mule sugar if he likes something sweet. You can do this by tying a lump to a fish line, getting away the proper distance and casting for him. After a day or

so he will get used to this and take his sugar on the fly. A mule that is properly sweetened is worth more than a sour mule.

Get the hired man to help you now and put the harness on with a pitch fork. The crupper should be shaped like a dip net, and at least three feet wide, which is necessary, as the tail will have to be steered through with a fish pole. Set the collar on a couple of low posts and call the mule through with sugar. Now fasten the harness. The best way to do this is to put the mule back in the cistern and let the hired man buckle it while he is swimming. A mule is like a bumble bee—neither one can bumble much in the water. Lift him again with the derrick, let him dry, and be careful that he does not dry in streaks, then put him in the shafts. This is easy if you have tied his legs together as you ought while he was in the well. The shafts should be at least eight feet long and the lines and at least ninety. There is a little danger of a mule kicking if you follow these directions.

Talk often and gently to the mule. Although he may not perfectly understand, he might guess at it. A great many things that a mule will do are not generally known. These can only be learned by experience. The mule's heart is in the right place, but the nerve center between his brain and his hind legs frequently get crossed on a live wire. To avoid half of this you may try a different scheme. Find the mule's nerve center with a compass and attach a fence wire to it—any horse doctor in Payne county will do this for you. When you have the wire attached wrap it around your lighting rod and stand the mule out in the thunder storm. This will burn out his fuse and thereafter he can kick only once in two seconds instead of twice. This gives you a double chance of passing him on the run without making the life insurance agent smile.

Another way to break a mule is to hoist him up on the house roof, laying him across the gable, and tying three tons of brick on each end. When it cracks he is broke, but he'll be "dead broke" this time, and a dead broke mule is like a dead broke man—he'll kick himself. This won't give him any time to kick his companions, and so you reap the benefit. See?

#### Contest Notice.

7548.  
Department of the Interior, United States Land Office, Roswell, New Mexico.

A sufficient contest affidavit having been filed in this office by Alvas A. Beeman of Elida, New Mexico contestant, against Homestead entry, No. 5041 made March 24th, 1904 for S. W. 1/4 section, Section 6 Township 4S Range 27 E. by Harry L. Tanner, Contestee, in which it is alleged under date of January 24th, 1910, that said Harry L. Tanner has never established residence on said land, has wholly abandoned said land and has been absent therefrom for a period of more than six months next preceding the date of said contest affidavit; that he has not resided upon said land nor cultivated same

nor any part thereof as required by law.

That said alleged absence from said land was not due to his employment in the Army, Navy, or Marine Corps of the United States in any capacity in time of war, and this the said contestant is ready to prove at such time and place as may be named by the Register and Receiver for a hearing in said case. Said parties are hereby notified to appear, respond and offer evidence touching said allegation at 10 o'clock a. m., on June 20, 1910 before Charles E. Hall, U. S. Commissioner, at his office in Elida, N. M. (and that final hearing will be held at 9 o'clock a. m., on June 30, 1910, before) the Register and Receiver at the United States Land Office in Roswell, New Mexico.

The said contestant having, in a proper affidavit filed May 26, 1910 set forth facts which show that after due diligence personal service of this notice cannot be made, it is hereby ordered and directed that such notice be given due and proper publication:

May 27—June 17      T. C. TILLOTSON, Register.

#### Contest Notice.

7551.  
Department of the Interior, United States Land Office, Roswell New Mexico, May 25, 1910.

A sufficient affidavit having been filed in this office by Odie W. White of Elida, New Mexico contestant, against Homestead entry, No. 5133 made May 14 1904, for E 1/2 NE 1/4 Sec. 25, T. 4 S., R. 26 E., and W 1/2 NW 1/4, Section 10, Township 4 S., Range 27 E. by Julia C. Lewis Contestee, in which it is alleged under date of January 24th, 1910, that said Julia C. Lewis has never established residence on said land, has wholly abandoned same and has been absent therefrom for a period of more than six months next preceding date of said contest affidavit; that he has not resided upon said land nor cultivated same nor any part thereof as required by law, and

That said alleged absence from said land was not due to his employment in the Army, Navy, or Marine Corps of the United States in any capacity in time of war, and this the said contestant is ready to prove at such time and place as may be named by the Register and Receiver for a hearing in said case. Said parties are hereby notified to appear, respond and offer evidence touching said allegation at 10 o'clock a. m., on June 20th 1910 before Charles E. Hall, U. S. Commissioner, at his office in Elida, N. M. (and that final hearing will be held at 9 o'clock a. m., on June 30 1910, before) the Register and Receiver at the United States Land Office in Roswell, New Mexico.

The said contestant having, in a proper affidavit filed May 25 1910, set forth facts which show that after due diligence personal service of this notice cannot be made, it is hereby ordered and directed that such notice be given by due and proper publication.

May 27 June 17      T. C. TILLOTSON, Register.

#### NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Non coal land.  
017816.  
Department of the Interior, U. S. Land Office at Roswell, N. M., May 20, 1910.

