

# Santa Fe Weekly Gazette.

VOLUME II.

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NUMBER 35.

## Santa Fe Weekly Gazette.

PUBLISHED EVERY SUNDAY, BY  
WILLIAM DREW.

TERMS.  
WEEKLY—\$5 a year, payable invariably in advance; single copies 12 1/2 cents. Advertisements, \$1 50 per square of ten lines for the first insertion, and \$1 for every subsequent insertion.

### J. W. REED, ATTORNEY AT LAW,

CITY OF SANTA FE, NEW MEXICO,  
WILL practice in the Courts of Santa Fe, and adjoining counties; and will attend to criminal business in any part of the Territory. Santa Fe, Sept 25, 1852.—6mo

### OFFICE OF COM. OF SUB.

SEALED PROPOSALS will be received at this office, till 12 o'clock, M., on Tuesday the 28th day of February, 1853, for furnishing Flour to the U. S. Troops, at the points and in the quantities mentioned, as follows:

At Taos, N. M. .... 145,000 pounds.  
At Fort Union, N. M. .... 150,000 "  
At Santa Fe, " .... 50,000 "  
At Albuquerque, " .... 220,000 "  
At Fort Conrad, " .... 125,500 "  
At Fort Fillmore, " .... 230,000 "

The flour must be of "superfine" quality, and delivered in strong cotton "dodging" sacks, of 100lbs. each.

Proposals are invited for the whole amount, for that required at several points, or for that required at any particular point.

The contract or contracts to be made for one year, and the faithful fulfillment thereof to be guaranteed by two responsible securities whose names must be entered in the proposals.

One fourth of the amount required at each point, must be delivered *gratis*, commencing on the 1st day of August, 1853.

The Commissioners, or principal Assistant Commissioners of the subsistence in New Mexico, will reserve the right of increasing or diminishing the amount to be delivered at each and every point, by one third, by giving six months notice to that effect.

ISAAC BOWEN,  
Capt. & C. S.

## NEBRASKA HOUSE,

INDEPENDENCE, MISSOURI.

B. W. TODD.

I have removed from the "Noland House," to the "Nebraska House," in Independence, Missouri. The Nebraska House is a large new building, and has recently been much improved by alterations and additions. Having taken this house for a term of years, I intend to make every effort to promote the convenience and comfort of travellers. The patronage of my friends and the travelling public is respectfully solicited.

B. W. TODD.

January 1st 1853.—1y.

### PUBLIC SALE.

Will be sold to the highest bidder by the undersigned, on Monday the 21st day of February 1853, the place well known as Barclay's Fort, at the Junta de los Rios, N. M., including all the right, title and interest in the surrounding grant of five leagues, with out-houses, corrals, &c. An ice-house filled; a highly cultivated garden, (with hot bed frames and young fruit-trees,) and 200 acres of land under cultivation, irrigated by two large acequias, which also run a mill capable of grinding thirty fanegas of grain per diem. Also a number of wagons, cattle, cows and calves, horses and hogs; with farming utensils of all kinds; a complete set of blacksmith and carpenter's tools. Together with a general assortment of dry goods and groceries, and a number of articles too numerous to mention, amongst them 250 fanegas of corn and 500 fanegas of wheat. Those desirous of purchasing can examine for themselves the property and titles at this place.

### TERMS.

For the buildings and surrounding lands, one-fifth cash, on the balance a credit of 6, 12, and 18 months will be given, one third of the remaining dues to be paid at each of the above mentioned periods. The other property will be sold on a credit of 4 and 8 months for all sums over fifty dollars, under that amount, cash. The purchasers in both cases giving bond with two approved securities.

The place being so well known, we deem a further description unnecessary. The proprietors wishing to close their business in New Mexico, is the sole object for offering their property for sale in this manner. Possession given immediately after sale.

BARCLAY & DOYLE.

Barclay's Fort, N. M. Jan. 15, 1853.

### PUBLIC BUILDING.

1000 CUBIC YARDS OF STONE.

THE Commissioners of Public Buildings for the Territory of New Mexico, will receive, at their office in the city of Santa Fe, until the 10th of March at 12 o'clock, M., sealed proposals for quarrying 1000 cubic yards of stone. The proposer for the contract to be governed by the following terms and specifications:

- 1st. The stone to be of blue or grey lime.
- 2d. To be quarried within a mile and a half of the plaza of Santa Fe.
- 3d. To be of sound stone, free of cracks or flaws, and no stone to be of less dimensions than two feet and a half in length, one foot and a half in width, and six inches thick.
- 4th. The stone to be laid up in compact rectangular piles, for measurement by the superintendent.
- 5th. No proposition will be considered for a less amount than 500 cubic yards.
- 6th. Contract to be completed by the 10th day of May next.