Notice is hereby given that David W. Goree, of Ranger Lake, N. M., who, on May 3, 1909, made Homestead entry, serial 017816, for NE 1/4, Section 20, Township 12 South, Range 36 East, N. M. P. Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make Final Commutation Proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before C. E. Hall, U. S. Commissioner, in his office, at Elida, N. M., on the 9th day of July, 1910.

Claimant names as witnesses: Robert B. McKinney, John King, Charles B. F. Blaylock, Thomason V. Terry, all of Ranger Lake, N. M.

May 27-July 1.      T. C. TILLOTSON, Register.

#### Virtues of a High Order.

Punctuality, assiduity, economy, ingenuity, interest in our tasks; these may be described as commonplace virtues, but they are certainly not virtues absolutely common.

### At Kenna

you can buy anything you need in the way of Groceries, Dry Goods, Farm Machinery, Posts, Wire, Nails, Lumber and all kinds of Hardware.

If you buy your Building Material, Farm Machinery Etc. of the

### Kenna Lumber Co.

you will greatly reduce the high cost of living, grow rich, get fat, and be a good fellow and enjoy life. Your girls will grow up to be music teachers, and most of your boys will be twins.

Thousands have tried our business methods and are satisfied customers.

COME AND SEE US.

#### NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Non coal land.  
016908.  
Department of the Interior, U. S. Land Office at Roswell, N. M., May 20, 1910.

Notice is hereby given that Hugh Marshall Peck of Elkins, N. M., who, on March 13, 1909, made Homestead entry, serial 016908, for SW 1/4, Section 27, Township 7 South, Range 27 East, N. M. P. Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make Final Commutation Proof to establish claim to the land above described, before H. P. Lively, U. S. Commissioner, in his office, at Elkins, N. M., on the 8th day of July, 1910.

Claimant names as witnesses: Albert Charles, Cephas C. Copeland, William Kelley, Frank Lestle, all of Elkins, N. M.

May 27-July 1.      T. C. TILLOTSON, Register.

#### NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Non coal land.  
014688.  
Department of the Interior, U. S. Land Office at Roswell, N. M., May 20, 1910.

Notice is hereby given that Winifred Newlin, of Boaz, N. M., who, on April 14, 1908, made Homestead entry no. 14859, serial 014688, for NE 1/4, Section 27, Township 6 South, Range 29 East, N. M. P. Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make Final Commutation Proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before H. P. Lively, U. S. Commissioner, in his office, at Elkins, N. M., on the 8th day of July, 1910.

Claimant names as witnesses: Sidney S. Squire, William K. McCormick, Samuel O. Dial, Allen M. Hill, all of Boaz, N. M.

May 27-July 1.      T. C. TILLOTSON, Register.

#### NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Non coal land.  
09333.  
Department of the Interior, U. S. Land Office at Roswell, N. M., May 20, 1910.

Notice is hereby given that Allen J. Smith, of Bynum, N. M., who, on August 22, 1904, made Homestead entry no. 5341, serial 09333, for SW 1/4, Section 18, Township 4 South, Range 27 East, N. M. P. Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make Final Five Year Proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before W. T. Cowgill, U. S. Commissioner, in his office, at Kenna, N. M., on the 8th day of July, 1910.

Claimant names as witnesses: Henry T. Jones, of Olive, N. M.; Raymond E. Cottingham, of Olive, N. M.; James F. Eddleman, of Olive, N. M.; Amos M. Johnson, of Bynum, N. M.

May 27-July 1.      T. C. TILLOTSON, Register.

#### No Makeup Necessary.

In real life the villain can be pretty mean without a sneer and a black mustache.—Acheson Globe.

Austria Executes Few Murderers. Austria is the country most lenient to murderers. A very small percentage of those convicted are executed.

### JOHN GILPIN'S AUTO RIDE.

John Gilpin was a citizen of credit and renown, Until his auto got him into rows all over town; He took the auto from its place beside an empty stall, And filled the tank with what is called denatured alcohol.

The auto sputtered down the street in an uplifted mood. A jolly gait, a joyous pace it was that it pursued; But soon its honks grew rucous and its sputterin' grew thick— Instead of "chuff-chuff-chuff" it changed to "hick-hick-hick-hick!"

It whirled about, it flew about, it covered all the street, It yowled at scared pedestrians and knocked them from their feet; It swooped around the corners with mighty careless reel, And then went half a block or so on one wobbly wheel.

And then! And then its chuffing changed to something wild and new, With great rapidity it yelled: "hurroo-hurroo-hurroo!" John Gilpin tried to tone it down, to turn it round about; It merely coughed as though it said: "Sit still or get thrown out!"

The shades of dusk came on apace, the auto shrieked with joy, And seemed to say: "Fill up a tank anozzer time, ol' boy!" And though John Gilpin did his best to slow it up a bit, The auto struck a gait that meant "Let's make a night of it."

And so it went along the street, with people playing tag, With lamps aglow, now to and fro—an auto with a jag; And then it tried to climb a tree, and then began to weep, And leaned against a lamp-post and went solemnly to sleep.

John Gilpin on the morrow found he could not turn its crank Until he's put a quart of bromo-seltzer in its tank— But O! 'tis sad to tell about; it surely is a shame— Although the auto had the jag, John Gilpin got the blame.

—Ex.