PRESTON BECK,  
MANUEL ALVAREZ,  
FRANCISCO ORTIZ Y DELGADO,  
Commissioners.

J. HOUGHTON, superintendent.  
Santa Fe, Jan. 28, 1853.

### NOTICE

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP

THE firm heretofore known as SPENCER & GRANDJEAN was this day dissolved by mutual consent. The business will hereafter be carried on in the name of CHARLES L. SPENCER. In the liquidation of all debts the name of the old firm will be used.

CHARLES L. SPENCER,  
HENRY GRANDJEAN,  
Los Cruces, Jan. 15, 1853.—334t

### OUTFITS FOR SANTA FE.

The subscriber respectfully informs the public of New Mexico, that at his establishment at WESTPORT, MISSOURI,

and by his agent at

### COUNCIL-GROVE,

Nebraska Territory, he is prepared to outfit and supply with every thing requisite for the journey to Santa Fe, companies or individuals, upon the most reasonable terms.

He believes that an acquaintance of many years with the Santa Fe trade, will enable him to give general satisfaction in the business.

ALBERT G. BOONE.  
Santa Fe, Dec. 24, 1852.—28-3m.

THE U. S. Mail from Santa Fe to the States leaves regularly on the first day of each month.

Passage during the summer months \$125 00  
" winter months \$150 00  
40lbs of baggage allowed to each passenger.  
WALDO, HALL & CO. Proprietors.  
Santa Fe, Sept. 18, 1852.—1t

### D. V. WHITING, COMMISSIONER OF DEEDS,

Pennsylvania,  
Connecticut,  
New Hampshire.  
Santa Fe, Jan. 1, 1852.—1t.

[BY AUTHORITY.]

Public Acts of the Thirty-Second Congress  
OF THE  
UNITED STATES.

1851—52.

CHAP. LIV.—An Act to establish a Branch of the Mint of the U. States in California.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That a branch of the mint of the United States be established in California, to be located by the Secretary of the Treasury, for the coinage of gold and silver.

Sec. 2. And be it further enacted, That suitable buildings shall be procured or erected, for carrying on the business of said branch mint, and the following officers shall be appointed so soon as the public interests may require their services, upon the nomination of the President, [by] and with the advice and consent of the Senate, to wit: one superintendent, one treasurer, one assayer, one melter and refiner, and one coiner. And the superintendent shall engage and employ as many clerks, and as many subordinate workmen and servants, as shall be provided for by law; and until the thirtieth of June, one thousand eight hundred and fifty-five, the salaries of said officers and clerks shall be as follows: to the superintendent and to the treasurer, the sum of two thousand five hundred dollars each; to the assayer, to the melter and refiner, and to the coiner, the sum of three thousand dollars each; to the clerks, the sum of two thousand dollars each; to the subordinate workmen, such wages and allowances as are customary and reasonable, according to their respective stations and occupations.

Sec. 3. And be it further enacted, That the officers and clerks to be appointed under this act, before entering upon the duties thereof, shall take an oath or affirmation before some judge of the United States, or the Supreme Court of the state of California, faithfully and diligently to perform the duties thereof, and shall each become bound to the United States of America, with one or more sureties, to the satisfaction of the Director of the Mint and the Secretary of the Treasury, or the District Attorney of the United States for the state of California, with condition for the faithful and diligent performance of their offices.

Sec. 4. And be it further enacted, That the general direction of the business of said branch of the mint of the United States shall be under the control and regulation of the Director of the Mint at Philadelphia, subject to the approbation of the Secretary of the Treasury; and, for that purpose, it shall be the duty of the said director to prescribe such regulations, and require such returns periodically and occasionally, as shall appear to him to be necessary for the purpose of carrying into effect the intention of this act in establishing the said branch; also, for the purpose of discriminating the coin which shall be stamped at said branch and at the mint itself; and also for the purpose of preserving uniformity of weight, form, and fineness in the coins stamped at said branch; and for that purpose to require the transmission and delivery to him at the mint, from time to time, of such parcels of the coinage of said branch as he shall think proper, to be subjected to such assays and tests as he shall direct.

Sec. 5. And be it further enacted, That all the laws and parts of laws now in force for the regulation of the mint of the United States, and for the government of the officers and persons employed therein, and for the punishment of all offences connected with the mint or coinage of the United States, shall be, and they are hereby declared to be in full force in relation to the branch of the mint by this act established, so far as the same may be applicable thereto.

Sec. 6. And be it further enacted, That no permanent location of said mint shall be made, or buildings erected therefor, until the state of California shall, by some law or other public act, pledge the faith of the state that no tax shall at any time be laid, assessed or collected by the said state, or under the authority of the said state, on the said branch mint, or on the buildings which may be erected therefor, or on the fixtures and machinery which may be used therein, or on the lands on which the same may be placed; but nothing in this section contained, shall be understood as implying an admission that any such power of taxation rightfully exists.

Sec. 7. And be it further enacted, That the said branch mint shall be the place of deposit for the public moneys collected in the custom-houses in the state of California, and for such other public moneys as the Secretary of the Treasury may direct; and the treasurer of said branch mint shall have the custody of the same, and shall perform the duties of an assistant treasurer, and for that purpose shall be subject to all the provisions contained in an act entitled "An act to provide for the better organization of the Treasury, and for the collection, safe-keeping, transfer, and disbursement of the public revenue," approved August the sixth, one thousand eight hundred and forty-six, which relates to the treasurer of the branch mint at New Orleans.

Sec. 8. And be it further enacted, That, if required by the holder, gold in grain or lumps shall be refined, assayed, cast into bars or ingots, and stamped in said branch mint, or in the mint of the United States, or any of its branches, in such manner as may indicate the value and fineness of the bar or ingot, which shall be paid for by the owner or holder of said bullion, at such rates and charges, and under such regulations, as the Director of the Mint, under the control of the Secretary of the Treasury, may from time to time establish.

Sec. 9. And be it further enacted, That so soon as the said branch mint is established in the state of California, and public notice shall be given thereof in the mode to be designated by the Secretary of the Treasury, then so much of the act making appropriations for the government for the year ending thirtieth June, eighteen hundred and fifty-one, and for other purposes, as provides for the appointment of an United States Assayer, and the contracting for the assaying and fixing the value of gold in grain and lumps, and for forming the same into bars, be, and the whole of the clause containing said provisions shall be hereby repealed.

Sec. 10. And be it further enacted, That before the Secretary of the Treasury shall procure or erect the buildings provided for in the second section of this act, or commence any operations under any of the provisions of the same, at San Francisco, state of California, it shall first be his duty to make a contract or contracts, for the erection of said buildings, and procuring the machinery necessary for the operations of said mint, at a sum or sums which shall not, in the whole, exceed the sum of three hundred thousand dollars, which said contract or contracts shall be secured by good and sufficient securities, to the satisfaction of the Secretary of the Treasury and the President of the United States.

Approved, July 3, 1852.

CHAP. LV.—An Act to amend an Act entitled "An Act for the Punishment of Crimes in the District of Columbia"

Whereas, it has been represented that so much of the third section of the act to which this act is an amendment, as provides a punishment for the maliciously, wilfully, or fraudulently burning of stores, barns, or out-houses not adjoining a dwelling-house, has been construed to apply to the cases of burning such houses only when they contain merchandise, tobacco, grain, or hay, whereby offenders have escaped punishment for burn-

ing buildings in which none of said articles were kept,

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That from and after the passage of this act, if any person or persons shall maliciously, wilfully, or fraudulently, and with intent to injure or defraud any other person or persons, or body politic or corporate, burn, or set on fire with intent to burn, or attempt to set on fire or burn, any house or out-house, in the District of Columbia, whether the same be finished or in process of erection, though the said house or out-house shall not, at the time of such burning or setting on fire, or attempting to set on fire or burn, have any goods, tobacco, hay, or grain therein, nor be adjoining to any dwelling-house, nor be occupied for any use whatever; he, she, or they, on conviction thereof, shall be sentenced to suffer the same punishment and labor, as is provided in the said third section of the said act to which this is an amendment for the offences therein enumerated.

Approved, July 3, 1852.

CHAP. LVII.—An Act making Appropriations for the Payment of Invalid and other Pensions of the U. States, for the Year ending the thirtieth of June, one thousand eight hundred and fifty-three.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the following sums be, and the same are hereby appropriated, out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated, for the payment of pensions, for the year ending the thirtieth of June, one thousand eight hundred and fifty-three:—

For invalid pensions, under various acts, four hundred thousand dollars.

For pensions for widows and orphans under the acts of July the fourth, one thousand eight hundred and thirty-six, and July the twenty-first, eighteen hundred and forty-eight, three hundred and seventy-seven thousand two hundred and forty dollars.

For pensions to widows, under the act of seventh July, eighteen hundred and thirty-eight, ninety thousand dollars.

For pensions to widows, under the act of third March, eighteen hundred and forty-three, thirty thousand dollars.

For pensions to widows, under the acts of the seventeenth of June, eighteen hundred and forty-four, second of February, eighteen hundred and forty-eight, and twenty-ninth of July, eighteen hundred and forty-eight, four hundred and sixty thousand dollars.

For half-pay pensions to widows and orphans, provided for by the eleventh section of an act approved January the twenty-ninth, eighteen hundred and thirteen, and the first section of an act approved the sixteenth of April, eighteen hundred and sixteen, payable through the office of the third auditor of the treasury, in addition to an unexpended balance, five thousand dollars.

Approved, July 12, 1852.

CHAP. LVIII.—An Act to supply a Deficiency to the State of Indiana in a Township of Land granted to said State for the use of a State University, by an Act of Congress approved nineteenth of April, eighteen hundred and sixteen.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That there be applied to the state of Indiana, for the sole and exclusive use of the State University, an equal number of acres of land found to be deficient in the original grant, and which has been otherwise appropriated by Congress, amounting to four thousand one hundred and sixty-six acres, and that said lands be selected, under the direction of the governor of the state, from any lands now in market in said state belonging to the United States, the proceeds of which shall be appropriated solely to the use of said State University, and shall never be diverted to any other purpose whatever.

Approved, July 12, 1852.

CHAP. LIX.—An Act to release from Reservation, and restore to the Mass of Public Lands, certain Lands in the State of Arkansas.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the several tracts of land in the state of Arkansas, heretofore reserved for the satisfaction of military bounties under the war of eighteen hundred and twelve,

and which now remain undisposed of, be, and they are hereby released from such reservation, and restored to the mass of public lands, to be disposed of in the same manner as any other unreserved public land: *Provided*, That the person who may, at the date of this act, be an actual settler on any one of said tracts, and who, but for the reservation thereof, might have claimed the right of pre-emption thereto, under act of fourth September, eighteen hundred and forty-one, be, and is hereby authorized to enter the same, or any subdivision thereof, upon making proof of said right, and paying the minimum price per acre, within a year after the passage of this act, or prior to the day fixed for the public sale of the tract.

Sec. 2. And be it further enacted, That all sales of said land, or location thereof by military warrants, (other than those of the war of eighteen hundred and twelve,) which have been inadvertently permitted to be made, and which are in all other respects fair and regular, except as embracing reserved land not offered at public sale, be, and the same are hereby confirmed, and patents thereon which have been issued shall be as legal and valid as if said lands had been released from reservation, and offered at public sale prior to such sales or locations.

Sec. 3. And be it further enacted, That all of said warrants which have not been satisfied, may be located on any of the public lands subject to private entry at the time of the location of the same.

Approved, July 12, 1852.

CHAP. LX.—An Act to amend an Act entitled "An act providing for the Sale of certain Lands in the States of Ohio and Michigan, ceded by the Wyandott Tribe of Indians, and for other purposes," approved on the third day of March, eighteen hundred and forty-three.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That so much of the fifth section of the act of which this is amendatory, as declares that if, in offering at public sale any tract of land ceded by the Wyandotts under the treaty concluded with that tribe on the seventeenth March, eighteen hundred and forty-two, on which improvements exist, the real value of the same, according to the estimates of the superintendents, shall not be bidden, it shall be their duty to withdraw the tract from sale, and the tracts thus withdrawn from sale shall [again] be offered at public sale, due public notice first being given, be, and the same is hereby repealed; and all such lands shall be exposed at public sale to the highest bidder, at such time and place as the Commissioner of the General Land-Office may direct, subject to the minimum price per acre of two dollars and fifty cents.

Approved, July 12, 1852.

CHAP. LXI.—An Act to enable the Legislature of the State of Indiana to dispose of the unsold Saline Lands in said State.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That so much of the act of Congress entitled "An act to authorize the legislature of the state of Indiana to sell and convey certain lands granted to said state for the use of the people thereof," approved July third, eighteen hundred and thirty-two, as provides that said lands shall not be sold for a less price than [that] at which the public lands are sold, be, and the same is hereby repealed.

Approved, July 12, 1852.

CHAP. LXII.—An Act in relation to a certain Lot of Land in the Town of Gnadenhutzen, in the State of Ohio.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the lot of land in the town of Gnadenhutzen, in the county of Tuscarawas, in the state of Ohio, heretofore reserved under the act entitled "An act providing for the disposition of three several tracts of land in Tuscarawas county, in the state of Ohio, and for other purposes," approved May twenty-sixth, one thousand eight hundred and twenty-four, for the purpose of a market square, may be used for any other public purpose, upon such terms as shall be prescribed by the Secretary of the Interior, in order to secure the rights of all parties interested therein.

Approved, July 12, 1852.